

MAHARAJA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY MYSORE

Autonomous Institution Affiliated to VTU

Competency Based Syllabus (CBS)

for

Computer ScienceStrean (Under Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice-Based Credit System (CBCS))

Offered During1st&2ndSemesters of Study

in

Partial Fulfillment for the Award of Bachelor's Degree in

Computer Scienceand Allied Branches

2023 Scheme

Scheme Effective from the academic year 2023-24



Index	Description
1	Prerequisites
2	Competencies
3	Syllabus
4	Syllabus Timeline
5	Teaching-Learning Process Strategies
6	Assessment Details
7	Learning Objectives
8	Course Outcomes and Mapping with POs/ PSOs
9	Assessment Plan
10	Future with this Subject

General Contents of Competency Based Syllabus Document



1 st Semester	Basic Science Course (BS)	M23BMATS101
1 Semester	Mathematics-I for CSE Stream	WIZSBINIA I SIUI

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1	Calculus	Algebra: Understanding of basic algebraic operations, equations, and inequalities. Geometry: Basic knowledge of geometric shapes, areas, volumes, and trigonometric functions. Pre-Calculus: Proficiency in functions, limits, and continuity.
2	Series Expansion and Multivariable Calculus	 Single-Variable Calculus: Mastery of differentiation and integration in one dimension. Linear Algebra: Understanding of vectors, matrices, determinants, and linear transformations. Basic Series Knowledge: Familiarity with sequences and series, convergence, and divergence.
3	Ordinary Differential Equations (ODEs) of First Order	Calculus: Proficiency in differentiation and integration. Basic Algebra: Ability to manipulate algebraic equations. Basic Differential Equations Concepts: Familiarity with simple separable and linear equations.
4	Basic Modular Arithmetic	Basic Number Theory: Understanding of integers, prime numbers, greatest common divisors (GCD), and least common multiples (LCM). Algebra: Proficiency in algebraic manipulations and understanding of congruence relations.
5	Basic Concepts of Linear algebra	Multivariable Calculus: Mastery of partial derivatives, multiple integrals, and vector calculus. Ordinary Differential Equations (ODEs): Understanding of methods for solving ODEs. Linear Algebra: Proficiency in vector spaces, matrix operations, and eigenvalues/eigenvectors.
.6	Previous Coursework	CompletionofintroductorycoursesinMathematicsorarelatedfield

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description			
1.	Calculus	 Knowledge: Understand the fundamental theorems of calculus (differential and integral calculus). Familiarity with concepts of limits, continuity, derivatives, and integrals. Applications of calculus in various fields. Skills: Ability to perform differentiation and integration of functions. Solve real-world problems using calculus principles. Graph and analyze functions and their derivatives. Attitudes: Persistence in solving complex problems. Attention to detail in mathematical computations. Curiosity about the applications of calculus in science and engineering. 			
2.	Series Expansion and Multivariable Calculus	 Knowledge: Understand the concepts of Taylor and Maclaurin series, and convergence criteria. Familiarity with partial derivatives, gradients, and multiple integrals. Knowledge of vector calculus including line and surface integrals. Skills: Ability to perform series expansions and assess their convergence. Solve optimization problems involving several variables. 			

Page 3 of 272

st. Principal MIT Mysore

		Attitudes:		
		Analytical thinking to break down complex multivariable problems.		
		Precision in handling multi-step calculations.		
	Ondinony			
	Ordinary Differential	Knowledge:		
		Understanding of first-order differential equations and their solutions.		
	Equations	Softworks.		
	(ODEs) of First	Skills:		
3.	Order	Ability to solve different types of first-order ODEs.		
		Model physical systems and processes using ODEs.		
		Attitudes:		
		Persistence in understanding and solving differential equations.		
		Flexibility in applying different methods to solve ODEs.		
	Modular	Knowledge:		
	Arithmetic	Understanding of basic concepts in number theory, including		
		congruences and modular inverses.		
		Skills:		
4.		Ability to solve congruence's and perform arithmetic operations		
ч.		modulo n.		
		Attitudes:		
		Precision in performing arithmetic operations.		
		Critical thinking to understand abstract number theory		
		concepts.		
	Linear algebra	Knowledge:		
		Understanding of basic and advanced PDEs, their classifications, and		
		physical interpretations.		
		Skills:		
5.		Ability to discretize PDEs and implement numerical algorithms.		
		Solve PDEs using computational tools and software.		
		Attitudes:		
		Precision and care in setting up numerical experiments.		
		Persistence in debugging and improving numerical algorithms.		

3. Syllabus

Syllabus				
Mathematics-I for	CSE Stream			
	SEMESTER-I			
Course Code	M23BMATS101	CIE Marks	50	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(2:2:2)	SEE Marks	50	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab	Total Marks	100	
	slots			
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03	
Course objectives: This course will enable str	udents to:			
1. Familiarize the importance of calculus	associated with one variable and mul	tivariable for con	nputer	
science and engineering.			-	
2. Analyze Computer science and engineer	ering problems by applying Ordinary	Differential Equa	ations.	
3. Apply the knowledge of modular arithmetical arithmetic	netic to computer algorithms.			
4. Develop the knowledge of Linear Alge	bra to solve the system of equations.			
Μ	odule -1: Calculus			
Polar coordinates, Polar curves, angle betwee	n the radius vector and the tangent, a	ngle between two	o curves	
Pedal equations. Curvature and Radius of	curvature - Cartesian, Parametric,	Polar and Peda	1 forms	
Problems.				
	pansion and Multivariable Calculu			
Taylor's and Maclaurin's series expansion				
forms - L'Hospital's rule-Problems. Partial differentiation, total derivative - differentiation of composite				
functions. Jacobian and problems. Maxima ar	nd minima for a function of two varia	bles. Problems.		
Module -3:Ordinary Diff	erential Equations (ODEs) of First	Order		
Linear and Bernoulli's differential equati	ons. Exact and reducible to exact	differential equ	ations	
$1 (\partial M \partial N) = 1 (\partial N)$	∂M			

Integrating factors on $\frac{1}{N} \left(\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial N}{\partial x} \right) \& \frac{1}{M} \left(\frac{\partial N}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial M}{\partial y} \right)$. Orthogonal trajectories, L-R & C-R circuits. Problems. **Non-linear differential equations:** Introduction to general and singular solutions, Solvable for p only,

Tichard

Principal MIT Mysore

Module -4: Modular Arithmetic

Introduction of modular arithmetic and its applications in Computer Science and Engineering. Introduction to Congruences, Linear Congruences, The Remainder theorem, Solving Polynomials, Linear Diophantine Equation, System of Linear Congruences, Euler's Theorem, Wilson Theorem and Fermat's little theorem. Applications of Congruences-RSA algorithm.

Module -5: Numerical Solution of Partial Differential Equations

Elementary row transformation of a matrix, Rank of a matrix. Consistency and Solution of system of linear equations - Gauss-elimination method, Gauss-Jordan method and approximate solution by Gauss-Seidel method. Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors, Rayleigh's power method to find the dominant Eigenvalue and Eigenvector.

PRACTICAL COMPONENT

	FRACTICAL COMPONENT			
	Suggested software: Mathematica/MatLab/Python/Scilab			
1.	2D plots for Cartesian and polar curves 2 Finding angle between polar curves, curvature and radius			
	of curvature of a given curve			
2.	Finding angle between polar curves, curvature and radius of curvature of a given curve			
3.	Finding partial derivatives and Jacobian			
4.	Applications to Maxima and Minima of two variables			
5.	Solution of first-order ordinary differential equation and plotting the solution curves			
6.	Finding GCD using Euclid's Algorithm			
7.	Solving linear congruences $ax \equiv b(modm)$			
8.	Numerical solution of system of linear equations, test for consistency and graphical representation			
9.	Solution of system of linear equations using Gauss-Seidel iteration			
10.	Compute eigenvalues and eigenvectors and find the largest and smallest eigenvalue by Rayleigh			
	power method.			

Text Books:

- 1. **B.S.Grewal**: "HigherEngineeringMathematics", Khannapublishers, 44thEd. 2021
- 2. E.Kreyszig:"AdvancedEngineeringMathematics", JohnWiley&Sons, 10thEd.(Reprint), 2018
- 3. David M Burton: "Elementary Number Theory" McGraw Hill, 7th Ed., 2017.

Reference Books

- 1. V.Ramana:"HigherEngineeringMathematics"McGraw-HillEducation,11thEd.
- 2. SrimantaPal&SubodhC.Bhunia: "EngineeringMathematics" OxfordUniversityPress, 3rdReprint, 2016.
- 3. N.PBaliandManishGoyal:"AtextbookofEngineeringMathematics"LaxmiPublications,Latestedition.
- 4. **C.RayWylie,LouisC.Barrett:** "AdvancedEngineeringMathematics"McGraw– HillBookCo.Newyork, Latested.
- 5. GuptaC.B,SingS.RandMukeshKumar: "EngineeringMathematicforSemesterIandII",Mc-GrawHill Education (India)Pvt.Ltd2015.

H.K.DassandEr.RajnishVerma: "HigherEngineeringMathematics" S.Chand Publication(2014). JamesStewart: "Calculus" Cengagepublications, 7edition, 4thReprint 2019.

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description		
1	Week 1-2: Calculus	Polar coordinates, Polar curves Angle between the radius vector and the tangent Angle between two curves. Pedal equations. Curvature and Radius of curvature - Cartesian, Parametric. Curvature and Radius of curvature Polar and Pedal forms. Problems.		
2	Week 3-4: Series Expansion and Multivariable Calculus	Taylor's and Maclaurin's series expansion for one variable problem. Indeterminate forms - L'Hospital's rule-Problems. Partial differentiation, Total derivative - differentiation of composite functions. Jacobian and problems. Maxima and minima for a function of two variables. Problems		



		Linear and Bernoulli's differential equations.	
3Week 5-6: Ordinary Differential Equations (ODEs) of First OrderExact and reducible to exact differential equations factors on $\frac{1}{N} \left(\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial N}{\partial x} \right) & \frac{1}{M} \left(\frac{\partial N}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial M}{\partial y} \right)$. Orthogonal trajectories. L-R & C-R circuits. Problems. Non-linear differential equations: Introduction to get singular solutions Solvable for p problems Clairaut's equations, reducible to Clairaut's equations. Problems.			
4	Week 7-8: Modular Arithmatic	Introduction of modular arithmetic and its applications Introduction to Congruences. Linear Congruences. The Chinese Remainder theorem Linear Diophantine Equation System of Linear Congruences Euler's Theorem, Wilson Theorem Fermat's little theorem. Applications of Congruences-RSA algorithm	
5	Week 9-10: Linear Algebra	Introduction on elementary row transformation of a matrix. Rank of a matrix. Consistency and Solution of system of linear equations - Gauss- elimination method. Gauss-Jordan method Gauss-Seidel method. Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors Rayleigh's power method to find the dominant Eigenvalue and Eigenvector	
6	Week 11- 12:IntegrationandPractical Applications	Apply learned concepts and competencies to real-world scenarios.Hands-onpractice	

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description			
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.			
2	Video/Animation	Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding of Verilog concepts.			
3	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.			
4	Higher Order Thinking (HOTS) Questions:	Pose HOTS questions to stimulate critical thinking related to each competency.			
5	Problem-Based Learning (PBL)	Implement PBL to enhance analytical skills and practical application of competencies			
6	Multiple Representations	Introduce topics in various representations to reinforce competencies			
7	Real-World Application	Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real-world competencies.			
8	Flipped Class Technique	Utilize a flipped class approach, providing materials before class to facilitate deeper understanding of competencies			
9	Programming Assignments	Assign programming tasks to reinforce practical skills associated with competencies.			

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

Page 6 of 272

Principal MIT Mysore M Tichar

	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	60%	15	06
Theory (A)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	40%	10	04
	TotalMarks	100%	25	10	
	Components Number			Max. Marks	Min. Marks
	Record Writing	Continuous	60%	15	06
Laboratory(B)	Test at the end of the semester	1	40%	10	04
	Total Marks	•	100%	25	10

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Understandingpolar curves and its Fundamentals	Students will learn the use of polar coordinates in solving various curves in different systems equation movement of flow of liquids and other fields of engineering.
2	Understanding Fundamentals of Series solution and partial derivatives	Students will become proficient in writing a series expansion of function of one variable and also know the concept of partial derivatives using standard techniques.
3	Proficiency inODE and higher order ODE	Students will become proficient in calculating the roots of the equation of higher order by using various basic techniques.
4	Collaboration and Communication Skills	Students will work collaboratively in teams on design projects, enhancing their ability to communicate effectively, share ideas, and solve problems collectively.
5	Ethical and Professional Responsibility	Students will understand the ethical and professional responsibilities associated with digital design, including respecting intellectual property rights, ensuring design reliability and security, and adhering to industry standards and best practices.

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs Course Outcomes (COs)

COs	Description
M23BMATS101.1	Apply the knowledge of calculus to solve problems related to polar curves and learn the notion of partial differentiation to compute rate of change of multivariate functions
M23BMATS101.2	Analyze the solution of linear and nonlinear ordinary differential equations
M23BMATS101.3	Get acquainted and to apply modular arithmetic to computer algorithms



M23BMATS101.4	Make use of matrix theory for solving the system of linear equations and compute			
W125DW1A15101.4	eigenvalues and eigenvectors			
M23BMATS101.5	Solving complex Engineering problem using python			

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

coro ro mupping												
COs/POs	РО	PO	PO	PO								
CUS/FUS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
M23BMATS101.1	3	-										
M23BMATS101.2		3										
M23BMATS101.3	3											
M23BMATS101.4	3	-										
M23BMATS101.5	-				3							
M23BMATS101	3	3			3							

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1						
Module 2						
Module 3						
Module 4						
Module 5						
Total						50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1						
Module 2						
Module 3						
Module 4						
Module 5						
Total						100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. Future with this Subject

The Mathematics-I for CSE Stream "course in the first semester of the B.E program has strong foundation for several future courses in the undergraduate program. The contributions of this subject extend across various areas, enhancing the students' understanding and skills in the field of computer science. Here are some notable contributions:

Optimization: Calculus, particularly differential calculus, is used in optimization problems to find the maximum or minimum values of functions. This is crucial in machine learning for training models where algorithms like gradient descent rely on calculus to minimize error functions.

Computer Graphics: Calculus is used to create realistic animations and graphics. For instance, calculating curves and surfaces (using derivatives and integrals) helps in rendering images, lighting, and shading in computer graphics.

Data Analysis: In data analysis, calculus helps in understanding the behavior of functions and their trends over time. For example, calculating the rate of change of data trends can be done using derivatives.

Series Expansion and Multivariable Calculus

Machine Learning: Series expansion techniques like Taylor and Fourier series are used to approximate complex functions and are fundamental in algorithms for learning models and neural networks.

Image Processing: Multivariable calculus is essential in image processing for operations such as edge detection, where partial derivatives are used to find gradients in images.

Cryptography: Modular arithmetic underpins many cryptographic algorithms such as RSA and ECC, which are used to secure data in computer communications.

Simulation: Numerical methods for solving PDEs are widely used in simulations for physical systems, such as weather forecasting, financial modeling, and engineering simulations.

Finite Element Analysis: In computational engineering, solving PDEs numerically is used for finite element analysis (FEA) to predict how objects respond to external forces, vibration, heat, and other physical effects.

Machine Learning: Recently, numerical PDEs have been applied in developing sophisticated machine learning models, such as physics-informed neural networks (PINNs), which combine physical laws described by PDEs with data-driven models.Each of these mathematical concepts plays a crucial role in various applications within the field of computer science, enhancing both theoretical understanding and practical implementations.



1 st Semester	Basic Science Course (BS)	M23BPHYS102
1 Semester	Applied Physics for CSE Stream	W125BF H 1 5102

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1.	Optics	Geometrical optics and physical optics.
2.	Mathematics	Calculus,Linear Algebra, Differential equations, Complex numbers, probability and statistics.
3.	Modern physics	Wave-particle duality, superposition, interference, Schrodinger equation, Heisenberg uncertainty principle.
4.	Fundamental Electronics Knowledge	Knowledge of basic digital logic gates (AND, OR, NOT, etc.). Understanding of Boolean algebra and logic simplification techniques.
5.	Basics of electrical conductivity	Properties of solids, Semiconductors, electronic band structure, phonons.
6.	Basic principles of physics	Laws of motion, kinematics and dynamics.

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1	Optics and Photonics	 Knowledge: Understanding of the concept of geometrical optics-Reflection, Refraction, and Interference. Knowledge of Principles of laser action, and modes of propagation. Skills: The ability to comprehend and apply Snell's Law, also known as the Law of Refraction Ability to construct different types of optical fibres based on their Geometry, refractive index profiles and ray propagation modes. Proficiency in calculating energy band gap, attenuation, angle of acceptance, and numerical aperture. Attitudes: Appreciation for the applications of lasers and optical fibres in data storage, communication and internet technology.
2	Quantum Mechanics	 Knowledge: Understanding of the dual nature of light and matter. Familiarity with concepts like the photoelectric effect and atomic models. Knowledge of basic concepts of Schrodinger's equation and particles in a dimensional box. Skills: Application of the Heisenberg uncertainty principle to different physical scenarios Interpretation and analysis of wavefunctions and probability densities Ability to solve the Schrödinger equation for one-dimensional potential wells.Understanding the implications of quantization in confined systems Attitudes: Recognition of the limitations of classical physics in explaining microscopic phenomena. Understanding the fundamental role of quantum mechanics in describing physical systems
3	Quantum computing	 Knowledge: Strong foundation in linear algebra, complex numbers, and fundamental principles of quantum mechanics like superposition and entanglement. Understanding of qubits, quantum gates, matrix operations, and the design of quantum gates. Skills: Ability to solve problems involving qubits and quantum states using linear algebra, and qubit operations using mathematical representations. Application of quantum gates and operations to manipulate qubits and quantum systems.

Page 10 of 272

st. Principal MIT Mysore

		Attitudes:
		Valuing the fundamental differences and advantages of quantum computing
		over classical methods
		Developing a rigorous and systematic approach to solving complex quantum
		problems
		Knowledge:
		Understanding the principles of electrical conductivity in metals, including
		resistivity, mobility, and Matheissen's rule.
		Knowledge of superconductivity, critical fields, temperature dependence,
		and the BCS theory.
		Skills:
	Electronic	Proficiency in analyzing failures of classical and quantum theories in
4	theory of	conductivity and superconductivity.
	solids	Ability to solve numerical problems related to Fermi energy, density of
		states, and Fermi factor variations.
		Attitudes:
		Encouragement of inquisitiveness and exploration in understanding complex
		concepts related to electrical conductivity and superconductivity.
		Recognition and appreciation of the advanced concepts in quantum physics,
		such as quantum tunnelling and Josephson junctions.
		Knowledge:
		Gain a comprehensive understanding of the fundamental physics principles
		underlying animation, including Newton's laws of motion, conservation of
		energy, and principles of kinematics and dynamics.
		Skills:
		Applying physical principles creatively to develop new animation
	Physics of	techniques.
5	Animations	Ensuring animation adheres to physical laws to avoid errors and improve
	1 minutions	realism.
		Recognizing and correcting discrepancies between expected and simulated
		outcomes.
		Attitudes:
		Enhancing visualization and simulations in engineering projects to improve
		understanding and communication.

3. Syllabus

APPLIED PHYSICS FOR CSE STREAM					
SEMESTER – 1					
Course Code	M23BPHYS102/202S	CIE Marks	50		
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P)	(2:2:2)	SEE Marks	50		
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab slots	Total Marks	100		
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03		
Course objectives: This course will enable students to					

• To study the essentials of photonics and its application in computer science.

• To study the principles of quantum mechanics and its application in quantum computing.

• To study the electrical properties of materials.

• To study the essentials of physics for computational aspects like design and data analysis.

Module -1

Lasers and Optical Fibers

LASER: Characteristic properties of a LASER beam, Interaction of Radiation with Matter, Einstein's A and B Coefficients and Expression for Energy Density (Derivation), Laser Action, Population Inversion, Metastable State, requirements of a laser system, Semiconductor Diode Laser, Applications: Bar code scanner, Laser Printer, Laser Cooling (Qualitative), Numerical Problems.

Optical Fiber: Principle and Structure, Propagation of Light, Acceptance angle and Numerical Aperture (NA), Derivation of Expression for NA, Modes of Propagation, RI Profile, Classification of Optical Fibers, Attenuation and Fiber Losses, Applications: Fiber Optic networking, Fiber Optic Communication. Numerical Problems

Quantum Mechanics:

Module -2

de Broglie Hypothesis and Matter Waves, de Broglie wavelength and derivation of expression by analogy,

Page 11 of 272

Phase Velocity and Group Velocity, Heisenberg's Uncertainty Principle and its application (Non-existence of electron inside the nucleus - Non Relativistic), Principle of Complementarity, Wave Function, Time independent Schrödinger wave equation (Derivation), Physical Significance of a wave function and Born Interpretation, Expectation value, Eigen functions and Eigen Values, Particle inside one dimensional infinite potential well, Quantization of Energy States, Waveforms and Probabilities. Numerical Problems. Module -3

Quantum Computing:

Principles of Quantum Information & Quantum Computing:

Introduction to Quantum Computing, Moore's law & its end, Differences between Classical &Quantum computing. Concept of the qubit and its properties. Representation of qubit by Bloch sphere. Single and Two qubits. Extension to N qubits.

Dirac representation and matrix operations:

Matrix representation of 0 and 1 States, Identity Operator I, Applying I to $|0\rangle$ and $|1\rangle$ states, Pauli Matrices and its

operations on |0⟩and |1⟩states, Explanation of i) Conjugate of a matrix and ii) Transpose of a matrix. Unitary matrix U, Examples: Row and Column Matrices and their multiplication (Inner Product), Probability, Quantum Superposition, and normalization rule. Orthogonality, Orthonormality. Numerical Problems

Quantum Gates:

Single Qubit Gates: Quantum Not Gate, Pauli - X, Y and Z Gates, Hadamard Gate, Phase Gate (or S Gate), T Gate

Multiple Qubit Gates: Controlled gate, CNOT Gate, (Discussion for 4 different input states). Representation of Swap gate, Controlled -Z gate, Toffoli gate.

Module -4

Electrical Properties of Materials And Applications:

Electrical Conductivity in Metals

Resistivity and Mobility, Concept of Phonon, Matheissen's rule, Failures of Classical Free Electron Theory, Assumptions of Quantum Free Electron Theory, Fermi Energy, Density of States, Fermi Factor, Variation of Fermi Factor With Temperature and Energy. Numerical Problems.

Superconductivity

Introduction to Super Conductors, the Temperature dependence of resistivity, Meissner's Effect, Critical Field, the Temperature dependence of Critical field, Types of Super Conductors, BCS theory (Qualitative), Quantum Tunnelling, High-Temperature superconductivity, Josephson Junctions (Qualitative), DC and RF SQUIDs (Qualitative), Applications in Quantum Computing: Charge, Phase and Flux qubits, Numerical Problems.

Module -5

Applications of Physics in Computing:

Physics of Animation:

Taxonomy of physics-based animation methods, Frames, Frames per Second, Size and Scale, Weight and Strength, Motion and Timing in Animations, Constant Force and Acceleration, The Odd rule, Odd-rule Scenarios, Motion Graphs, Examples of Character Animation: Jumping, Parts of Jump, Jump Magnification, Stop Time, Walking: Strides and Steps, Walk Timing. Numerical Problems

Statistical Physics for Computing: Descriptive statistics and inferential statistics, Poisson distribution and modelling the probability of proton decay, Normal Distributions (Bell Curves), Monte Carlo Method: Determination of Value of π . Numerical Problems.

	PRACTICAL COMPONENT
1.	Determination of wavelength of LASER using Diffraction Grating.
2.	Determination of acceptance angle and numerical aperture of the given Optical Fiber.
3.	Determination of Magnetic Flux Density at any point along the axis of a circular coil.
4.	Determination of resistivity of a semiconductor by Four Probe Method
5.	Study the I-V Characteristics of the Given Bipolar Junction Transistor.
6.	Determination of dielectric constant of the material of capacitor by Charging and Discharging
	method
7.	Study the Characteristics of a Photo-Diode and determine the power responsivity /
	Verification of the Inverse Square Law of Intensity of Light.
8.	Study the frequency response of Series & Parallel LCR circuits.
9.	Determination of Planck's Constant using LEDs.
10.	Determination of Fermi Energy of Copper.
11.	Identification of circuit elements in a Black Box and determination of values of the

Page 12 of 272

	components.
12.	Determination of the Energy gap of the given Semiconductor.
13.	Step Interactive Physical Simulations.
14.	Study of motion using spreadsheets.
15.	Study of Application of Statistics using spreadsheets.
16.	PHET Interactive
Toyt Dool	

Text Books:

- 1. Engineering Physics by Gupta and Gour, Dhanpat Rai Publications, 2016 (Reprint).
- 2. Physics for degree students by C L Arora and Dr. P S Hemne, S Chand Publications, 2019(Reprint)

Books (Title of the Book/Name of the author/Name of the publisher/Edition and Year)

- 1. Solid State Physics, S O Pillai, New Age International Private Limited, 8th Edition, 2018.
- 2. Concepts of Modern Physics, Aurthur Beiser, McGrawhill, 6th Edition, 2009.
- 3. Lasers and Non-Linear Optics, B B Loud, New age international, 2011 edition.
- 4. A Textbook of Engineering Physics by M.N. Avadhanulu, P G. Kshirsagar and T V S Arun Murthy, Eleventh edition, S Chand and Company Ltd. New Delhi-110055.

5. Quantum Computation and Quantum Information, Michael A. Nielsen & Isaac L. Chuang, Cambridge Universities Press, 2010 Edition.

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1-2: Lasers and Optical fibers	 LASER: Characteristic properties of a LASER beam, Interaction of Radiation with Matter, Einstein's A and B Coefficients and Expression for Energy Density (Derivation), Laser Action, Population Inversion, Metastable State, Requisites of a laser system, Semiconductor Diode Laser, Applications: Bar code scanner, Laser Printer, Laser Cooling (Qualitative), Numerical Problems. Optical Fiber: Principle and Structure, Propagation of Light, Acceptance angle and Numerical Aperture (NA), Derivation of Expression for NA, Modes of Propagation, RI Profile, Classification of Optical Fibers, Attenuation and Fiber Losses, Applications: Fiber Optic networking, Fiber Optic Communication. Numerical Problems
2	Week 3-4: Quantum Mechanics	Quantum Mechanics: de Broglie Hypothesis and Matter Waves, de Broglie wavelength and derivation of expression by analogy, Phase Velocity and Group Velocity, Heisenberg's Uncertainty Principle and its application (Non existence of electron inside the nucleus - Non Relativistic), Principle of Complementarity, Wave Function, Time independent Schrödinger wave equation (Derivation), Physical Significance of a wave function and Born Interpretation, Expectation value, Eigen functions and Eigen Values, Particle inside one dimensional infinite potential well, Quantization of Energy States, Waveforms and Probabilities. Numerical Problems.
3	Week 5-6: Quantum computing	Quantum Computing: Principles of Quantum Information & Quantum Computing: Introduction to Quantum Computing, Moore's law & its end, Differences between Classical & Quantum computing. Concept of the qubit and its properties. Representation of qubit by Bloch sphere. Single and Two qubits. Extension to N qubits. Dirac representation and matrix operations: Matrix representation of 0 and 1 States, Identity Operator I, Applying I to 0⟩and 1⟩ states, Pauli Matrices and its operations on 0⟩and 1⟩states, Explanation of i) Conjugate of a matrix and ii) Transpose of a matrix. Unitary matrix U, Examples: Row and Column Matrices and their multiplication (Inner Product), Probability, Quantum Superposition, normalization rule. Orthogonality, Orthonormality. Numerical Problems Quantum Gates:

4. Syllabus Timeline

Page 13 of 272

		Single Qubit Gates: Quantum Not Gate, Pauli – X, Y and Z Gates, Hadamard Gate, Phase Gate (or S Gate), T Gate Multiple Qubit Gates: Controlled gate, CNOT Gate, (Discussion for 4 different input states). Representation of Swap gate, Controlled -Z gate, Toffoli gate.
4	Week 7-8: Electrical properties of materials and its applications	Electrical Conductivity in Metals Resistivity and Mobility, Concept of Phonon, Matheissen's rule, Failures of Classical Free Electron Theory, Assumptions of Quantum Free Electron Theory, Fermi Energy, Density of States, Fermi Factor, Variation of Fermi Factor With Temperature and Energy. Numerical Problems. Superconductivity Introduction to Super Conductors, the Temperature dependence of resistivity, Meissner's Effect, Critical Field, the Temperature dependence of Critical field, Types of Super Conductors, BCS theory (Qualitative), Quantum Tunnelling, High-Temperature superconductivity, Josephson Junctions (Qualitative), DC and RF SQUIDs (Qualitative), Applications in Quantum Computing: Charge, Phase and Flux qubits, Numerical Problems.
5	Week 9-10: Applications of Physics in Computing	Physics of Animation: Taxonomy of physics-based animation methods, Frames, Frames per Second, Size and Scale, Weight and Strength, Motion and Timing in Animations, Constant Force and Acceleration, The Odd rule, Odd-rule Scenarios, Motion Graphs, Examples of Character Animation: Jumping, Parts of Jump, Jump Magnification, Stop Time, Walking: Strides and Steps, Walk Timing. Numerical Problems Statistical Physics for Computing : Descriptive statistics and inferential statistics, Poisson distribution and modelling the probability of proton decay, Normal Distributions (Bell Curves), Monte Carlo Method: Determination of Value of π . Numerical Problems.

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.
2	Video/Animation	Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding of the propagation of light in different types of optical fibre, dual nature of particles, quantum computing, motion, timing, jumping etc.
3	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.
4	Higher Order Thinking (HOTS) Questions:	Pose HOTS questions to stimulate critical thinking related to each competency.
5	Problem-Based Learning (PBL)	Implement PBL to enhance analytical skills and practical application of competencies
6	Multiple Representations	Introduce topics in various representations to reinforce competencies
7	Real-World Application	Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real-world competencies.
8	Flipped Class Technique	Utilize a flipped class approach, providing materials before class to facilitate a deeper understanding of competencies

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.



	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	60%	15	06
Theory (A)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	40%	10	04
	TotalMarks	100%	25	10	
	Components	Weightage	Max.	Min.	
	components	Number	weightage	Marks	Marks
	Record Writing	Continuous	60%	Marks 15	Marks 06
Laboratory(B)	-				

Final CIE Marks =(A) + (B)

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Understanding of Eigenwave functions and Eigenvalues.	Students will grasp the fundamental concepts of Understanding of de- Broglie wavelength, wave functions, Heisenberg's uncertainty principle and Setting up Time independentSchrödinger wave equation for 1D.
2	Electrical properties of solid	Students will learn how to Analyze the Variation of the Fermi Factor with Temperature and Energy as the Variation of critical field with temperature
3	Understanding the basic principles in laser and optical fiber	Understanding of Properties of light, geometrical optics, Physical optics, Total internal reflection, energy levels and spectra, and different types of optical fiber
4	Quantum computations	Learn about quantum gates and how they manipulate qubits (quantum bits) to perform quantum computations, including basic gate operations, quantum circuit design, and quantum algorithms.
5	Understandingof fundamental principles in animation techniques	Gain a comprehensive understanding of the fundamental physics principles underlying animation, including Newton's laws of motion, conservation of energy, and principles of kinematics and dynamics.
6	Collaboration and Communication Skills	Students will work collaboratively in teams on design projects, enhancing their ability to communicate effectively, share ideas, and solve problems collectively.
		and Mapping with POs/ PSOs
Cour	rse Outcomes (COs)	

COs	Description
M23BPHYS102.1	Understand the fundamental principles of Lasers, Optical fibers, Quantum physics &
W125DF H 1 5102.1	computing, conduction of materials, superconductivity and physics in animation.
	Apply the principles of Lasers, Optical fibers, Quantum physics & computing,
M23BPHYS102.2	conduction of materials, superconductivity and physics of animation in an engineering
	purview

First Year, MIT Mysore

8.

Page 15 of 272

M23BPHYS102.3	Analyze the characteristics of conductors, superconductors, Lasers, Optical fibers,
MI25BPHY5102.5	Quantum physics & quantum computing for device applications.
M23BPHYS102.4	Understand and apply the relation between the working principles and practical
MI25DPH 15102.4	measurements to perform the experiments.
M23BPHYS102.5	Analyze the results through the interpretation of graphical and theoretical values and
MI25BPHY5102.5	demonstrate and document the same.

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2
M23BPHYS102.1												
M23BPHYS102.2	3											
M23BPHYS102.3		2										
M23BPHYS102.4	3											
M23BPHYS102.5				2					2			
M23BPHYS102	3	2		2					2			

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1		14	12			26
Module 2		14	12			26
Module 3		14	12			26
Module 4		14	12			26
Module 5		14	12			26
Theory component						130(A)
Practical component				10	15	25(B)

The theory component marks of 130 is reduced to 25.

Total CIE marks = Theory Component + Practical component= 25+25= 50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

				- ()		
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1		14	6			20
Module 2		14	6			20
Module 3		14	6			20
Module 4		10	6	2*	2*	20
Module 5		14	6			20
Total		70	30			100

The practical component question of 4 marks can be asked in any of the modules.

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of the SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. Future with this Subject:

The "Applied Physics for CSE Stream in the first year B.E program lays a strong foundation for several future courses in the undergraduate program. The contributions of this subject extend across various areas, enhancing the student's understanding and skills in the field of computer sciences field. Here are some notable contributions:

- **Laser technologies:** Lasers are widely used in medical diagnostics, surgeries, and treatments (e.g.,laser eye surgery, laser lithotripsy for kidney stones, and cancer treatments). The healthcare sector's continuous evaluation promises sustained demand for these technologies.
- **Optical Fibers:** The backbone of modern telecommunications, optical fibers are essential for high-speed internet and data transmission. The demand for faster and more reliable internet services continues to grow, driving innovations in fiber optics
- **Quantum computing:** Lasers and photonics are vital components in the development of quantum computing, which holds the potential to revolutionize various fields by solving complex problems much faster than classical computers.

- New Superconducting Materials: Ongoing research into high-temperature superconductors could lead to materials that operate at more practical and cost-effective temperatures, broadening the range of applications
- **Computer Graphics and Visualization**: Physics-based animation is integral to computer graphics and visualization applications. Engineering students with knowledge of physics principles can develop algorithms for rendering and animating complex scenes, including realistic lighting, shading, and motion effects.
- **Robotics and Autonomous Systems**: Physics principles are essential for designing and controlling robotic systems and autonomous vehicles. Engineering students interested in robotics can leverage their knowledge of physics-based animation to develop algorithms for motion planning, trajectory optimization, and dynamic control, enabling robots to interact with the environment effectively and autonomously.
- **Probabilistic Reasoning**: Quantum mechanics introduces the concept of probabilistic outcomes, where the behaviour of particles is described by wave functions and probabilities. Engineering students learn to apply probabilistic reasoning, which is relevant in areas such as machine learning, cryptography, and probabilistic algorithms.
- **Interdisciplinary Skills**: Physics provides a strong foundation in fundamental principles such as mechanics, electromagnetism, and thermodynamics. These principles are applicable across various engineering disciplines, including computer science. Understanding the underlying physics can enhance problem-solving skills and enable engineers to tackle complex interdisciplinary projects.
- Emerging Fields and Technologies: Physics research often leads to the discovery of new materials, phenomena, and technologies with potential applications in engineering. For instance, advancements in nanotechnology, photonics, and quantum materials offer exciting opportunities for innovation in computing and information technology. Engineers with a background in physics can explore these emerging fields and contribute to breakthroughs in technology.



1 st Semester	Engineering Science Course(ES) Principles of Programming using C	M23BPOPS103
--------------------------	---	-------------

1.	Prerequisites	
S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
		nputer, navigate file systems, and perform basic tasks like creating, editing,
1	Computer	
Skills		
2	Logical	Ability to think logically and analytically, which is crucial for understanding
-	Thinking	algorithms and problem-solving in programming.
3	Understandig	Familiarity with what algorithms are and their role in solving problems
5	of Algorithms	efficiently.
4	Basic Modular	Basic Number Theory: Understanding of integers, prime numbers, greatest common divisors (GCD), and least common multiples (LCM). Algebra: Proficiency in algebraic manipulations and understanding of congruence relations.
5	Data Structures	Basic knowledge of data structures such as arrays, linked lists, stacks, queues, trees, and graphs, as they are fundamental to organizing and manipulating data in programming
6	Programming Fundamentals	Knowledge of at least one programming language, including concepts like variables, control structures (loops, conditionals), functions, and basic I/O operations.
7	Problem-Solving Skills	Ability to break down complex problems into smaller, manageable parts and develop step-by-step solutions

2. Competencies

2. C(S/L	Competency	KSA Description								
1.	Syntax and Semantics	Understanding the syntax rules and semantics of the C programming language, including variables, data types, operators, control structures (loops and conditionals), functions, and arrays.								
2.	Pointers	Understand the concepts of Taylor and Maclaurin series, and convergence criteria. Familiarity with partial derivatives, gradients, and multiple integrals. Knowledge of vector calculus including line and surface integrals.								
3.	Data Structures:	Knowledge of basic data structures such as arrays, linked lists, stacks, queues, trees, and graphs. Competency involves implementing these data structures in C and understanding their usage and efficiency.								
4.	Functions and Libraries	Mastery in creating and using functions, including passing arguments by value and by reference, recursion, and understanding the standard C library functions (such as string manipulation functions in <string.h>).</string.h>								
5.	Algorithms	Competency in designing and implementing algorithms using C, including sorting algorithms (like bubble sort, quicksort) searching								
6.	Debugging and Testing	Proficiency in debugging techniques specific to C programming, using tools like gdb (GNU Debugger), and writing test cases to ensure the correctness of programs.								
7.	Software Development Practices:	Understanding of software development practices such as version control systems (e.g., Git), code documentation, and coding standards.								

Page 18 of 272

Principal MIT Mysore

M

3. Syllabus

3. Syl	labus Principle of Program	mmingusing C							
Course		M23BPOPS103	CIE Marks	50					
	of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(3:0:2)	SEE Marks	50					
	umber of Lecture Hours	40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab	Total Marks	100					
		slots		200					
Credits		04	Exam Hours	03					
	objectives: This course will enable stu	idents to:							
 Appl Explored Problem Designation 	gn and Develop Solutions to problems	ge to solve the real-world problem rays, structures and pointers in imp	lementing solution						
and pro		e -1: Introduction to C							
Introdu	ction to computers, input and output		ograms Introduc	tion to C					
	e of C program, Files used in a C								
	es, constants, Input/output statements in		ing encouring c	programs,					
	ok: Chapter 1.1-1.9, 2.1-2.2, 8.1 - 8.6								
		ecision control and Looping stat	ements						
Opera	tors in C, Type conversion and typecas								
Decisi	on control and Looping statements	: Introduction to decision contr		branching					
statem	ents, iterative statements, nested loops	, break and continue statements, go	oto statement.						
Textbo	ok: Chapter 9.15-9.16, 10.1-10.6								
		-3:Functions and Arrays							
	ions: Introduction using functions, F								
	ent, passing parameters to functions, s								
	s: Declaration of arrays, accessing the								
	, Passing arrays to functions, two			nal arrays,					
	nensional arrays to functions, multidin		rays.						
Textbo	ok: Chapter 11.1-11.10, 12.1-12.10,1								
~ .		-4: Strings and Pointers							
	s: Introduction, string taxonomy, o	operations on strings, Miscelland	eous string and	character					
	ons, arrays of strings.		. D						
	ers: Introduction to pointers, declarin ons using pointers	g pointer variables, Types of poin	iters, Passing arg	guments to					
	ok: Chapter 13.1-13.6, 14-14.7								
TEALDO		erogeneous data types and Files							
Struct	ture, Union, and Enumerated Data		functions Unio	ne unione					
	structures, Enumerated data type.	Type. Information, structures and	i functions, one	Jiis, unions					
	ntroduction to files, using files in C, re	ading and writing data files. Dete	cting end of file	Textbook:					
	r 15.1 – 15.10, 16.1-16.5		eung end of me						
r	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FICAL COMPONENT							
	Simulation of a SimpleCalculator.								
2.	Compute the roots of a quadratic	equation by accepting the coefficient	fficients. Print a	appropriate					
2.	messages.								
3.	An electricity board charges the following rates for the use of electricity: for the first 200 units 80 paise per unit for the next 100 units 90 paise per unit: beyond 300 units Rs 1 per unit. All users are charged a minimum of Rs. 100 as meter charge. If the total amount is more than Rs 400, then an additional surcharge of 15% of total amount is charged. Write a program to read the name of the user, number of units consumed and print out the charges.								
Write a C Program to display the following by reading the number of rows as input,									
	1								
	121								
4.	1 2 3 2 1								
	1 2 3 4 3 2 1								
	Nth row								
5.	Implement Binary Search on Integers								
6.	Implement Matrix multiplication and	validate the rules of multiplication	•						

First Year, MIT Mysore

Page 19 of 272

Dean Academics MIT Mysore ROURD Solar

Principal MIT Mysore

7.	Compute sin(x)/cos(x) using Taylor series approximation. Compare your result with the built-in							
7.	library function. Print both the results with appropriate inferences.							
8.	Sort the given set of N numbers using Bubble sort							
9.	Write functions to implement string operations such as compare, concatenate, and find string							
9.	length. Use the parameter passing techniques.							
	Implement structures to read, write and compute average- marks of the students, list the students							
	scoring above and below the average marks for a class of N students.							
	Develop a program using pointers to compute the sum, mean and standard deviation of all elements							
	stored in an array of N real numbers.							
	Write a C program to copy a text file to another, read both the input file name and target file name.							
Textb	Textbooks							
1. Co	mputer fundamentals and programming in c, "Reema Thareja", Oxford University, Second							
edition	n,2017.							

Reference Books:

1. E. Balaguruswamy, Programming in ANSI C, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill.

2. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, The 'C' Programming Language, Prentice Hall of India

4. 5 S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
		Introduction to computers, input and output devices,
	Week 1-2:	Designing efficient programs. Introduction to C,
1	Calculus	Structure of C program,
1	Calculus	Files used in a C program, Compilers,
		Compiling and executing C programs, variables, constants,
		Input/output statements in C.
		Operators in C, Type conversion and typecasting.
	Week 3-4:	Decision control and Looping statements: Introduction to decision
	Series Expansion and	control,
2	Multivariable Calculus	Conditional branching statements,
	With Variable Calculus	iterative statements, nested loops,
		break and continue statements,
		goto statement.
		Introduction using functions,
		Function definition, function declaration, function call, return
	Week 5-6: Ordinary Differential Equations (ODEs) of First Order	statement, passing parameters to functions,
		Scope of variables, storage classes, recursive functions.
3		Declaration of arrays, accessing the elements of an array, storing
0		values in arrays,
		Operations on arrays, Passing arrays to functions,
		two dimensional arrays, operations on two-dimensional arrays,
		twodimensional arrays to functions,
		Multidimensional arrays, applications of arrays.
		Introduction, string taxonomy, operations on strings,
	Week 7-8:	Miscellaneous string and character functions,
4	Modular Arithmatic	Arrays of strings.
		Introduction to pointers, declaring pointer variables, Types of
		pointers, Passing arguments to functions using pointers.
		Introduction, structures and functions,
		Unions, unions inside structures,
5	Week 9-10: Linear Algebra	Enumerated data type.
		Introduction to files, using files in C,
		Reading and writing data files.,
		Detecting end of file.
	Week 11-	Apply learned concepts and competencies to real-world
6	12:IntegrationandPractical	scenarios.Hands-onpractice
	Applications	
5. '	Teaching-Learning Process Stra	ategies

4. Syllabus Timeline

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

	S/I	TLP Strategies:	Description
--	-----	------------------------	-------------



1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.
2	Video/Animation	Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding of Verilog concepts.
3	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.
4	Higher Order Thinking (HOTS) Questions	Pose HOTS questions to stimulate critical thinking related to each competency.
5	Problem-Based Learning (PBL)	Implement PBL to enhance analytical skills and practical application of competencies
6	Multiple Representations	Introduce topics in various representations to reinforce competencies
7	Real-World Application	Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real-world competencies.
8	Flipped Class Technique	Utilize a flipped class approach, providing materials before class to facilitate deeper understanding of competencies
9	Programming Assignments	Assign programming tasks to reinforce practical skills associated with competencies.

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Comj	ponents	Max. Marks	Min. Marks		
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	25	10		
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	25	10		
	TotalMarks	·		50	20

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
	Understanding	Gain a deep understanding of fundamental programming concepts such as
1	Fundamental	variables, data types, operators, control structures (loops and conditionals),
	Concepts	functions, and arrays in the context of the C programming language.
2	Implementing Data Structures	Learn to implement and utilize basic data structures such as arrays, linked lists, stacks, queues, trees, and graphs in C, and understand their operations and efficiency considerations.
3	File Handling	Gain hands-on experience in performing file I/O operations using functions like fopen, fclose, fread, fwrite, and fseek, and understand how to manipulate files within a C program.
4	Software Development Practices	Familiarize yourself with good software development practices including code organization, documentation, debugging techniques, and version control systems (e.g., Git).

Page 21 of 272

5	Ethical and Professional Responsibility	Students will understand the ethical and professional responsibilities associated with digital design, including respecting intellectual property rights, ensuring design reliability and security, and adhering to industry standards and best practices.
6	Problem-Solving Skills	Enhance problem-solving skills by practicing algorithmic thinking and applying C programming concepts to solve computational problems efficiently.
7	Preparing for Advanced Topics	Build a strong foundation in C programming that prepares you for more advanced topics such as system programming, embedded systems development, and software development in domains requiring low-level programming

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)

COs	Description									
M23BPOPS103.1	Apply the basic knowledge of computer, computer hardware, functionalities of a									
W125DF OF 5105.1	computer and principles of C programming.									
M23BPOPS103.2	Apply programming constructs of C language to solve the real world problem									
M23BPOPS103.3	Apply the design concept of functions, Arrays and Strings and implement									
W125DP0P5105.5	applications									
M23BPOPS103.4	Analyze user-defined data structures like structures and pointers in Implementing									
W125DF OF 5105.4	solutions.									
M23BPOPS103.5	Design and Develop Solutions to problems and Evaluate the									
W125DF 0P 5105.5	resultanddocumentthecompleteexperimentalprocess.									

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2
M23BPOPS103.1	3	-										
M23BPOPS103.2	3											
M23BPOPS103.3	3											
M23BPOPS103.4		3										
M23BPOPS103.5			3									
M23BPOPS103												

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1						
Module 2						
Module 3						
Module 4						
Module 5						
Total						50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

		Demester 1	Inu L'Aannaan			
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1						
Module 2						
Module 3						
Module 4						
Module 5						
Total						100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. **Future with this Subject:** Studying C programming can open up various opportunities and avenues in the field of computer science and software development. Here's how learning C can benefit your future:

Foundation in Programming: C is often considered a foundational language in computer science and programming. It provides a solid understanding of fundamental concepts like memory



management, pointers, and low-level manipulation of data, which are crucial in understanding how computers work at a deeper level.

Understanding of Systems Programming: C is widely used for system-level programming, such as operating systems, embedded systems, device drivers, and other performance-critical applications. Understanding C gives you the ability to work closer to hardware and optimize performance-sensitive code.

Portability and Efficiency: C programs can be highly portable across different platforms and operating systems, making it a versatile language for cross-platform development. Additionally, C's efficiency in terms of speed and memory usage makes it suitable for applications where performance is critical.

Gateway to Other Languages: Learning C provides a strong foundation for learning other languages, especially those derived from or influenced by C (such as C++, Java, C#, and many others). Many modern languages borrow syntax and concepts from C, so mastering C can ease the learning curve for other languages.

Career Opportunities: Proficiency in C programming opens up various career paths in industries ranging from software development to system programming, embedded systems, game development, and more. Many companies value candidates who have a strong understanding of C due to its versatility and performance benefits.

Contribution to Open Source Projects: Many open-source projects and libraries are written in C or have bindings to C. Contributing to these projects can enhance your skills, build a portfolio, and connect you with a broader community of developers.

Continued Relevance: Despite being over four decades old, C remains relevant and widely used in critical software applications, ensuring that skills in C programming will continue to be in demand.

To maximize the benefits of learning C programming, consider applying your skills through personal projects, internships, or contributing to open-source projects. This practical experience will deepen your understanding and make you more attractive to potential employers or collaborators in the software development industry.



Page 23 of 272

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1	Mathematics	Basic algebra and trigonometry
2	Physics	Mechanics and properties of materials
3	Chemistry	Understanding of chemical reactions relevant tomaterials
4	Engineering Drawing	Visualization and interpretation of technicaldrawings
5	Environmental Science	Awareness of environmental issues and regulations

2. Competencies

	Competencies	
S/L	Competency	KSA Description
	Analyzing, Designing,	Knowledge: Structural and Geo technical principles.
1	Implementing	Skill: Application of design codes.
		Attitude: Attention to detail.
	Planning, Managing, Optimizing	Knowledge: Construction management techniques.
2		Skill: Project scheduling.
		Attitude: Strategic thinking.
	Evaluating, Innovating,	Knowledge: Sustainable development practices.
3	Enhancing	Skill: Problem-solving for urban issues.
		Attitude: Environmental consciousness.
	Measuring, Calculating,	Knowledge: Surveying methods.
4	Reporting	Skill: Use of surveying equipment.
		Attitude: Precision and accuracy.
	Designing, Calculating,	Knowledge: Fluid mechanics in hydraulics.
5	Assessing	Skill: Water resource management.
	-	Attitude: Analytical thinking.

3. Syllabus

INTRODUCTIONTOCIVILENGINEERING SEMESTER- I/II				
CourseCode	M23BESK104/204A	CIEMarks	50	
NumberofLectureHours/Week (L:T: P:S)	(2:2:0)	SEE Marks	50	
TotalNumberofLectureHours	50hours	Total Marks	100	
Credits 03 ExamHours 03				
Module-1				

CivilEngineeringDisciplinesandBuilding Science

Introduction to Civil Engineering: Surveying, Structural Engineering, Geotechnical Engineering, Hydraulics & Water Resources, Transportation Engineering, Environmental Engineering, Construction planning & Project management.

BasicMaterialsofConstruction:Bricks,Cement&mortars,Plain,Reinforced&Pre-

stressedConcrete,Structuralsteel,ConstructionChemicals.

Structural elements of abuilding:foundation,plinth,lintel,chejja,Masonry wall,column, beam, slab and staircase.

Module-2

SocietalandGlobalImpact ofInfrastructure

Infrastructure: Introduction to sustainable development goals, Smart cityconcept, clean city, concept, Safe city concept

Environment:WaterSupplyandSanitarysystems,urbanairpollutionmanagement,Solid waste management, identification of Landfill sites, urban flood control

Built-environment: Energy efficient buildings, recycling, Temperature and Sound control in buildings, Security systems; Smart buildings.

Module-3

Analysis of force systems: Concept of idealization, system of forces, principles of superposition and transmissibility, Resolution and composition of forces, Law of Parallelogramof forces, Resultant ofconcurrent and non-concurrent coplanar force systems, moment offorces, couple, Varignon's theorem, free bodydiagram, equations of equilibrium, equilibrium of concurrent and non-concurrent systems

Module-4

Centroid: Importanceofcentroidandcentreofgravity, methodsofdeterminingthecentroid, locating the centroid of plane laminae from first principles, centroid of built-up sections. Numerical examples

Module-5

Moment of inertia: Importance of Moment of Inertia, method of determining the second moment of area (moment of inertia) of plane sections from first principles, parallel axis theorem and perpendicular axis theorem, section modulus, radius of gyration, moment of inertia of built-upsections, Numerical Examples.

TextBooks:

- 1. BansalR. K.,RakeshRanjanBeohar andAhmadAliKhan, BasicCivilEngineeringandEngineering Mechanics, 2015,Laxmi Publications.
- $2. \quad Kolhapure BK, Elements of Civil Engineering and Engineering Mechanics, 2014, EBPB$

ReferenceBooks:

1. Beer F.P.andJohnstonE.R., Mechanicsfor Engineers, StaticsandDynamics, 1987, McGrawHill. Irving H. Shames, Engineering Mechanics, 2019, Prentice-Hall.

- 2. HibblerR.C., EngineeringMechanics: Principles of Statics and Dynamics, 2017, Pearson Press.
- $\label{eq:constraint} 3. \quad TimoshenkoS, Young D.H., RaoJ.V., Engineering Mechanics, 5th Edition, 2017, Pearson Press.$

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week1-3:	Students will learn about various disciplines of civil engineering such as Surveying, StructuralEngineering, GeotechnicalEngineering, Hydraulics &WaterResources,TransportationEngineering,Environmental Engineering,Constructionplanning&Projectmanagement.
2	Week4-6:	Students will learn about sustainable development goals, Smart city concept, clean city, concept, Safe city concept, Water Supply andSanitary systems, urban air pollution management, Solid waste management, identification of Landfill sites, urban flood control. Energy efficientbuildings,recycling,TemperatureandSoundcontrolin buildings, Securitysystems;Smartbuildings.
3	Week7-9:	Students will learn about Concept of idealization, system of forces, principles of superposition and transmissibility, Resolution and composition of forces, Law of Parallelogram of forces, Resultant of concurrentandnon-concurrentcoplanar forcesystems, momentofforces, couple,Varignon'stheorem,freebodydiagram,equationsof equilibrium, equilibriumofconcurrent andnon-concurrent coplanar force systems
4	Week10-12:	Students will learn about Importance of centroid and centre of gravity, methods of determining the centroid, locating the centroid of plane laminaefromfirstprinciples,centroidofbuilt-upsectionsandnumerical examples.
5	Week13-16:	Students will learn about Importance of Moment of Inertia, method of determining the second moment of area (moment of inertia) of plane sections from first principles, parallel axis theorem and perpendicularaxis theorem, section modulus, radius of gyration, moment of inertia of built-up sections and numerical examples.

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Lectures	Delivertheoreticalknowledgeand foundationalconcepts.
2	PracticalLabs	Hands- onsessionsforsurveying, material testing, and geotechnical investigations.

Page 25 of 272

3	GroupProjects	Collaborativeprojectsto designandanalyzestructuralelementsor urban planning initiatives.
4	CaseStudies	Real-worldexamplestoillustratetheapplicationofenvironmental engineering and project management concepts.
5	GuestLectures	Industryexpertstoprovideinsightsoncurrentpractices and future trends in civil engineering.
6	Interactive Seminars	Discussionsessionsto deepenunderstandingandencouragecritical thinking.
7	FieldTrips	Visitstoconstructionsites, watertreatmentplants, and smartcity projects for practical exposure.

6.Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

		Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks	÷		50	20

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description		
1	Understand	Graspthebasicprinciples and concepts insurveying, structural		
1	FundamentalConcepts	engineering, and geotechnical engineering.		
2	ApplyKnowledgeto	Utilizetheoreticalknowledgetosolvereal-worldproblemsin		
2	Practical Scenarios	hydraulics, waterresources, and transportation engineering.		
2	DevelopSustainable	Designsolutionsthat integratesustainabledevelopmentgoalsand		
5	Solutions	smartcityconcepts.		
4	Manage	Implementstrategiesforairpollutionmanagement, solid waste		
4	EnvironmentalImpact	management, and urbanflood control.		
5	AnalyzeStructural	Performdetailedanalysisanddesignofstructural componentsusing		
3	Elements	principleslearned.		

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)

COs	Description
Comprehendandapplytheknowledgeoffundamentalsofengineeringtoknowabout	
M23BESK104A.1	various disciplines of civilengineering, basic construction materials, structural elements
	of a building and infrastructure requirement for sustainable development.
M23BESK104A.2	Analyzetheresultantandequilibriumofforcesystemsontherigid bodies.
M23BESK104A.3	Determineandlocatethecentroidofplaneandbuilt-up sections.

M23BESK104A.4 Determine the moment of inertia of plane and built-up sections.

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

CO-1 O-1 DO Mapping												
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 10	PO1 1	PO1 2
M23BESK104A.1	3					2	2					
M23BESK104A.2		2										
M23BESK104A.3		2										
M23BESK104A.4		2										
M23BESK104A	3	2				2	2					

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	CO6	Total
Module 1	10				10	10	
Module 2	10				10	10	
Module 3		10			10		10
Module 4			10		10		
Module 5				10	10		
Total	20	10	10	10	50	20	10

Semester End Examination (SEE)

Semester End Examination (SEE)								
	20				20	20		
Module 1	20				20	20		
Module 2		20			20		20	
Module 3			20		20			
Module 4				20	20			
Module 5	40	20	20	20	100	40	20	
Total	20				20	20		

ConditionsforSEEPaperSetting:

EachmoduleofSEEquestionpaper should beallocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks.

10. Future with this Subject

This subject lays the foundational knowledge and practical skills required for a career in civil engineering. Mastery of these concepts enables students to pursue advanced studies or professional roles in various sub-disciplines such as structural engineering, environmental engineering, and urban planning. The integration of sustainable development goals and smartcity concepts prepares students to contribute to the future of resilient and sustainable infrastructure development.

- **1. FoundationforFurtherStudy:** Understandingthebasicsofcivilengineeringprovidesa strong foundation for students who may later choose to specialize in civil engineering or related fields during their undergraduate studies. This subject introduces them to key concepts, principles, and disciplines within civil engineering.
- **2.** Career Paths: Even if students do not pursue civil engineering as a major, theknowledge gained from this subject can be beneficial in various career paths. Many industries, such as construction management, urban planning, environmental consulting, and infrastructure development, value individuals with a basic understanding of civil engineering principles.
- **3. Interdisciplinary Knowledge:** Civil engineering concepts often overlap with other engineering disciplines and fields such as architecture, environmental science, and urban design. Students gain interdisciplinaryknowledge that canbe applied indiverse contexts.
- **4. Problem-Solving Skills:** Civil engineering emphasizes analytical thinking, problemsolving, and project management skills. These skills are transferable to manyprofessions and are highly valued in industries that require systematic problem-solving abilities.
- **5.** Sustainability and Urban Development: With increasing emphasis on sustainability and smart cities, knowledge gained in civil engineering can contribute to addressing global challenges like climate change, urbanization, and infrastructure resilience.
- 6. Professional Development: Introduction to civil engineering subjects often include



exposure to industry practices, standards, and regulations. This early exposure can help students develop professional skills and understand the expectations of the civil engineering profession.

7. Entrepreneurship Opportunities: Understanding civil engineering basics can inspire entrepreneurial ventures in construction technology, sustainable development solutions, or infrastructure innovations.



1 st Semester	Engineering Science Courses - I (ESC)	M23BESK104B
1 Semester	Introduction to Electrical Engineering	WIZ5DE5K104D

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites			
1.	Basic Concepts in physics	• Understanding of electric charge, voltage, current, resistance, and power. These concepts form the foundation of electrical engineering.			
2.	Circuit Elements	 Familiarity with fundamental concepts of discrete componentssuch as resistors, capacitors and inductors 			
3.	Mathematics	• Proficiency in algebra for solving few mathematical expressions using voltage divider rule, integration and differential equations to calculate the desired voltage, frequency of operation			
4.	Previous Coursework	• Gain a basic understanding of electromagnetic theory, including concepts like magnetic fields, electromagnetic induction, and the relationship between electricity and magnetism.			
5.	Component symbols	 Familiarity with electrical components and their symbols, along with safety precautions, lays a strong groundwork for further learning. 			

1. Prerequisites

C/T	2. Compet	
S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1.	Basics of power	 Knowledge: Insight into how electricity is generated from various sources, transmitted over long distances through high-voltage transmission lines, and distributed to end-users through the grid. Techniques for analyzing simple DC circuits containing resistors, voltage sources, and current sources. Skills: Ability to apply voltage divider rule, ohms-law, KVL, KCL and Thevenin
	generation and	theorem to design the required DCcircuit for small signal using transistor.
	DC circuits	 Understanding power generation technologies and their applications is valuable in fields such as renewable energy, electrical utilities, and sustainable development. Attitudes: Learning about renewable energy technologies encourages a commitment to
		sustainability and the preservation of natural resources for future generations
2.	Analysis of Single Phase and Three Phase Circuits	 Knowledge: Will gain an understanding of the differences between single-phase and three-phase electrical systems, including their configurations, advantages, and applications. Will achieve knowledge of impedance, power, power factor and related concepts. Skills: Skills gained include circuit analysis techniques, problem-solving, critical thinking, technical communication, hands-on application, teamwork etc. Attitudes: Appreciation for the essential role of electrical engineering roles in diverse industries
3.	DC Generators and Motors	 Knowledge: Understanding their principles enables efficient conversion between mechanical and electrical energy, vital for various applications like industrial machinery and transportation. Skills: Imparts electrical engineering skillsand troubleshooting techniques, crucial for engineering innovation. Attitudes: Valuing the knowledge of conversion of various forms of energy in to electrical energy

Page 29 of 272

2 Principal MIT Mysore

-		
		Knowledge:
	Transformers	• Involves comprehending electromagnetic principles, transformer configurations, and transformer losses, crucial for power distribution and voltage transformation.
4.	and Three phase	Understanding three-phase induction motors encompasses principles of rotating magnetic fields, motor construction, starting methods
	Induction	Skills:
	Motors	• Exploring transformers and three-phase induction motors enriches electrical engineering proficiency for industrial machinery applications.
		Attitudes:
		• Appreciation for understanding AC machines for specific application
		Knowledge:
		• It involves understanding wiring regulations, circuitry layouts, and safety
		protocols to prevent electrical hazards such as shocks and fires.
	Domestic Wirring and	Skills:
5.	Wiring and Safety Measures	• Learning domestic wiring and safety measures cultivates essential electrical skills for residential installations
	in cubul cb	Attitudes:
		• Proficiency in wire sizing, grounding, and proper insulation ensures safe and reliable electrical systems, promoting household safety.

3. Syllabus

Introduction to Electrical Engineering						
SEMESTER – I / II						
Course Code	M23BESK104/204B	CIE Marks	50			
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	4:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50			
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40(T)Hrs	Total Marks	100			
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03			

Course objectives

• To explain the laws used in the analysis of DC and AC circuits.

• To explain the behavior of circuit elements in single-phase circuits.

• To explain the construction and operation of transformers, DC generators and motors and induction

motors. • To introduce concepts of circuit protecting devices and earthing.

• To explain electric power generation, transmission and distribution, electricity billing, equipment and personal safety measures.

Module -1

Introduction: Conventional and non-conventional energy resources; General structure of electrical power systems using single line diagram approach.Power Generation: Hydel, Nuclear, Solar & wind power generation (Block Diagram approach).DC Circuits:Ohm's Law and its limitations. KCL & KVL, series, parallel, series-parallel circuits. Simple Numerical.

Module -2

A.C. Fundamentals:Equation of AC Voltage and current, waveform, time period, frequency, amplitude, phase, phasedifference, average value, RMS value, form factor, peak factor. (only definitions)Voltage and current relationship with phasor diagrams in R, L, and C circuits. Concept of Impedance.Analysis of R-L, R-C, R-L-C Series circuits.Active power, reactive power and apparent power.Concept of power factor. (Simple Numerical).

Three Phase Circuits:

Generation of Three phase AC quantity, advantages and limitations; star and delta connection, relationship between line and phase quantities (excluding proof)

Module -3

DC Machines:DC Generator: Principle of operation, constructional details, induced emf expression, types ofgenerators.Relation between induced emf and terminal voltage.Simple numerical.

DC Motor: Principle of operation, back emf and its significance. Torque equation, types of motors, characteristics and speed control (armature & field)of DC motors(series & shunt only). Applications of DC motors. Simple numerical

Module -4



Transformers: Necessity of transformer, principle of operation, Types and construction of singlephase transformers, EMF equation, losses, variation of losses with respect to load. Efficiency and simple numerical.

Three-phase induction Motors: Concept of rotating magnetic field, Principle of operation, constructional features of motor, types – squirrel cage and wound rotor. Slip and its significance simple numerical.

Module -5

Domestic Wiring: Requirements, Types of wiring: casing, capping.Two way and three way controof load. **Electricity Bill**: Power rating of household appliances including air conditioners, PCs, laptops,printers, etc. Definition of "unit" used for consumption of electrical energy, two-part electricity tariff, calculation of electricity bill for domestic consumers.

Equipment Safety measures: Working principle of Fuse and Miniature circuit breaker (MCB), merits and demerits.

Personal safety measures: Electric Shock, Earthing and its types, Safety Precautions to avoid shock.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books:

1. Basic Electrical Engineering by D C Kulshreshtha, Tata McGraw Hill, First Edition 2019.

2. A text book of Electrical Technology by B.L. Theraja, S Chand and Company, reprint edition 2014. **Reference Books:**

1. Basic Electrical Engineering, D. P. Kothari and I. J. Nagrath, Tata McGraw Hill 4th edition, 2019.

2. Principles of Electrical Engineering & Electronics by V. K. Mehta, Rohit Mehta, S. Chand and Company Publications, 2nd edition, 2015.

3. Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering by Rajendra Prasad, PHI, 3rd edition, 2014.

Web links and Video Lectures(e-Resources):

•<u>www.nptel.ac.in</u>

Course outcomes: This course will enable students to:

- Understand the concepts of various energy sources and Electric circuits.
- Apply the basic Electrical laws to solve circuits.
- Discuss the construction and operation of various Electrical Machines.
- Identify suitable Electrical machine for practical implementation.
- Explain the concepts of electric power transmission and distribution, electricity billing, circuit protective devices and personal safety measures

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1-3:	Students learn Conventional and non-conventional energy resources; General structure of electrical power systems using single line diagram approach.Power Generation: Hydel, Nuclear, Solar & wind power generation (Block Diagram approach) as introduction to Electrical Engineering Further, basics of DC Circuits:Ohm's Law and its limitations. KCL & KVL, series, parallel, series-parallel circuits with Simple Numerical
2	Week 4-5:	A.C. Fundamentals suchasEquation of AC Voltage and current, waveform, time period, frequency, amplitude, phase, phasedifference, average value, RMS value, form factor, peak factor. (only definitions)Voltage and current relationship with phasor diagrams in R, L, and C circuits are discussed. Concept of Impedance:Analysis of R-L, R-C, R-L-C Series circuits.Active power, reactive power and apparent power, Concept of power factor with Simple Numerical etc are also included.
3	Week 6-8:	 Three Phase Circuits:Generation of Three phase AC quantity, advantages and limitations; star and delta connection, relationship between line and phase quantities (excluding proof) are discussed. DC Generator: Principle of operation, constructional details, induced emf expression, types of generators.Relation between induced emf and terminal voltage with Simple numerical also covered. DC Motor: Principle of operation, back emf and its significance. Torque equation, types of motors, characteristics and speed control (armature & field)of

4. Syllabus Timeline

Page 31 of 272

		DC motors(series & shunt only). Applications of DC motors with					
		Simplenumerical are discussed.					
4	Week 9-10	Transformers : Necessity of transformer, principle of operation, Types and construction of singlephase transformers, EMF equation, losses, variation of losses with respect to load. Efficiency and simple numerical are addressed. Three-phase induction Motors : Concept of rotating magnetic field, Principle of operation, constructional features of motor, types – squirrel cage and wound rotor. Slip and its significance with simple numerical are included.					
5	Week 10-11:	Domestic Wiring: Requirements, Types of wiring: casing, capping.Two way and three way control of load. Electricity Bill: Power rating of household appliances including air conditioners, PCs, laptops, printers, etc. Definition of "unit" used for consumption of electrical energy, two-part electricity tariff, calculation of electricity bill for domestic consumersare addressed.					
6	Week 12:	 Equipment Safety measures: Working principle of Fuse and Miniature circuit breaker (MCB), merits and demerits are discussed. Personal safety measures: Electric Shock, Earthing and its types, Safety Precautions to avoid shock are also covered. 					
	5. 7						

S/L	TLP Strategies	Description
1	Lecture Method	• Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.
2	Video/Animation	• Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding of Verilog concepts.
3	Collaborative Learning	• Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.
4	Higher Order Thinking (HOTS) Questions:	• Pose HOTS questions to stimulate critical thinking related to each competency.
5	Problem-Based Learning (PBL)	• Implement PBL to enhance analytical skills and practical application of competencies
6	Real-World Application	• Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real- world competencies.

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Com	ponents	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks		•	50	20

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7. Learning Objectives						
S/L	Learning Objectives	Description				
1	To explain the laws used in the analysis of DC and AC circuits.	This course help the students to solve parameters of DC / AC circuits by applying electrical laws.				
2	To explain the behaviour of circuit elements in single-phase circuits.	Students will be able to understand the operation of inductors and capacitors with respect to AC circuits.				
3	To explain the construction and operation of transformers, DC generators and motors and induction motors.	These topics are applications of the concepts they learned in DC and AC circuits.				
4	To introduce concepts of circuit protecting devices and earthing.	Students learn the details of domestic wiring.				
5	To explain electric power generation, transmission and distribution, electricity billing, equipment and personal safety measures.	The basics of power generation, distribution, safety measures to be followed when working with electrical systems, electricity bill calculation etc are discussed.				

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)					
Description					
Interpret the operation of hydel, nuclear, solar and wind power generators.					
Illustrate the electrical safety rules and standards for domestic wiring.					
M23BESCK104B.3 Illustrate the construction and working principle of electrical machines.					
Apply Ohm's law and Kirchoff's laws to determine voltage, current and powerin					
electrical circuits and machines.					

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

cororbo mupping												
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
M23BESCK104B.1	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	3	-	2
M23BESCK104B.2	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	3
M23BESCK104B.3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BESCK104B.4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BESCK104B	3	2.5	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	3	-	2.5

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	Contin	luous miter nai	Evaluation (C	/IL/)	
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
Module 1	7			5	12
Module 2				7	7
Module 3			8	5	13
Module 4			7	5	12
Module 5		6			6
Total	7	6	15	22	50
	Sem	ester End Exa	mination (SEI	E)	
		1			

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
Module 1	14			10	24
Module 2				14	14
Module 3			16	10	26
Module 4			14	10	24
Module 5		12		-	12
Total	14	12	30	44	100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. Future with this Subject

The "Introduction to Electrical Engineering" course in the I / II semester of the B.E program lays a strong foundation for several future courses in the undergraduate program. The contributions of this subject extend



across various areas, enhancing the students' understanding and skills in the field of electrical systems. Here are some notable contributions:

Introduction to Electrical Engineering sets the stage for a dynamic future at the intersection of innovation and technology. It equips individuals to tackle evolving challenges in power generation, distribution, and renewable energy integration. With the rise of smart grids, electric vehicles, and IoT, EE graduates are poised to lead advancements in automation, sustainable infrastructure, and telecommunications. Moreover, as society leans towards cleaner energy solutions, expertise in electrical engineering becomes indispensable for shaping a greener, more connected world. EE professionals will drive progress, ensuring efficient energy utilization and pioneering breakthroughs that redefine how we interact with technology and power our lives. In summary, the "Introduction to Electrical Engineering" course serves as a stepping stone, equipping students with foundational knowledge and skills that are essential for the subsequent courses in their B.E program and for their future careers in various technology-related fields.



1 st Semester	Engineering Science Courses - I (ESC)	M23BESK104C
	Introduction to Electronics and Communication	

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1	Basic knowledge on Physics	A fundamental understanding of physics.
2	Basic knowledge on Mathematics	A fundamental understanding of mathematics.
3	Semiconductor Fundamentals	Basic knowledge of semiconductor physics and semiconductor devices is beneficial.
4	Basic Electronics	Familiarity with basic electronic components like resistors, capacitors, inductors, and semiconductors is necessary
5	Circuit Theory	Proficiency in circuit theory is important. This includes understanding concepts such as voltage, current as well as basic circuit analysis techniques like Ohm's Law, is fundamental.

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1	Power supplies	 Knowledge: Understanding the Basic Principles, Voltage Regulation, Current Limiting etc key knowledge areas is crucial for selecting, operating, and maintaining DC power supplies effectively in electronic systems. Additionally, knowledge of safety standards and regulations is essential to ensure safe operation and compliance with industry standards. Skills: By mastering Electrical Engineering Fundamentals, Voltage Regulation Techniques etc skills, you'll be well-equipped to effectively operate, maintain, and troubleshoot DC power supplies in electronic systems while ensuring safety and compliance with industry standards. Attitudes: By cultivating a positive attitude characterized by safety consciousness, attention to detail, patience, curiosity, respect, professionalism, and adaptability, you'll be well-equipped to work with DC power supplies effectively and contribute to the success of your projects and endeavors.
2	Amplifiers	 Knowledge: Understanding Basic Amplifier Operation, Amplifier Frequency Response, and Feedback is key knowledge areas is essential for selecting, and using amplifiers effectively in electronic systems. Additionally, proficiency in amplifier theory enables engineers to troubleshoot problems, optimize performance, and innovate in amplifier technology. Skills: By mastering skills, you'll be well-equipped to design, analyze, test, and troubleshoot amplifier circuits effectively, contributing to the success of your projects and endeavors in electronics. Attitudes: By cultivating attitudes, you'll not only enhance your effectiveness and success when working with amplifiers but also contribute to a positive and productive work environment for yourself and those around you.
3	Oscillator	 Work environment for yourself and those around you. Knowledge: Understanding key knowledge areas is essential for designing, analyzing, and troubleshooting oscillator circuits effectively in electronic systems Skills: By mastering skills, you'll be well-equipped to design, build, and optimize oscillator circuits for a wide range of applications, from communication systems and signal generators to precision timing and frequency synthesis. Attitudes: By cultivating attitudes, you'll not only enhance your effectiveness and success when working with oscillators but also contribute to a positive and productive work environment for yourself and those around you
4	Number base	Knowledge:

First Year, MIT Mysore

Page 35 of 272



	1	
	conversion	Understanding number base conversion is essential for working with digital systems, computer programming, data encoding, and various other applications where different base systems are used.
		Skills:
		By honing skills through practice, application, and continuous learning, you'll
		become proficient in number base conversion and be able to handle a wide
		range of conversion tasks effectively and efficiently.
		Attitudes: By adopting attitudes, you'll not only enhance your proficiency in number base
		conversion but also develop valuable problem-solving skills, a deeper
		understanding of mathematical concepts, and a greater appreciation for the
		beauty and complexity of numbers.
		Knowledge:
		Understanding Boolean algebra is essential for working with digital systems, logic design, programming, and various other applications in computer science and engineering.Bottom of Form
5	Boolean algebra	Skills: By honing skills, you'll become proficient in Boolean algebra and logic design, enabling you to design, analyze, and optimize digital systems and logic circuits effectively.
		Attitudes: By cultivating attitudes, you'll not only improve your skills in Boolean algebra but also develop valuable problem-solving abilities, logical reasoning skills, and
		a deeper appreciation for the role of logic in our understanding of the world. Knowledge:
		Understanding combinational logic is crucial for designing digital systems,
		implementing arithmetic operations, and constructing various logic circuits used
		in computer hardware and other applications.
		Skills:
	aamhinatianal	By honing skills through practice, experimentation, and continuous learning,
6	combinational logic	you'll become proficient in designing, analyzing, and optimizing combinational logic circuits for various digital system applications.
	iogic	Attitudes:
		Combinational logic is like the foundation of a sturdy building in the world of
		digital electronics. It's all about making decisions based on the current inputs
		without any memory of past events, kind of like a snap judgment. It's
		straightforward, precise, and essential for tasks like arithmetic operations, data encoding, and decoding.
		Knowledge:
		Embedded systems are like the hidden heroes of modern technology—they're
		everywhere, from your microwave to your car, quietly working behind the
		scenes to make our lives easier. These systems are specialized computers
	Embedded	designed to perform specific tasks within a larger system. They're typically low- power, compact, and optimized for real-time operation
7	systems	Skills:
	systems	Embedded systems skills encompass a broad range of technical abilities
		essential for designing, developing, and maintaining embedded systems.
		Attitudes:
		Embedded systems require a particular mindset and attitude to navigate the
		complexities of designing, developing, and maintaining these intricate systems Knowledge:
		Analog and digital communication knowledge encompasses a wide range of
		concepts and technologies essential for transmitting and receiving information
	Analog and	in both analog and digital forms.
8	digital	Skills:
	communication	Skills in analog and digital communication are essential for professionals
		working in fields such as telecommunications, networking, electronics, and signal processing.
		Attitudes:
		By embodying attitudes, professionals in the field of analog and digital

Page 36 of 272

Dean Academics MIT Mysore ROL MID Sole

Principal MIT Mysore

communication can navigate the complexities of communication technology effectively, drive innovation, and contribute to the advancement of
communication systems that empower connectivity and collaboration in the digital age.

3. Syllabus

Introduction to Electronics & Communication SEMESTER – I/II							
CIE Marks	50						
SEE Marks	50						
Total Marks	100						
Credits 03 Exam Hours 03							
Credits 03 Exam Hours 03							

Course objectives: This course will enable students to:

1. To prepare students with fundamental knowledge/ overview in the field of Electronics and Communication Engineering.

2. To equip students with a basic foundation in electronic engineering required for comprehending the operation and application of electronic circuits, logic design, embedded systems, and communication systems.

3.Professionalism & Learning Environment: To inculcate in first-year engineering students an ethical and professional attitude by providing an academic environment inclusive of effective communication, teamwork, ability to relate engineering issues to a broader social context, and life-long learning needed for a successful professional career.

Module -1

Power Supplies –Block diagram, Half-wave rectifier, Full-wave rectifiers and filters, Voltage regulators, Output resistance and voltage regulation, Voltage multipliers.

Amplifiers – Types of amplifiers, Gain, Input and output resistance, Frequency response, Bandwidth, Phase shift, Negative feedback, multi-stage amplifiers (Text 1)

Module -2

Oscillators – Barkhausen criterion, sinusoidal and non-sinusoidal oscillators, Ladder network oscillator, Wein bridge oscillator, Multivibrators, Single-stage astable oscillator, Crystal controlled oscillators (Only Concepts, working, and waveforms. No mathematical derivations)

Operational amplifiers -Operational amplifier parameters, Operational amplifier characteristics, Operational amplifier configurations, Operational amplifier circuits.(Text 1)

Module -3

Boolean Algebra and Logic Circuits: Binary numbers, Number Base Conversion, octal & Hexa Decimal Numbers, Complements, Basic definitions, Axiomatic Definition of Boolean Algebra, Basic Theorems and Properties of Boolean Algebra, Boolean Functions, Canonical and Standard Forms, Other Logic Operations, Digital Logic Gates (Text 2: 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5,2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6, 2.7) **Combinational logic:** Introduction, Design procedure, Adders- Half adder, Full adder (Text 2:4.1, 4.2, 4.3)

Module -4

Embedded Systems – Definition, Embedded systems vs general computing systems, Classification of Embedded Systems, Major application areas of Embedded Systems, Elements of an Embedded System, Core of the Embedded System, Microprocessor vs Microcontroller, RISC vs CISC

Sensors and Interfacing – Instrumentation and control systems, Transducers, Sensors, Actuators, LED, 7-Segment LED Display. (Text 3)

Module -5

Analog Communication Schemes – Modern communication system scheme, Information source, and input transducer, Transmitter, Channel or Medium – Hardwired and Soft wired, Noise, Receiver, Multiplexing, Types of communication systems. Types of modulation (only concepts) – AM, FM, Concept of Radio wave propagation (Ground, space, sky)

Digital Modulation Schemes: Advantages of digital communication over analog communication, ASK, FSK, PSK, Radio signal transmission Multiple access techniques. (Text 4)

Text Books

(Title of the Book/Name of the author/Name of the publisher/Edition and Year)

1. Mike Tooley, 'Electronic Circuits, Fundamentals & Applications', 4thEdition, Elsevier, 2015. DOI

https://doi.org/10.4324/9781315737980. eBook ISBN9781315737980

Digital Logic and Computer Design, M. Morris Mano, PHI Learning, 2008 ISBN-978-81-203- 0417-84.
 K V Shibu, 'Introduction to Embedded Systems', 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill Education (India), Private Limited, 2016

4. S L Kakani and Priyanka Punglia, 'Communication Systems', New Age International Publisher, 2017.

4. Syllabus Timeline

- Syn	abus Timenne	
S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1-2: Power Supplies and Amplifiers	Power supplies convert AC to DC, regulate voltage, and filter output for stable operation. They consist of transformers, rectifiers, filters, regulators, and loads, ensuring reliable power delivery. Amplifiers increase the strength of electrical signals, such as voltage or current. They come in various types like voltage, current, and power amplifiers, each with specific applications and characteristics, including gain, input/output resistance, and frequency response.
2	Week 3-4: Oscillators and Operational amplifiers	Oscillators rely on the Barkhausen criterion for sustained oscillations and can be sinusoidal or non-sinusoidal (providing essential functions in signal generation and timing circuits. Operational amplifiers (Op-amps) are versatile integrated circuits used for amplification. They feature high input impedance, low output impedance, and high gain, making them crucial components in a wide range of electronic circuits, including amplifiers and voltage comparators.
3	Week 5-6: Boolean Algebra , Logic Circuits and Combinational logic	Binary numbers, octal, and hexadecimal numbers represent data in digital systems, often converted between bases. Complements, basic definitions, and axiomatic definitions define Boolean algebra, with theorems and properties aiding simplification of Boolean functions into canonical and standard forms. Logic operations and gates implement Boolean functions in digital circuits. Combinational logic processes inputs to produce outputs without internal memory. Design involves specifying desired behavior and implementing with logic gates. Adders, including half adders and full adders.
4	Week 7-8: Embedded Systems ,Sensors and Interfacing	Embedded systems are specialized computing systems designed to perform specific functions within larger systems. Embedded systems are categorized based on their size, performance, and application domain. Embedded systems are widely used in consumer electronics, automotive, industrial automation etc. An embedded system comprises hardware components like microcontrollers or microprocessors, memory units, input/output devices, sensors, actuators, and software components such as firmware and application programs. Instruments like transducers convert physical quantities into electrical signals, sensors detect these signals for data acquisition, actuators respond to control signals to produce physical actions, while displays such as LEDs and 7-segment displays visualize information in embedded systems.
5	Week 9-10: Analog Communication Schemes and Digital Modulation Schemes	Modern communication systems involve an information source, which is converted by an input transducer, transmitted through a transmitter, propagated via a channel (hardwired or softwired), received by a receiver, and possibly subjected to multiplexing for efficient transmission. Modulation schemes like Amplitude Modulation (AM), Frequency Modulation (FM), and Phase Shift Keying (PSK) encode information onto carrier signals, enabling efficient transmission and reception of analog signals. Digital modulation schemes like Amplitude Shift Keying (ASK), Frequency Shift Keying (FSK), and Phase Shift Keying (PSK) encode digital data onto carrier signals for transmission, providing robustness
4. T	Feaching-Learning	Process Strategies
S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description				
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce				
1		competencies.				
2	Video/Animation	Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding of				
2		sensors and instrumentation concepts.				
3	Collaborative	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.				

Page 38 of 272

Principal

	Learning	
4	Higher Order Thinking (HOTS) Questions:	Pose HOTS questions to stimulate critical thinking related to each competency.
5	Problem-Based Learning (PBL)	Implement PBL to enhance analytical skills and practical application of competencies
6	Multiple Representations	Introduce topics in various representations to reinforce competencies
7	Real-World Application	Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real-world competencies.
8	Flipped Class Technique	Utilize a flipped class approach, providing materials before class to facilitate deeper understanding of competencies

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Com	ponents	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks	-		50	20

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

1.Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.

2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.

3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.

4.Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7.Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description				
	Understanding of power Understanding D C power supply, types of rectifiers and operat					
1	supplies, amplifiers, oscillators	of voltage regulators, oscillators and operational amplifiers and its				
	and operational amplifiers	applications				
	Understanding of Boolean	To equip students with a basic foundation in electronic engineering				
2	algebra and combinational	d combinational required for comprehending logic design and combinational logic				
	logic	like half adder, full adder.				
3	Understanding of embedded systems and its applications	To equip students with a basic foundation in electronic engineering required for comprehending the operation and application of embedded systems.				
4	Understanding of Analog Communication Schemes and Digital Modulation Schemes	To equip students with a basic foundation in electronic engineering required for comprehending the operation and application of communication systems.				

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)

COs	Description
M23BESK104C.1	Present the comprehensive knowledge of electronic circuits encompassing power supplies, amplifiers, operational amplifiers, oscillators, boolean algebra and logic circuits.
M23BESK104C.2	Apply the basic concepts of electronics engineering required for comprehending the operation and application of electronic circuits encompassing power supplies, amplifiers, operational amplifiers, oscillators, boolean algebra and

	logic circuits.
M23BESK104C.3	Apply the knowledge of digital electronics concepts to realize the combinational logic circuits.
M23BESK104C.4	Analyze the role of sensor and actuator in embedded system and study the various modulation and demodulation techniques of analog and digital communication systems.

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12
M23BESK104C.1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
M23BESK104C.2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
M23BESK104C.3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BESK104C.4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
M23BESK104C	3	2.6							2	2		

9.Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
Module 1					
Module 2					
Module 3					
Module 4					
Module 5					
Total					50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
Module 1					
Module 2					
Module 3					
Module 4					
Module 5					
Total					100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks.

10. Future with this Subject

The "Introduction to Electronics Communication" course in the first year of the B.E program lays a strong foundation for several future courses in the undergraduate program. The contributions of this subject extend across various areas, enhancing the students' understanding and skills in the field of sensors and instrumentation. Here are some notable contributions:

Emerging Technologies: Future developments in electronics communication will likely be heavily influenced by emerging technologies such as 5G, Internet of Things (IoT), Artificial Intelligence (AI), and Quantum Communication. These technologies promise to revolutionize the way we communicate, offering faster speeds, lower latency, and greater connectivity.

 \Box IoT Integration: The integration of IoT devices into communication networks will continue to grow, leading to a more interconnected world where everyday objects are smart and able to communicate with each other seamlessly.

 \Box Wireless Power Transfer: Research into wireless power transfer technologies holds promise for wirelessly charging devices, which could eliminate the need for traditional power cables and revolutionize how we power our electronic devices.

 \Box Satellite Communication: With the increasing demand for global connectivity, satellite communication systems will continue to evolve, offering high-speed internet access to remote regions and enabling new applications in areas such as disaster relief, agriculture, and environmental monitoring.

 \Box Ethical and Regulatory Considerations: As communication technologies become more pervasive, there will be important discussions around ethics, privacy, and regulatory frameworks to ensure that these technologies are deployed responsibly and equitably



	Engineering Science Courses - I (ESC)	
1 st Semester	INTRODUCTION TO MECHANICAL	M23BESKM104D
	ENGINEERING	

1. Prerequisites:

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1	Basic understanding of	Familiarity with different engineering fields and their societal
1	engineering disciplines	impact.
2	High school-level physics	Foundational knowledge of physics concepts relevant to specific
2	(work, power, energy, heat)	topics.
3	Workshop skillsPrior experience in a workshop setting would be beneficial.	
4	Basic computer literacy	Familiarity with the concept of computer-controlled manufacturing
-	Basic computer meracy	and basic principles of 3D printing technology.
5	Visualization skills	Ability to interpret diagrams, schematics, and 3D models relevant to
5	VISUAIIZATIOII SKIIIS	mechanical systems.
	Basic understanding of	Ability to identify different types of engineering materials and their
6	chemistry and material	applications.
	properties	applications.

2. Competencies:

S/L	Competency	KSA Description	
1	Understanding the Role of Mechanical Engineering	 Knowledge: Different engineering disciplines and their applications. Societal impact of mechanical engineering advancements. Skills: Analyze real-world problems and identify potential mechanical engineering solutions. Attitudes: 	
2	Grasping Core Mechanical Engineering Principles	Curiosity and interest in the impact of engineering on society. Knowledge: Physics concepts (work, power, energy, heat, mechanics) Skills: Apply fundamental principles to solve basic mechanical engineering problems Attitudes: Analytical thinking and problem-solving skills.	
3	Understanding Machine Tools and Operations	Knowledge: Working principles of common machine tools (lathe, drill, milling). Types of machining operations (turning, drilling, milling). Skills: Demonstrate a basic understanding of machine tool functionalities (no practical	
4	Exposure to Advanced Manufacturing Systems	 Knowledge: Concept of computer-controlled manufacturing (CNC). Basic principles of 3D printing technology. Skills: Recognize the potential of advanced manufacturing techniques. Attitudes: Adaptability and willingness to embrace technological advancements. 	
5	Understanding Energy Sources and Power Plants	 Knowledge: Different types of energy sources (fossil fuels, renewables). Working principles of various power plants (hydro, thermal, nuclear, solar, wind, tidal). Skills: Explain the basic functionalities of different power generation technologies. Attitudes: Environmental awareness and appreciation for sustainable energy solutions. 	

Page 42 of 272

Dean Acaden MIT Mysor Principal MIT Mysore

MT

6	Introduction to Internal Combustion Engines	 Knowledge: Engine components and working principles (4-stroke petrol & diesel). Skills: Identify the key components of an internal combustion engine. Attitudes: Attention to detail and understanding of cause-and-effect relationships in mechanical systems.
Image: International systems. Understanding Knowledge: Refrigeration & Refrigeration principles and desirable refrigerant properties. 7 Air Skills: Conditioning Explain the fundamental concepts behind these systems. Systems Attitudes: Appreciation for the importance of thermal comfort and energy efficiency.		
8	Introduction to Joining Processes	 Knowledge: Definitions and classifications of common joining processes (soldering, brazing, welding). Skills: Recognize different joining techniques and their applications. Attitudes: Safety awareness and appreciation for proper tool and technique selection.
9	Understanding Future Mobility Technologies	Knowledge: Components of electric and hybrid vehicles. Advantages and disadvantages compared to traditional vehicles. Skills: Analyze the potential of future mobility solutions. Attitudes: Sustainability mindset and interest in technological innovation.

3. Syllabus:

INTRODUCTION TO MECHANICAL ENGINEERING				
SEMESTER – I				
Course Code	M23BESKM104/204D	CIE Marks	50	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(2:2:0)	SEE Marks	50	
Total Number of Lecture Hours40 hours TheoryTotal Marks100				
Credits 03 Exam Hours 03				
Course objectives: This course will enable students to:				

Course objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Explain the role of mechanical engineering in society, including the impact of various engineering disciplines, and identify potential mechanical solutions to real-world problems.
- Apply core physics concepts (work, power, energy, heat, mechanics) to solve basic mechanical engineering problems and understand the working principles of common machine tools (lathe, drill, mill) and different machining operations.
- Recognize the potential of advanced manufacturing techniques like CNC and 3D printing, explain different energy sources and the working principles of various power plants, and identify the components and basic working principles of internal combustion engines.
- Understand refrigeration principles, refrigerant properties, and the basic operation of air conditioning and refrigeration system.
- Recognize the definitions and classifications of common joining processes and analyze future mobility solutions (electric/hybrid vehicles) and their advantages/disadvantages.
- Explain the concepts of mechatronics and robotics (open/closed-loop systems, robot anatomy, applications), demonstrating a foundational understanding of these interdisciplinary fields.

Module -1

Introduction: Role of Mechanical Engineering in Industries and Society- Emerging Trends and Technologies in different sectors such as Energy, Manufacturing, Automotive, Aerospace, and Marine sectors.

Energy: Introduction and applications of Energy sources like Fossil fuels, Nuclear fuels, Hydel, Solar, wind, and bio-fuels, Environmental issues like Global warming and Ozone depletion

Module -2

Machine Tool Operations:

Working Principle of lathe, Lathe operations: Turning, facing, knurling. Working principles of Drilling Machine, drilling operations: drilling, boring, reaming. Working of Milling Machine, Milling operations: plane milling and slot milling.

(No sketches of machine tools, sketches to be used only for explaining the operations).

Introduction to Advanced Manufacturing Systems: Introduction, components of CNC, advantages and applications of CNC, 3D printing.

Module -3

Introduction to IC Engines: Components and Working Principles, 4-Strokes Petrol and Diesel Engines, Application of IC Engines.

Insight into Future Mobility:Electric and Hybrid Vehicles, Components of Electric and Hybrid Vehicles. Advantages and disadvantages of EVs and Hybrid vehicles.

Module -4

Engineering Materials: Types and applications of Ferrous & Nonferrous Metals, silica, ceramics, glass, graphite, diamond and polymer. Shape Memory Alloys.

Joining Processes: Soldering, Brazing and Welding, Definitions, classification of weldingprocess, Arc welding, Gas welding and types of flames.

Module -5

Introduction to Mechatronics and Robotics: open-loop and closed-loop mechatronic systems. Classification based on robotics configuration: polar cylindrical, Cartesian coordinate and spherical. Application, Advantages and disadvantages.

Automation in industry: Definition, types – Fixed, programmable and flexible automation, basic elements with block diagrams, advantages.

Introduction to IOT: Definition and Characteristics, Physical design, protocols, Logical design of IoT, Functional blocks, and communication models.

Textbooks:

- 1. Elements of Mechanical Engineering, K R Gopala Krishna, Subhash Publications, 2008
- 2. An Introduction to Mechanical Engineering, Jonathan Wickert and Kemper Lewis, Third Edition,
- 2012

Reference Books:

1. Elements of Workshop Technology (Vol. 1 and 2), Hazra Choudhry and Nirzar Roy, Media Promoters and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., 2010.

2. Manufacturing Technology- Foundry, Forming and Welding, P.N.Rao Tata McGraw Hill 3rd Ed., 2003.

3. Internal Combustion Engines, V. Ganesan, Tata McGraw Hill Education; 4th edition, 2017

5. Dr SRN Reddy, Rachit Thukral and Manasi Mishra, "Introduction to Internet of Things: A Practical Approach", ETI Labs

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://rakhoh.com/en/applications-and-advantages-of-steam-in-manufacturing- and process industry
- Videos | Makino (For Machine Tool Operation)

4. Syllabus Timeline:

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description	
1	Week 1-2: Introduction to Mechanical Engineering, Energy Resources.	 Introduction to Mechanical Engineering and Role of Mechanical Engineers in Industry and Society. Energy resources effective utilization along with advantages and dis advantages. 	
2	Week 3-4: Machine Tool Operations, Introduction to Advanced Manufacturing Systems	 Introduction to various types of Mechanical Tools. Machine Tools operations (Lathe and Drilling Machine) Machine tool Operations(Milling Machine) CNC, Advantages and Disadvantages of CNC 3D Printing 	
3	Week 5-6: Introduction to IC Engines, Insight into Future Mobility	 Introduction to IC Engines, 4 – Stroke Petrol Engine. 4- Stroke Diesel Engine. Introduction to Electric vehicles. Hybrid vehicles: Types of Hybrid vehicles 	

Page 44 of 272



		Advantages and Dis advantages of Electric and Hybrid Vehicle.	
4	Week 7-8: Engineering Materials, Joining Processes	Welding, Classifications of welding.Arc welding, Gas welding, TIG welding.	
5	Week 9-10: Introduction to Mechatronics and Robotics, IOT	 Introduction to Mechatronics, open loop and closed loop systems. Introduction to Robotics and its Anatomy. Applications of Robots in material handling, processing and assembly and inspection. Introduction to IOT Functional blocks and communication models. 	
6	Week 11-12:	Revision of the subject and visits to department laboratories related to subject.	

5.Teaching-Learning Process Strategies:

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Lectures & Presentations Deliver core concepts and foundational knowledge Utilize multimer (images, diagrams, animations, videos) to enhance understanding.	
2	Interactive Discussions & Q&A Encourage active participation and clarification of doubts. Facilitate critical thinking and analysis of concepts through student-le discussions	
3	Hands-on Activities	Provide laboratory or simulation-based activities to demonstrate real- world applications of mechanics or machine tools.
4	Case Studies Present real-world engineering challenges and have students analyze potential solutions.	
5	Multiple Representations Introduce topics in various representations to reinforce competencies	
6	Project-Based Learning Encourage research and design thinking through project-based learnin activities	
7	Flipped Class Technique Utilize a flipped class approach, providing materials before class to facilitate deeper understanding of competencies	
8	Educational Technology	Utilize online learning platforms, simulations, and interactive software to supplement classroom learning. Provide opportunities for self-paced learning and personalized learning experiences.

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) :

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Components		Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	(ii) Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)		50%	25	10
	TotalMarks	·		50	20

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.

4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7.Learning Objectives:

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
	Explain the fundamental principles of mechanics (work,	Students will be able to clearly define and explain the core concepts of mechanics, including work, power, energy, and heat.
1.	power, energy, heat)	This includes understanding the relationships between these concepts and how they apply to basic mechanical systems.
2	Differentiate between various	Students will be able to identify and distinguish between different
2.	types of energy sources (fossil fuels, renewables)	energy sources, such as traditional fossil fuels (coal, oil, natural gas) and renewable energy sources (solar, wind, hydro).
	Analyze the working principles	Students will be able to break down and explain the fundamental
3.	of different power generation technologies (hydro, thermal,	operating principles of various power generation technologies. This includes understanding the energy conversion processes
	nuclear, solar, wind, tidal).	involved in each type of power plant.
4.	Identify the key components of internal combustion engines (4-	Students will be able to recognize and name the essential components of internal combustion engines, differentiating
4.	stroke petrol & diesel).	between those found in petrol and diesel engines.
	Explain the basic working	Students will be able to describe the fundamental operating cycle
5.	principles of internal	of a 4-stroke internal combustion engine, including the intake, compression, combustion, and exhaust strokes.
	combustion engines.	Students will be able to critically examine the potential benefits
	Analyze the potential of future	and drawbacks of future mobility solutions like electric and
9.	mobility solutions	hybrid vehicles compared to traditional internal combustion engine vehicles. This may involve considerations of
	(electric/hybrid vehicles)	environmental impact, energy efficiency, and infrastructure
		requirements. Students will be able to explain the basic principles of
		mechatronics and robotics, including the integration of
10.	Describe the concepts of	mechanical, electrical, and control systems. This includes
	mechatronics and robotics (open/closed-loop systems,	understanding the concept of open-loop and closed-loop systems, as well as the various components that make up a robot's
	robot anatomy)	anatomy.
		Students will learn about the definition, characteristics, and different design aspects (physical and logical) of IoT systems.
		They will explore communication protocols, functional blocks,
11	Understand the concept of physical design in IoT.	and communication models used in IoT, enabling them to
	r , ,	understand the basic building blocks of these interconnected systems.

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course	Outcomes	(COs)
--------	----------	-------

CO's	DESCRIPTION OF THE OUTCOMES	
M23BESKM104D.1	Interpret the impact of Mechanical Engineering on various industries and society, including emerging trends in various sectors. Acquire knowledge on Energy sources& Power plants along with their advantages and dis advantages.	
M23BESKM104D.2	4D.2 Analyze the working principles and functionalities of various machine tools.4D.2 Explain the advantages and applications of CNC and 3D printing in modern manufacturing systems.	
M23BESKM104D.3	Compare and contrast 4-stroke Petrol and Diesel engines through its working principles. Analyze future mobility challenges with Electric & Hybrid Vehicles	
M23BESKM104D.4	Apply knowledge of joining process advantages and limitations to select the most suitable method for specific materials and applications.	
M23BESKM104D.5	Design a basic mechatronic system for open/closed-loop systems, IOT Models explaining its automation role.	

Page 46 of 272

Principal MIT Mysore

CO's	PO No											
0.0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
M23BESKM104D.1	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BESKM104D.2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BESKM104D.3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-
M23BESKM104D.4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BESKM104D.5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BESKM104D	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1	20%					20
Module 2		20%				20
Module 3			20%			20
Module 4				20%		20
Module 5					20%	20
Total	10	10	10	10	10	50

10. mostor End Examination (SEE)

		Semeste	r End Examina	uon (SEE)		
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1	20%					20
Module 2		20%				20
Module 3			20%			20
Module 4				20%		20
Module 5					20%	2
Total	20	20	20	20	20	100

13. Future with this Subject

The future of mechanical engineering is brimming with exciting possibilities fueled by advancements in technology, a growing emphasis on sustainability, and the increasing need for automation and efficiency. Here are some key trends that will shape the landscape of mechanical engineering in the years to come:

1. Integration of Advanced Technologies:

- **Robotics and Automation:** Mechanical engineers will play a crucial role in designing, developing, and implementing advanced robots across various industries. Collaborative robots (cobots) working alongside humans will become commonplace.
- Artificial Intelligence (AI) & Machine Learning (ML): AI and machine learning will be integrated into mechanical systems for predictive maintenance, process optimization, and autonomous decision-making, leading to smarter machines.
- **Internet of Things (IoT):** Mechanical systems will become increasingly interconnected through the IoT, enabling real-time data collection, remote monitoring, and improved control over operations.

2. Focus on Sustainability:

- **Renewable Energy Systems:** Mechanical engineers will be instrumental in designing and developing efficient renewable energy technologies like solar, wind, and geothermal power plants.
- **Sustainable Materials and Manufacturing:** Developing and utilizing sustainable materials with lower environmental impact will be a major focus. Additive manufacturing (3D printing) will play a significant role in reducing waste and creating complex parts.
- **Energy Efficiency:** Designing mechanical systems with optimized energy consumption and minimal environmental footprint will be a priority.

1 st Semester	Engineering Science Courses - I (ESC)	M23BESCK104E
	Introduction to C programming	WIZ5DESCK104E

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1	Understanding of Basic Programming Concepts	Familiarity with fundamental programming concepts such as variables, data types, operators, control structures (like loops and conditional statements), functions, and basic algorithms is essential.
2	Knowledge of Mathematics	 Single-Variable Calculus: Mastery of differentiation and integration in one dimension. Linear Algebra: Understanding of vectors, matrices, determinants, and linear transformations. Basic Series Knowledge: Familiarity with sequences and series, convergence, and divergence.
3	Understanding of Computer Memory	C programming involves direct manipulation of memory addresses and pointers, so a basic understanding of how computers allocate memory and how pointers work is crucial.
4	Command Line Basics	While not strictly necessary, familiarity with navigating and executing commands in a command-line interface (CLI) can be helpful, especially for compiling and running C programs outside of IDEs.
5	Basic Understanding of Operating Systems	Understanding how operating systems manage processes, memory, and file systems can provide context for understanding how C programs interact with the underlying system.
6	Problem-Solving Skills	Programming involves solving problems logically and systematically. Practicing problem-solving skills through small coding exercises or puzzles can be beneficial.

2. Competencies

	2. Competencies				
S/L	Competency	KSA Description			
1	Ability to Use Development Tools	Be comfortable using a text editor or an integrated development environment (IDE) for writing, compiling, and debugging C programs. Familiarize yourself with compiling C programs using a compiler like GCC or Clang.			
2	Command Line Proficiency	Understanding how to navigate and execute commands in a command- line interface (CLI) can be helpful, as it's often used for compiling and running C programs.			
3	Logical Thinking and Attention to Detail	C programming requires careful attention to syntax and logical structure. Being detail-oriented and able to think logically through problems is essential.			
4	Memory Management	Have a basic understanding of how memory management works in C, especially concepts like stack and heap memory allocation, pointers, and memory addresses.			
5	Persistence and Patience	Learning C programming, like any new skill, requires persistence and patience. Be prepared to encounter challenges and take the time to understand concepts thoroughly.			

3. Syllabus

Introduction to C Programming					
Course Code	M23BESCK104/204E	CIE Marks	50		
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L:T:P:S)	(3:0:2)	SEE Marks	50		
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40 hoursTheory+ 8-10 Lab slots	Total Marks	100		
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03		

Page 48 of 272



Course objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Elucidate the basic architecture and functionalities of a computer and also recognize the hardware parts.
- Apply programming constructs of C language to solve the real world problem
- Explore user-defined data structures like arrays in implementing solutions to problems like searching and sorting.
- Explore user-defined data structures like structures, unions and pointers in implementing solutions
- Design and Develop Solutions to problems using modular programming constructs
- using functions

Module -1: Introduction to C

Introduction to computers, input and output devices, designing efficient programs. Introduction to C, Structure of C program, Files used in a C program, Compilers, Compiling and executing C programs, variables, constants, Input/output statements in C.

Textbook: Chapter 1.1-1.9, 2.1-2.2, 8.1 – 8.6, 9.1-9.14

Module -2:Operators and looping in C

Operators in C, Type conversion and typecasting. Decision control and Looping statements: Introduction to decision control, Conditional branching statements, iterative statements, nested loops, break and continue statements, goto statement.

Textbook: Chapter 9.15-9.16, 10.1-10.6

Module -3:Functions and Arrays

Functions: Introduction using functions, Function definition, function declaration, function call, return statement, passing parameters to functions, scope of variables, storage classes, recursive functions.

Arrays: Declaration of arrays, accessing the elements of an array, storing values in arrays, Operations on arrays, Passing arrays to functions,

Textbook: Chapter 11.1-11.13, 12.1-12.6

Module -4: Arrays and Strings

Two dimensional arrays, operations on two-dimensional arrays, two-dimensional arrays to functions, multidimensional arrays. Applications of arrays and introduction to strings: Applications of arrays, case study with sorting techniques.

Introduction to strings: Reading strings, writing strings, summary of functions used to read and write characters. Suppressing input using a Scanset.

Textbook: Chapter 12.7-12.12

Module -5: Strings, Pointers and Structures

Strings: String taxonomy, operations on strings, Miscellaneous string and character functions, arrays of strings.

Pointers: Understanding the Computer's Memory, Introduction to Pointers, Declaring Pointer Variables **Structures:** Introduction to structures

Textbook: Chapter 13.1-13.6, 14.1-14.3,15.1

	PRACTICAL COMPONENT
1	C Program to find Mechanical Energy of a particle using $E = mgh+1/2 mv2$.
2.	C Program to convert Kilometers into Meters and Centimeters.
3.	C Program To Check the Given Character is Lowercase or Uppercase or Special Character.
4.	Program to balance the given Chemical Equation values x, y, p, q of a simple chemical equation of the type: The task is to find the values of constants b1, b2, b3 such that the equation is balanced on both sides and it must be the reduced form.
5.	ImplementMatrixmultiplicationandvalidatetherulesofmultiplication.
6.	Computesin(x)/cos(x)usingTaylorseriesapproximation.Compareyour result with the built in library function.Print both the results with appropriate inferences.
7.	SortthegivensetofNnumbersusingBubblesort.
8.	Writefunctionstoimplementstringoperationssuchascompare,concatenate,stringlength.Convince the parameter passing techniques.

9.	Implementstructurestoread,writeandcomputeaveragemarksandthestudents scoring aboveandbelowtheaveragemarksforaclass of N students. scoring			
10.	Developaprogramusingpointerstocompute the sum, mean and standard deviation of all elements stored in an array of Nreal numbers.			
Textboo	Textbooks:			

1. Computer fundamentals and programming in c, "ReemaThareja", Oxford University, Second edition, 2017.

Reference Books:

1. E. Balaguruswamy, Programming in ANSI C, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill.

2. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, The 'C' Programming Language, Prentice Hall of India.

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1-2: Calculus	Introduction to computers, input and output devices, Designing efficient programs. Structure of C program, Files used in a C program, Compilers, Compiling and executing C programs, variables, constants, Input/output statements in C.
2	Week 3-4: Series Expansion and Multivariable Calculus	Operators in C, Type conversion and typecasting. Introduction to decision control, Conditional branching statements, iterative statements, nested loops, break and continue statements, goto statement.
3	Week 5-6: Ordinary Differential Equations (ODEs) of First Order	Introduction using functions, Function definition, function declaration, function call, return statement, passing parameters to functions, scope of variables, storage classes, Recursive functions. Declaration of arrays, accessing the elements of an array, storing values in arrays, Operations on arrays, Passing arrays to functions,
4	Week 7-8: Modular Arithmatic	Two dimensional arrays, operations on two-dimensional arrays, two-dimensional arrays to functions, Multidimensional arrays. Applications of arrays, case study with sorting techniques. Reading strings, writing strings, Summary of functions used to read and write characters. Suppressing input using a Scanset.
5	Week 9-10: Linear Algebra	String taxonomy, operations on strings, Miscellaneous string and character functions, Arrays of strings. Understanding the Computer's Memory, Introduction to Pointers, Declaring Pointer Variables Introduction to structures
6	Week 11- 12:IntegrationandPractical Applications	Apply learned concepts and competencies to real-world scenarios. Hands-onpractice

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce

Principal MIT Mysore

		competencies.
2	Video/Animation	Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding of Verilog concepts.
3	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.
4	Higher Order Thinking (HOTS) Questions:	Pose HOTS questions to stimulate critical thinking related to each competency.
5	Problem-Based Learning (PBL)	Implement PBL to enhance analytical skills and practical application of competencies
6	Multiple Representations	Introduce topics in various representations to reinforce competencies
7	Real-World Application	Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real-world competencies.
8	Flipped Class Technique	Utilize a flipped class approach, providing materials before class to facilitate deeper understanding of competencies
9	Programming Assignments	Assign programming tasks to reinforce practical skills associated with competencies.

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	Total Marks			50	20
-		(\mathbf{A}) (\mathbf{D})			

Final CIE Marks =(A) + (B)

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
	Understanding	Learn how to declare variables, use different data types (integers, floats,
1	Basic Syntax and	characters), and understand their scope.
1	Control	Master control structures like loops (for, while) and conditional statements (if,
	Structures	switch) to control program flow.
	Working with	Define and use functions effectively, understanding their role in modular
2	Functions and	programming.
2	Modular	Learn about function prototypes, header files, and organizing code into reusable
	Programming	modules for better code management.
	Memory	Understand memory allocation (stack vs heap) and deallocation using malloc,
	Management	calloc, realloc, and free functions.
3	and Pointers	Master pointers and their importance in C programming, including
		pointer arithmetic, dynamic memory allocation, and managing memory
		addresses.

Page 51 of 272

4	Arrays, Strings, and File Handling	Learn how to declare and manipulate arrays and strings in C, including understanding the relationship between arrays and pointers. Explore file handling techniques using functions like fopen, fclose, fread, fwrite, and understand how to read from and write to files.
5	Understanding Structures and Unions	Understand the concept of structures and unions, how they are declared, defined, and used in C programming. Learn about nested structures, structure pointers, and their applications in organizing and managing data efficiently.

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)			
COs	Description			
M23BESCK104E.1	Apply the basic knowledge of computer, computer hardware, functionalities of a computer and principles of C programming.			
M23BESCK104E.2	Apply programming constructs of C language to solve the real world problem			
M23BESCK104E.3	3 Apply the design concept of functions, Arrays and Strings and implement applications			
M23BESCK104E.4	M23BESCK104E.4 Analyze user-defined data structures like structures and pointers in Implementin solutions.			
M23BESCK104E.5	Design and Develop Solutions to problems and Evaluate the resultanddocumentthecompleteexperimentalprocess.			

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

	PO											
COs/POs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
M23BESCK104E.1	3	-										
M23BESCK104E.2	3											
M23BESCK104E.3	3											
M23BESCK104E.4	-	3										
M23BESCK104E.5	-		3									
M23BESCK104E	3	3	3									

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

				(-)		
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1						
Module 2						
Module 3						
Module 4						
Module 5						
Total						50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

			ma Enamman	(-= -= -)		
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1						
Module 2						
Module 3						
Module 4						
Module 5						
Total						100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. Future with this Subject

Studying C programming can open up various opportunities and avenues in the field of computer science and software development. Here's how learning C can benefit your future:

Foundation in Programming: C is often considered a foundational language in computer science and programming. It provides a solid understanding of fundamental concepts like memory management, pointers, and low-level manipulation of data, which are crucial in understanding how

computers work at a deeper level.

Understanding of Systems Programming: C is widely used for system-level programming, such as operating systems, embedded systems, device drivers, and other performance-critical applications. Understanding C gives you the ability to work closer to hardware and optimize performance-sensitive code.

Portability and Efficiency: C programs can be highly portable across different platforms and operating systems, making it a versatile language for cross-platform development. Additionally, C's efficiency in terms of speed and memory usage makes it suitable for applications where performance is critical.

Gateway to Other Languages: Learning C provides a strong foundation for learning other languages, especially those derived from or influenced by C (such as C++, Java, C#, and many others). Many modern languages borrow syntax and concepts from C, so mastering C can ease the learning curve for other languages.

Career Opportunities: Proficiency in C programming opens up various career paths in industries ranging from software development to system programming, embedded systems, game development, and more. Many companies value candidates who have a strong understanding of C due to its versatility and performance benefits.

Contribution to Open Source Projects: Many open-source projects and libraries are written in C or have bindings to C. Contributing to these projects can enhance your skills, build a portfolio, and connect you with a broader community of developers.

Continued Relevance: Despite being over four decades old, C remains relevant and widely used in critical software applications, ensuring that skills in C programming will continue to be in demand.

To maximize the benefits of learning C programming, consider applying your skills through personal projects, internships, or contributing to open-source projects. This practical experience will deepen your understanding and make you more attractive to potential employers or collaborators in the software development industry.



Page 53 of 272

First Year, MIT Mysore

1 st Semester	Emerging Technology Courses - I (ETC) GreenBuildings	M23BETK105A
	Greenbulungs	

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites			
1	GreenBuildingMaterials.	Knowledge of construction materials observed in day-to-daylife.			
2	Cost-effectiveConstruction Technologies.	Knowledgeofconstructionobservedinday-to-daylife.			
3	Sustainability.	Knowledgeofresourcesweconsumeinday- to-daylife.			
4	GreenDesign andPrinciples.	Basicunderstandingaboutgreenbuilding materialsandtechnologies.			
5	WasteManagement.	Knowledgeofwastesgeneratedobservedin day-to-daylife.			
6	GreenBuildingRating.	Knowledge of basics of green building features.			

2. Competencies

S /	Competency	KSADesc
L		ription
1	Green BuildingMaterials	Knowledge Understandingeach materialand itsimpact on environment. Skills Abilitytodiscretizeconventional andgreen materials. Attitudes
		Appreciationfortheimportanceofadaptinggreenmaterialsinconstruction.
2	Cost- effectiveConstructi	Knowledge Knowledge of step by step by procedure of cost-effective constructionanduseofmaterials. Skills:
	on.	Abilityto learn cost-effectiveconstruction techniques. Attitudes: Appreciationfor thelearningof constructiontechniques.
		Knowledge Knowledgeofmaterialsandconstructiontechniquesleadingtogreenenviro nment. Skills
3	Green BuildingConsultan t.	Designing and constructing the building with respect to green features. Attitudes: Valuing the importance of green buildings.
4	Waste Management.	Knowledge: Understandingthedifferent waste generated inbuildingsand handling thosewaste withoutdumpinginto landfill. Skills: Abilityto learnandadaptwastemanagementprinciples. Attitudes: Opennesstolearningof wastemanagement.
5	Green BuildingPrinciples andDesign.	Knowledge:Knowledgeof greenbuildingmaterials,techniquesandfeatures.Skills:Abilitytodo adapt greenprinciplesanddesigngreenbuilding.Attitudes:Appreciationfortheversatilityofdesignofgreenbuildingascomparedto conventional.

3. Syllabus



_	GREENBUILDINGS ISTER – I/II			
Course Code	M23BETK105/205A	CIEMarks	50	
Number of LectureHours/Week(L:T:P:S)	(3:0:0)	SEEMarks	50	
TotalNumberof LectureHours	40 hours	TotalMarks	100	
Credits	03	ExamHours	03	
Module-1				

Introductiontotheconceptofcost-effectiveconstruction:

 Differenttypesofmaterials,theiravailability,requirements/propertiesandapplication

 Stones,LateriteBlocks,BurntBricks, ConcreteBlocks, Stabilized Mud Blocks,Lime PozzolanaCement,GypsumBoard,FiberReinforcedCementComponents,Fiber ReinforcedPolymerComposite,Bamboo.

Recyclingofbuilding materials-Bricks, Concrete, Steel, Plastics.

Environmentalissuesrelatedtoquarryingofbuildingmaterials.

Module -2

Environment friendly and cost-effective Building Technologies

• Alternatesforwallconstruction -FlemishBond,RatTrapBond.

Arches, Panels, Cavity Wall, Ferro Cementand Ferro Concrete constructions.

- Differentprecastmembersusingthesematerials-WallandRoofPanels,Beams, Columns,DoorandWindowframes, Watertanks,SepticTanks.
- Alternateroofingsystems -FillerSlab,CompositeBeam andPanelRoof.
- Pre-engineeredand readyto usebuildingelements.
- woodproducts,SteelandPlastic.
- Contributionsofagencies-Costford-Nirmithi Kendra-Habitat

Module-3

GlobalWarming

- Definition, Causes and Effect, Contribution of Buildingstowards Global Warming,
- CarbonFootprint GlobalEffortsto reduce carbonEmissions.
- GreenBuildings–Definition,Features,Necessity,Environmentalbenefit,Economicalbenefits,Health and Socialbenefits, Major Energyefficientareas forbuildings.
- EmbodiedEnergyin Materials.
- GreenMaterials-ComparisonofInitialcostofGreenV/sConventionalBuilding-LifecyclecostofBuildings.

Module-4
GreenBuildingratingSystems-BREEAM,LEED,GREENSTAR,GRIHA(Green
RatingforIntegratedHabitatAssessment)andIGBCfornewbuildings-Purpose-Key
highlights-PointSystemwithDifferentialweightage.
GreenDesign–Definition,Principlesofsustainabledevelopmentinbuildingdesign,
CharacteristicsofSustainableBuildings, sustainablymanagedMaterials.
IntegratedLifecycledesignofMaterialsandStructures(Conceptsonly)
Module-5

UtilityofSolarEnergyinBuildings

UtilityofSolarenergyinbuildingsconcepts-SolarPassiveCoolingandHeatingof

Buildings, LowEnergyCooling,CasestudiesofSolarPassiveCooledandHeatedBuildings. GreenCompositesforBuildings

ConceptsofGreenComposites,WaterUtilizationinBuildings,LowEnergyApproaches toWaterManagement,ManagementofSolidWastes,ManagementofSullageWaterand Sewage,UrbanEnvironmentandGreenBuildings.GreenCoverandBuiltEnvironment.

Text Books

- 1. HarharaIyerG, GreenBuildingFundamentals, NotionPress
- 2. Dr.Adv.HarshulSavla, GreenBuilding: Principles & Practices. Notion press.
- 3. ShailendraK Shukla, *GreenBuildingTechnologies*, AneBooksPvt.Ltd.

ReferenceBooks

1. JimmyC.M.Kao,Wen-PeiSung,

RanChen, Green Building, Materials and Civil Engineering, 1st edition, CRCPress.

2. RossSpiegel, DruMeadows, GreenBuildingMaterials: AGuidetoProductSelectionandSpecification,

3. SamKubba, *Handbookon greenbuildingdesign and construction*, BHpublications. Web links

Web links

1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=THgOF8zHBW8

2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DRO_rIkywxQ

4. SyllabusTimeline

4.	Synabus I	imenne
S	Syll	Description
/	abus	
L	Tim	
	eline	
1	We	Studentswilllearnaboutvarious materials production process, properties
	ek1	and applications with respect to cost-effective construction.
	-2	
2	We	Studentswilllearnaboutvariousenvironmentallyfriendlyandcost-
	ek3	effectivebuildingtechnologies.
	-4	
		Students will learn about global warming and its effects on buildings, carbon foot prints and its miting and its effects on buildings and its effects on buildi
3	We	gation, Embodiedenergy and life cycle cost
	ek5	ofbuildings.
	-6	
4	We	Studentswilllearnaboutgreenbuildingratingsystemanddesign.
	ek7	
	-8	
5	We	Studentswilllearnabouttheutilityofsolarenergyandgreencomposites
	ek9	forbuildings.
	-	
	10:	

5. Teaching-LearningProcessStrategies

S/L	TLPStrategies	Description
1	LectureMethod	Utilizevariousteachingmethodswithinthelectureformatto reinforcecompetencies.
2	Video/Animation	Incorporatevisualaidslikevideos/animationstoenhance understandingof concepts.
3	CollaborativeLearning	Encouragecollaborativelearningforimprovedcompetency application.
4	HigherOrderThinking (HOTS)Questions:	PoseHOTSquestionstostimulatecriticalthinkingrelatedto eachcompetency.
5	Problem-BasedLearning (PBL)	ImplementPBLtoenhanceanalyticalskillsandpractical applicationofcompetencies.
6	Real-WorldApplication	Discusspracticalapplicationstoconnecttheoreticalconcepts

First Year, MIT Mysore

Page 56 of 272

		withreal-world competencies.
7	FlippedClassTechnique	Utilizeaflippedclassapproach, providing materials before class to facilitate deeperunderstanding of competencies.

6. AssessmentDetails (bothCIE andSEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Comp	onents	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks		•	50	20

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7.L	earnin	gOhi	iectiv	ves
/ • L/	carmin	gov	uu i	v Cc

	earningObjectives	
S	Learning	Description
/	Objectives	
L		
	Understandingf	Studentswillgraspthefundamentalconceptsofconcrete, including material characteriz
1	undamentals	ationofeachingredient, manufacturing processofing redient and its effect
	ofconcreteandit	onperformanceof concrete.
	S	
	Characterization.	
	Proficiency	Studentswillbecomeproficientinproductionandhandlingofconcretetoassessfreshand
2	inproductiona	hardened properties of concrete.
	nd	
	handlingo	
	fconcrete.	
3	Designingof	Studentswilllearntodesign concretemixproportion tobeusedinvarious
	Concretemix	applications.
4	Proficiencyin	Studentswillbecomeproficientinvarioustypesofspecialconcrete which
	specialconcrete.	theycomeacross inpresent scenarioof industrialapplications.
5	Ethicaland	Studentswillunderstandtheethicalandprofessionalresponsibilities
	Professional	associated with material characterization of eaching redient of concrete,
6	Responsibility	andproductionandhandlingofconcreteadheringtoindustrystandards
		andbestpractices.

8. CourseOutcomes(COs) and Mapping with POs/PSOs

CourseOutcomes(COs)

COs	Description
M23BETK105A.	Applytheknowledgeofscienceandengineeringfundamentalstostudyenvironmental
1	issuesinbuildingmaterialsandenvironmentallyfriendly/alternativebuildingmaterialsforco
	st effectiveand energyefficient construction.
M23BETK105A.	Applytheknowledgeofengineeringfundamentalstostudyenvironmentallyfriendlyandcost-
2	effectivebuildingtechnologiesin wallandroofingsystem.



M23BETK105A. 3	Illustrate theconceptofglobalwarmingduetodifferentmaterialsandbuildingsin construction.
M23BETK105A. 4	Exemplify theconceptofgreenbuildingratingsystemsusedin buildings.
M23BETK105A. 5	Illustrate thealternatesourceofenergyandeffectivewater&solidwastemanagement usedinbuildingstomeetsustainableenvironment.

CO-PO-PSOMapping

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
M23BETK105A.1	3						2					
M23BETK105A.2	3						2					
M23BETK105A.3	3					2	2					
M23BETK105A.4	3					2	2					
M23BETK105A.5	3					2	2					
M23BETK105A	3					2	2					

9.AssessmentPlan

		Continuo	ousInternalEva	luation(CIE)		
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module1	10					10
Module2		10				10
Module3			10			10
Module4				10		10
Module5					10	10
Total	10	10	10	10	10	50

SemesterEndExamination(SEE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module1	20					20
Module2		20				20
Module3			20			20
Module4				20		20
Module5					20	20
Total	20	20	20	20	20	100

ConditionsforSEEPaperSetting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEEmarks.

10.FuturewiththisSubject.

The "Green Buildings" course in the first/second semester of the B.E program lays a strongfoundation for several future courses in the undergraduate program. The contributions of thissubject extend across various areas, enhancing the students' understanding and skills in the fieldofconcrete. Here aresome notable contributions:

- **Materials of construction:** The knowledge gained in green building course with respect tomaterialsis aprerequisite for materials of construction.
- Alternative Building Materials: The knowledge gained in green building course with respect tomaterials and cost-effective technologies is a prerequisite formaterials of construction.
- **ConstructionSkillLab**:Theknowledgegainedingreenbuildingcoursewithrespecttomaterialsand cost-effectivetechnologies isaprerequisite for constructionskill lab.
- Concrete Technology: The knowledge gained in green building course with respect to

materialsandcost-effectivetechnologies is aprerequisite forconcrete technologycourse.

- **Project Work and Research:** The hands-on experience gained through assignments, problemsolving, experiments and project work using concrete technology concept prepares students formore extensive projects in their later years. It equips them with the skills needed for research inthefield of concrete technology.
- **IndustryApplications:**Thecourseprovidespracticalskillsthataredirectlyapplicableinindustriesrelat edtoconstruction.Graduatesarewell-preparedtocontributetoconstructionindustry.

1 st Semester Emerging Technology Courses - I (ETC) M23 Introduction to Nanotechnology M23

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1	Engineering	Basic understanding of engineering concepts like design, fabrication, and
1	principles	characterization can be helpful.
2	Basic Chemistry	Atomic Structure: Understanding atoms, molecules, and chemical bonds. Chemical Reactions: Knowledge of how substances interact and change. Organic Chemistry: Familiarity with carbon-based molecules, which are often used in nanotechnology.
3	Basic Physics	Classical Mechanics: Basics of motion, forces, and energy. Electromagnetism: Understanding electric and magnetic fields and their interactions with matter. Quantum Mechanics: Basic principles, as nanotechnology often deals with phenomena at the atomic and molecular levels.
4	Mathematics	Statistics: Important for data analysis and understanding probabilistic behaviors at the nanoscale.
5	Fundamentals of Material Science and Engineering	 Solid State Physics: Crystal structures, defects in solids, and electronic properties of materials. Thermodynamics: Basic principles including energy, entropy, and the laws of thermodynamics. Material Properties: Mechanical, electrical, optical, and thermal properties of materials.

2. Competencies

S/L	Competencies	KSA Description
	L L V	Knowledge:
		Basic concepts of nanotechnology (nanoscale, properties,
		structures), Synthesis and fabrication methods (bottom-up,
		top-down)
		Skills:
1	Nanomaterials	Identify applications of nanomaterials in engineering fields, Explain the societal impact of nanotechnology (benefits, risks,
		ethics), Use basic terminology related to nanomaterials
		Attitudes:
		Curiosity and interest in emerging technologies, Awareness of
		safety considerations in nanotechnology, Openness to
		interdisciplinary approaches
		Knowledge:
		Knowledge of the principles and techniques used to
	CharacterizationofNanomaterials	characterize nanomaterials, such as scanning electron
		microscopy (SEM), transmission electron microscopy (TEM),
		and atomic force microscopy (AFM).
2		Skills:
2		Ability to interpret data obtained from characterization
		techniques to determine the size, shape, composition, and
		surface properties of nanomaterials.
		Attitudes:
		Curiosity and a desire to learn about new characterization
		techniques and their applications in nanotechnology.
		Knowledge:
		Understanding of different types of carbon-based materials
		(e.g., graphene, diamond, polymers) and their properties (e.g.,
3	CarbonBasedMaterials	electrical conductivity, mechanical strength), Knowledge of synthesis methods for carbon-based materials, Awareness of
3		applications of carbon-based materials in various fields
		Skills:
		Ability to analyze and interpret data related to carbon-based
		materials (e.g., spectroscopy results), Skill in working with
L		materials (e.g., spectroscopy results), skill in working with

Page 60 of 272

Principal MIT Mysore

		laboratory equipment used for characterization of carbon- based materials, Ability to troubleshoot problems related to the synthesis or processing of carbon-based materials Attitudes: Curiosity and interest in learning about new advancements in carbon-based materials research, Attention to detail and accuracy when working with carbon-based materials, Commitment to safety protocols when handling potentially hazardous materials Knowledge:
4	Energystorageandconversion	Understanding of Properties of nanomaterials for energy storage (e.g., high surface area, porosity), Different nanomaterials for battery electrodes (e.g., carbon nanotubes, lithium-ion), Principles of energy conversion (e.g., photovoltaics, fuel cells), Nanofabrication techniques (e.g., chemical vapor deposition. Skills: Ability to Design and develop nanostructured materials for battery electrodes, Simulate and model energy storage and conversion processes, Fabricate and characterize nanodevices for energy applications, Troubleshoot and optimize energy storage and conversion systems, Collaborate with researchers from other disciplines (e.g., materials science, chemistry) Attitudes: Curiosity and a passion for innovation, Critical thinking and problem-solving skills, Attention to detail and accuracy, Strong work ethic and ability to meet deadlines, Effective communication and collaboration skills
5	ApplicationsofNanotechnology	Knowledge:Understanding of the principles behind various nanotechnology applications.Skills:Ability to identify suitable nanomaterials for specific applications, Skill in designing and developing nanotechnology-based solutions.Attitudes:Positive attitude towards the potential of nanotechnology to solve real-world problems, Critical thinking skills to evaluate the risks and benefits of nanotechnology applications

3. Syllabus

Introduction to Nanotechnology									
SEMESTER – I/II									
Course Code	M23BETK105/205B	CIE Marks	50						
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T:	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50						
P: S)									
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Total Marks	100						
Credits	3	Exam Hours	03						
Courseobjectives			-						

- Toprovideacomprehensiveoverviewofsynthesisandcharacterizationofnanoparticles,nanocomposi tesandhierarchical materials withnanoscalefeatures.
- Toprovide the engineering students with necessary background for understanding various nanomateria ls characterization techniques.
- Todevelopanunderstandingofthebasisofthechoiceofmaterialfordeviceapplications.
- $\bullet \quad {\rm Tog} ive an insight into complete systems where nanote chnology can be used to improve our every daylife.$
- To describe the historical development and the future potential of nanotechnology.

Module -1



IntroductiontoNanomaterials

Nanotechnology, Frontier of future-an overview, Length Scales, Variation of physical properties from bulk to

thin films to nanomaterials, Confinement of electron in 0D, 1D, 2D and 3D systems, Surface to Volume Ratio, Synthesis of Nanomaterials: Bottom-Upapproach: Chemical Routes for Synthesis of nanomaterials-Sol-

gel, Precipitation, SolutionCombustionsynthesis, Hydrothermal, SILAR, ChemicalBathDeposition. Top-Down approach-Ballmillingtechnique, Sputtering, LaserAblation.

Module -2

CharacterizationofNanomaterials

Basic principles and instrumentations of Electron Microscopy –Transmission Electron Microscope, ScanningElectron Microscope, Scanning Probes- Scanning Tunneling microscope, Atomic Force Microscope –differentimaging modes,comparisonofSEM andTEM,AFMand STM,AFMand SEM.BasicprinciplesofworkingofX-raydiffraction,derivationofDebye-Scherrerequation,numericalonDebye, Scherrerequation,OpticalSpectroscopy-InstrumentationandapplicationofIR,UV/VIS(Bandgapmeasurement).

Module -3

CarbonBasedMaterials

Introduction,Synthesis,Properties(electrical,ElectronicandMechanical),andApplicationsofGraphene,SWCN T,MWCNT,FullerenesandotherCarbonMaterials:Carbonnanocomposites, nano-fibers,nano-discs,nano-diamonds.

Module -4

NanotechnologyinEnergystorageandconversion

Solar cells: First generation, second generation and third generation solar cells: Construction and working of DyesensitizedandQuantumdotsensitizedsolar cells.

Batteries:NanotechnologyinLithiumionbattery-

working,Requirementsofanodicandcathodicmaterials,classification based on ion storage mechanisms, limitations of graphite anodes, Advances in Cathodic materials,Anodicmaterials,Separators

Fuel Cells: Introduction, construction, working of fuel cells and nanotechnology in hydrogen storage and protonexchangemembranes.

Module -5

ApplicationsofNanotechnology

NanotechApplicationsandRecentBreakthroughs:Introduction,SignificantImpactofNanotechnologyandNano material,MedicineandHealthcareApplications,BiologicalandBiochemicalApplications(Nanobiotechnology), Electronic Applications (Nano electronics), Computing Applications (Nano computers), ChemicalApplications (Nano chemistry), Optical Applications (Nano photonics), Agriculture and Food Applications, RecentMajorBreakthroughsin Nanotechnology.

SuggestedLearningResources:

Books

- 1. NanoMaterials-A.K.Bandyopadhyay/NewAgePublishers
- 2. Nanocrystals: Synthesis, Properties and Applications C.N.R. Rao, P. John Thomas and G. U. Kulkarni, SpringerSeriesinMaterialsScience
- 3. NanoEssentials-T.Pradeep/TMH
- 4. PeterJ.F.Harris,Carbonnanotubescience:synthesis,properties,andapplications.CambridgeUniversityP ress, 2011
- 5. M.A.Shah, K.A.Shah, "Nanotechnology: TheScienceofSmall", WileyIndia, ISBN13:9788126538683. **ReferenceBooks**
- 1. IntroductiontoNanotechnology,C.P.PooleandF.J.Owens,Wiley,2003
- 2. UnderstandingNanotechnology,ScientificAmerican,2002
- 3. Nanotechnology, M.Ratnerand D.Ratner, Prentice Hall, 2003
- 4. Nanotechnology, M. Wildon, K. Kannagara, G. Smith, M. Simmons and B. Raguse, CRCPressBocaRaton, 2002

S / L	Syllabus Tin Syllabus Timeline	Description							
1	Week 1-2	IntroductiontoNanomaterials: Nanotechnology, Frontier of future-an overview, Length Scales, Variation of physical properties from bulk to thinfilmstonanomaterials,Confinementofelectronin0D,1D,2Dand3Dsystems,SurfacetoV olumeRatio,SynthesisofNanomaterials:Bottom- Upapproach:ChemicalRoutesforSynthesisofnanomaterials-Sol-gel,Precipitation.							
2	Week 3-4	SolutionCombustionsynthesis,Hydrothermal,SILAR,ChemicalBathDeposition.Top-Down approach- Ballmillingtechnique,Sputtering,LaserAbla tion. CharacterizationofNanomaterials: Basic principles and instrumentations of Electron Microscopy –Transmission Electron Microscope, ScanningElectron Microscope, Scanning Probes- Scanning Tunneling microscope, Atomic Force Microscope –differentimaging modes,							
3	Week 5-6	ComparisonofSEM andTEM,AFMand STM,AFMand SEM. BasicprinciplesofworkingofX- raydiffraction,derivationofDebye- Scherrerequation,numericalonDebye Scherrerequation,OpticalSpectroscopy- InstrumentationandapplicationofIR,UV/VI S(Bandgapmeasurement).							
4	Week 7-8	CarbonBasedMaterials: Introduction,Synthesis,Properties(electrical ,ElectronicandMechanical),andApplication sofGraphene,SWCNT,MWCNT,Fullerene sandotherCarbonMaterials:Carbonnanoco mposites,nano-fibers,nano-discs,nano- diamonds.NanotechnologyinEnergystora geandconversion: Solar cells: First generation, second generation and third generation solar cells: Construction and working of DyesensitizedandQuantumdotsensitizedsol ar cells.							
5	Week 9- 10	Batteries:NanotechnologyinLithiumionbattery- working,Requirementsofanodicandcathod icmaterials,classification based on storage mechanisms, limitations of graphite anodes, Advances materials,Anodicmaterials,Separators Fuel Cells:Introduction, construction, working of protonexchangemembranes							
6	Week 11- 12	ApplicationsofNanotechnology: NanotechApplicationsandRecentBreakthro ughs:Introduction,SignificantImpactofNan otechnologyandNanomaterial,Medicineand HealthcareApplications,BiologicalandBioc hemicalApplications(Nanobiotechnology), Electronic Applications (Nano electronics), Computing Applications (Nano computers), ChemicalApplications (Nano chemistry), Optical Applications							

4. Syllabus Timeline

First Year, MIT Mysore

Page 63 of 272

Dean Academic MIT Mysore

Principal MIT Mysore

	(Nano photonics), Agriculture and Food
	Applications,
	RecentMajorBreakthroughsin
	Nanotechnology.

5. Tea	5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies								
S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description							
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.							
2	Video/Animation	Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding of nano materials concepts.							
3	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.							
4	Higher Order Thinking (HOTS) Questions:	Pose HOTS questions to stimulate critical thinking related to each competency.							
5	Problem-Based Learning (PBL)	Implement PBL to enhance analytical skills and practical application of competencies							
6	Multiple Representations	Introduce topics in various representations to reinforce competencies							
7	Real-World Application	Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real-world competencies.							

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Comp	Components		Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks	50	20		

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.

2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.

3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.

4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7. Learning Objectives

S/ L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Nano materials	To provide a comprehensive overview of synthesis and characterization of nanoparticles, nanocomposites and hierarchical materials with nanoscale features.
2	Characterizati on techniques	To provide the necessary background for understanding various nanomaterials characterization techniques
3	Properties and Applications	Compare and contrast the properties of bulk materials with their counterparts at the nanoscale. Identify potential applications of nanotechnology in one specific engineering field
4	Types of nanomaterials	To develop an understanding of the basis of the choice of material for device applications and the second
5	Applications of	Togiveaninsightintocompletesystemswherenanotechnologycanbeusedtoimproveoure verydaylife

nanomaterials	

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs): Students will be able to

COs	Description			
M23BETK105B.1	Make use of the fundamental concepts of nanotechnology			
WIZSDE I KIUSD.I	tosynthesizethenanoparticlesbyvarious techniques.			
M23BETK105B.2 Illustratethe workingofbasicinstrumentsusedincharacterizationofnanopat				
M23BETK105B.3 Apply the concepts of nanotechnology in various engineering discipline.				
M23BETK105B.4	Interpret the unique properties of carbon and its various allotropes like diamond,			
W125DE1K105D.4	graphite and graphene.			
M23BETK105B.5	Analyze the relationship between material properties at the nanoscale and their			
W125DE1K105D.5	energy storage and conversion capabilities.			

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
M23BETK105B.1	3											
M23BETK105B.2	3											
M23BETK105B.3	3											
M23BETK105B.4	3											
M23BETK105B.5		3										
M23BETK105B	3	3										

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1	10					10
Module 2		10				10
Module 3			10			10
Module 4				10		10
Module 5					10	10
Total	10	10	10	10	10	50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

Semester End Examination (SEE)										
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total				
Module 1	20					20				
Module 2		20				20				
Module 3			20			20				
Module 4				20		20				
Module 5					20	20				
Total	20	20	20	20	20	100				

10. Future with this Subject

Studying "Introduction to Nanotechnology" opens up a multitude of promising career paths and opportunities for students due to the multidisciplinary nature and expansive applications of nanotechnology. An introduction to nanomaterials is a springboard to a field with a very promising future. Nanotechnology is revolutionizing many areas, from medicine and electronics to energy and environmental science. This means there's a constant demand for people who understand how to design, develop, and use these materials. Nanomaterials have unique properties that make them applicable in a wide range of industries. A student with this background could find opportunities in sectors like aerospace, pharmaceuticals, or renewable energy.There's a constant push to develop new nanomaterials and improve existing ones. A student with a strong foundation could pursue research careers in universities, government labs, or private companies. As the field matures, there will likely be a growing need for specialists in specific areas of nanomaterials. An introductory course can open doors to further studies in areas like nanoelectronics, nanomedicine, or nanocomposites.

1 st Semester	Emerging Technolgy Courses - I (ETC) Renewable Energy Sources	M23BETK105C
--------------------------	--	-------------

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites							
5/L	Tonciency	▲ ▲							
1.	Basic Physics	 Understanding of energy, power, and force. Knowledge of thermodynamics, particularly the laws of energy conservation and conversion. 							
2.	Basic Chemistry	 Understanding of chemical reactions and processes. Understanding the materials and reactions involved in energy storage, bioenergy, and fuel cells. 							
3.	Basic Biology	Basics of plant biology and ecology for bioenergy.							
4.	Environmental Science	Basic understanding of Ecology, Pollution & Environmental Impact and Sustainability.							
5.	Conventional Sources	Basic knowledge of fossil fuels, coal, hydro & nuclear.							

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
		Knowledge:
	Enongy Sources	• Understanding knowledge of different energy sources.
		• Understanding the India & Global energy scenario.
1.	Energy Sources & its	Skills:
1.	availability	Ability to analyze alternative solutions to overcome the problems of conventional
	availability	energy sources.
		Attitudes:
		Recognizing the significances of energy sources availabity.
		Knowledge:
		• Knowledge of system integration and the ability to work with hybrid energy
		systems.
		• Understanding of energy storage solutions and their integration with
		renewable sources.
2.	Design and	Skills:
	Implementation	• Ability to design and implement renewable energy systems such as solar,
		wind, hydro, and biomass energy systems.
		• Identifying and solving technical issues in renewable energy systems. Attitudes:
		Perform economic and environmental impact analyses of renewable energy
		solutions.
		Knowledge:
		Proficiency in making informed decisions based on data analysis, technical
		feasibility, economic viability, and environmental impact.
3.	Innovative	Skills:
	Thinking	Ability to develop creative solutions to challenges in the renewable energy sector.
		Attitudes:
		Openness to think creative ideas for improvisation for renewable sources.
		Knowledge:
		• Understanding of ethical issues related to energy production and
		consumption.
	Ethical and	• Understanding of sustainability principles and their importance in the energy
4.	Sustainable	sector.
	Practices	Skills:
		Adaptability to evolving industry trends and emerging challenges.
		Attitudes:
		Commitment to promoting the awareness of the ethical implications of energy
L		choices and their impact on the environment and society.



3. Syllabus

	SEMESTER – I/II		
Course Code	M23BETK105/205C	CIE Marks	50
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P:	(3:0:0)	SEE Marks	50
S)	40.1		100
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40 hours	Total Marks	100
Credits Course objectives:	03	Exam Hours	03
 To understand energy scenario, energy To explore society's present needs and To Study the principles of renewable e To exposed to energy conservation me 	l future energy demands. energy conversion systems. ethods.		
Introduction, Dringinlag of renewable on	Module -1	davalonment fund	amontala and
Introduction: Principles of renewable en			
social implications. worldwide renewable e			
descriptions on solar energy, wind energy			ergy, biomas
energy, geothermal energy, oil shale. Introd)L).	
Solar Energy: Fundamentals; Solar Radiat	Module -2	anto Druhaliano (Drumana
Sunshine Recorder.Solar Thermal systems: plant. Solar electric power generation- Prince	Flat plate collector; Solar dist	illation; Solar pond e	electric powe
generation, advantages, Disadvantages and a		aic system.	
	Module -3		
Wind Energy : Properties of wind, availab wind; major problems associated with wind (WECS); Classification of WECS- Horizo	d power, Basic components o	f wind energy conve	ersion systen
wind; major problems associated with wind	d power, Basic components o ntal axis- single, double and esis Process; Biofuels; Biomas	f wind energy conve muliblade system. ss Resources; Bioma	ersion systen Vertical axis
wind; major problems associated with wind (WECS); Classification of WECS- Horizo Savonius and darrieus types. Biomass Energy: Introduction; Photosynth	d power, Basic components o ntal axis- single, double and esis Process; Biofuels; Biomas	f wind energy conve muliblade system. ss Resources; Bioma	ersion system Vertical axis
wind; major problems associated with wind (WECS); Classification of WECS- Horizo Savonius and darrieus types. Biomass Energy: Introduction; Photosynth	d power, Basic components o ntal axis- single, double and esis Process; Biofuels; Biomas ergy conversion; Biomass gas Module -4	f wind energy conve muliblade system. ss Resources; Bioma ification (Downdraft	ersion system Vertical axis ss conversion
wind; major problems associated with wind (WECS); Classification of WECS- Horizo Savonius and darrieus types. Biomass Energy: Introduction; Photosynth technologies-fixed dome; Urban waste to en	d power, Basic components o ntal axis- single, double and esis Process; Biofuels; Biomas tergy conversion; Biomass gas Module -4 uppliers and their mechanics; f	f wind energy conve muliblade system. ss Resources; Bioma ification (Downdraft	ersion system Vertical axis ss conversion
wind; major problems associated with wind (WECS); Classification of WECS- Horizo Savonius and darrieus types. Biomass Energy: Introduction; Photosynth technologies-fixed dome; Urban waste to en Tidal Power: Tides and waves as energy su	d power, Basic components o intal axis- single, double and esis Process; Biofuels; Biomas ergy conversion; Biomass gas <u>Module -4</u> uppliers and their mechanics; f and limitations. nciple of working, OTEC pow	f wind energy conve muliblade system. ss Resources; Bioma ification (Downdraft undamental characte	ersion system Vertical axis ss conversion () . ristics of tida
wind; major problems associated with wind (WECS); Classification of WECS- Horizon Savonius and darrieus types. Biomass Energy: Introduction; Photosynth technologies-fixed dome; Urban waste to en Tidal Power: Tides and waves as energy su power, harnessing tidal energy, advantages a Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion: Print associated with OTEC.	d power, Basic components o ontal axis- single, double and esis Process; Biofuels; Biomas ergy conversion; Biomass gas <u>Module -4</u> uppliers and their mechanics; f and limitations. nciple of working, OTEC pow <u>Module -5</u>	f wind energy conve muliblade system. ss Resources; Bioma ification (Downdraft undamental characte er stations in the wo	ersion systen Vertical axis ss conversion () . ristics of tida
wind; major problems associated with wind (WECS); Classification of WECS- Horizon Savonius and darrieus types. Biomass Energy: Introduction; Photosynth technologies-fixed dome; Urban waste to energy Tidal Power: Tides and waves as energy su power, harnessing tidal energy, advantages a Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion: Print	d power, Basic components o intal axis- single, double and esis Process; Biofuels; Biomass mergy conversion; Biomass gas Module -4 appliers and their mechanics; f and limitations. heiple of working, OTEC pow Module -5 ng, advantages & dis advantag cells: Classification of	f wind energy conve muliblade system. ss Resources; Bioma ification (Downdraft undamental characte er stations in the wo es, applications. fuel cells – H2	ersion system Vertical axis ss conversion () . ristics of tida orld, problem 2; Operatin
 wind; major problems associated with wind (WECS); Classification of WECS- Horizon Savonius and darrieus types. Biomass Energy: Introduction; Photosynth technologies-fixed dome; Urban waste to energy Tidal Power: Tides and waves as energy suppower, harnessing tidal energy, advantages a Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion: Print associated with OTEC. Geo Thermal Energy: Introduction, workin Hydrogen Energy:Introduction, Fuel principles,ZeroenergyConcepts.Benefits of (electrolysis method only). Text Books: 1. Nonconventional Energy sources, G D Ra 2. Energy Technology, S.Rao and Dr. B.B. TataMcGrawHill, 2ndEdition,1996. Reference Books: 	d power, Basic components o intal axis- single, double and esis Process; Biofuels; Biomas eergy conversion; Biomass gas <u>Module -4</u> uppliers and their mechanics; f and limitations. nciple of working, OTEC pow <u>Module -5</u> ng, advantages & dis advantag cells: Classification of of hydrogen energy, hydr ai, Khanna Publication, Fourth Parulekar, Khanna Publication	f wind energy conve muliblade system. ss Resources; Bioma ification (Downdraft undamental characte er stations in the wo es, applications. fuel cells – H2 rogen production Edition,	ersion syster Vertical axis ss conversion () . ristics of tida wild, problem 2; Operatin technologie
 wind; major problems associated with wind (WECS); Classification of WECS- Horizon Savonius and darrieus types. Biomass Energy: Introduction; Photosynth technologies-fixed dome; Urban waste to energy Tidal Power: Tides and waves as energy suppower, harnessing tidal energy, advantages a Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion: Print associated with OTEC. Geo Thermal Energy: Introduction, workin Hydrogen Energy:Introduction, Fuel principles,ZeroenergyConcepts.Benefits of (electrolysis method only). Text Books: Nonconventional Energy sources, G D Ra 2. Energy Technology, S.Rao and Dr. B.B. TataMcGrawHill, 2ndEdition,1996. 	d power, Basic components o intal axis- single, double and esis Process; Biofuels; Biomas ergy conversion; Biomass gas <u>Module -4</u> uppliers and their mechanics; f and limitations. hciple of working, OTEC pow <u>Module -5</u> ng, advantages & dis advantag cells: Classification of of hydrogen energy, hydr ai, Khanna Publication, Fourth Parulekar, Khanna Publication Culp Jr.,, McGraw Hill, 1996 h Nath Singh, Pearson, 2018	f wind energy conve muliblade system. ss Resources; Bioma ification (Downdraft undamental characte er stations in the wo es, applications. fuel cells – H2 rogen production Edition,	ersion syster Vertical axis ss conversion () . ristics of tida wild, problem 2; Operatin technologie

Dean Academi MIT Mysore

MYSORE

Principal MIT Mysore

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
5,11		Introduction to energy sources, Classification of Energy Sources,
1	Week 1-2: Introduction and Availability of Energy Sources	Sustainable development, socialimplications,worldwide renewable energy availability, renewable energy availability in India, brief descriptions on energy alternatives. Introduction to Internet of energy (IOE).
2	Week 3-4: Fundamentals of Solar Radiation &Solar electric power generation	Solar radiation, Terrestrial & Extra-terrestrial radiation, Solar radiation Measurements- Pyrheliometers, Pyrometer, Sunshine Recorder.Solar Thermal systems: Flat plate collector; Solar distillation; Solar pond electric power plant.
3	Week 5-6: Wind Energy	Properties of wind, availability of wind energy in India, wind velocity and power from wind; major problems associated with wind power, Basic components of wind energy conversion system (WECS); Classification of WECS- Horizontal axis- single, double and muliblade system. Vertical axis- Savonius and darrieus types.
4	Week 7-8: Biomass Energy	Introduction; Photosynthesis Process; Biofuels; Biomass Resources; Biomass conversion technologies-fixed dome; Urban waste to energy conversion; Biomass gasification (Downdraft)
5	Week 9-10: Tidal Power & OTEC	Tides and waves as energy suppliers and their mechanics; fundamental characteristics of tidal power, harnessing tidal energy, advantages and limitations.Principle of working, OTEC power stations in the world, problems associated with OTEC.
6	Week 11-12: Geothermal Energy & Green Energy	Construction & working of Geothermal Energy. Introduction to Fuel cells: Classification of fuel cells – H2; Operating principles, ZeroenergyConcepts.Benefits of hydrogen energy, hydrogen production technologies (electrolysis method only), hydrogen energy storage, applications of hydrogen energy, problem associated with hydrogen energy.

4. Syllabus Timeline

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

	aching Dearning I I	~						
S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description						
1.	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforc competencies.						
2.	Video/Animation	Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding of RES concepts.						
3.	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.						
4.	Real-World Application	Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real-world competencies.						
5.	Flipped Class Technique	Utilize a flipped class approach, providing materials before class to facilitate deeper understanding of competencies.						

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Com	ponents	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks	50	20		

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the

question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.

- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Basics of Renewable Energy	Students will learn to define renewable energy and distinguish it from non- renewable sources & identify various renewable energy sources, including solar, wind, hydroelectric, biomass, geothermal, and tidal energy.
2	Analyzing Resource Availability:	Students will learnto assess the global distribution and availability of renewable energy resources & identify factors influencing the spatial and temporal variability of renewable energy sources, such as sunlight intensity, wind speed, water flow, biomass productivity, geothermal gradients, and tidal patterns.
3	Working Principles of RES	Students will learn the construction & working of solar, wind, Tidal, OTEC, Geothermal & hydrogen energy.
4	Project-Based Learning	Through mini projects & seminar, students will learn about the team work, ppt presentation, and writing report and communication skills also.
5	Ethical and Professional Responsibility	Students will understand the ethical and professional responsibilities associated Renewable Energy Sources and their importance.

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)

COs	Description
	Make use of the basic physics of energy conversion to identify the environmental
M23BETK105C.1	aspects of renewable energy resources in comparison with various conventional
	energy systems, their prospects and limitations.
M23BETK105C.2	Explain Concept of Solar radiation & the working of solar radiation measuring
WIZSDETKIUSU.Z	devices.
M23BETK105C.3	Illustrate the methods of energy conversion using the concept of wind energy and
WI25DETKIU5C.5	bio mass energy concepts.
MOODETRIASC A	Interpret the different energy generation technologies by identifying the key
M23BETK105C.4	operating principles of ocean energy.
MOODETU105C 5	Explain the components and operation of geothermal power plant and Hydrogen
M23BETK105C.5	Energy.

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO											
05/105	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
M23BETK105C.1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BETK105C.2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-
M23BETK105C.3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-
M23BETK105C.4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-
M23BETK105C.5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-
M23BETK105C	3											

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1	10					10
Module 2		10				10
Module 3			10			10
Module 4				10		10
Module 5					10	10

Total 10 10 10 10 10 50							
	Total	10	10	10	10	10	50

	1	Semester 1	Lnd Examinatio	n (SEE)		
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1	20					20
Module 2		20				20
Module 3			20			20
Module 4				20		20
Module 5					20	20
Total	20	20	20	20	20	100

Somester End Examination (SEE)

10. Future with this Subject

The trend in renewable energy sources is characterized by significant growth and increasing adoption worldwide.Renewable energy capacity, particularly solar and wind, has been experiencing rapid growth globally. This expansion is driven by falling costs, technological advancements, supportive policies, and increasing environmental concerns.

Identifying Technology Advancements:

Investigate emerging technologies and innovations in renewable energy generation, storage, and distribution. Assess the potential impact of technological advancements on the cost-effectiveness and efficiency of renewable energy systems.

Addressing Challenges and Barriers

Identify technological barriers and limitations hindering the widespread adoption of renewable energy. Explore research and development efforts aimed at overcoming technical challenges and improving renewable energy technologies.

Assessing Environmental Benefits:

Investigate the environmental benefits of renewable energy, including reductions in air and water pollution, land use impacts, and ecosystem preservation.

Analyze the potential for renewable energy to contribute to biodiversity conservation and ecological sustainability.

Encouraging Research and Development:

Identify areas for further research and innovation in renewable energy technology, policy, and market design. Explore interdisciplinary approaches and collaborations to address complex challenges in the renewable energy sector.

1 st Semester	Emerging Technology Courses - I (ETC) Waste Management	M23BETK105D
--------------------------	---	-------------

	1. Treequisites				
S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites			
1	Waste Management.	Knowledge of types of waste in day today life			
2	Handling and Disposal of Waste.	Knowledge of different types of waste and its			
		impact.			
3	Sustainability.	Knowledge of resources we consume in day-			
		to-day life.			
4	Regulatory Compliances and Policy	Basic understanding aboutwaste			
	Development Principles.	management principles.			
5	Health and Safety	Knowledge of impact of waste to our health.			

1. Prerequisites

2. Syllabus

Waste Management SEMESTER –I/II							
Course Code	M23BETK105/205D	CIEMarks	50				
NumberofLectureHours/Week(L:T:P:S)	(3:0:0)	SEE Marks	50				
TotalNumberofLectureHours	40 hours	TotalMarks	100				
Credits	03	ExamHours	03				
	Module-1						

Introduction to solid waste management

Classification of solid wastes (source and type based), solid waste management (SWM), elements of SWM,ESSWM(environmentallysoundsolidwastemanagement)andEST(environmentallysound technologies),factorsaffectingSWM,Indianscenario,progressinMSW(municipalsolidwaste) Management in India. Indian and global scenario of e-waste,

Module	è-2

Waste Generation Aspects

Wastestreamassessment(WSA), wastegeneration and composition, wastecharacteristics (physical and chemical), health and environmental effects (public health and environmental), comparative assessment of waste generation and composition of developing and developed nations, a case study results from an Indian city, handouts on solid waste compositions. E-waste generation.

Module-3

COLLECTION, STORAGE, TRANSPORTANDDISPOSALOF WASTES

WasteCollection,StorageandTransport:Collectioncomponents,storage-containers/collection vehicles,collectionoperation,transferstation,wastecollectionsystemdesign,recordkeeping, control,inventoryandmonitoring,implementingcollectionandtransfersystem,acasestudy.Waste Disposal:keyissuesinwastedisposal,disposaloptionsandselectioncriteria,sanitarylandfill, landfillgasemission,leachateformation,environmentaleffectsoflandfill,landfilloperationissues,a casestudy.

Module-4

RECYCLING

Purpose of processing, mechanical volume and size reduction, components eparation, drying and dewatering. Source Reduction, Product Recovery and Recycling: basics, purpose, implementation monitoring and evaluation of source reduction, significance of recycling, planning of a recycling programme, recycling programme elements, commonly recycled materials and processes, a case study.

Module-5

HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT AND TREATMENT

Identification and classification of hazardous waste, hazardous waste treatment, pollution prevention and waste minimization, hazardous wastes management in India. E-waste recycling.

Page 71 of 272

Text Books

- 1. Tchobaanoglous, G., Theisen, H., and Samuel AVigil, Integrated Solid
- WasteManagement,McGraw-Hill Publishers, 1993.
- 2. Bilitewski B., HardHe G., MarekK., Weissbach A., and Boeddicker H., Waste Management, Springer, 1994.

Reference Books

- 1. White, F.R., Franke P.R.,, & Hindle M., Integrated solid waste management: a
- lifecycleinventory. Mc Dougall, P. John Wiley & Sons. 2001
- 2. Nicholas, P., & Cheremisinoff, P.D., Handbook of solid

wastemanagementandwasteminimization technologies, Imprint of Elsevier Science. 2005 Weblinks

- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105103205
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=k0ktJRoRcOA
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/107/103107125/
- https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_ce76/preview

-- -

• https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/cec20_ge13/preview

	3.SyllabusTimeline					
S/L	Syllabus Timeline	-				
	Imenne					
1	Week1-2	Studentswilllearnaboutintroductiontosolidwastemanagement.				
2	Week3-4	Studentswilllearnaboutwastegenerationaspects.				
3	Week5-6	Students will learn about Collection, Storage, Transport and Disposal of				
		Wastes.				
4	Week7-8	StudentswilllearnaboutWasteProcessingTechniques&SourceReduction, Product				
	WEEK/-0	Recovery & Recycling.				
5	Week9-10:	StudentswilllearnaboutHazardous WasteManagementAndTreatment				

4. Teaching-LearningProcessStrategies

S/L	TLPStrategies	Description
1	Lecture Method	Utilizevariousteachingmethodswithinthelectureformatto
	Lecture Method	reinforcecompetencies.
2	Video/Animation	Incorporatevisualaidslikevideos/animationstoenhance
	video/Ammation	understandingofconcepts.
3	Collaborative Learning	Encouragecollaborativelearningforimprovedcompetency
	Conaborative Learning	application.
4	Higher Order Thinking	PoseHOTSquestionstostimulatecriticalthinkingrelatedto
	(HOTS)Questions:	eachcompetency.
5	Problem-Based Learning	ImplementPBLtoenhanceanalyticalskillsandpractical
	(PBL)	applicationofcompetencies.
6	Real-World Application	Discusspracticalapplicationstoconnecttheoreticalconcepts
	Real- wond Application	withreal-worldcompetencies.
7	Elipped Class Technique	Utilizeaflippedclassapproach, providing materials before
	Flipped Class Technique	classtofacilitatedeeperunderstandingofcompetencies.

5.AssessmentDetails(bothCIEandSEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Com	ponents	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks	50	20		

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

6. LearningObjectives

S /	Learning	Description
L	Objectives	
	Understanding	
1	fundamentalsof	Studentswillgraspthefundamentalconceptsofwastemanagement.
	Waste	
	Management	
	Proficiencyin	Studentswillbecomeproficientinhandlinganddisposalofdifferenttypes of
2	handlingand	waste.
	disposal of waste.	
	Designingofmodeltohan	Studentswilllearntodesigningmodeltohandle waste.
3	dle waste.	
	Proficiencyin	Studentswillbecomeproficientinvarioustypesofspecialconcretewhich they
4	Hazardous	come across in present scenario of industrial applications.
	waste.	
	Ethical and	Students will understand the ethical and professional responsibilities
5	Professional	associated with material characterization of each ingredient of concrete,
	Responsibility.	and production and handling of concrete adhering to industry standards and best
		practices.

7. CourseOutcomes(COs)andMappingwithPOs/

PSOs Course Outcomes (COs)

COs	Description
M23BETK105D.1	Applythebasicsofsolidwastemanagementtowardssustainabledevelopment
M23BETK105D.2	Applytechnologiestoprocesswasteanddisposethesame.
M23BETK105D.3.	Designworkingmodelstoconvertwastetoenergy
M23BETK105D.4	Identifyandclassifyhazardouswasteandmanagethehazard

CO-PO-PSO M	apping	5										
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
M23BETK105D.1	3						2					
M23BETK105D.2	3						2					
M23BETK105D.3.			2			2	2					
M23BETK105D.4		2				2	2					
M23BETK105D	3	2	2			2	2					

CO DO DSO M

8. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation(CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
Module1	10				10
Module2	10				10
Module3		10			10
Module4			10		10
Module5				10	10

Total	20	10	10	10	50

	S	emester End Exa	mination (SEE)		
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
Module1	20				20
Module2	20				20
Module3		20			20
Module4			20		20
Module5				20	20
Total	40	20	20	20	100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks.

9. Future with this Subject.

The "Waste Management" course in the first/second semester of the B.E program lays a strong foundation for several future courses in the undergraduate program of civil engineering and also other programme students will learn about this course and its impact on environment so that he will become responsible citizen in the society to protect mother earth.



1 st Semester	Emerging Technology Courses - I (ETC) Introduction to Internet of Things	M23BETK105E
--------------------------	---	-------------

1. Prerequisites (A minimum of five prerequisites may be written)

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites		
1	Basics of	Understanding of networking types		
1	Networking	Familiarity with fundamental layered networking models		
2	Emergence of IOT	Knowledge of evolution of IoT, independence technology, network components and network strategy.		
3	Sensors and Actuators	Differentiation of sensor and Actuators, characteristics associated with the sensors and the actuators, associated with multifaceted.		
4	IoT Processing Topologies and Types	Basic understanding of importance of processing, topology, design and selection consideration.		
5	Cloud Computing	Ability to analyze, Virtualization, Cloud Models, Service-Level Agreement andImplementation, and their services		
6	Agricultural IoT	Knowledge relate to the applicability of IoT in real scenarios		
7	Paradigms, Challenges, and the Future	Assess the various evolving aspects and paradigms of IoT, Understand the most prominent challenges encountered during the design and development of IoT solutions, Understand the common hardware platforms, sensors, and actuators used in IoT,Describe the common analytical tools and machine learning algorithms used with IoT data		

2. Competencies (A minimum of four competencies may be written) S/L Emergence **KSA Description Knowledge:** Understanding of networking types. Knowledge of layers and models. Skills: **Basics of** 1 Ability to apply concepts of basic terminologies and technology and new concepts Networking of IoT with the basics of networking. Attitudes: Appreciation for the importance of of IoT with the basics of networking and topology. **Knowledge:** Understanding of evolution of IOT, independence technology. Skills: **Emergence** of Relate new concepts with concepts learned earlier to make a smooth transition to 2 ют IoT. Attitudes: Recognize the unique features of IoT which set it apart from other similar paradigms. **Knowledge:** Understand the concept of salient features of transducers, differentiate between sensors and actuators, characterize sensors and distinguish between types of sensors. Sensors and Skills: 3 Actuators Multi-faceted considerations associated with sensing, characterize actuators and distinguish between types of actuators. Attitudes: Understand the concept of sensor- multi-faceted considerations associated with actuation **Knowledge:** Associated Understand the concept of cloud computing and its features. ют Skills: 4 Technologies Understand virtualization, different cloud models, and service-level agreements. -Cloud

(SLAs) Identify the salient features of various cloud computing models.

Computing

Attitudes:

Page 75 of 272

		Understand the concept of sensor-clouds
		Knowledge:
		Understanding the applicability of IoT in real scenarios.
5	Agricultural IoT	Skills: Relate to the appropriate use of various IoT technologies through real-life use cases on IoT-based leaf area index assessment and an IoT-based irrigation system. Attitudes:
		Relate to the applicability of IoT in real scenarios.
IoT case studies and future trends -Paradigms, Challenges, and the FutureUnderstanding various evolving aspects and paradigms of IoT Skills: Understand the most prominent challenges encountered during development of IoT solutions. Attitudes: Research upcoming and emerging domains, which find signific		Understand the most prominent challenges encountered during the design and development of IoT solutions.
7	Hands on IoT Beginning IoT Hardware Projects	 Knowledge: Understand the common hardware platforms, sensors, and actuators used in IoT. Assess the importance of each sensor or hardware in various applications. Skills: Using Arduino board and Raspberry Pi, installation and design. Attitudes: Assess the importance of each sensor or hardware in various applications

3. Syllabus

Introduction to Internet of Things(IOT)					
SEMESTER – I Course Code M23BETK105/205E CIE Marks 50					
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S) Total Number of Lecture Hours	(3:0:2)	SEE Marks	50		
	40 hours Theory	Total Marks	100		
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03		
Course objectives: This course will enable stu		1			
CO1 : Describe the evolution of IoT, IoT network		aressing strategies i	in 101.		
CO2 : Classify various sensing devices and ac	tuator types.				
CO3 : Demonstrate the processing in IoT.					
CO4 : Apply Associated IoT Technologies.					
CO5 : Analyze hands on IoT Applications	Module -1				
Basics of Notworking: Introduction Natwork		odals			
0	Basics of Networking : Introduction, Network Types, Layered network models Emergence of IoT : Introduction, Evolution of IoT, Enabling IoT and the Complex Interdependence of				
	of Io1, Enabling Io1 and	the Complex Inte	rdependence of		
Technologies, IoT Networking Components					
Textbook 1: Chapter 1- 1.1 to 1.3; Chapter 4 –	4.1 to 4.4				
	Module -2				
IoT Sensing and Actuation: Introduction, Se	ensors, Sensor Characterist	ics, Sensorial Devi	iations, Sensing		
Types, Sensing Considerations, Actuators, Act	Types, Sensing Considerations, Actuators, Actuator Types, Actuator Characteristics. Textbook 1: Chapter 5				
- 5.1 to 5.9			-		
	Module -3				
IoT Processing Topologies and Types: D	ata Format, Importance of	of Processing in I	oT, Processing		
Topologies, IoT Device Design and Selection Considerations, Processing Offloading. Textbook 1: Chapter					
6 - 6.1 to 6.5					
	Module -4				
ASSOCIATED IOT TECHNOLOGIES					
Cloud Computing: Introduction, Virtualization, Cloud Models, Service-Level Agreement in Cloud					

Cloud Computing: Introduction, Virtualization, Cloud Models, Service-Level Agreement in Cloud Computing, Cloud Implementation, Sensor-Cloud: Sensors-as-a-Service. IOT CASE STUDIES

Agricultural IoT – Introduction and Case Studies

Page 76 of 272



Textbook 1: Chapter 10–10.1 to 10.6; Chapter 12-12.1-12.

Module -5

IOT CASE STUDIES AND FUTURE TRENDS AND IOT HANDS-ON

Paradigms, Challenges, and the Future: Introduction, Evolution of New IoT Paradigms, Challenges Associated with IoT.

Beginning IoT Hardware Projects : Introduction to Arduino Boards, **IoT Analytics:** Introduction Textbook 1: Chapter 15–15.1-15.3; Chapter 16-16.1; Chapter 17-17.1

Text Books:

Books (Title of the Book/Name of the author/Name of the publisher/Edition and Year)

1. Sudip Misra, Anandarup Mukherjee, Arijit Roy, "Introduction to IoT", Cambridge University Press 2021. Reference:

2. S. Misra, C. Roy, and A. Mukherjee, 2020. Introduction to Industrial Internet of Things and Industry 4.0. CRC Press.

3. Vijay Madisetti and Arshdeep Bahga, "Internet of Things (A Hands-on-Approach)",1st Edition, VPT, 2014.

4. Francis daCosta, "Rethinking the Internet of Things: A Scalable Approach to Connecting Everything", 1st Edition, Apress Publications, 2013.

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline (No. of weeks should be as you have in the semester)	Description (Write the proposed syllabus coverage in detail with maximum of 5 lines)
1	Week 1-2: Basics of Networking, Emergence of IoT	Basics of Networking, Emergence of IoT
2	Week 3-4: IoT Sensing and Actuation	IoT Sensing and Actuation
3	Week 5-6: IoT Processing Topologies and Types:	IoT Processing Topologies and Types:
4	Week 7-8: Cloud Computing ,Agricultural IoT	Cloud Computing ,Agricultural IoT
5	Week 9-10: Paradigms, Challenges, and the Future	Paradigms, Challenges, and the Future
6	Week 11-12 Beginning IoT Hardware Projects	Beginning IoT Hardware Projects

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.
2	Video/Animation	Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding of Verilog concepts.
3	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.
4	Higher Order Thinking (HOTS) Questions:	Pose HOTS questions to stimulate critical thinking related to each competency.
6	Multiple Representations	Introduce topics in various representations to reinforce competencies
7	Real-World Application	Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real-world competencies.
8	Flipped Class Technique	Utilize a flipped class approach, providing materials before class to facilitate deeper understanding of competencies.
9	Programming	Assign programming tasks to reinforce practical skills associated with

Page 77 of 272



Assignments	competencies.

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Comj	ponents	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks	-		50	20

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Understanding Basics of Networking	Students will grasp the fundamental concepts networking types familiarity with fundamental layered networking models.
2	Designing Emergence of IoT	Students will ability to apply concepts of basic terminologies and technology and new concepts of IoT with the basics of networking.
3	Proficiency in sensors and actuators	Students will become proficient in Differentiation of sensor and Actuators, characteristics associated with the sensors and the actuators, associated with multifaceted
4	Collaboration and Communication Skills	Students will work collaboratively in teams on cloud computing and agricultural IoT and ability to communicate effectively.
5	Project-Based Learning	Through hands-on projects, students will apply their knowledge of Arduino Boards and Raspberry pi

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)

COs	Description
M23BETK105E.1	Describe the evolution of IoT, IoT networking components, and addressing strategies in IoT.
M23BETK105E.2	Classify various sensing devices and actuator types.
M23BETK105E.3	Demonstrate the processing in IoT.
M23BETK105E.4	Apply Associated IoT Technologies.
M23BETK105E.5	Analyze hands on IoT Applications

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO PO	 0-1 0-1 50 Mapp	nng											
$\begin{bmatrix} 0.05/105 & 101 & 102 & 103 & 104 & 105 & 100 & 107 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 \end{bmatrix}$		DO1	DOT	DO3	DO4	DO5	DO6	DO7	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO
	COS/FOS	FOI	r02	103	104	105	FUU	F0/	8	9	10	11	12

M23BETK105E.1	3						
M23BETK105E.2	3						
M23BETK105E.3	3						
M23BETK105E.4		3					
M23BETK105E.5		3					
M23BETK105E	3	3					

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

Continuous Internal Dyutaution (CIL)							
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total	
Module 1							
Module 2							
Module 3							
Module 4							
Module 5							
Total						50	

Semester End Examination (SEE)

	TT	()				
Total	CO5	CO4	CO3	CO2	CO1	
						Module 1
						Module 2
						Module 3
						Module 4
						Module 5
100						Total
						Total

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. Future with this Subject

The "Introduction to Internet of Things" course in thesemester of the B.E program lays a strong foundation for several future courses in the undergraduate program. The contributions of this subject extend across various areas, enhancing the students' understanding and skills in the field of digital systems. Here are some notable contributions:

- **Cloud Computing:** The knowledge gained in this course, Understand the concept of cloud computing and its features and understand virtualization, different cloud models, and service-level agreements (SLAs). Students can delve deeper into topics such as Identify the salient features of various cloud computing models Understand the concept of sensor-clouds.
- Introduction to Arduino Boards and Raspberry Pi.Understand the common hardware platforms, sensors, and actuators used in IoT, Assess the importance of each sensor or hardware in various applications, Understand the code structure required to operate these hardware and sensors /actuators connected to them, Relate the IoT hardware and sensors according to the requirements of their applications.
- **Machine learning**: Describe the common analytical tools and machine learning algorithms used with IoT data assess the importance and applicability of each algorithm, understand the operating principle of each of these analytical methods.

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1	Computer	Understanding how computers work, including hardware components like CPU,
1	Basics	memory, storage, and input/output devices
2	Operating	Familiarity with popular operating systems like Windows, macOS, and Linux,
2	Systems	including basic file management and navigation.
2	Notwonking	Basic concepts of how networks operate, including IP addressing, DNS, routing,
3 Networking		and protocols like TCP/IP.
		Basic knowledge of programming concepts can be helpful, though it's not always
4	Programming	a strict requirement. Understanding concepts like variables, loops, conditionals,
		and functions can aid in understanding certain aspects of cybersecurity.
5	Mathematics	While not always necessary, a basic understanding of mathematics, particularly
5	wrathematics	concepts like binary, hexadecimal, and boolean algebra, can be helpful.

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
		Knowledge:
		1. Understanding Cybercrime:
		 Definition of cybercrime and its various manifestations (e.g.,
		hacking, malware, social engineering).
		 Knowledge of the motives behind cybercriminal activities
		(e.g., financial gain, political motives, espionage).
		2. Cyber Threat Landscape:
		• Awareness of common cyber threats and attack vectors (e.g.,
		phishing, ransomware, insider threats).
		• Understanding of emerging cyber threats and trends (e.g., AI-
		driven attacks, supply chain vulnerabilities).
		3. Impact on Information Security:
		 Understanding how cybercrime compromises information
		security (confidentiality, integrity, availability).
		• Knowledge of the consequences of cybercrime on individuals,
		organizations, and society (financial loss, reputational damage,
		regulatory penalties).
		4. Legal and Regulatory Framework:
	Cybercrime	• Familiarity with relevant cybersecurity laws, regulations, and
	and	standards (e.g., GDPR, HIPAA, PCI-DSS).
1	Information	• Understanding of the legal implications of cybercrime and the
	Security	responsibilities of organizations in protecting data and
	Security	mitigating risks.
		Skills:
		1. Cybersecurity Practices:
		• Ability to implement cybersecurity best practices to protect
		against cyber threats (e.g., network security, endpoint
		protection, access control).
		• Skill in configuring and maintaining security tools and
		technologies (firewalls, intrusion detection/prevention systems,
		antivirus software).
		2. Incident Response and Management:
		• Proficiency in incident detection, analysis, and response to
		cybersecurity incidents.
		• Ability to formulate and execute incident response plans,
		including containment, eradication, and recovery measures.
		3. Risk Assessment and Management :
		 Skill in conducting risk assessments to identify vulnerabilities
		and assess potential impacts of cyber threats.
		• Competence in developing and implementing risk mitigation
		strategies and controls to reduce cyber risks.



4. Securi	ty Awareness and Training:
0	Capability to raise awareness among stakeholders about
	cybersecurity risks and best practices.
0	Skill in delivering cybersecurity training programs to educate
	users and enhance their vigilance against social engineering
	and phishing attacks.
Attitudes:	
1. Ethical	l Responsibility:
0	Commitment to ethical behavior and compliance with legal and regulatory requirements in cybersecurity practices.
0	Respect for privacy rights and data protection principles in
	handling sensitive information.
2. Contin	uous Learning and Adaptability:
0	Willingness to stay updated with evolving cyber threats,
	technologies, and best practices in cybersecurity.
0	Readiness to adapt strategies and defenses in response to new
	and emerging cyber threats.
3. Collab	oration and Teamwork:
0	Openness to collaborate with colleagues, stakeholders, and
	cybersecurity professionals to enhance organizational security
	posture.
0	Ability to work effectively in cross-functional teams to address
	cybersecurity challenges and incidents.
4. Resilie	nce and Problem-Solving:
0	Resilience in responding to cybersecurity incidents and
	mitigating their impact on organizational operations.
0	Problem-solving skills to analyze complex cybersecurity issues
	and develop effective solutions under pressure.

3. Syllabus

Course Code	M23BETK105/205F	CIE Marks
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)		SEE Marks
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks
Credits	03	Exam Hours

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Chalk and Talk

2. **PPT presentation**

- 3. Animation based videos
- 4. Interactive learning

Module 1

Introduction to Cybercrime: Introduction, Cybercrime:Definition and Origins of the Word, Cybercrime and Information Security, Who are Cybercriminals? Classifications of Cybercrimes, An Indian Perspective, Hacking and Indian Laws.

Text 1: 1.1, 1.2, 1.4, 1.5, 1.7, 1.8.

Module 2

Cyber Offenses: Introduction, How criminals plan the attacks, Social Engineering, Cyber Stalking, Cyber cafe & cybercrimes, The fuel for cybercrime, Attack Vector

Text 1: 2.1 to 2.7 (Except 2.2.4)

Module 3

Tools and Methods used in Cybercrime: Introduction, Introduction, Proxy Servers and Anonymizers, Phishing,

Password Cracking, Key Loggers and Spy-ways, Virus and Worms, Trozen Horses and Backdoors, Steganography, Attacks on Wireless networks. Text 1: 4.1 to 4.8, 4.12.1, 4.12.3.

Module 4

Phishing and Identity Theft: Introduction, methods of phishing, phishing, phishing techniques, spear phishing, types of phishing scams, phishing toolkits and spy phishing, counter measures, Identity Theft. Text 1: 5.1, 5.2, 5.3.1, 5.3.2, 5.3.3.

Page 81 of 272

Module 5

Understanding Computer Forensics: Introduction, Historical Background of Cyber forensics, Digital Forensics

Science, Need for Computer Forensics, Cyber Forensics and Digital Evidence, Digital Forensic Life cycle, Chain of Custody Concepts.

Text 1: 7.1 to 7.4, 7.7, 7.8

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books:

1. Sunit Belapure and Nina Godbole, "Cyber Security: Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics and legal Perspectives", Wiley India Pvt Ltd, ISBN: 978-81- 265-21791, 2011, First Edition (Reprinted 2018)

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yC_hFm0BX28&list=PLxApjaSnQGi6Jm7LLSxvmNQjS_rt9</u> <u>swsu</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nzZkKoREEGo&list=PL9ooVrP1hQOGPQVeapGsJCktzIO4</u> <u>DtI4</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6wi5DI6du-</u> <u>4&list=PL_uaeekrhGzJIB8XQBxU3z_hDwT95xlk</u>
- 4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KqSqyKwVuA8</u>.

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1-2:	Introduction to Cybercrime:
2	Week 3-4:	Cyber Offenses
3	Week 5-6:	Tools and Methods used in Cybercrime
4	Week 7-8:	Phishing and Identity Theft
5	Week 9-10:	Understanding Computer Forensics:
6	Week 11-12:	Digital Forensic Life cycle, Chain of Custody Concepts.

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.
2	Video/Animation	Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding of cybersecurity concepts.
3	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.
4	Higher Order Thinking (HOTS) Questions:	Pose HOTS questions to stimulate critical thinking related to each competency.
5	Problem-Based Learning (PBL)	Implement PBL to enhance analytical skills and practical application of competencies
6	Multiple Representations	Introduce topics in various representations to reinforce competencies
7	Real-World Application	Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real-world competencies.
8	Flipped Class Technique	Utilize a flipped class approach, providing materials before class to facilitate deeper understanding of competencies
9	Programming Assignments	Assign programming tasks to reinforce practical skills associated with competencies.

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Comp	onents	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10

(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10	
	TotalMarks	·		50	20	

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7. Le	arning Objectives	
S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Foundational Understanding	 Define cybersecurity and its significance in protecting digital assets, data, and systems from cyber threats. Explain the principles of confidentiality, integrity, and availability (CIA) in the context of cybersecurity.
2	Cyber Threat Landscape	 Identify common types of cyber threats and attack vectors, such as malware, phishing, ransomware, and social engineering. Understand the impact of cyber threats on individuals, organizations, and society.
3	Security Principles and Concepts	 Describe essential cybersecurity principles and concepts, including defense-in-depth, least privilege, and resilience. Explain the importance of risk management and mitigation strategies in cybersecurity.
4	Cybersecurity Technologies and Tools	 Explore fundamental cybersecurity technologies and tools used to protect networks, systems, and data. Discuss the role of firewalls, antivirus software, intrusion detection/prevention systems (IDS/IPS), and encryption in cybersecurity defense.
5	Legal and Ethical Considerations	 Discuss legal and regulatory requirements related to cybersecurity, including data protection laws (e.g., GDPR, CCPA). Understand ethical considerations in cybersecurity practices, including privacy rights and responsible use of technology.
6	Cybersecurity Awareness and Education	 Highlight the importance of cybersecurity awareness among users and stakeholders. Discuss strategies for promoting a cybersecurity-aware culture within organizations and communities.

7. Learning Objectives

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)

COs	Description
M23BETK105F.1	Explain the cybercrime terminologies.
M23BETK105F.2	Describe cyber offenses and botnets.
M23BETK105F.3	Illustrate tools and methods used in cybercrime.
M23BETK105F.4	Demonstrate the need of phishing and identity theft.
M23BETK105F.5	Analyze the need of computer forensics.

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
M23BETK105F.1	3											

M23BETK105F.2	3							
M23BETK105F.3				3				
M23BETK105F.4		3						
M23BETK105F.5	3							
M23BETK105F	3	3		3				

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1						
Module 2						
Module 3						
Module 4						
Module 5						
Total						50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1						
Module 2						
Module 3						
Module 4						
Module 5						
Total						100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks **10. Future with this Subject**

The contributions of this subject extend across various areas, enhancing the students' understanding and skills in the field of digital systems. Here are some notable contributions:

1. Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning:

- **Trend**: Increasing use of AI and ML for cybersecurity applications such as threat detection, anomaly detection, and behavioral analytics.
- **Impact**: Enhances the ability to identify and respond to cyber threats in real-time, automates repetitive tasks, and improves overall security posture.
- 2. Internet of Things (IoT) Security:
- **Trend**: Growth in IoT devices and networks necessitates improved security measures to protect against vulnerabilities and potential cyber attacks.
- **Impact**: Focus on securing IoT ecosystems, including device authentication, encryption, and monitoring for anomalous behavior.
- 3. Cloud Security:
- **Trend**: Continued migration of data and applications to cloud environments requires robust security controls and frameworks.
- **Impact**: Emphasis on cloud-native security solutions, data encryption, identity and access management (IAM), and compliance with data protection regulations.
- 4. Zero Trust Architecture:
- **Trend**: Shift towards Zero Trust security models that verify every user and device attempting to access resources, regardless of their location.
- **Impact**: Enhances security posture by minimizing the attack surface, implementing strict access controls, and continuously monitoring network activity
- 5. Quantum Computing and Cryptography:
- **Trend**: Development of quantum computing poses challenges to traditional cryptographic methods, driving research into quantum-resistant algorithms.
- **Impact**: Need for quantum-safe encryption to protect sensitive data from potential quantumenabled attacks in the future.

I Semester INTRODUCTION TO WEB PROGRAMMING M23BPLCK105	1 st Semester	Programming Language Courses - I (PLC) INTRODUCTION TO WEB PROGRAMMING	M23BPLCK105A
--	--------------------------	---	--------------

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites	
1	HTML (HyperText Markup Language):	Purpose: HTML forms the structure and content of web pages. Skills Needed: Understanding of HTML tags, elements, attributes, and how they create the basic structure of web pages.	
2	CSS (Cascading Style Sheets):	Purpose: CSS is used for styling HTML elements, controlling their layout, appearance, and responsiveness. Skills Needed: Proficiency in CSS selectors, properties, positioning, responsive design principles, and CSS frameworks (e.g., Bootstrap).	
3	JavaScript	Purpose: JavaScript adds interactivity to web pages, allowing dynamic behavior such as user interactions, form validation, and asynchronous communication. Skills Needed: Knowledge of JavaScript syntax, DOM manipulation, event handling, AJAX (Asynchronous JavaScript and XML), and ES6+ features.	
4	Web Accessibility	Purpose: Ensuring web content is accessible to all users, including those with disabilities. Skills Needed: Familiarity with accessibility guidelines (, and testing tools for accessibility compliance.	
5	Server-Side Languages and Frameworks	Purpose: Handling server-side logic, database interactions, and generating dynamic content. Skills Needed: Proficiency in at least one server-side language and its associated frameworks.	
6	Web APIs (Application Programming Interfaces)	Purpose: Integrating with external services, accessing data from third-party sources, and enabling communication between different software systems.Skills Needed: Knowledge of RESTful APIs, HTTP methods and authentication methods	

2. Competencies

	Inpetencies		
S/L	Competency	KSA Description	
1	Proficiency in Front-End TechnologiesHTML: Ability to create semantically correct markup for web pages. CSS: Skill in styling and layout, including responsive design principles. JavaScript: Mastery in DOM manipulation, event handling, and asynchronous programming.		
2	Understanding of Back-End Development	Back-End Or Node. Js for server logic.	
3	Performance OptimizationFront-End Optimization: Knowledge of techniques for improving loading times and rendering performance of web pages.Back-End Optimization: Skill in optimizing database queries and server- side code for scalability and efficiency.		
4	Continuous Learning and Adaptability	Technology Trends: Keeping up-to-date with the latest trends and advancements in web development. Problem-Solving: Strong analytical and problem-solving skills to tackle complex technical challenges.	

3. Syl<u>labus</u>

Introduction to Web Programming SEMESTER – I					
Course Code	M23BPLCK105/205A	CIE Marks	50		
NumberofLecture(3:0:2:0)SEE Marks50Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)SEE MarksSEE MarksSEE Marks			50		
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab slots	Total Marks	100		
Credits 03 Exam Hours 03			03		
Course objectives: This course will enable students to:					

First Year, MIT Mysore

Page 85 of 272



CO 1. Apply the knowledge of fundamental concepts of HTML, XHTML, CSS and JavaScript CO 2. Identify complex engineering problems and providing suitable solutions using HTML5 and JavaScript

CO 3. Analyze various attributes, values and types of CSS to design Web components.

CO 4. Investigate the core constructs and event handling mechanisms of JavaScript and CSS for providing valid solutions.

	providing valid solutions.					
Module -1						
Module-1: Traditional HTML and XHTML: First Look at HTML and XHTML, Hello HTML and						
XHTM	ML World, HTML and XHTML: Version History, HTML and XHTML DTDs: The Specifications					
Up Clo	ose, (X)HTML Document Structure, Browsers and (X)HTML, The Rules of (X)HTML, Major					
Themes	es of (X)HTML, The Future of Markup—Two Paths? TextBook1: Chapter 1					
	Module -2					
HTMI	5: Hello HTML5, Lo	ose Syntax Reti	urns, XHTML5, HTML5: Embracing the Reality of Web			
	up, Presentational Markup Removed and Redefined, HTML5 Document Structure Changes,					
			Effort, Client-Side Graphics with <canvas>, HTML5 Form</canvas>			
Change	s, Emerging Element	is and Attributes	to Support Web Applications TextBook1: Chapter 2.			
			Module -3			
			, CSS Overview , CSS Rules, Example with Type Selectors			
			Style, Class Selectors, ID Selectors, span and div Elements,			
			External CSS Files, CSS Properties, Color Properties, RGB			
Values	for Color, Opacity V	alues for Color,	HSL and HSLA Values for Color, Font Properties, line-			
height l	Property, Text Proper	ties, Border Pro	perties, Element Box, padding Property, margin Property,			
			ore Area. TextBook2-: Chapter 3			
			Module -4			
Tables	and CSS, Links and	I Images: Table	Elements, Formatting a Data Table: Borders, Alignment, and			
			ors, thead and tbody Elements, Cell Spanning, Web			
			ble Values, a Element, Relative URLs, Navigation Within a			
			statistics, a Element, Relative ORES, Pavigation Willing a structure or and structure of the structure of th			
	0	1 0				
		t Icon, infame El	lement . TextBook2: 5.2 to 5.8, 6.2, 6.3, 6.6., 6.7, 6.9, 6.10,			
6.12, /.	2 to 7.4					
			Module -5			
			M, Forms, and Event Handlers History of JavaScript, Hello			
			bles, Identifiers, Assignment Statements and Objects,			
Docum	ent Object Model, Fo	orms and How T	hey're Processed: Client-Side Versus Server-Side, form			
Elemen	t, Controls, Text Cor	ntrol, Accessing	a Form's Control Values, reset and focus Methods			
TextBo	ok2: 8.2 to 8,13, 8.15	5, 8.16				
		PRAC	FICAL COMPONENT			
10. 1	Create an XHTML		s to accomplish the following: (i) A paragraph containing text			
			Bold face and italicize this text (ii) Create equation:			
		(iv) Create unor	dered list of 5 fruits and ordered list of 3 flowers			
			dered list of 5 fruits and ordered list of 3 flowers			
2	Create following ta	able using XHT	ML tags. Properly align cells, give suitable cell padding and			
2	Create following ta	able using XHT				
2	Create following ta	able using XHT	ML tags. Properly align cells, give suitable cell padding and			
2	Create following ta	able using XHT oply background	ML tags. Properly align cells, give suitable cell padding and color, bold and emphasis necessary.			
2	Create following ta	able using XHT	ML tags. Properly align cells, give suitable cell padding and color, bold and emphasis necessary. SubjectA SubjectB			
2	Create following ta	able using XHT oply background	ML tags. Properly align cells, give suitable cell padding and color, bold and emphasis necessary. SubjectA SubjectB SubjectC			
2	Create following ta cell spacing, and ap	ble using XHT pply background Sem1	ML tags. Properly align cells, give suitable cell padding and color, bold and emphasis necessary. SubjectA SubjectB SubjectC SubjectE			
2	Create following ta	able using XHT oply background	ML tags. Properly align cells, give suitable cell padding and color, bold and emphasis necessary. SubjectA SubjectB SubjectC SubjectF			
2	Create following ta cell spacing, and ap	ble using XHT pply background Sem1	ML tags. Properly align cells, give suitable cell padding and color, bold and emphasis necessary. SubjectA SubjectB SubjectC SubjectF SubjectG			
2	Create following ta cell spacing, and ap	ble using XHT pply background Sem1	ML tags. Properly align cells, give suitable cell padding and color, bold and emphasis necessary. SubjectA SubjectB SubjectC SubjectF SubjectG SubjectH			
2	Create following ta cell spacing, and ap	ble using XHT pply background Sem1	ML tags. Properly align cells, give suitable cell padding and color, bold and emphasis necessary. SubjectA SubjectB SubjectC SubjectF SubjectG			
2	Create following ta cell spacing, and ap	sem1	ML tags. Properly align cells, give suitable cell padding and color, bold and emphasis necessary. SubjectA SubjectB SubjectC SubjectF SubjectG SubjectH			
2	Create following ta cell spacing, and ap	sem1	ML tags. Properly align cells, give suitable cell padding and color, bold and emphasis necessary. SubjectA SubjectB SubjectC SubjectF SubjectF SubjectH SubjectI			
2	Create following ta cell spacing, and ap Department	Sem1 Sem3	ML tags. Properly align cells, give suitable cell padding and color, bold and emphasis necessary. SubjectA SubjectB SubjectC SubjectF SubjectF SubjectH SubjectI			
	Create following ta cell spacing, and ap Department Use HTML5 for p	Sem1 Sem3 Sem3 Sem5 Sem6 Sem7 Sem3	ML tags. Properly align cells, give suitable cell padding and color, bold and emphasis necessary. SubjectA SubjectB SubjectC SubjectF SubjectG SubjectI SubjectJ			
	Create following ta cell spacing, and ap Department Use HTML5 for p square with green of	Sem1 Sem3 Sem3 Sem3	ML tags. Properly align cells, give suitable cell padding and color, bold and emphasis necessary. SubjectA SubjectB SubjectC SubjectF SubjectH SubjectI SubjectJ wing tasks: (i) Draw a square using HTML5 SVG , fill the 6px brown stroke width (ii) Write the following mathematical			
	Create following ta cell spacing, and ap Department Use HTML5 for p square with green of expression by using	Sem1 Sem3 Sem3 Sem4 Sem3 Sem3 Sem3 Sem4 Sem3 Sem3 Sem4 Sem4 Sem4 Sem4 Sem4 Sem4 Sem4 Sem4	ML tags. Properly align cells, give suitable cell padding and color, bold and emphasis necessary. SubjectA SubjectB SubjectC SubjectF SubjectG SubjectH SubjectI SubjectJ SubjectI SubjectI SubjectJ			
3	Create following ta cell spacing, and ap Department Use HTML5 for p square with green of expression by using after 5 seconds using	Sem1 Sem2 Sem3 Sem3 Sem4 Sem3 Sem3 Sem3 Sem4 Sem3 Sem3 Sem3 Sem4 Sem4 Sem4 Sem4 Sem4 Sem4 Sem4 Sem4	ML tags. Properly align cells, give suitable cell padding and color, bold and emphasis necessary. SubjectA SubjectB SubjectC SubjectF SubjectI SubjectI SubjectI SubjectI SubjectI SubjectI SubjectI SubjectJ			
	Create following ta cell spacing, and ap Department Use HTML5 for p square with green of expression by using after 5 seconds usin Demonstrate the for	Sem1 Sem3 erforming follor color and make of g HTML5 Math ng HTML5 meta ollowing HTML	ML tags. Properly align cells, give suitable cell padding and color, bold and emphasis necessary. SubjectA SubjectB SubjectC SubjectF SubjectG SubjectH SubjectI SubjectJ SubjectI SubjectI SubjectJ			

Page 86 of 272

	about travel experience	
5	Create a class called income, and make it a background color of #0ff. Create a class called	
	expenses, and make it a background color of #f0f. Create a class called profit, and make it a	
	background color of #f00. Throughout the document, any text that mentions income, expenses,	
	or profit, attach the appropriate class to that piece of text. Further create following line of text in the same descent The summaries is $50^{\frac{3}{2}}$ and some price is $40^{\frac{3}{2}}$.	
6	the same document: The current price is 50₹ and new price is 40₹. Change the tag li to have the following properties: (1)A display status of inline (2)A medium,	
6	double-lined, black border(3) No list style type Add the following properties to the style for li:(4)	
	Margin of 5px (5)Padding of 10px to the top, 20px to the right, 10px to the bottom, and 20px to	
	the left .Also demonstrate list style type with user defined image logos	
	Create following web page using HTML and CSS with tabular layout	
7		
	Sign up today	
	Name:	
	E-mail:	
	Password:	
	Confirm password:	
	Register	
8.	Create following calculator interface with HTML and CSS	
	5789541257*653	
	7 8 9 X	
	4 5 6 -	
	0 . / =	
9.	Write a Java Script program that on clicking a button, displays scrolling text which moves from	
	left to right with a small delay.	
1. 10.	Create a webpage containing 3 overlapping images using HTML, CSS and JS. Further when the	
T (D	mouse is over any image, it should be on the top and fully displayed.	
Text Boo	bks: k-1: HTML & CSS: The Complete Reference Thomas A. Powell, , Fifth Edition, Tata McGraw	
Hill,	K-1. ITTWIL & CSS. The Complete Reference Thomas A. Fowen, , Fitth Edition, Tata McOlaw	
	k-2: WEB PROGRAMMING with HTML5, CSS and JavaScript, John Dean, Jones & Bartlett	
	, First Edition	

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description	
1	Week 1-2:Traditional HTML and XHTML	Competency : Basic Concepts of HTML and XHTML Knowledge :Structure of HTML Skills : Applying the basic concepts through execution.	
2	Week 3-4:HTML5	Competency: Document structure of HTML Knowledge: Basics tags of HTML an new tags of HTML5 Skills: Implementing the HTML5 tags.	
3	Week 5-6:Cascading Style Sheets (CSS)	Competency: Basic concepts of Cascading style sheets. Knowledge : different CSS styles applied to different components. Skills : Designing and implementing CSS on HTML.	
4	Week 7-8: Tables and CSS,	Competency: Understanding creation of Tables, Links and Images.	

First Year, MIT Mysore

Page 87 of 272

Dean Academics MIT Mysore MYSORE

Principal MIT Mysore

	Links and Images	Knowledge: Importance of CSS on links and Tables.
		Skills: Applying the concept Create HTML5 document with CSS
		,Links and different table tags
	Week 9-10:Introduction to JavaScript	Competency: Basic concepts of JavaScript
5		Knowledge: Understanding structure of JavaScript with HTML5
	JavaScript	Skills: Implementing HTM using JavaScript.

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies	Description	
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.	
2	Video/Animation	n Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding of Verilog concepts.	
3	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.	
4	Higher Order Thinking (HOTS) Questions:	Pose HOTS questions to stimulate critical thinking related to each competency.	
5	Problem-Based Learning (PBL)	Implement PBL to enhance analytical skills and practical application of competencies	
6	Pair Programming	Incorporate pair programming sessions where students collaborate in pairs to solve coding tasks or work on projects together.	
7	Case Studies and Best Practices	Case Studies and Analyzing code snippets, architectural decisions, and design patterns employed in these projects to belp students understand how Scala is applied in	
8	Problem-Solving Sessions	Organize problem-solving sessions where students can work together to solve coding challenges and overcome programming obstacles	

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Components		Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks	·		50	20

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Understanding	Objective: Explain the foundational technologies of web development

	Web	including HTML, CSS, and JavaScript.	
	Technologies	Skills: Write semantic HTML markup, apply CSS for styling and layout, and	
		implement JavaScript for interactivity and dynamic content.	
	Implementing	Objective: Apply JavaScript frameworks (e.g., React, Angular, Vue.js) to build	
2	Client-Side Programming	interactive user interfaces and enhance user experience.	
2		Skills: Use frameworks/libraries for state management, component-based	
		architecture, and handling asynchronous operations	
	Optimizing Web Performance	Objective: Optimize web application performance by minimizing load times,	
		reducing server response times, and improving overall user experience.	
3		Skills: Perform front-end optimization (e.g., minification, lazy loading),	
		optimize database queries, use caching mechanisms (e.g., CDN, browser	
		caching), and monitor performance metrics.	
		Objective: Stay updated with emerging web technologies, industry trends, and	
	Continuous	best practices to continuously improve skills and adapt to evolving demands.	
4	Learning and	Skills: Participate in online communities, attend workshops/conferences, and	
	Adaptation	explore new tools/frameworks to enhance proficiency and innovate in web	
	_	development.	

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)		
COs	Description	
M23BPLCK105A.1	Apply the knowledge of fundamental concepts of HTML, XHTML, CSS and JavaScript	
M23BPLCK105A.2	Identify complex engineering problems and providing suitable solutions using HTML5 and JavaScript	
M23BPLCK105A.3	Analyze various attributes, values and types of CSS to design Web components	
M23BPLCK105A.4	Investigate the core constructs and event handling mechanisms of JavaScript and CSS for providing valid solutions.	

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12
M23BPLCK105A.1	3											
M23BPLCK105A.2		3										
M23BPLCK105A.3			3									
M23BPLCK105A.4				3								
M23BPLCK105A	3	3	3	3								

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	001		H (anaa tion (CIH)		
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
All Experiments	10	10	10	20	50
Total					50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
All Experiments	20	20	30	30	100
Total					100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. Future with this Subject

The future of web programming is promising and continues to evolve rapidly with advancements in technology and changing user expectations. Here are several key aspects that highlight the future of web programming:

1.Progressive Web Applications (PWAs):



PWAs combine the best features of web and mobile applications, offering fast loading times, offline capabilities, and native-like user experiences. They are expected to become more prevalent as technology improves.

2.Single Page Applications (SPAs):

SPAs provide seamless user experiences by dynamically updating content without reloading the entire page. Frameworks like React, Angular, and Vue.js continue to dominate this space, with ongoing improvements in performance and developer experience.

3.Serverless Architecture:

Serverless computing allows developers to focus on writing code without managing servers. Services like AWS Lambda, Azure Functions, and Google Cloud Functions enable scalable and cost-effective solutions, driving the adoption of serverless architectures in web applications.

4.Web Assembly (Wasm):

Wasm enables running high-performance languages like C, C++, and Rust in web browsers, expanding the capabilities of web applications beyond traditional JavaScript limitations. It facilitates tasks such as gaming, multimedia processing, and complex computations directly in the browser.

5.AI and Machine Learning Integration:

AI and machine learning technologies are increasingly integrated into web applications for personalized user experiences, predictive analytics, and automation. JavaScript libraries and frameworks like TensorFlow.js and Brain.js enable developers to leverage AI capabilities in the browser.

6.Blockchain and Web3:

Blockchain technology and decentralized applications (dApps) are reshaping the web landscape with concepts like Web3. They offer enhanced security, transparency, and new economic models, influencing areas such as finance, supply chain management, and digital identity verification.

7.Responsive and Adaptive Design:

As the number of devices accessing the web grows, responsive and adaptive design principles remain crucial. Techniques such as CSS Grid, Flexbox, and responsive frameworks ensure that web applications deliver consistent user experiences across various screen sizes and devices.

8.Accessibility and Inclusive Design:

There is a growing emphasis on accessibility in web development, ensuring that web applications are usable by people with disabilities. Integrating accessible design practices and tools like screen readers, keyboard navigation, and ARIA roles will continue to be essential.

9.Cybersecurity and Privacy:

With increasing concerns over data privacy and security breaches, web developers must prioritize implementing robust security measures. This includes HTTPS encryption, secure authentication mechanisms, input validation, and regular security audits to protect user data and prevent vulnerabilities.

10.Continuous Learning and Adaptation:

Web developers need to embrace continuous learning to keep up with technological advancements, frameworks, and best practices. This involves staying engaged with developer communities, attending conferences, and exploring new tools and methodologies to stay competitive in the evolving field of web programming.

1 st Semester	Programming Language Courses - I(PLC)	M23BPLCK105B
1 Semester	Introduction to Python Programming	WI25DF LCK105D

1. Prerequisites

S/L		Prerequisites
1	Basic Computer	Familiarity with using computers, navigating files systems, and basic
¹ Skills		software operations.
	Fundamental	Understanding of basic programming concepts such as variables, data types,
2	Programming	loops, conditionals, functions, and basic algorithms. This can be from any
Concepts		programming language.
3	Problem-Solving	Ability to analyze problems and formulate logical steps to solve them.
5	Skills	
	Mathematical	Basic understanding of arithmetic operations, boolean logic, and problem-
4	and Logical	solving techniques.
	Thinking	
5	English	Since many learning resources and documentation are in English, a basic
5	Proficiency	understanding of English is beneficial.

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1	Syntax and Semantics	Understanding the basic syntax rules and language constructs of Python, such as variables, data types, operators, and control structures (loops, conditionals).
2	Data StructuresProficiency in working with Python's built-in data structures like lists, tuples, dictionaries, sets, and understanding when to use each.	
3	Functions and ModulesAbility to define and use functions effectively, including understanding function parameters, return values, and scope. Knowledge of importing and using modules to organize and reuse code.	
4	Object-Oriented Programming(OOP)	Understanding of OOP concepts such as classes, objects, inheritance, polymorphism, and encapsulation. Proficiency in creating and using classes and objects in Python.
5	File HandlingAbility to read from and write to files using Python's file handling mechanisms, including text and binary files.	
6	Exception Handling	Skill in handling errors and exceptions gracefully in Python programs using try-except blocks.
7	Algorithmic Thinking	Ability to apply algorithmic principles to solve computational problems efficiently using Python.
8	Documentation and Code Organization	Skill in writing clear, concise, and well-documented Python code. Understanding of code organization best practices, including naming conventions, comments, and documentation standards.

3. Syllabus

•

Introduction to Python Programming					
SEMESTER – I/II					
Course Code	BPLCK105B/205B	CIE Marks	50		
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	2:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50		
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40 hours	Total Marks	100		
Credits 03 Exam Hours 03					
Course objectives: This course will enable stud	lents to:				

Course objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Learn the syntax and semantics of the Python programming language.
- Illustrate the process of structuring the data using lists, tuples
- Appraise the need for working with various documents like Excel, PDF, Word and Others.
- Demonstrate the use of built-in functions to navigate the file system.
 - Implement the Object Oriented Programming concepts in Python.

Module-1 (08 hrs)

Python Basics: Entering Expressions into the Interactive Shell, The Integer, Floating-Point, andString Data Types, String Concatenation and Replication, Storing Values in Variables, Your FirstProgram, Dissecting Your Program, **Flow control**: Boolean Values, Comparison Operators, Boolean Operators, Mixing Boolean and Comparison Operators, Elements of Flow Control, Program Execution, Flow Control Statements,

Importing Modules, Ending a Program Early with sys.exit(), Functions: def Statements with Parameters, Return Values and return Statements, TheNone Value, Keyword Arguments and print(), Local and Global Scope, The global Statement, Exception Handling, A Short Program: Guess the Number Textbook 1: Chapters 1 – 3

Module-2 (08 hrs)

Lists: The List Data Type, Working with Lists, Augmented Assignment Operators, Methods, Example Program: Magic 8 Ball with a List, List-like Types: Strings and Tuples, References, Dictionaries and Structuring Data: The Dictionary Data Type, Pretty Printing, Using Data

Structures to Model Real-World Things,

Textbook 1: Chapters 4 – 5

Module-3 (08 hrs)

Manipulating Strings: Working with Strings, Useful String Methods, Project: Password Locker, Project: Adding Bullets to Wiki Markup

Reading and Writing Files: Files and File Paths, The os.path Module, The File Reading/WritingProcess, Saving Variables with the shelve Module, Saving Variables with the pprint.format() Function Textbook 1: Chapters 6, 8

Module-4 (08 hrs)

Organizing Files: The shutil Module, Walking a Directory Tree, Compressing Files with the zipfile Module

Debugging: Raising Exceptions, Getting the Traceback as a String, Assertions, Logging, IDLE"sDebugger. **Textbook 1: Chapters 9-10**

Module-5 (08 hrs)

Classes and objects: Programmer-defined types, Attributes, Rectangles, Instances as return values, Objects are mutable, Copying,

Classes and functions: Time, Pure functions, Modifiers, Prototyping versus planning,

Classes and methods: Object-oriented features, Printing objects, Another example, A more

complicated example, Theinit method, The __str__ method, Operator overloading, Type-baseddispatch, Polymorphism, Interface and implementation,

Textbook 2: Chapters 15 - 17

Programming Exercises:

1. a. Develop a program to read the student details like Name, USN, and Marks in three subjects. Display the student details, total marks and percentage with suitable messages.

b. Develop a program to read the name and year of birth of a person. Display whether the person is a senior citizen or not.

2. a. Develop a program to generate Fibonacci sequence of length (N). Read N from the console.

b. Write a function to calculate factorial of a number. Develop a program to compute binomial coefficient (Given N and R).

3. Read N numbers from the console and create a list. Develop a program to print mean, variance and standard deviation with suitable messages.

4. Read a multi-digit number (as chars) from the console. Develop a program to print the frequency of each digit with suitable message.

5. Develop a program to print 10 most frequently appearing words in a text file. [Hint: Use dictionary with distinct words and their frequency of occurrences. Sort the dictionary in the reverse order of frequency and display dictionary slice of first 10 items]

6. Develop a program to sort the contents of a text file and write the sorted contents into a separate text file. [Hint: Use string methods strip(), len(), list methods sort(), append(), and file methods open(), readlines(), and write()].

7. Develop a program to backing Up a given Folder (Folder in a current working directory) into a ZIP File by using relevant modules and suitable methods.

8. Write a function named DivExp which takes TWO parameters a, b and returns a value c (c=a/b). Write suitable assertion for a>0 in function DivExp and raise an exception for when b=0. Develop a suitable program which reads two values from the console and calls a function DivExp.

9. Define a function which takes TWO objects representing complex numbers and returns new complex number with a addition of two complex numbers. Define a suitable class 'Complex' to represent the complex number. Develop a program to read N (N>=2) complex numbers and to compute the addition of N complex numbers.

10. Develop a program that uses class Student which prompts the user to enter marks in three subjects and

calculates total marks, percentage and displays the score card details. [Hint: Use list to store the marks in three subjects and total marks. Use __init__() method to initialize name, USN and the lists to store marks and total, Use getMarks() method to read marks into the list, and display() method to display the score card details.]

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books

1. Al Sweigart, "Automate the Boring Stuff with Python", 1stEdition, No Starch Press, 2015.

(Available under CC-BY-NC-SA license at https://automatetheboringstuff.com/)

(Chapters 1 to 18, except 12) for lambda functions use this link:https://www.learnbyexample.org/python-lambda-function/

2. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition,

Green Tea Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC license at

http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf

(Chapters 13, 15, 16, 17, 18) (Download pdf/html files from the above link)

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Use advanced functions and productivity tools to assist in developing worksheets.
- Manipulate data lists using Outline and PivotTables.
- Use Consolidation to summarise and report results from multiple worksheets.
- Apply Macros and Autofilter to solve the given real world scenario.

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description	
1	Week 1-2: Python Basics Flow control Lab -1a Lab-1b	Entering Expressions into the Interactive Shell, The Integer, Floating- Point, and String Data Types, String Concatenation and Replication, Storing Values in Variables, Your First Program, Dissecting Your Program .Boolean Values, Comparison Operators,Boolean Operators,Mixing Boolean and Comparison Operators, Elements of Flow Control,Program Execution	
Week 3-4:Flow Control Statements, Importing Modules, Ending a Program:Flow controlWithsys.exit(), def Statements with Parameters, Return ValueFunctionsStatements, The None Value, Keyword Arguments and printListsGlobal Scope, The global Statement, Exception Handling, ALab -2aProgram: Guess the Number The List Data Type, Working FLab-2bAugmented Assignment Operators, Methods, Example Program:Ball with a List, List-like Types: Strings and Tuples, Refer			
3	Week 5-6: Dictionaries and Structuring Data Manipulating Strings Lab -4 Lab-5	The Dictionary Data Type, Pretty Printing, Using Data Structures to Model Real-World Things, Working with Strings, Useful String Methods, Working with Strings, Useful String Methods	
4	Week 7-8: Reading and Writing Files Organizing Files Lab -6 Lab-7	Files and File Paths, The os.path Module, The File Reading/Writing Process, Saving Variables with the shelve Module, Saving Variables with the print.format() Function, The shutil Module, Walking a Directory Tree, Compressing Files with the zipfile Module	
Week 9-10: Debugging Classes and objects Lab -8Raising Exceptions, Getting the Logging, IDLE"s Debugger Programmer-defined types, Attr		Raising Exceptions, Getting the Traceback as a String, Assertions, Logging, IDLE"s Debugger Programmer-defined types, Attributes, Rectangles, Instances as return values, Objects are mutable, Copying,	
6	Week 11-12: Classes and functions Classes and methods Lab-10	Time, Pure functions, Modifiers, Prototyping versus planning, Object-oriented features, Printing objects, Another example, A more complicated example, Theinit method, Thestr method, Operator overloading, Type-based dispatch, Polymorphism, Interface and implementation,	

Page 93 of 272

	TLP Strategies:			
S/L	~~~~	Description		
1	Hands-on Coding	oding write code, debug, and experiment with Python programs. Use coding exercises, projects, and challenges to reinforce learning		
2	InteractiveUse interactive Python environments like Jupyter Notebooks, REPL (Read- Eval-Print Loop), or IDEs (Integrated Development Environments) such as PyCharm or Visual Studio Code. These tools allow students to see immediate results and interactively explore concepts.			
3	Real-world Examples Relate Python concepts to real-world applications and examples that resonat with students' interests or future career paths. For example, show how Pythor used in data analysis, web development, or artificial intelligence.			
4	Peer Learning and Collaboration	Encourage students to work together on coding projects or problem-solving tasks. Peer learning can enhance understanding as students explain concepts to each other and learn from different approaches.		
5	Project-Based Learning	Assign projects that require students to apply Python to solve practical problems. This approach reinforces understanding, encourages creativity, and prepares students for real-world coding scenarios.		
6	Incremental Complexity:	Start with simple Python concepts and gradually increase the complexity of topics as students gain proficiency. This approach helps build a strong foundation and prevents overwhelming students with advanced topics too soon.		
7	Continuous Learning	Python is a rapidly evolving language with new features and libraries regularly introduced. Encourage students to stay updated through online resources, tutorials, and participation in Python communities.		

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Com	ponents	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks	50	20		

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Understanding Basic Programming Constructs	 Define and use variables, constants, and data types in Python. Apply basic operations (arithmetic, comparison, logical) in Python.
2	Control Structures	 Implement conditional statements (if, elif, else) and understand their purpose. Utilize loops (for, while) for repetitive tasks and iteration.

First Year, MIT Mysore

Page 94 of 272

3	Functions and Modular Programming	 Define and call functions in Python. Understand function parameters, return values, and scope. Organize code into modules and understand their role in code organization and reusability.
4	Data Structures	 Understand and use fundamental data structures in Python such as lists, tuples, dictionaries, and sets. Implement operations on these data structures (e.g., indexing, slicing, adding, removing items).
5	Object-Oriented Programming (OOP)	 Define classes and objects in Python. Implement encapsulation, inheritance, and polymorphism in Python classes. Understand the benefits of OOP and when to use it.
6	Error Handling:	 Recognize common types of errors and exceptions in Python. Use try-except blocks to handle exceptions gracefully.

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs Course Outcomes (COs)

Course Outcom						
COs	Description					
BPLCK105B.1	Apply the fundamentals of Python programming to solve complex problems.					
BPLCK105B.2 Analysedifferent data structures, concepts of string manipulation used in pythory programming						
BPLCK105B.3	Interpret the concepts of object oriented programming using Python					
BPLCK105B.4 Develop Solutions to the real world problems using python and justify through form reasoning with completeexperimental documentation.						

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1	PO1	PO1
05/105	roi	F02	103	104	F05	ruo	FU/	FUð	109	0	1	2
BPLCK105B.1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
BPLCK105B.2	-	3	-	-	•	-	•	•	•	•	-	-
BPLCK105B.3	-	-	2	-	•	-	•	•	•	•	-	-
BPLCK105B.4			-	3	2	-	•	•	•	•	-	-
BPLCK105B	3	3	2	3	2							

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1						
Module 2						
Module 3						
Module 4						
Module 5						
Total						50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1						
Module 2						
Module 3						
Module 4						
Module 5						
Total						100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

First Year, MIT Mysore

Page 95 of 272

i du Principal MIT Mysore

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. Future with this Subject

Python's future looks promising across various domains and industries due to its versatility, ease of use, and strong community support. Here are ten aspects that highlight Python's future prospects:

- 1. **Data Science and Machine Learning**: Python is the dominant language in data science and machine learning due to libraries like NumPy, Pandas, SciPy, and scikit-learn. Its simplicity and powerful libraries make it ideal for data manipulation, analysis, and building machine learning models.
- 2. Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Deep Learning: Python, especially with frameworks like TensorFlow, PyTorch, and Keras, is widely used for AI and deep learning applications. Its flexibility and ease of integration with other technologies make it a preferred choice for developing AI solutions.
- 3. **Web Development**: Python frameworks like Django and Flask are popular for web development. They offer robust features, security, and scalability, making Python a strong contender for building web applications and APIs.
- 4. **Scientific Computing**: Python's libraries such as SciPy, Matplotlib, and SymPy make it valuable for scientific computing tasks such as simulations, numerical computing, and visualization.
- 5. Automation and Scripting: Python's simplicity and extensive standard library make it ideal for automation tasks, system administration, and scripting. It is used in DevOps for configuration management and deployment automation.
- 6. **Education**: Python's readability and simplicity make it an excellent language for teaching programming fundamentals. It is widely used in educational institutions worldwide to introduce students to coding.
- 7. **IoT** (**Internet of Things**): Python's lightweight footprint and support for microcontrollers make it suitable for IoT development. Libraries like MicroPython and CircuitPython simplify programming for IoT devices.
- 8. **Finance and Fintech**: Python is widely used in finance for quantitative analysis, risk management, algorithmic trading, and building financial models. Its libraries like pandas and NumPy are particularly valuable in financial analytics.
- 9. **Game Development**: Python, with libraries like Pygame and Panda3D, is used for developing 2D and 3D games. Its simplicity and rapid development capabilities make it popular among game developers.
- 10. **Cross-platform Compatibility**: Python's cross-platform compatibility allows developers to write code once and deploy it across multiple platforms, including Windows, macOS, Linux, and mobile platforms (via frameworks like Kivy and BeeWare).



1 st Semester	Programming Language Courses - I (PLC)	M23BPLCK105C
1 Semester	Basics of JAVA Programming	WI25DI LCKI05C

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1.	Basic Programming Constructs	Knowledge of fundamental programming concepts such as variables, data types, control structures (if statements, loops), and functions/methods.
2.	Logic and Problem- Solving Skills	Ability to think logically and solve problems systematically.
3.	Mathematical Operations	Basic arithmetic operations and understanding of basic algebra.
4.	Using a Text Editor or IDE	Comfort with text editors (e.g., Notepad++, Sublime Text) or Integrated Development Environments (IDEs) like IntelliJ IDEA, Eclipse, or NetBeans.
5.	Problem-Solving Skills	Ability to analyze problems, break them down into smaller components, and devise solutions. Shell scripting often involves solving various problems efficiently.

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description	
	Proficiency in Command Line Interface	 Knowledge: Understand the fundamental of Command line Interface when writing Java program using Linux terminal Skills: Efficient file manipulation, text processing, and system administrations. Attitudes: Be comfortable with command line interface 	
	Syntax and Semantics	 Knowledge: Understanding Java syntax and semantics, including data types, operators, control structures, and exception handling. Skills: Writing Java program to solve various problems using the learned skills Attitudes: Confident in writing Java Program. 	
	Object-Oriented Programming Knowledge: Deep knowledge of OOP principles and their application in Java, include classes, objects, inheritance, polymorphism, encapsulation, and abstract Skills: Increase problem analysis and developing program. Attitudes: Confident in using OOP principles when developing program. 		
	Algorithm Design	 Knowledge: Ability to design and implement algorithms to solve complex problems. Skills: Ability convert algorithm into program. Attitudes: Comfortable in writing java program to solve complex problems. 	

3. Syllabus

Basic of JAVA Programming					
S	SEMESTER – I				
Course CodeM23BPLK105/205CCIE Marks50					
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)(2:0:2)SEE Marks50					
Total Number of Lecture Hours40 hoursTotal Marks100					
Credits 03 Exam Hours 03					
Course Learning objectives:					
• Learn fundamental features of object oriented language and JAVA					
• Set up Iava IDK environment to crea	ate debug and run simple I	ava programs			

- Set up Java JDK environment to create, debug and run simple Java programs. Learn object oriented concepts using programming examples.
- •

Principal

• Study the concepts of importing of packages and exception handling mechanism.

Module -1

An Overview of Java: Object-Oriented Programming, A First Simple Program, A Second Short Program, Two Control Statements, Using Blocks of Code, Lexical Issues, The Java Class Libraries, Data Types, Variables, and Arrays: Java Is a Strongly Typed Language, The Primitive Types, Integers, Floating-Point Types, Characters, Booleans, A Closer Look at Literals, Variables, Type Conversion and Casting, Automatic Type Promotion in Expressions, Arrays, A Few Words About Strings. Text book 1: Ch 2, Ch 3

Module -2

Operators: Arithmetic Operators, The Bitwise Operators, Relational Operators, Boolean Logical Operators, The Assignment Operator, The ? Operator, Operator Precedence, Using Parentheses, Control Statements: Java"s Selection Statements, Iteration Statements, Jump Statements. Text book 1: Ch 4, Ch 5

Module -3

Introducing Classes: Class Fundamentals, Declaring Objects, Assigning Object Reference Variables, Introducing Methods, Constructors, The this Keyword, Garbage Collection, The finalize () Method, A Stack Class, A Closer Look at Methods and Classes: Overloading Methods, Using Objects as Parameters, A Closer Look at Argument Passing, Returning Objects, Recursion, Introducing Access Control, Understanding static, Introducing final, Arrays Revisited.

Text book 1: Ch 6, Ch 7 (7.1-7.9)

Module -4

Inheritance: Inheritance, Using super, Creating a Multilevel Hierarchy, When Constructors Are Called, Method Overriding, Dynamic Method Dispatch, Using Abstract Classes, Using final with Inheritance, The Object Class.

Text book 1: Ch 8

Module -5

Packages and Interfaces: Packages, Access Protection, Importing Packages, Interfaces, Exception Handling: Exception-Handling Fundamentals, Exception Types, Uncaught Exceptions, Using try and catch, Multiple catch Clauses, Nested try Statements, throw, throws, finally, Java"s Built-in Exceptions, Creating Your Own Exception Subclasses, Chained Exceptions, Using Exceptions. Text book 1: Ch 9, Ch 10

Text Book(s)

1. Herbert Schildt, Java The Complete Reference, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.

Web link:

https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_cs47/preview

Programming Assignments

1. Write a JAVA program that prints all real solutions to the quadratic equation $ax^2+bx+c=0$. Read in a, b, c and use the quadratic formula.

2. Write a JAVAprogram for multiplication of two arrays.

3. Demonstrate the following operations and sign extension with Java programs (i) << (ii) >> (iii) >>>

4. Write aJAVA program to sort list of elements in ascending and descending order

5. Create a JAVA class called Student with the following details as variables within it.

USN

NAME

BRANCH PHONE

PERCENTAGE

Write a JAVA program to create n Student objects and print the USN, Name, Branch, Phone, and percentage of these objects with suitable headings.

6. Write a JAVA program demonstrating Method overloading and Constructor overloading.

7. Design a super class called Staff with details as StaffId, Name, Phone, Salary. Extend this class by writing three subclasses namely Teaching (domain, publications), Technical (skills), and Contract (period). Write a JAVA program to read and display at least 3 staff objects of all three categories.

Page 98 of 272

8. Demonstrate dynamic dispatch using abstract class in JAVA.
9. Create two packages P1 and P2. In package P1, create class A, class B inherited from A, class C. In package P2, create class D inherited from class A in package P1 and class E. Demonstrate working of access modifiers (private, public, protected, default) in all these classes using JAVA.
10. Write a JAVA program to read two integers a and b. Compute a/b and print, when b is not zero. Raise an exception when b is equal to zero. Also demonstrate working of ArrayIndexOutOfBoundException.

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description			
1	Week 1-2: An Overview of Java	 Understand: Principles of object oriented programming, Java programming concepts. Acquire the Knowledge of OOP's concepts and basics of Java Program (Data Types, Variables, arrays, etc.) Including the implementation of Java program for the learned concepts. 			
2	Week 3-4: Operators	Impart the knowledge of various operators used in Java program. Also understand the process of type conversion etc. Including the implementation of Java program for the learned concepts.			
3	Week 5-6: Introducing Classes	Understand the one of the important principles of Java program that is class and class structure. Including the implementation of Java program for the learned concepts.			
4	Week 7-8: Inheritance	Acquire the Knowledge: Inheritance and different types of inheritance. Implementation of inheritance. Including the implementation of Java program for the learned concepts.			
5	Week 9-10: Packages and Interfaces	Understand the importance of package and interface. Implement the packages and interfaces.			
6	Week 11-12: Integration and Practical Applications	Apply learned concepts and competencies to real-world scenarios. Hands-on practice with programming assignments.			

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.
2	Live Demonstration	Develop and run Java programs in the classroom.
3	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.
4	Higher Order Thinking (HOTS) Questions:	Pose HOTS questions to stimulate critical thinking related to each competency.
5	Problem-Based Learning (PBL)	Implement PBL to enhance analytical skills and practical application of competencies
6	Multiple Representations	Introduce topics in various representations to reinforce competencies
7	Programming Assignments	Assign programming tasks to improve the practical skills.

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Comp	onents	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks			50	20

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
	Understanding	Syntax and Structure: Learn the basic syntax and structure of Java
1	Programming	programs, including data types, variables, operators, control flow
	Fundamentals	statements (if, else, switch), and loops (for, while, do-while).
	Mastering Object-Oriented	Core OOP Concepts: Grasp the fundamental principles of OOP, such
2	Programming (OOP)	as classes, objects, inheritance, polymorphism, encapsulation, and
	r togramming (OOF)	abstraction.
	Developing Problem-	Algorithm Development: Develop the ability to break down
3	Solving Skills	problems into smaller, manageable tasks and create algorithms to
	Solving Skins	solve them.
	Building Simple	Hands-On Practice: Apply your knowledge to build simple
4	Applications	applications, reinforcing what you've learned and gaining practical
	Applications	experience.

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs Course Outcomes (COs)

COs	Description
M23BPLK105C.1	Understand and apply the fundamental concepts and object oriented concepts in JAVA programming.
M23BPLK105C.2	Analyze working of various operators and control statements in JAVA
M23BPLK105C.3	Develop simple programs based on classes, polymorphism and inheritance.
M23BPLK105C.4	Develop a java program to importing packages and exception handling mechanism.

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

	PO											
COs/POs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
M23BPLK105C.1	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
M23BPLK105C.2	-	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
M23BPLK105C.3	-	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
M23BPLK105C.4	-	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
M23BPLK105C	3	3	3		3							2

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1						
Module 2						
Module 3						
Module 4						
Module 5						

Total						
		Semester I	End Examination	on (SEE)		
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1						
Module 2						
Module 3						
Module 4						
Module 5						
Total						100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. Future with this Subject

The "Basics of Java Programming" course in the first semester of the B.E (Computer Science & Engineering Branches) program places an important role for learning several future courses in the undergraduate program. This subject is very important in learning subjects such as Analysis and Design of Algorithm, Data Structures, Python programming, etc.

Here are some notable contributions:

- **Cloud Platforms:** Understand how to deploy Java applications to cloud platforms like AWS, Google Cloud Platform, or Azure.
- **Big Data Technologies:** Explore big data technologies such as Hadoop, Spark, and Kafka, and how to integrate them with Java applications.
- Android Development: Study Android development to build mobile applications using Java.
- Advanced Data Structures: Study advanced data structures like trees (binary trees, AVL trees, redblack trees), graphs, and heaps.
- Algorithms: Learn about more complex algorithms, including sorting algorithms (quick sort, merge sort), search algorithms (binary search, depth-first search, breadth-first search), and dynamic programming.



Page 101 of 272

1 st Semester	Programming Language Courses - I (PLC)	M23BPLCK105D
	Introduction to C++ Programming	

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1	Basic Computer Skills	Familiarity of different Operating Systems and the basic knowledge of command line usage is very needful.
2	Knowledge of Integrated Development Environment	Requires the basic skills to use various tools like text editor, compiler, linker and C++ IDE.
3	Problem Solving Skills	Knowledge of the Algorithmic thinking and Logical thinking needed.
4	Mathematics	Proficiency in Mathematics required to find the roots of quadratic equation, Trigonometric Functions etc,.
5	Basics of C Programming	Fundamental understanding of C is essential for object-oriented programming. This includes syntax, data types, variables, control structures, functions, and pointers
6	Previous Coursework	Completion of introductory courses in principles of programming in C related field.

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1	Introduction to Object Oriented Concepts	 Knowledge: Importance of Object Orientation Concepts. Understanding of the basics of Object Orientation Programming. Skills: Ability to apply Object Orientation Concepts to create objects using appropriate structure. Attitudes: Appreciation to understand the importance of object orientation perspective and implement the same at basic level.
2	Basic of Programming	 Knowledge: Understanding of basic elements of programming specific to C++ Language. Basics of C++ program execution. Skills: Designing basic C++ program using basic elements of programming language. Creating and executing simple C++ programs. Attitudes: Appreciation for the role of C++ programming elements and its execution.
3	C++ Classes and its methods	 Knowledge: Understanding how classes are defined with data members and methods. Skills: Designing of classes for real world objects. Defining appropriate attributes and methods for classes. Attitudes: Valuing the importance of classes and its methods in line with real-world objects.
4	Reusability of Classes and Methods	 Knowledge: Understanding the importance of code reusability through classes and methods reusability. Skills: Applying concepts of object orientation with classes and methods. Describing the actually importance of reusability through implementations. Attitudes: Openness to learning and using object orientation concepts to achieve code reusability.
5	Exceptions and Handling the	Knowledge: Understanding of issues with exceptions.

Page 102 of 272

Principal MIT Mysore Î

Exceptions	Skills:
	Implementing how to handle the exceptions through appropriate C++
	programming construct.
	Attitudes:
	Appreciation for the way exception is handled and making the execution of
	program in control.

3. Syllabus structure

S/L	Syllabus structure	KS Description
1.	Module 1: Introduction to object Oriented Programming	Competency : Basic C++ Programming Knowledge : C++ Programming basic constructs. Skills : Applying basic programming constructs in C++ execution environment
2	Module 2: Basic data types and Decision and Control Structures	Competency : C++ Looping Constructs and Classes Knowledge : Basics of C++ Classes with looping constructs. Skills: Designing and Implementing Classes in C++ and Looping constructs.
3	Module 3: Classes and Objects and Constructor and Destructors	Competency: Class with Constructor and Destructor. Knowledge : Basics of C++ Classes with constructors and destructours. Skills : Designing and implementing class methods through Constructor and Destructors.
4	Module 4: Operator Overloading Inheritance,	Competency: Operator overloading andInheritance with Packages and Interfaces Knowledge: Importance of Inheritance, Use of Packages and Interfaces. Skills: Applying the concept of Inheritance with Classes, creating package and importing the same with interfaces.
5	Module 5: Polymorphism Exception,, Handling,	Competency: Polymorphism,Exceptions, and Exception-handling Knowledge : Understanding plymorphism Exception, handling exceptions Skills : Implementing exception handlers.

4. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.
2	Image/Video/Animation	Incorporate visual aids like image/videos/animations to enhance understanding of programming constructs.
3	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.
4	Higher Order Thinking (HOTS) Questions:	Pose HOTS questions to stimulate critical thinking related to each competency.
5	Programming-Based Learning (PBL)	Implement PBL to enhance analytical skills and practical application of competencies
6	Real-World Application	Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real- world competencies.
7	Flipped Class Technique	Utilize a flipped class approach, providing materials before class to facilitate deeper understanding of competencies
8	Programming Assignments	Assign programming tasks to reinforce practical skills associated with competencies.

Page 103 of 272

Principal MIT Mysore M Tichar

<u> </u>	llabus Timeline	
S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1- 2:Introduction to object Oriented Programming and Tokens	Competency : Basic C++ Programming Knowledge :C++Programming Tokens. Skills : Applying basic programming tokens in C++ execution environment.
2	Week 3-4: Basic data types and Decision and Control Structures	Competency : Looping Constructs and C++ Classes Knowledge : Basics of C++ Classes with looping constructs. Skills: Designing and Implementing Classes in C++ and Looping constructs.
3	Week 5-6: Classes and Objects and Constructor and Destructors,	Competency: Class with Constructor and Destructors. Knowledge : Using Constructor and Destructors memory is allocated and de-allocated Skills : Designing and implementing Constructors.
4	Week 7-8: Operator Overloading and Inheritance,	Competency: operator overloading and Inheritance with Packages and Interfaces Knowledge: Importance of Inheritance, Use of Packages and Interfaces. Skills: Applying the concept of Inheritance with Classes, creating package and importing the same with interfaces.
5	Week 9- 10:Polymorphism and Exceptions-Handling.	Competency: Polymorphism,Exceptions, Exception-handling. Knowledge : Understanding Exception, handling exceptions Skills : Implementing exception handlers.

5. Syllabus Timeline

6. Syllabus

	N TO C++ PROGRAMMING EMESTER – I		
Course Code	M23BPLK105/205D	CIE Marks	50
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(3:0:2:0)	SEE Marks	50
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab slots	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course objectives:			•

Module -1

Introduction to object Oriented Programming: OOP Paradigm, Basic concepts of OOP,Beginning with C++, Applications of C++, A simple C++ programs, Structure of C++ Program.

Tokens: Character sets and Symbols, Keywords, C++ Identifiers, Variables and Constants, Dynamic Initialization of variables, Reference variables, Operators.

Module -2

Basic data types: Data types in C++, User defined data types, Storage classes, , Type cast Operators. **Decision and Control Structures:** if statement, if-else statement, switch statement, Loop: while, do while, for, Jump Statements: break, return, go to.

Module -3

Classes and Objects: Classes in C, class declaration, declaring objects, Define member functions, call by reference, return by reference, inline functions, default arguments, Function Overloading **Constructor and Destructors :** Constructors, Parameterized constructors, Multiple Constructors in a class,

Constructors with default arguments, Dynamic initialization of Objects, Const object, Destructors.

Module -4

Operator Overloading: Introduction, Defining operator overloading, Overloading unary and binary operators, Type Conversions

Inheritance: Defining Derived classes, Types of Inheritance- Single inheritance, Multilevel inheritance, Multiple inheritance, Hierarchical ineritance, Hybrid Inheritance, Abstract classes, constructors in derived class, Member classes..

Module -5

Polymorphism: Introduction, Virtual functions, virtual constructor and destructors. **Exception Handling:** Basic of Exception Handling, Exception Handling Mechanism, Throwing Mechanism, Catching Mechanism, Rethrowing an Exception, Exception in Operator overloaded functions.

Page 104 of 272

	List of Programs for Practice					
1	Design a C++ program to perform simple calculator.					
2	An election is contested by five candidates. The candidates are numbered 1 to 5 and a voting is done by marking the candidate number in a ballot paper. Write a C++ program to read the ballot and count the votes cast for each candidate using an array variable count. In case, a number read is outside the range 1 to 5 the ballot should be considered as a 'spoilt ballot', and the program should also count the number of spoilt ballots.					
3	Develop a C++ program to sort the elements in ascending and descending order					
4	4 Develop a C++ program to demonstrate function overloading for the following prototypes. add(int a, int b) add(double a, double b)					
5	5 Develop a C++ program using Operator Overloading for overloading Unary minus operator.					
6	Develop a C++ program to implement Multiple inheritance for performing arithmetic operation of two numbers.					
7	Develop a C++ program using Constructor in Derived classes to initialize alpha, beta and gamma and display corresponding values.					
8	Develop a C++ program to swap two integer numbers.					
9	Develop a function which throws a division by zero exception and catch it in catch block. Write a C++ program to demonstrate usage of try, catch and throw to handle exception.					
10	0 Develop a C++ program that handles array out of bounds exception using C++.					
	Text Books: 1. Balagurusamy E, Object Oriented Programming with C++, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt.Ltd., Sixth					
	tion 2016.					
Ref	erence Books:					
1 1	Jorbert sobildt. The Complete Deference City Ath addition. TMH 2005					

- 1. Herbert schildt, The Complete Reference C++, 4th edition, TMH, 2005
- 2. D.S Guru, Object- Oriented Programming with C++.

7. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Com	ponents	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks	·		50	20

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description			
	Understanding				
1	fundamentals of C++	Students will grasp the fundamental concepts of C++ Programming,			
	Programming	including basic constructs.			
	Constructs				
2	Executing Simple C++	Students will learn to design and execute basic and simple C++			
2	Programs	programs.			
3	Programming-Based	Through program execution-based learning, students will undergo the			
5	Learning	demonstration of C++ programming constructs working principles.			

8. Learning Objectives

4	Proficiency in C++ Specific Constructs	Students will become proficient in understanding and applying the C++ specific constructs to improve the efficiency of C++programming logics.
5	Ethical and Professional Responsibility	Students will understand the ethical and professional responsibilities associated with C++ Programming, including respecting intellectual property rights, ensuring design reliability and security, and adhering to industry standards and best practices.

9. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)

COs	Description			
M23BPLK105D.1	Understand and apply the basic programming constructs.			
M23BPLK205D.2	Apply the structure of classes and methods in C++ programming environment.			
M23BPLK105D.3	Analyze the different programming constructs of C++ and its effectiveness in improving the efficiency of C++ programs.			
M23BPLK105D.4	Implement appropriate C++ programming constructs to solve real-world problem sample scenarios.			

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

	PO											
COs/POs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
M23BPLK105D.1	3											
M23BPLK205D.2	3											
M23BPLK105D.3		3										
M23BPLK105D.4			3									
M23BPLK105D	3	3	3									

10. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
Module 1					
Module 2					
Module 3					
Module 4					
Module 5					
Total					50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
Module 1					
Module 2					
Module 3					
Module 4					
Module 5					
Total					100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

11. Future with this Subject

- **Continued Evolution and Standardization:** C++ continues to evolve with regular updates and new standards. The C++20 standard introduced significant new features such as modules, co routines, concepts, and improved concurrency support. Future standards, such as C++23 and beyond, are anticipated to further enhance the language, focusing on performance, simplicity, and safety. These updates ensure that C++ remains modern and relevant.
- Educational Importance: C++ continues to be a staple in computer science education. It teaches fundamental programming concepts, including memory management and system-level programming, which are essential for understanding more complex languages and systems
- **Systems and Embedded Programming:** C++ is foundational in systems programming, including operating systems, drivers, and embedded systems. Its ability to interact closely with hardware while maintaining a high level of performance makes it indispensable in these areas. The Internet of Things (IoT) and smart devices will further bolster the demand for C++ in embedded systems.
- Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning :While Python dominates the AI and machine learning space, C++ is crucial for performance-critical components of ML frameworks like TensorFlow and PyTorch. It is used to optimize algorithms and enhance the efficiency of AI applications, especially in production environments.
- Web Assembly: With the rise of Web Assembly, C++ can be used to write high-performance code that runs in the browser. This opens new avenues for C++ in web development, enabling the development of complex web applications that require near-native performance..
- Community and Ecosystem: The C++ community is vibrant and active, continually contributing to its ecosystem with libraries, tools, and frameworks. This ongoing support ensures that C++ remains relevant and accessible for developers.



1 st Semester	Humanities (HS)	MAADDWGV10C	
1 Semester	Professional Writing Skills in English	M23BPWSK106	l

1. Prerequisites

 1.11	erequisites	
S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1	Knowledge of Basic English	Basic Grammar and Constructing sentences as studied from 1 st to 12 th std.

2. Competencies (A minimum of four competencies may be written)

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1	Basic Grammar	Knowledge: Basic knowledge of English grammar. Skills: Building/Constructing Sentences . Attitudes: Appreciation for the English grammar and literature
2	Vocabulary	Knowledge: Understanding repository of words Skills: Building repository of English words to create effective sentence formation. Attitudes: Appreciation for use of strong vocabulary
3	Essence of Communication	 Knowledge: Understanding primary and essential components of communication Skills: Designing presentation for an occasion and dealing a situation with effective communication Attitudes: Valuing the importance of Effective communication in strong and competitive situations
4 Professionalism and Managing Emotional Intelligence		Knowledge: Understanding importance of Professionalism and Emotional Intelligence Skills: Applying Professionalism to manage business & work. Controlling Emotional Intelligence to handle conflicts Attitudes: Achievement of goals through professionalism and ability to handle emotional Intelligence

3. Syllabus

PROESSIONAL WRITING SKILLS IN ENGLISH SEMESTER – II						
Course	e Code	M23BPWSK206/106	CIE Marks	50		
Numb	er of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(2:0:0)	SEE Marks	50		
Total	Number of Lecture Hours	30 hours	Total Marks	100		
Credit	S	01	Exam Hours	01		
Cours	se objectives:					
1.	Students will advance their understan					
	common errors in usage, subject-ver	b agreement, and advanced	l vocabulary applica	tions.		
2.	The course aims to improve technica technical reports and proposals, scien					
	employment.	itilie wittilig processes, all	u professionai comin			
3.	Participants will learn the essentials	of professional communica	tion, including grou	p discussions,		
	job interview strategies, intra- and in	terpersonal communication	n skills, and non-ver	bal cues.		
4.	4. Students will gain knowledge in work ethic, professionalism, business etiquette, and emotional					
	intelligence, preparing them for a professional setting.					
5.	5. The course will focus on developing emotional intelligence, understanding its components, and					
applying strategies to enhance leadership and teamwork skills						
		Module -1				

Principal MIT Mysore Identifying Common Errors in Writing and Speaking English : Advanced English Grammar for Professionals with exercises, Common errors identification in parts of speech, Use of verbs and phrasal verbs, Auxiliary verbs and their forms, Subject Verb Agreement (Concord

Rules with Exercises). Common errors in Subject-verb agreement, Noun-pronoun agreement, Sequence of Tenses and errors identification in Tenses. Advanced English Vocabulary and its types with exercises - Verbal Analogies, Words Confused/Misused. Nature and Style of sensible writing :

Organizing Principles of Paragraphs in Documents, Writing Introduction and Conclusion, Importance of Proper Punctuation, The Art of Condensation (Precise writing) and Techniques in Essay writing, Common Errors due to Indianism in English Communication, Creating Coherence and Cohesion, Sentence arrangements exercises, Practice of Sentence Corrections activities. Importance of Summarising and Paraphrasing.

Misplaced modifiers, Contractions, Collocations, Word Order, Errors due to the Confusion of words, Common errors in the use of Idioms and phrases, Gender, Singular & Plural. Redundancies & Clichés

Module -2

Technical Reading and Writing Practices :

Reading Process and Reading Strategies, Introduction to Technical writing process, Understanding of writing process, Effective Technical Reading and Writing Practices, Introduction to Technical Reports writing, Significance of Reports, Types of Reports.

Introduction to Technical Proposals Writing, Types of Technical Proposals, Characteristics of Technical Proposals. Scientific Writing Process.

Grammar - Voice and Speech (Active and Passive Voices) and Reported Speech, Spotting Error Exercises, Sentence Improvement Exercises, Cloze Test and Theme Detection Exercises.

Professional Communication for Employment :

The Listening Comprehension, Importance of Listening Comprehension, Types of Listening, Understanding and Interpreting, Listening Barriers, Improving Listening Skills. Attributes of a good and poor listener.

Reading Skills and Reading Comprehension, Active and Passive Reading, Tips for effective reading.

Preparing for Job Application, Components of a Formal Letter, Formats and Types of official, employment, Business Letters, Resume vs Bio Data, Profile, CV and others, Types of resume, Writing effective resume for employment, Model Letter of Application (Cover Letter) with Resume, Emails, Blog Writing, Memos (Types of Memos) and other recent communication types.

Module -3

Professional Communication at Workplace :

Group Discussions - Importance, Characteristics, Strategies of a Group Discussions. Group Discussions is a Tool for Selection. Employment/ Job Interviews - Importance, Characteristics, Strategies of a Employment/ Job Interviews. Intra and Interpersonal Communication Skills - Importance, Characteristics, Strategies of a Intra and Interpersonal Communication Skills. NonVerbal Communication Skills (Body Language) and its importance in GD and PI/JI/EI. Presentation skills and Formal Presentations by Students - Importance, Characteristics, Strategies of Presentation Skills. Dialogues in Various Situations (Activity based Practical Sessions in class by Students).

Business Etiquettes

- Greetings and Introductions in Business Settings >
- **Business Dining Etiquette** >
- Dress Code and Personal Grooming >
- > Electronic Etiquette: Phone, Email, and Social Media

>	> International Business Etiquette: Understanding Cultural Differences				
	Module -4				
Work	Ethic and Professionalism				
>	Defining Work Ethic: Traits and Characteristics				
>	The Importance of Reliability and Accountability				
>	Maintaining Confidentiality				
>	Building a Positive Professional Image				
>	Balancing Professionalism with Personal Authenticity				
	Module -5				
Emoti	onal Intelligence				
>	Defining Emotional Intelligence (EI)				
>	The Five Components of EI (Daniel Goleman's Model)				
>	Strategies to Boost Emotional Intelligence				

Role of EI in Leadership and Teamwork

Overcoming Emotional Triggers

4. Syllabus Timeline

>

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1-3: Identifying Common Errors in Writing and Speaking English	Advanced English Grammar for Professionals, Common errors in Subject-verb agreement, Noun-pronoun agreement, Sequence of Tenses and errors identification in Tenses. Advanced English Vocabulary and its types with exercises – Verbal Analogies, Words Confused/Misused. Nature and Style of sensible writing ,Importance of Proper Punctuation, Essay writing, The Art of Condensation (Precise writing) and Techniques in Essay writing.
2	Week 4-6: Technical Reading and Writing Practices, Professional Communication for Employment	Reading Process and Reading Strategies, Introduction to Technical writing process, Technical Proposals. Scientific Writing Process, Grammar – Voice and Speech (Active and Passive Voices) and Reported Speech, Spotting Error. The Listening Comprehension, Reading Skills and Reading Comprehension, Preparing for Job Application, Letter writing, Resume Preparation
3	Week 7-9: Professional Communication at Workplace, Business Etiquettes	Group Discussions – Importance, Characteristics, Strategies of a Group Discussions, Employment/ Job Interviews - Importance, Characteristics, Strategies of a Employment/ Job Interviews. Intra and Interpersonal Communication Skills, Body Language Presentation skills and Formal Presentations by Students Business Etiquettes-Appearance grooming, Electronic etiquettes, International Business Etiquettes
4	Week 10-12: Work Ethic and Professionalism	Traits and Characteristics of work ethics, The Importance of Reliability and Accountability, Maintaining Confidentiality, Professional Image Balancing Professionalism with Personal Authenticity
5	One day Crash course:Emotional Intelligence	Definition, Daniel Goleman's model, Boosting and controlled Emotional Intelligence, Role of EI in Leadership and Teamwork

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.
2	Activity based	Team handling and professional communication can be learnt better with activities such as Task management, project planning etc.
3	Collaborative Learning	Learning in team with small skits, role plays, group activities, debates etc
4	Writing exercises	Students will be engaged with writing exercises to acquire writing proficiency such as mail writing, report writing and letter writing.
5	Real-World Application	Situation based learning for Professional communication and Emotional Intelligence management

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks	50	20		

The CIE question paper shall have MCQ set for 25 questions, each carrying one mark.

Semester End Examination:

The SEE question paper shall have MCQ set for 50 questions, each carrying one mark. The time duration for SEE is one hour

Principal MIT Mysore

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Understanding Basic Grammar of English	Students will acquire advanced knowledge of English Grammar
2	Sentence Construction	Students will learn to construct sentences used both in written and communicative English.
3	Presentation Skills	Students will learn presentation skill used in many forms .
4	Activity based learning for professional communication and Emotional Intelligence management	Learn through activity is a strong form of learning. Activities are created through Role plays, situation handling and work in team to make students learn Professional Communication, importance of ethics team handling and Emotional Intelligence management.
5	Writing skills	Exposure to writing skills with exercises on letter writing, report writing, resume preparation and Electronic communication

8. Course Outcomes (Cos) and Mapping with Pos/ PSOs

Course	Out	tcomes	(Cos)	

Cos	Description						
M23BPWSK106.1	Students will be able to acquire proficiency in writingand oral skills in English						
	through recap of basics, presentation techniques, email etiquettes, and understanding team skills.						
M23BPWSK106.2	Students will be able learn professionalism and handling emotional intelligence						

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12
M23BPWSK106.1										3		
M23BPWSK106.2								2		3		
M23BPWSK106								2		3		

Assessment Plan

9.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	Total			
Module 1	10				
Module 2	10				
Module 3	10				
Module 4	10				
Module 5	10				
Total		50			

Semester End Examination (SEE)

	CO1	Total
Module 1	20	
Module 2	20	
Module 3	20	
Module 4	20	
Module 5	20	

Page 111 of 272



	Total	100
Conditions for SEE Paper	Setting:	

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. Future with this Subject

- **Project presentation** : Students will be at ease with project presentation with effective Report and oral communication
- **Professionalism** :Students will understand importance of professionalism and will be able to adopt the same in their profession for career growth.
- **Succeeding in Corporate World:** Effective communication both in written and oral form, ability toprofessionally handle team and controlling emotional spikes are essential components of success in Corporate world. Students acquire these characteristics from this course.



1 st Semester	Humanities (HS) Communicative English	M23BENGK106
	Communicative English	

1. Prerequisites

1. I for equisites								
S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites						
1	Knowledge of Basic English	Basic Grammar and Constructing sentences as studied from 1 st to 12 th std.						

2. Competencies (A minimum of four competencies may be written)

	· · · · ·	Inimum of four competencies may be written)							
S/L	Competency	KSA Description							
1	Basic Grammar	Knowledge: Basic knowledge of English grammar. Skills: Building/Constructing Sentences . Attitudes: Appreciation for the English grammar and literature							
2	Vocabulary	Knowledge: Understanding repository of words Skills:							
3	Essence of Communication	 Knowledge: Understanding primary and essential components of communication Skills: Designing presentation for an occasion and dealing a situation with effective communication Attitudes: Valuing the importance of Effective communication in strong and competitive situations 							
4	Communication in Team	Knowledge:Understanding importance of intra and inter personal communicationSkills:Applying effective communication to achieve team's objectiveAttitudes:Achievement of goals through effective communication in a team							

3. Syllabus

COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH SEMESTER – I							
Course Code	M23BENGK106/206	CIE Marks	50				
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(2:0:0)	SEE Marks	50				
Total Number of Lecture Hours	30 hours	Total Marks	100				
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01				

Course objectives:

1. Students will gain a foundational understanding of English grammar, including parts of speech, articles, prepositions, question tags, and vocabulary development strategies.

- 2. Participants will learn phonetic transcription, English pronunciation rules, stress, intonation, and common errors in pronunciation to enhance their spoken English clarity and effectiveness.
- 3. The course aims to equip students with advanced communication skills, focusing on oral presentations, public speaking, and the neutralization of mother tongue influence, preparing them for professional environments.
- 4. Students will learn the nuances of crafting effective emails, observing virtual communication etiquette, and employing best practices for engaging in virtual meetings across different platforms.
- 5. The curriculum emphasizes the importance of teamwork, detailing strategies for successful collaboration, conflict resolution, and celebrating team achievements, vital for workplace success.

Module -1



Basic English Communicative Grammar and Vocabulary PART - I :							
Grammar: Basic English Grammar and Parts of Speech, Articles and Preposition. Question Tags, One Word							
Substitutes, Strong and Weak forms of words, Introduction to Vocabulary, All Types of Vocabulary -							
Exercises on it. Introduction to Communicative English :							
Communicative English, Fundamentals of Communicative English, Process of							
Communication, Barriers to Effective Communicative English, Different styles and levels in							
Communicative English. Interpersonal and Intrapersonal Communication Skills.06 hrs							
Module -2							
Introduction to Phonetics :							
Phonetic Transcription, English Pronunciation, Pronunciation Guidelines to consonants and vowels, Sounds							
Mispronounced, Silent and Non silent Letters, Syllables and Structure. Word Accent, Stress Shift and							
Intonation, Spelling Rules and Words often Misspelt. Common Errors in Pronunciation.							
Basic English Communicative Grammar and Vocabulary PART - II :							
Words formation - Prefixes and Suffixes,							
Contractions and Abbreviations. Word Pairs (Minimal Pairs) - Exercises, Tense and Types of tenses, The							
Sequence of Tenses (Rules in use of Tenses) and Exercises on it.06 hrs							
Module -3							
Communication Skills for Employment :Information Transfer :							
Oral Presentation and its Practice. Difference between Extempore/Public Speaking, Communication							
Guidelines. Mother Tongue Influence (MTI), Various Techniques for Neutralization of Mother Tongue							
Influence. Reading and Listening Comprehensions – Exercises.							
Presentation Skills							
> Planning and Structuring a Presentation							
> Effective Use of Visual Aids							
> Engaging the Audience: Techniques and Strategies							
> Overcoming Stage Fear							
> Evaluating Presentation Success 06 hrs							
Module -4							
Email and Virtual Communication							
> Email Etiquette: Do's and Don'ts							
> Crafting Effective Emails: Clarity, Brevity, and Tone							
> Best Practices for Virtual Meetings (Zoom, Teams, etc.)							
> Virtual Communication Tools							
> Navigating Time Zones, Cultural Differences, and Other Challenges Assertiveness							
> Understanding the Difference: Assertiveness vs Aggressiveness							
> Benefits of Being Assertive							
> Techniques for Assertive Communication							
> Saying No Politely and Firmly							
> Assertiveness Role-Plays 06 hrs							
Module -5							
Team Work and Collaboration							
> Characteristics of Effective Teams							
> Roles and Responsibilities within Teams							
Strategies for Collaborative Work							
Handling Team Conflicts							
 Celebrating Team Successes06 hrs 							

4. Svllabus Timeline

4.	Syllabus Timeline					
S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description				
1	Week 1-3: Basic English Communicative Grammar and Vocabulary PART - I :	Grammar and Parts of Speech, Articles and Preposition,All Types of Vocabulary – Exercises on it, Introduction to communicative English, Process of Communication, Barriers to Effective Communicative English, Different styles and levels in Communicative English. Interpersonal and Intrapersonal Communication Skills.				
2	Week 4-6: Introduction to Phonetics, Basic English Communicative Grammar and Vocabulary PART - II	Phonetic Transcription, English Pronunciation, Pronunciation Guidelines to consonants and vowels, Sounds Mispronounced, Silent and Non silent Letters, Syllables and Structure.Common Errors in Pronunciation, Words formation - Prefixes and Suffixes, Contractions and Abbreviations on.				
3	Week 7-9: Communication	Oral Presentation and its Practice. Difference between Extempore/Public				

First Year, MIT Mysore

Page 114 of 272

Principal MIT Mysore

M

	Skills for Employment,	Speaking, Communication Guidelines. Mother Tongue Influence (MTI),
	Presentation Skills	Various Techniques for Neutralization of Mother Tongue Influence.
		Reading and Listening Comprehensions.
		Planning and Structuring a Presentation,,Effective Use of Visual Aids,
		Engaging the Audience: Techniques and Strategies
		Overcoming Stage Fear, Evaluating Presentation Success
		Email Etiquette: Do's and Don'ts, Crafting Effective Emails: Clarity,
		Brevity, and Tone, Best Practices for Virtual Meetings (Zoom, Teams,
4	Week 10-12: Email and	etc.)Virtual Communication Tools,Navigating Time Zones, Cultural
-	Virtual Communication	Differences, and Other Challenges Assertiveness, Understanding the
		Difference: Assertiveness vsAggressiveness,Benefits of Being
		Assertive, Techniques for Assertive Communication
5	One day Crash course: Team	Characteristics of Effective Teams, Roles and Responsibilities within
5	Work and Collaboration	Teams, Strategies for Collaborative Work, Handling Team Conflicts

5.	Teaching-L	earning	Process	Strategies
•••	I cuching L		I I OCCOD	Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description		
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.		
2 Activity based Communicative English can be learnt better with practice. Role pl Impromptu at individual levels				
3	Collaborative Learning	Learning in team with small skits, role plays, group activities, debates etc		
4	4 Writing exercises Email writing & responding requires both language and etiquett will be engaged with writing exercises to acquire this proficienc			
7	Real-World Application	Discuss practical applications of Communicative English		

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	25	10		
	TotalMarks	50	20		

The CIE question paper shall have MCQ set for 25 questions, each carrying one mark.

Semester End Examination:

The SEE question paper shall have MCQ set for 50 questions, each carrying one mark. The time duration for SEE is one hour

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description			
1	Understanding Basic Grammar of English	Students will acquire or reinforce their knowledge of English Grammar			
2	2 Sentence Students will learn to construct sentences used both in written and communicative English.				
3	Presentation Skills	Students will learn different forms of presentation skills used in many situations.			
4	Activity based learning	Learn through activity is a strong form of learning. Activities are created through Role plays, situation handling and work in team to make students learn communicative English practically.			
5 Email communication		Email is a strong source of communication and very important in corporate and business word. Students acquire knowledge of this through email writing exercises			

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

COs		Description										
M23BPWSK106	Stude	Students will be able to acquire proficiency in communicative English through										
	recap	recap of basics, presentation techniques, email etiquettes, and understanding team										
	skills	skills.										
CO-PO-PSO Maj	CO-PO-PSO Mapping											
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
M23BPWSK106.1										3		

9. Assessment Plan

M23BPWSK106

Course Outcomes (COs)

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)							
	CO1	Total					
Module 1	10						
Module 2	10						
Module 3	10						
Module 4	10						
Module 5	10						
Total		50					
Semester	End Examinatio	n (SEE)					
	CO1	Total					
Module 1	20						
Module 2	20						
Module 3	20						
Module 4	20						
Module 5	20						
Total		100					

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

3

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. Future with this Subject

- Presenting Seminars: Students will be at ease with all seminar presentation
- **Facing Employment process**: Good communicative English will enhance confidence and improve performance in Employment process
- **Succeeding in Corporate World:** Half battle is won with good communication in project and idea presentation. The communication proficiency acquired through this course will help students succeed in Corporate world.

1 st Semester	Humanities (HS)	M23BICOK107
1 Semester	Indian Constitution	WIZSBICOKI07

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1	Knowledge of Basic Constitution	The basic structure of Indian Constitution.

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description						
Basic Constitution Knowledge: FundamentalRights(FR's),DPSP'sandFundamentalDuties(FD's)ofourcomentalDuties								
2	Articles	Knowledge: All 395 articles and amendments						
3 Parliament system Knowledge:Parliamentary System, Union Executive – President, Prime M Union Cabinet.Parliament - LS and RS, Parliamentary Committees, Impor Parliamentary Terminologies								
Knowledge: El		Knowledge: ElectionCommission,Elections&Electoral Process. Amendment to Constitution, and Important Constitutional Amendments till today. Emergency Provisions.						

3. Syllabus

CourseTitle:	IndianConstitution		
CourseCode:	M23BICOK107/207	CIEMarks	50
CourseType(Theory/Practical/Integrated)		SEEMarks	50
		TotalMarks	100
TeachingHours/Week(L:T:P:S)	1:0:0:0	ExamHours	01Theory
TotalHoursofPedagogy	15hours	Credits	01

Courseobjectives:

ThecourseINDIANCONSTITUTION(M23BICOK107/207) will enable the students,

- 1. ToknowaboutthebasicstructureofIndianConstitution.
- 2. To know the Fundamental Rights (FR's), DPSP's and Fundamental Duties (FD's) of our constitution.
- 3. ToknowaboutourUnionGovernment,politicalstructure&codes,procedures.
- 4. ToknowtheStateExecutive&ElectionssystemofIndia.
- 5. TolearntheAmendmentsandEmergencyProvisions,other
- importantprovisions given by the constitution.

Teaching-LearningProcess

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes and make Teaching – Learning more effective: Teachers shall adopt suitable pedagogy for effective teaching -

learning process. The pedagogy shall involve the combination of different methodologies which suit modern tech no logical tools.

(i)

Directinstructionalmethod(Low/OldTechnology),(ii)Flippedclassrooms(High/advancedTechnolog icaltools),

(iii) Blended learning (Combination of both), (iv) Enquiry and evaluation based learning,

(v)Personalizedlearning, (vi)Problemsbased learningthroughdiscussion.

(ii) Apart from conventional lecture methods, various types of innovative teaching techniques through

videos, an imation films may be adapted so that the delivered less on can progress the students In the original point of the standard st

practicalskills.

 Module-1
 (03hoursof pedagogy)

 IndianConstitution:
 NecessityoftheConstitution,SocietiesbeforeandaftertheConstitutionadoption.IntroductiontotheIndianconstit

 ution,MakingoftheConstitution, Roleofthe ConstituentAssembly.

Module-2

(03hours ofpedagogy)



Salient features of India Constitution. Preamble of Indian Constitution & Key concepts of the Preamble. Fundament the set of the constitution of the set of the constitution of the cons						
alRights(FR's)anditsRestrictionandlimitationsindifferentComplexSituations.building.						
Module-3	(03hoursof pedagogy)					
DirectivePrinciplesofStatePolicy(DPSP's)and	itspresentrelevanceinIndiansociety.FundamentalDuties					
anditsScopeandsignificanceinNation,UnionEx	ecutive:ParliamentarySystem,UnionExecutive-					
President, PrimeMinister, UnionCabinet.						
Module-4	(03hoursofpedagogy)					
Parliament-						
LSandRS,ParliamentaryCommittees,Importantl	ParliamentaryTerminologies.JudicialSystemofIndia,Suprem					
e CourtofIndia andother Courts,Judicial Review	vsandJudicialActivism.					
Module-5	(03hoursofpedagogy)					
StateExecutiveandGoverner,CM,StateCabinet,Legislature-						
VS&VP,ElectionCommission,Elections&Electoral Process.Amendmentto						

Constitution, and Important Constitutional Amendment still today. Emergency Provisions.

4. Syllabus Timeline

	4. Synabus Innenne							
S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description						
	Module-1	Indian Constitution: Necessity of the Constitution, Societies before and						
1	03hours	after the Constitution adoption. Introduction to the Indian constitution,						
		Making of the Constitution, Role of the Constituent Assembly.						
	Module-2	Salient features of India Constitution. Preamble of Indian Constitution						
2	03hours	& Key concepts of the Preamble. Fundamental Rights (FR's) and its						
	051100115	Restriction and limitations in different Complex Situations. building.						
		Directive Principles of State Policy (DPSP's) and its present relevance						
	Module-3	in Indian society. Fundamental Duties						
3	03hours	and its Scope and significance in Nation, Union Executive :						
	osnours	Parliamentary System, Union Executive – President, Prime Minister,						
		Union Cabinet.						
	Module-4	Parliament - LS and RS, Parliamentary Committees, Important						
4	03hours	Parliamentary Terminologies. Judicial System of India, Supreme Court						
	OSHOUTS	of India and other Courts, Judicial Reviews and Judicial Activism.						
		State Executive and Governer, CM, State Cabinet, Legislature - VS &						
5	Module-5	VP, Election Commission, Elections & Electoral						
3	03hours	Process. Amendment to Constitution, and Important Constitutional						
		Amendments till today. Emergency Provisions.						

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description			
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.			
2	Activity based	group discussion topics			
3	Collaborative Learning	Visit the Government office and parliament			
4	Writing exercises	Essay writing			
7	Real-World Application	Discuss Elections & Electoral			

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks	50	20		

The CIE question paper shall have MCQ set for 25 questions, each carrying one mark. **Semester End Examination:**

The SEE question paper shall have MCQ set for 50 questions, each carrying one mark. The time duration for SEE is one hour

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description			
1	Contents related activities (Activity-based discussions)				
2	For active participation of students instruct the students to prepare Flowcharts and Handouts				
3	Organising Group wise discussions Connecting to placement activities				
4	Quizzes and Discussions				
5	Seminars and assignments				

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs Course Outcomes (COs)

Course Outcomes (COs)							
COs	Description						
M23BICOK107.1	Analyse the basic structure of Indian Constitution. Understand our State Executive & Elections system of India.						
M23BICOK107.2	Remember their Fundamental Rights, DPSP's and Fundamental Duties (FD's) of our constitution. Remember the Amendments and Emergency Provisions, other important provisions given by the constitution						

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO 12
M23BICOK107.1					2				3		
M23BICOK107.2					2				3		
M23BICOK107					2				3		

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1/CO2	Total
Module 1	10	
Module 2	10	
Module 3	10	
Module 4	10	
Module 5	10	
Total		50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

Semester Lina Lauminution (SLL)					
	CO1/CO2	Total			
Module 1	20				
Module 2	20				
Module 3	20				
Module 4	20				
Module 5	20				
Total		100			

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. Future with this Subject

- Presenting Seminars: Students will be at ease with all seminar presentation
- Facing Employment process: If the student taken any civil service examination and their problem issue

1 st	Semester			nanities (HS) uthika Kannada	M23B	KSKK107	
1.]	Prerequisites						
S/L		Profic	ciency	Pı	rerequisites		
1	Knowledge o	of Kan	nada Lietrecher	Samsk	ruthika Kannada		
2.	Competencies	(A mi	nimum of four com	petencies may be written)		
<u>Z.</u> S/L	Competence			KSA Descripti			
	Revolution of Knowledge:						
1	Kannada .ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದಏಕೀಕರಣ: ಒಂದುಅಪೂರ್ವಚರಿತ್ರೆ - ಜಿವೆಂಕಟಸುಬ್ಬಯ್ಯ						
2	Novel writin	a	Knowledge:				
2	Novel within	- (ನಪರ್ವತ- ಹಿ.ಚಿ.ಬೋರಲೆ	ರಿಂಗಯ್ಯ		
	Learn		Knowledge:				
3	Tradition an			್ಣ,ಅಕ್ಕಮಹಾದೇವಿ, ಅಲ್ಲವ	ಯ್ಮಪ್ರಭು,ಆಯ್ದಕ <u>್ಕಿ</u> ವ	ಗಾರಯ್ಯ,	
Culture ಜೇಡರದಾಸಿಮಯ್ಯ, ಆಯ್ದಕ್ಕಿಲಕ್ಕಮ್ಮ.							
3. 9	Syllabus						
ವಿಷ	ಯ		ಸಾಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಕಕನ್ನಡ	ಡ			
ವಿಷ	ಯಸಂಖ್ಯೆ		M23BKSKK107/	/207			
ಗಂಟ	ತೆಗಳುವಾರಕ <u>್ಕೆ</u>		1		ಒಟ್ಟುಗಂಟೆಗಳು	15	
ಚಾತ	ಕುರ್ಮಾಸ		1/2		ವಿಭಾಗ		
ಕ್ರಸಂ	c			ಬೋಧನಾವಿಷಯ			
1		ප්(ක	ನಗಳು3 Hours	•			
	ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ	ಸಂಸ್ಕ	ೄತಿ - ಹಂಪನಾಗರಾ	ಜಯ್ಯ			
2			••		ಬಬ್ಬಯ್ಯ		
3	ಆಡಳಿತಭ	ಾಷೆಯ	ಬಾಗಿಕನ್ನಡ - ಡಾ. ಎ	ಲ್ವಿಮ್ಮೇಶಮತ್ತುವಿಕೇಶವಾ	ಮೂರ್ತಿ		
4			<u>ನಿಕಪೂರ್ವದಕಾವ್ಯ</u>				
	•	-	•	ವಿ, ಅಲ್ಲಮ್ಮಪ್ರಭು,ಆಯ್ಮ	ಕ್ಕಿಮಾರಯ್ಯ, ಜೇಡರ	ರದಾಸಿಮಯ್ಯ,	
	ಆಯ್ದಕ್ಕಿಲ	, ಕ್ಕಮ	6.•			C C	
5	ಕೀರ್ತನೆಗ	ಳು: ಆ	, ದರಿಂದೇನುಫಲಇದ	ದರಿಂದಏನುಫಲ-ಪುರಂದ	ರದಾಸರು		
6			ುಡ್ಯತಾಳುಮನವೇ -	· · ·			
7			о С	್ಟ - ಶಿಶುನಾಳಷರೀಫ			
8	~		ನಿಕಕಾವ್ಯಭಾಗ3 I	~ .			
				ದಆಯ್ಡಕೆಲವುಭಾಗಗಳು			
9	ಕುರುಡುಕಾಂಚಾಣ - ದ.ರಾ. ಬೇಂದ್ರೆ						
10	ಹೊಸಬಾಳಿನಗೀತೆ - ಕುವೆಂಪು						
11			ತ್ರಿಕವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗಳಪರಿಬ	ಕಯ3 Hours			
	-			ರುತ್ತುಐತಿಹ್ಯಎ.ಎನ್.ಮೂ	ರ್ತಿರಾವ್		
12				ಯವಿಜ್ಞಾನಕರಿಗೌಡಬೀಚನ			
13			ನತ್ತುಪ್ರವಾಸಕಥನ	8	¥		
	ಯುಗಾದಿ	•					
14	ಮಗಾನೊಂಬಗಿರಿಜನಪರ್ವತ-ಹಿ.ಚಿ.ಬೋರಲಿಂಗಯ್ಯ						

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
		ಘಟಕ-1 ಲೇಖನಗಳು
		ಕರ್ನಾಟಕಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿ - ಹಂಪನಾಗರಾಜಯ್ಯ
1	Module-1	ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದಏಕೀಕರಣ: ಒಂದುಅಪೂರ್ವಚರಿತ್ರೆ -
1	03hours	ಜಿವೆಂಕಟಸುಬ್ಬಯ್ಯ
		ಆಡಳಿತಭಾಷೆಯಾಗಿಕನ್ನಡ - ಡಾ.
		ಎಲ್ತಿಮ್ಮೇಶಮತ್ತುವಿಕೇಶವಮೂರ್ತಿ

Page 120 of 272

NOK M Solo Principal MIT Mysore Dean Academics MIT Mysore

		ಘಟಕ-2 ಆಧುನಿಕಪೂರ್ವದಕಾವ್ಯಭಾಗ
		ವಚನಗಳು:ಬಸವಣ್ಣ,ಅಕ್ಕಮಹಾದೇವಿ,
	Module-2	ಅಲ್ಲಮ್ಮಪ್ರಭು,ಆಯ್ದಕ್ಕಿಮಾರಯ್ಯ, ಜೇಡರದಾಸಿಮಯ್ಯ,
2	03hours	ಆಯ್ದಕ್ಕಿಲಕ್ಕಮ್ಮ.
	05H0u15	ಕೀರ್ತನೆಗಳು: ಅದರಿಂದೇನುಫಲಇದರಿಂದಏನುಫಲ-
		ಪುರಂದರದಾಸರು
		ತತ್ವಪದಗಳುಸಾವಿರಕೊಡಗಳಸುಟ್ಟು - ಶಿಶುನಾಳಷರೀಫ
		ಘಟಕ – 3 ಆಧುನಿಕಕಾವ್ಯಭಾಗ
3	Module-3 03hours	ಡಿವಿಜಿರವರಮಂಕುತಿಮ್ಮನಕಗ್ಗದಿಂದಆಯ್ದಕೆಲವುಭಾಗಗಳು
3		ಕುರುಡುಕಾಂಚಾಣ - ದ.ರಾ. ಬೇಂದ್ರೆ
		ಹೊಸಬಾಳಿನಗೀತೆ - ಕುವೆಂಪು
		ಘಟಕ – 4 ತಾಂತ್ರಿಕವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗಳಪರಿಚಯ
	Module-4	ಡಾ. ಸರ್. ಎಂ.
4	03hours	ವಿಶೈೇಶ್ವರಯ್ಯವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಮತ್ತುಐತಿಹ್ಯಎ.ಎನ್.ಮೂರ್ತಿರಾವ್
		ಕರಕುಶಲಕಲೆಗಳುಮತ್ತುಪರಂಪರೆಯವಿಜ್ಞಾನಕರಿಗೌಡಬೀಚನಹಳ್ಳಿ.
		ಘಟಕ – 5 ಕಥೆಮತ್ತುಪ್ರವಾಸಕಥನ
5	Module-5	ಯುಗಾದಿ–ವಸುಧೇಂದ್ರ
	03hours	ಮೆಗಾನೆಎಂಬಗಿರಿಜನಪರ್ವತ- ಹಿ.ಚಿ.ಬೋರಲಿಂಗಯ್ಯ

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.
2	Activity based	group discussion topics
3	Collaborative Learning	
4	Writing exercises	Essay writing
7	Real-World Application	

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks	50	20		

The CIE question paper shall have MCQ set for 25 questions, each carrying one mark.

Semester End Examination:

The SEE question paper shall have MCQ set for 50 questions, each carrying one mark. The time duration for SEE is one hour

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description			
1	Contents related	ated activities (Activity-based discussions			
2	For active participation of students instruct the students to prepare Flowcharts and Handouts				
3	Organising Group wise discussions				
4	Quizzes and Discussions				
5	Seminars and assignments				

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)					
COs	Description				

M23BKSKK107.1	ಕನ್ನಡ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯಯ ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿ ನಾಡು ನುಡಿಯ ಪರಿಚಯ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡುವುದು				
M23BKSKK107.2	ಕನ್ನಡ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯದ ಪ್ರಧಾನ ಭಾಗವಾದ ಆಧುನಿಕ ಪೂರ್ವ ಮತ್ತು ಆಧುನಿಕ ಕಾವ್ಯ,ಕಥೆ, ಪ್ರವಾಸ ಕಥನಗಳ ಪರಿಚಯಮಾಡುವುದು				
	ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಮತ್ತು ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಯ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಅರಿವು ಹಾಗೂ ಆಸಕ್ತಿಯನ್ನು ಮೂಢಿಸುವುದು.				

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO	PO2	PO									
05/105	1	F02	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
M23BKSKK107.1								2		2		
M23BKSKK107.2								2		2		
M23BKSKK107.3								2		2		
M23BKSKK107								2		2		

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1/CO2/	Total
	CO3	
Module 1	10	
Module 2	10	
Module 3	10	
Module 4	10	
Module 5	10	
Total		50

Semester End Examination (SEE)					
	CO1/CO2/	Total			
	CO3				
Module 1	20				
Module 2	20				
Module 3	20				
Module 4	20				
Module 5	20				
Total		100			

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks **10. Future with this Subject**

- Presenting Seminars: Students will be at ease with all seminar presentation
- Facing Employment process: If the student taken any civil service examination and their problem issue



First Year, MIT Mysore

1^{st}	^t Semester			ities (HS) ಕನ್ನಡ		M23BKBKK107
1. I	1. Prerequisites					
S/L	L Proficiency				Prerequisite	es
1	Knowledge of	of Basic Kannada	ಬಳಕೆ ಕನ್ನಡ			

2. Competencies (A minimum of four competencies may be written)

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1	Basic Grammar	Knowledge: Methods to learn the Kannada language.
2	Vocabulary	Knowledge:nouns, dubitive
3	Essence of Communication	Knowledge: To learn the Kannada
4	Communication in Team	Knowledge: Right the ready the Kannada

3. Syllabus

Subject Name: ಬಳಕೆ ಕನ್ನಡ	
Sub Code: M23BKSKK107/207	SEE Marks: 50
Hours/week: 02 hr Theory/week	CIE Marks : 50
Total Hours: 15	Exam : 01hr
Semester :I/I1	Credit : 1
Module	13Hours

Module 13Hours				
Sl No	ಪಠ್ಯ ವಿಭಜನೆ			
1	1. Introduction, Necessity of learning a local language. Methods to learn the Kannada			
	language.			
2	Easy learning of a Kannada Language: A few tips. Hints for correct and polite conservation,			
	Listening and Speaking Activities			
3	Key to Transcription.			
4	ವೈಯಕ್ತಿಕಸರ್ವನಾಮಗಳು,ಸ್ವಾಮ್ಯಸೂಚಕರೂಪಗಳು, ಪ್ರಶ್ನಾರ್ಹಪದಗಳು- Personal Pronouns,			
	Possessive Forms, Interrogative words			
	Module 2 3Hours			
Sl No	ಪಠ್ಯ ವಿಭಜನೆ			
4	ನಾಮಪದಗಳಸ್ವಾಮ್ಯಸೂಚಕರೂಪಗಳು, ಸಂಶಯಾಸ್ಪದಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಮತ್ತುಸಂಬಂಧಿತನಾಮಪದಗಳುPossessive			
	forms of nouns, dubitive question and Relative nouns			
5	ಗುಣಾತ್ಮಕ, ಪರಿಮಾಣಾತ್ಮಕಮತ್ತುಬಣ್ಣಗುಣವಾಚಕಗಳು, ಅಂಕಿಗಳುQualitative, Quantitative and			
	Colour Adjectives, Numerals			
-	ಕಾರಕ ರೂಪಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ವಿಭಕ್ತಿ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಯಗಳು ಸಪ್ತಮಿ ವಿಭಕ್ತಿ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಯ(ಆ ಅದು ಅವು			
6	ಕಾರಕ ರೂಪಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ವಿಭಕ್ತಿ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಯಗಳು ಸಪ್ತಮಿ ವಿಭಕ್ತಿ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಯ(ಆ ಅದು ಅವು			

මේ) Predictive Forms, Locative Case

	Module 3 3 Hours			
Sl. No.	ಪಠ್ಯ ವಿಭಜನೆ			
7	ಚತುರ್ಥಿ ವಿಭಕ್ತಿ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಯದ ಬಳಕೆ ಮತ್ತು ಸಂಖ್ಯಾವಾಚಕಗಳುDative Cases, and Numerals			
8	ಸಂಖ್ಯಾಗುಣಚಾಚಕಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಬಹುವಚನ ನಾಮರೂಪಗಳುOrdinal numerals and Plural markers			
9	ದೋಷಯುಕ್ತ / ಋಣಾತ್ಮಕಕ್ರಿಯಾಪದಗಳುಮತ್ತುಬಣ್ಣದವಿಶೇಷಣಗಳುDefective / Negative Verbs and Colour Adjectives			
	Module 4 3 Hours			
Sl. No.	ಪಠ್ಯ ವಿಭಜನೆ			
10	ಅಪ್ಪಣೆ ಒಪ್ಪಿಗೆ ನಿರ್ದೇಶನ ಪ್ರೋತ್ಸಾಹ ಮತ್ತು ಒತ್ತಾಯ ಅರ್ಥರೂಪಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳು			
	Permission, Commands, encouraging and Urging words (Imperative words and sentences)			
11	ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯ ಸಂಭಾಷಣೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸ್ವತೀಯ ವಿಭಕ್ತಿ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಯಗಳು , Accusative Cases and Potential Forms			
	used in General Communication			

Page 123 of 272

Principal

12	ಇರು ಮತ್ತು ಇರಲ್ಲ ಸಹಾಯಕ ಕ್ರಯಾಪದಗಳು ಸಂಭಾವೃಸೂಚಕ ಮತ್ತು ನಿಷೇಧಾರ್ಥಕ ಕ್ರಿಯಾ ಪದಗಳು		
	Helping Verbs "iru and iralla", Corresponding Future and Negation Verbs		
13	ಹೋಲಿಕೆ ಸಂಬಂಧ ಸೂಚಕ ಮತ್ತು ಸೂಚಕ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಯಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ನಿಷೇಧಾರ್ಥಕಪದಗಳು Comparitive,		
	Relationship, Identification and Negation Words		
	Module - 5 03 Hours		
Sl. No.	ಪಠ್ಯ ವಿಭಜನೆ		
13	ಕಾಲ ಮತ್ತು ಸಮಯದ ಹಾಗೂ ಕ್ರಿಯಾಪದಗಳು ವಿವಿಧ ಪ್ರಕಾರಗಳುdifferent types of forms		
	of Tense, Time and Verbs		
	ಭೂತಕಾಲದರಚನೆ, ಭವಿಷ್ಯಮತ್ತುಕ್ರಿಯಾಪದರೂಪಗಳೊಂದಿಗೆಪ್ರಸ್ತುತಉದ್ವಿಗ್ನ ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳುFormation of		
14	Past, Future and Present Tense Sentences with Verb Forms		
15	ಸಂಭಾಷಣೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ದಿನೋಪಯೋಗಿ ಕನ್ನಡ ಪದಗಳುKannada Vocabulary List Kannada		
	Words in Conversation		

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline (No. of weeks should be as you have in the semester)	Description (Write the proposed syllabus coverage in detail with maximum of 5 lines)	
1	Module-1 03hours	Introduction, Necessity of learning a local language. Methods to learn the Kannada language. Easy learning of a Kannada Language: A few tips. Hints for correct and polite conservation, Listening and Speaking Activities Key to Transcription. ವೈಯಕ್ತಿಕಸ್ವಾಮ್ಯ ಸೂಚಕ/ಸಂಬಂಧಿತ ಸಾರ್ವನಾಮಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರಶ್ನಾರ್ಥಕ ಪದಗಳು Personal Pronouns, Possessive Forms, Interrogative words	
2	Module-2 03hours	ನಾಮಪದಗಳ ಸಂಬಂಧಾರ್ಥಕ ರೂಫಗಳು ಸಂದೇಃಆಸ್ಪದ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಸಂಬಂಧವಾಚಕ ನಾಮಪದಗಳು Possessive forms of nouns, dubitive question and Relative nouns ಗುಣ ಪರಿಂಆನ ಮತ್ತು ವರ್ಣಬಣ್ಣ ವಿಶೇಷಗಳು ಸಂಖ್ಯಾವಾಚಕಗಳು Qualitative, Quantitative and Colour Adjectives, Numerals ಕಾರಕ ರೂಪಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ವಿಭಕ್ತಿ ಪ್ರತೃಯಗಳು ಸಪ್ತಮಿ ವಿಭಕ್ತಿ ಪ್ರತೃಯ(ಆ ಅದು ಅವುಅಲ್ಲಿ) Predictive Forms, Locative Case	
3	Module-3 03hours	ಚತುರ್ಥಿ ವಿಭಕ್ತಿ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಯದ ಬಳಕೆ ಮತ್ತು ಸಂಖ್ಯಾವಾಚಕಗಳು Dative Cases and Numerals ್ಸಸಂಖ್ಯಾಗುಣಚಾಚಕಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಬಹುವಚನ ನಾಮರೂಪಗಳು -Ordinal numerals and Plural markers ನ್ಯೂನ ನಿಷೇಧಾರ್ಥಕ ಕ್ರಿಯಾಪದಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ವರ್ಣ ಗುಣವಾಚಕಗಳು Defective / Negative Verbs and Colour Adjectives	
4	Module-4 03hours	ಅಪ್ಪಣೆ ಒಪ್ಪಿಗೆ ನಿರ್ದೇಶನ ಪ್ರೋತ್ಸಾಹ ಮತ್ತು ಒತ್ತಾಯ ಅರ್ಥರೂಪಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳು Permission, Commands, encouraging and Urging words (Imperative words and sentences) ,ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯ ಸಂಭಾಷಣೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸ್ವತೀಯ ವಿಭಕ್ತಿ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಯಗಳು Accusative Cases and Potential Forms used in General Communication ಇರು ಮತ್ತು ಇರಲ್ಲ ಸಹಾಯಕ ಕ್ರಯಾಪದಗಳು ಸಂಭಾವ್ಯಸೂಚಕ ಮತ್ತು ನಿಷೇಧಾರ್ಥಕ ಕ್ರಿಯಾಪದಗಳು Helping Verbs "iru and iralla", Corresponding Future and Negation Verbs ಹೋಲಿಕೆ ಸಂಬಂಧ ಸೂಚಕ ಮತ್ತು ಸೂಚಕ ಪ್ರತೃಯಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ನಿಷೇಧಾರ್ಥಕಪದಗಳು Comparitive, Relationship, Identification and Negation Words	
5	Module-5 03hours	ಕಾಲ ಮತ್ತು ಸಮಯದ ಹಾಗೂ ಕ್ರಿಯಾಪದಗಳು ವಿವಿಧ ಪ್ರಕಾರಗಳು different types of forms of Tense, Time and Verbsಕ್ರಿಯಾ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಯಗಲೋಂದಿಗೆ ಭೂತ ಭಿವಿಷ್ಯತ್ ಮತ್ತು ವರ್ತಮಾನ ಕಾಲವಾಕ್ಯ Formation of Past, Future and Present Tense Sentences with Verb Formsಸಂಭಾಷಣೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ದಿನೋಪಯೋಗಿ ಕನ್ನಡ ಪದಗಳು Kannada Vocabulary List Kannada Words in	

First Year, MIT Mysore

Page 124 of 272

Dean Acader MIT Mysor MT

Principal MIT Mysore

	Conversation
--	--------------

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.
2	Activity based	Conversational practices
3	Writing exercises	Writing practices

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

2. The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Components		Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks			50	20

3. The CIE question paper shall have MCQ set for 25 questions, each carrying one mark.

4. Semester End Examination:

5. The SEE question paper shall have MCQ set for 50 questions, each carrying one mark. The time duration for SEE is one hour

6.

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description	
1	Contents related activities (Activity-based discussions)		
2	For active participation of students instruct the students to prepare Flowcharts and Handouts		
3	Organizing Group wise discussions		
4	Quizzes and Discussions		
5	Seminars and assignments		

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)

COs	Description		
M23BKBKK107.1 To understand the necessity of learning of local language for comfortable life.			
M23BKBKK107.2 To speak, read and write Kannada language as per requirement.			
M23BKBKK107.3	To communicate (converse) in Kannada language in their daily life with kannada		
WIZSDKDKKIU7.S	speakers.		

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО
008/108	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
M23BKBKK107.1								2		2		
M23BKBKK107.2								2		2		
M23BKBKK107.3								2		2		
M23BKBKK107								2		2		

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

Continuous Internal Litulation (CIL)				
	CO1/CO2/	Total		
	CO3			
Module 1	10			



Module 2	10	
Module 3	10	
Module 4	10	
Module 5	10	
Total		50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

	CO1/CO2/	Total
	CO3	
Module 1	20	
Module 2	20	
Module 3	20	
Module 4	20	
Module 5	20	
Total		100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. Future with this Subject

- Presenting Seminars: Students will be at ease with all seminar presentation
- **Facing Employment process**: If the student taken any civil service examination and their problem issue



	Ability Enhancement Course	
1 st Semester	Innovation and Design Thinking	M23BIDTK158

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1)	Basic Understanding of Design Principles (K)	Familiarity with basic concepts of design and engineering.
2)	Introductory Knowledge of Business Concepts(K)	Basic understanding of business models and market dynamics.
3)	Fundamental Knowledge of Problem- Solving Techniques(K)	Awareness of different problem-solving methodologies and frameworks.
4)	Analytical Thinking (S)	Ability to analyze problems and break them down into manageable components.
5)	Communication Skills (S)	Effective verbal and written communication skills.
6)	Basic Prototyping and Visualization (S)	Basic skills in creating simple prototypes or models.
7)	Open-Mindedness (A)	Willingness to consider new and diverse perspectives.
8)	Curiosity and Inquisitiveness (A)	Eagerness to learn and explore new ideas and concepts.
9)	Collaboration and Teamwork (A)	Positive attitude towards working in teams and valuing the contributions of others.
10)	Adaptability (A)	Willingness to adapt to changing conditions and incorporate new information into the design process.

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1	Design Thinking Principles	 Knowledge: Understanding of the key stages of the design thinking process: empathize, define, ideate, prototype, and test. Knowledge of human-centered design principles. Skills: Ability to apply design thinking stages to problem-solving. Proficiency in user research and empathy mapping. Attitudes: Openness to user-centered approaches and valuing user feedback.
2	Creative Ideation	 Curiosity and willingness to explore diverse perspectives. Knowledge: Familiarity with ideation techniques such as brainstorming, mind mapping, and SCAMPER. Skills: Ability to generate a wide range of ideas and solutions. Proficiency in facilitating ideation sessions. Attitudes:
		 Willingness to embrace creativity and think outside the box. Encouragement of divergent thinking and risk-taking in idea generation.
3	Prototyping and Testing	 Knowledge: Understanding of prototyping methods and tools. Knowledge of iterative testing and feedback processes. Skills: Ability to create low-fidelity and high-fidelity prototypes. Proficiency in conducting user tests and gathering feedback. Attitudes: Acceptance of failure as a learning opportunity. Persistence in iterating and refining prototypes based on feedback.

Page 127 of 272

Principal MIT Mysore MT

		Knowledge:
		• Understanding of empathy and its role in the design process.
		Skills:
	User Empathy	Ability to conduct user interviews and observations.
4		 Proficiency in creating empathy maps and user personas.
+	User Empathy	Attitudes:
		• Deep appreciation for user needs and experiences.
		• Commitment to designing solutions that prioritize user satisfaction and
		well-being.
		Knowledge:
		• Understanding of strategic innovation and business model design.
		Skills:
_	Strategic	• Ability to apply strategic foresight and scenario planning.
5	Thinking and	• Proficiency in developing and analyzing business models.
	Foresight	Attitudes:
		• Strategic mindset with a focus on long-term impact.
		• Willingness to challenge the status quo and think strategically about
		innovation.
		Knowledge:
	Agile Methodologies	• Familiarity with agile principles and methodologies.
		Skills:
6		• Proficiency in iterative development and continuous improvement.
		Attitudes:
		• Flexibility and adaptability in dynamic environments.
		Commitment to incremental progress and iterative learning.
		Knowledge:
		 Understanding of effective communication and storytelling
		techniques.
		Skills:
7	Communication	 Ability to craft compelling narratives and presentations.
,	and Storytelling	• Proficiency in visual communication and data visualization.
		Attitudes:
		 Confidence in sharing ideas and solutions.
		• Appreciation for the power of storytelling in influencing and inspiring
		others.
		Knowledge:
		• Awareness of the importance of continuous learning and staying
		updated with industry trends.
	Continuous	Skills:
8	Learning and	 Ability to self-assess and seek out learning opportunities.
	Adaptability	• Proficiency in adapting to new tools, technologies, and methodologies.
		Attitudes:
		• Commitment to lifelong learning and personal growth.
		• Openness to change and adaptability in fast-paced environments.

3. Syllabus

INNOVATION a	and DESIGN THINKING		
Course Code	M23BIDTK158/258	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	1:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	25	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01
Ι	Module-1		
PROCESS OF DESIGN: Understanding Design t	hinking: Shared model in team	m-based design – T	Theory and
practice in Design thinking – Explore presentation	n signers across globe – MVF	or Prototyping	
Ι	Module-2		
Tools for Design Thinking: Real-Time design inte	eraction capture and analysis	 Enabling efficien 	nt
collaboration in digital space- Empathy for design	n – Collaboration in distribute	ed Design	
Ι	Module-3		
Design Thinking in IT: Design Thinking to Busin	ess Process modeling - Agile	e in Virtual collabor	ration
First Year, MIT Mysore		Page 1	28 of 272
			Dean Academics MIT Mysore

Principal MIT Mysore

environ	ment – Scenario based Prototyping
	Module-4
	strategic innovations: Growth – Story telling representation – Strategic Foresight - Change – Sense - Maintenance Relevance – Value redefinition - Extreme Competition – experience design -
Standar	dization – Humanization - Creative Culture – Rapid prototyping, Strategy and Organization –
Busines	s Model design.
	Module-5
Design 1	thinking workshop: Design Thinking Work shop Empathize, Design, Ideate, Prototype and Test
	TextBooks
1.	John.R.Karsnitz, Stephen O'Brien and John P. Hutchinson, "Engineering Design", Cengage learning (International edition) Second Edition, 2013.
2.	Roger Martin, "The Design of Business: Why Design Thinking is the Next Competitive
2.	Advantage", Harvard Business Press, 2009.
3.	Hasso Plattner, Christoph Meinel and Larry Leifer (eds), "Design Thinking: Understand – Improve
5.	Apply", Springer, 2011
4.	Idris Mootee, "Design Thinking for Strategic Innovation: What They Can't Teach You at Business
	or Design School", John Wiley & Sons 2013.
	References:
5.	YousefHaik and Tamer M. Shahin, ``Engineering Design Process'', Cengage Learning, Second Edition, 20
	11.
6.	Book-SolvingProblemswithDesignThinking-
	TenStoriesofWhatWorks(ColumbiaBusinessSchoolPublishing)Hardcover-
	20Sep2013byJeanneLiedtka(Author),AndrewKing(Author),Kevin Bennett (Author).
	Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):
1.	www.tutor2u.net/business/presentations/. /product lifecycle/default.html
2.	https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E11108_02/otn/pdf/. /E11087_01.pdf
3.	www.bizfilings.com > Home > Marketing > Product Development
4.	https://www.mindtools.com/brainstm.html
5.	https://www.quicksprout.com/. /how-to-reverse-engineer-your-competit
6.	www.vertabelo.com/blog/documentation/reverse-engineering
7.	https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/kb/273814
8.	https://support.google.com/docs/answer/179740?hl=en
9.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2mjSDIBaUlM
10.	thevirtualinstructor.com/foreshortening.html
11.	https://dschool.stanford.edu//designresources//ModeGuideBOOTCAMP2010L.pdf
12.	https://dschool.stanford.edu/use-our-methods/
13.	https://www.interaction-design.org/literature/article/5-stages-in-the-design-thinking-process

- 14. http://www.creativityatwork.com/design-thinking-strategy-for-innovation/
- 15. https://www.nngroup.com/articles/design-thinking/
- 16. https://designthinkingforeducators.com/design-thinking/

Activity BasedLearning(SuggestedActivitiesinClass)/PracticalBasedlearning

1. http://dschool.stanford.edu/dgift/

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1-2 Module 1	• Process of Design Introduction to design thinking, team-based design, theory, and practice in design thinking, MVP or prototyping.
2	Week 3-4 Module 2	• Tools for Design Thinking Real-time design interaction capture and analysis, efficient collaboration in digital space, empathy for design, collaboration in distributed design.
3	Week 5-6 Module 3	 Design Thinking in IT Business process modeling through design thinking, agile collaboration, scenario-based prototyping.
4	Week 7-8 Module 4	• Design Thinking for Strategic Innovations Growth, storytelling, strategic foresight, change, sense-making, value redefinition, competition, experience design, standardization, humanization, creative culture, rapid prototyping, business model design.
5	Week 9-10 Module 5	 Design Thinking Workshop Hands-on workshop covering empathizing, designing, ideating, prototyping, and testing.
6	Week 11-	Review and Presentations Review of key concepts and presentations by

First Year, MIT Mysore

Page 129 of 272

MT

Principal MIT Mysore

12	students, feedback sessions, and discussions on outcomes.	

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Lecture Method	 Not limited to traditional methods but includes diverse teaching methods to develop course outcomes.
2	Multimedia	• Use of videos and animations to explain concepts.
3	Group Learning	• Encouraging collaborative learning.
4	Higher Order Thinking Questions (HOTS)	• Asking at least three HOTS questions to promote critical thinking.
5	Problem Based Learning	• Fostering analytical skills and thinking abilities.
6	Problem Solving	• Showing different solutions and encouraging creative methods.
(A D . 4 . 11.	

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

6. Assessment Details

Continuous Internal Evaluation

	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	3	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	Total Marks (A+1	50	20		

Semester End Examination:

SEE paper will be set for 50 questions of each of 01 mark. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ. The time allotted for SEE is 01 hours

7. Learning Object	ctives
--------------------	--------

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Understanding Design Thinking Principles	Students will understand the fundamental concepts of design thinking, including empathy, ideation, prototyping, and testing.
2	Applying Design Thinking in Product Development	Students will apply design thinking principles to develop innovative solutions for product and service development.
3	Grasping Core Concepts of Innovation	Students will grasp the core concepts of innovation and its significance in the real world.
4	Implementing Innovation Methods	Students will implement various innovation methods and techniques in real- world scenarios.
5	Recognizing the Importance of Reverse Engineering	Students will understand the basics and importance of reverse engineering in product analysis and improvement.
6	Applying Reverse Engineering Techniques	Students will apply reverse engineering techniques to dissect and analyze products.
7	Enhancing Collaboration and Communication	Students will work collaboratively in teams on design projects, enhancing their ability to communicate effectively, share ideas, and solve problems collectively.
8	Cultivating Ethical and Professional Responsibility	Students will understand the ethical and professional responsibilities associated with innovation and design thinking, including respecting intellectual property rights and adhering to industry standards.

Page 130 of 272



8. Course Out	comes	s and M	appir	ig wit	n Pos	/ PSC	JS								
CO's		DESCRIPTION OF THE OUTCOMES													
M23BIDTK158.	1 M	Make use the concept of design thinking to develop innovative solution for the													
	pr	oblems	identi	fied.											
M23BIDTK158.	2 II	lustrate	the d	esign	ideas	throu	gh va	rious	tools	of De	sign Tł	inking			
M23BIDTK158.	3 In	iterpret	the D	Design	Thin	king a	approa	ach an	nd mo	del to	real wo	orld situ	ations		
M23BIDTK158.		pply co												delin	g &
	sc	enario 1	based	proto	typin	g witl	h desi	ign th	inkin	g app	roach t	o provi	de solu	tion i	n IT
	in	dustries	•												
M23BIDTK158.	5 A	nalyze	the r	ole of	Des	ign tł	ninkin	g app	oroacl	ı in v	various	Busine	ss chal	lenge	s by
	cc	onsiderii	ng stra	ategic	innov	vation									-
							Р	O No						PS	SO
CO No		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2
M23BIDTK158.	1	3													
M23BIDTK158.	2	2													
M23BIDTK158.	3	3													
M23BIDTK158.	4	2													
M23BIDTK158.	5		2												
M23BIDTK1	58	2.5	2												
9. Assessment	Plan														
							[A								
(01		CO2			CO3		C	204		CO5		Tota	al
Module 1	15	5%	%			5%							20%	6	
Module 2 5% 10%								5%		20%	6				
Module 3							10%		1	0%				20%	6
Module 4				5%					5	5%		10%		20%	

5%

20%

CO2

10%

5%

5%

8. Course Outcomes and Mapping with Pos/ PSOs

Total20%20%Conditions for SEE Paper Setting

20%

CO1

15%

5%

SEE paper will be set for 50 questions of each of 01 mark. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ. The time allotted for SEE is 01 hours

5%

20%

CO3

5%

10%

5%

20%

SEE

5%

20%

CO4

10%

5%

5%

20%

5%

20%

CO5

5%

10%

5%

20%

20%

100%

Total

20%

20%

20%

20%

20%

100%

10. Future with this Subject

Module 5

Total

Module 1

Module 2

Module 3

Module 4

Module 5

Advanced Courses: This course serves as a foundation for advanced studies in design thinking, innovation, and engineering design.

Industry Applications: The skills and knowledge gained are applicable in various industries focusing on product development, service design, and business process improvements.

Research: Provides a basis for research in innovative design solutions and the implementation of design thinking methodologies.



	1 st Sei	mester	Ability Scienti	M23BSFHK158	
•	Prerequ	isites			
	S/L	Pi	roficiency	Prerequisites	1

Fitness and Positive Mindset

•	A
2.	Competencies

Knowledge of Basic Health

1.

1

Com	mpetencies					
S/L	Competency	KSA Description				
1	Balancing Health	 Knowledge: Health and behavior, health and society health and family, health and personality Skills: Changing health habits for good health Attitudes: Learn, create, and including healthy habits 				
2	Balancing Diet and fitness	 Knowledge: Healthy diet plans, Nutrition guidelines, obesity and overweight disorders. Fitness components and exercise. Skills: Building healthy life style through maintainingDiet and fitness Attitudes: Learn exercise for fitness and healthy habits. 				
3	Essence of healthy and caring relationships	 Knowledge: About communication skills, friendship and basic instincts of life changing health behaviors. Skills: Building communication skills, create value relationship through social Engineering Attitudes: Learning communication skill to maintain health and value relationship. 				
4	Prevention and avoiding harmful habits and diseases	 Knowledge: Avoiding of addiction, Types of addiction, effects of addiction, Types of infections, Chronic illness. Skills: build health compromising behavior to avoid addiction and protect from the different from the infections Attitudes: Learn how to avoid addiction create habits to prevent and fight against infection and diseases. 				

3. Syllabus

CourseTitle:	Scientific Foundations of Health				
CourseCode:	M23BSFHK158/258	CIEMarks	50		
CourseType(Theory/Practical/Integrated)	Theory	SEEMarks	50		
		TotalMarks	100		
TeachingHours/Week(L:T:P:S)	1:0:0:0	ExamHours	01Theo		
			ry		
TotalHoursofPedagogy	15hours	Credits	01		

Courseobjectives:

The course Scientific Foundations of Health (M23BSFHK 108/208) will enable the students, and the student stu

1. To know about Health and wellness (and its Beliefs) & It's balance for positive mind set.

2. ToBuildthehealthylifestylesforgoodhealthfortheirbetter future.

4. TolearnaboutAvoidingrisksandharmfulhabitsintheircampusandoutsidethecampusfortheirbrightfut ure

 $5. \ \ To Prevent and fight against harmful diseases for good health through positive minds et$

Teaching-LearningProcess

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course out comes and make Teaching – Learning more effective:

Teachersshalladoptsuitablepedagogyforeffectiveteaching-learningprocess. Thepedagogyshallinvolve the combination of different methodologies which suit modern technological tools.

(i)Directinstructionalmethod(Low/OldTechnology),(ii)Flippedclassrooms(High/advancedTechnologica ltools),

(iii) Blended learning (Combination of both), (iv) Enquiry and evaluation based learning,

(v)Personalizedlearning,(vi)Problemsbasedlearningthroughdiscussion,(vii)Followingthemethodofexped itionary learning Tools and techniques, (viii) Use of audio visual methods.

Apartfromconventionallecturemethods, various types of innovative teaching techniques through videos, animati onfilms may be adapted so that the delivered lesson can progress the students In theoretical applied and practical skills.

Module-1	(03hoursof pedagogy)

GoodHealth&It'sbalanceforpositivemindset:Health-ImportanceofHealth,InfluencingfactorsofHealth, Health beliefs, Advantages of good health, Health & Behavior, Health & Society, Health & family, Health & Personality, Psychological disorders-Methods to improve good psychological health, Changing health habits for good health.

Module-2	(03hours of
	pedagogy)

Buildingofhealthy

lifestylesforbetterfuture:Developinghealthydietforgoodhealth,Food&health,Nutritional guidelines for good health, Obesity & overweight disorders and its management,Eating disorders,Fitness components for health,Wellness and physical function, How to avoid exercise injuries.

Module-3 (03hoursof pedagogy)

CreationofHealthyandcaringrelationships:Buildingcommunicationskills,Friendsandfriendship-Education,

thevalueof relationship and communicationskills, Relationshipsfor Better orworsening

oflife, understanding of basic instincts of life (more than a biology), Changing health behaviours through social engineering.

Module-4	(03hoursofpedagogy)
----------	---------------------

 $\label{eq:constraint} A \textit{voidingrisks} and \textit{harmfulhabits:} Characteristics of health compromising behaviors, Recognizing and avoid in gof$

addictions, How addiction develops, Types of addictions, influencing factors of addictions, Differences between addictive people and non addictive people & their behaviors. Effects of addictions Such as...,how to recovery from addictions.

Module-5	(03hours
	ofpedagogy)

Preventing&fightingagainstdiseasesforgoodhealth:Howtoprotectfromdifferenttypesofinfections,Howto reduce risks for good health, Reducing risks & coping with chronic conditions, Management of chronic illness for Qualityof life, Health & Wellness of youth :achallenge for upcoming future, Measuring of health & wealth status.

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/ L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Module-1 03hours	GoodHealth&It'sbalanceforpositivemindset:Health- ImportanceofHealth,InfluencingfactorsofHealth, Health beliefs, Advantages of good health, Health & Behavior, Health & Society, Health & family, Health & Personality, Psychological disorders-Methods to improve good psychological health, Changing health habits for good health.
2	Module-2 03hours	Buildingofhealthy lifestylesforbetterfuture:Developinghealthydietforgoodhealth,Food&health,Nutritio nal guidelines for good health, Obesity & overweight disorders and its management,Eating disorders,Fitness components for health,Wellness and physical function, How to avoid exercise injuries.
3	Module-3 03hours	CreationofHealthyandcaringrelationships:Buildingcommunicationskills,Friendsa ndfriendship-Education,

		thevalueof relationship and communicationskills, Relationshipsfor Better					
	orworsening oflife, understanding of basic instincts of life (more than a biology)						
		Changing health behavioursthrough social engineering.					
4	Module-4 03hours	Avoidingrisksandharmfulhabits: Characteristicsofhealthcompromisingbehaviors,R ecognizingandavoidingof addictions, How addiction develops,Types of addictions,influencing factors of addictions, Differences between addictive people and non addictive people & their behaviors. Effects of addictions Such as,how to recovery from addictions.					
5	Module-5 03hours	Preventing&fightingagainstdiseasesforgoodhealth: Howtoprotectfromdifferenttyp esofinfections,Howto reduce risks for good health, Reducing risks & coping with chronic conditions, Management of chronic illness for Qualityof life, Health & Wellness of youth :achallenge for upcoming future, Measuring of health & wealth status.					

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description	
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.	
2	Activity based	group discussion topics	
3	Collaborative Learning	Ground activities	
4	Writing exercises	Essay writing	
7	Real-World Application	Discuss about health related fitness	

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks	·	•	50	20

The CIE question paper shall have MCQ set for 25 questions, each carrying one mark.

Semester End Examination:

The SEE question paper shall have MCQ set for 50 questions, each carrying one mark. The time duration for SEE is one hour

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description			
1	Contents related activities (Activity-based discussions)				
2	For active partici	For active participation of students instruct the students to prepare Flowcharts and Handouts			
3	Organising Grou	Organising Group wise discussions Connecting to placement activities			
4	Quizzes and Disc	Quizzes and Discussions			
5	Seminars and assig	gnments			

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)

COs	Description
M23BSFHK158.1	Developthehealthylifestylesforgoodhealthfortheirbetterfuture.
M23BSFHK158.2	BuildaHealthyandcaringrelationshipstomeettherequirementsofgood/social/positive life.
M23BSFHK158.3	TolearnaboutAvoidingrisksandharmfulhabitsintheircampusand outsidethecampusfortheirbright future.

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12
M23BSFHK158.1						3						
M23BSFHK158.2							3					
M23BSFHK158.3								3				
M23BSFHK158						3	3	3				

9. Assessment Plan

	CO1/CO2	Total
Module 1	10	
Module 2	10	
Module 3	10	
Module 4	10	
Module 5	10	
Total		50
Semester	End Examination	n (SEE)
Semester	End Examination CO1/CO2	n (SEE) Total
Semester Module 1		
	CO1/CO2	
Module 1	CO1/CO2 20	
Module 1 Module 2	CO1/CO2 20 20	
Module 1 Module 2 Module 3	CO1/CO2 20 20 20 20	

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. Future with this Subject

- Presenting Seminars: Students will be at ease with all seminar presentation
- Facing Employment process: If the student taken any civil service examination and their problem issue



Page 135 of 272

First Year, MIT Mysore

Ref: MITM/1st Yr/CSE Stream/Syllabus/2023-24/07 2023 Scheme – 1st & 2nd sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E-CS Stream

			Basic Science Course (BS)	
2"	Semester		Mathematics-II for CSE Stream	M23BMATS201
1. F	Prerequisites			
S/L Proficiency			Prerequisites	5
1	Integral Calculus		Calculus I (Differential Calculus): Understanding of limits, derivatives, and basic diff Familiarity with the concept of a function and calculus. Basic Algebra and Trigonometry: Proficiency in algebraic manipulation and solving Understanding of trigonometric functions and iden	erentiation techniques. fundamental theorems of equations.
2	Vector Understanding of trigonometric functions and identities. Calculus Topics such as gradients, divergence, curl, and Green's, Stokes', and Gatheorems.			
3	Vector Spac Linear Transformat		Linear Algebra: Comprehensive understanding of vector spaces, b independence. Matrix theory, including operations, inverses, rank Linear transformations, eigenvalues, eigenvectors, Advanced Calculus/Analysis:	, and null space.
4	Numerical Methods-I &	z II	Basic Algebra and Calculus: Understanding of algebraic expressions, equations, Fundamental concepts of calculus, including deriva Linear Algebra:Matrices and determinants. Programming Skills:Proficiency in a programmin C++, MATLAB) to implement numerical algorithm	atives and integrals. 1g language (e.g., Python,
5	Previous Coursework		CompletionofintroductorycoursesinMathematicsor	arelatedfield.

2. Competencies

2. 0 S/L	Competencies	KSA Description
1	Integral Calculus	Knowledge Understanding fundamental concepts such as definite and indefinite integrals, techniques of integration (substitution, integration by parts), and applications of integrals (area under curves, volumes of solids of revolution). Skills Ability to apply integral calculus in optimization problems, particularly in machine learning (e.g., gradient descent). Attitude Curiosity and willingness to explore real-world applications of integral calculus.
2	Vector Calculus	 Knowledge Mastery of concepts such as gradient, divergence, curl, and theorems (e.g., Green's theorem, Stokes' theorem, Gauss's divergence theorem). Skills Application of vector calculus in computer graphics for manipulating and transforming 3D objects and scenes. Attitude Analytical thinking and spatial reasoning to visualize and solve vector-related problems.
3	Vector Space and Linear Transformations	 Knowledge Understanding the theory of vector spaces, bases, dimensions, and subspaces.Familiarity with linear transformations, matrix representations, eigenvalues, and eigenvectors. Skills Proficiency in applying linear algebra techniques to machine learning algorithms, such as Principal Component Analysis (PCA) and Singular Value Decomposition (SVD). Attitude Precision and accuracy in mathematical computations and matrix manipulations.

Page 136 of 272

Principal IT Mysore

4	Numerical Methods-I & II	KnowledgeUnderstanding numerical techniques for solving algebraic and transcendental equations (e.g., Regula-Falsi, Newton-Raphson).SkillsAbility to implement numerical algorithms in programming languages such as Python, MATLAB, or C++.AttitudeMethodical approach to testing and validating numerical algorithms for accuracy and efficiency.
---	-----------------------------	--

3. Syllabus

Mathematics-II for CSE Stream									
	SEMESTER-II								
Course Code	M23BMATS101/201	CIE Marks	50						
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(2:2:2:0)	SEE Marks	50						
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab	Total Marks	100						
	slots								
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03						
Course abjectives. This secure will enable at	udanta ta								

Course objectives: This course will enable students to:

- 5. Familiarize the importance of Integral calculus and Vector calculus.
- 6. Learn vector spaces and linear transformations.
- 7. Develop the knowledge of numerical methods and apply them to solve transcendental and differential equations.

Module -1: Integral Calculus

Multiple Integrals: Evaluation of double and triple integrals, evaluation of double integrals by change of order of integration, changing into polar coordinates. Applications to find Area and Volume by double integral. Problems.

Beta and Gamma functions: Definitions, properties, relation between Beta and Gamma functions. Problems.

Module -2:Vector Calculus

Introduction to Vector Calculus in Computer Science & Engineering. Scalar and vector fields. Gradient, directional derivative, curl and divergence - physical interpretation, Solenoidal and irrational vector fields. Problems.

Curvilinear coordinates:Scale factors, base vectors, Cylindrical polar coordinates, Spherical polar coordinates, transformation between Cartesian and curvilinear systems, orthogonally. Problems.

Module -3:Vector Space and Linear Transformations

Importance of Vector Space and Linear Transformations in the field of Computer Science & Engineering. Vector spaces: Definition and examples, subspace, linear span, Linearly independent and dependent sets, Basis and dimension. Problems.

Linear transformations: Definition and examples, Algebra of transformations, Matrix of a linear transformation. Change of coordinates, Rank and nullity of a linear operator, rank-nullity theorem. Inner product spaces and orthogonally. Problems.

Module -4: Numerical Methods -1

Importance of numerical methods for discrete data in the field of computer science & engineering. Solution of algebraic and transcendental equations - Regula-Falsi and Newton-Raphson methods (only formulae). Problems. Finite differences, Interpolation using Newton's forward and backward difference formulae, Newton's divided difference formula and Lagrange's interpolation formula (All formulae without proof). Problems.

Numerical integration: Trapezoidal, Simpson's $(1/3)^{rd}$ and $(3/8)^{th}$ rules(without proof). Problems.

Module -5: Numerical Methods -2

Introduction to various numerical techniques for handling Computer Science & Engineering applications. Numerical Solution of Ordinary Differential Equations (ODE's): Numerical solution of ordinary differential equations of first order and first degree - Taylor's series method, Modified Euler's method, Runge-Kutta method of fourth order and Milne's predictor-corrector formula (No derivations of formulae). Problems.

	PRACTICAL COMPONENT							
	Suggested software: Mathematica/MatLab/Python/Scilab							
	1. Program to compute area, surface area, volume and centre of gravity							
2.	2. Evaluation of improper integrals							
3.	3. Finding gradient, divergent, curl and their geometrical interpretation							

Page 137 of 272

4.	Computation of basis and dimension for a vector space and Graphical representation of linear
	transformation
5.	Computing the inner product and orthogonality
6.	Solution of algebraic and transcendental equations by Ramanujan's, Regula-Falsi and Newton-
	Raphson method
7.	Interpolation/Extrapolation using Newton's forward and backward difference formula
8.	Computation of area under the curve using Trapezoidal, Simpson's (1/3)rd and (3/8)th rule
9.	Solution of ODE of first order and first degree by Taylor's series and Modified Euler's method
10	Solution of ODE of first order and first degree by Runge-Kutta 4th order and Milne's predictor-
	corrector method
Text Bo	oks:
1 BS	Grewal. "HigherEngineeringMathematics" Khannanuhlishers 44 th Ed 2021

- . **B.S.Grewal**: "HigherEngineeringMathematics", Khannapublishers, 44thEd. 2021
- 2. E.Kreyszig: "AdvancedEngineeringMathematics", JohnWiley&Sons, 10thEd.(Reprint), 2018 Reference Books
 - 1. V.Ramana:"HigherEngineeringMathematics"McGraw-HillEducation,11thEd.
 - 2. SrimantaPal&SubodhC.Bhunia: "EngineeringMathematics" OxfordUniversityPress, 3rdReprint, 2016.
 - **3.** N.PBaliandManishGoyal:"AtextbookofEngineeringMathematics"LaxmiPublications,Latestedit ion.
 - **4.** C.RayWylie,LouisC.Barrett:"AdvancedEngineeringMathematics"McGraw-HillBookCo.Newyork, Latested.
 - 5. GuptaC.B,SingS.RandMukeshKumar: "EngineeringMathematicforSemesterIandII",Mc-GrawHill Education (India)Pvt.Ltd2015.
 - **6. H.K.DassandEr.RajnishVerma:**"HigherEngineeringMathematics"S.Chand Publication (2014).

4. Syllabus Timeline

	Syllabus Timeline	
S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1-2: Integral Calculus	 Evaluation of double and triple integrals. Evaluation of double integrals by change of order of integration. Changing into polar coordinates. Applications to find Area and Volume by double integral. Problems. Beta and Gamma functions: Definitions, properties. Relation between Beta and Gamma functions. Problems.
2	Week 3-4: Vector Calculus	Scalar and vector fields. Gradient, directional derivative, curl and divergence - physical interpretation. Solenoidal and irrotational vector fields. Problems. Curvilinear coordinates:Scale factors, base vectors, and Cylindrical Polar Coordinates. Spherical polar coordinates, Transformation between Cartesian and curvilinear systems, Orthogonality. Problems.
3	Week 5-6: Vector Space and Linear Transformations	Vector spaces: Definition and examples. Subspace, linear span, Linearly independent and dependent sets. Basis and dimension. Problems. Linear transformations: Definition and examples. Algebra of transformations, Matrix of a linear transformation. Change of coordinates, Rank and nullity of a linear operator, rank- nullity theorem. Inner product spaces and orthogonality.
4	Week 7-8: Numerical Methods -1	Solution of algebraic and transcendental equations - Regula-Falsi and Newton-Raphson methods, Problems. Finite differences, Interpolation using Newton's forward and backward difference formulae. Newton's divided difference formula

First Year, MIT Mysore

Page 138 of 272

		Lagrange's interpolation formula. Problems. Numerical integration: Trapezoidal, Simpson's (1/3) rd and (3/8) th rules.
5	Week 9-10: Numerical Methods -2	 Numerical solution of ordinary differential equations of first order and first degree - Taylor's series method. Modified Euler's method Problems. Runge-Kutta method of fourth order. Problems. Milne's predictor-corrector formula. Problems.
6	Week 11- 12:IntegrationandPractical Applications	Apply learned concepts and competencies to real-world scenarios.Hands-onpractice

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Lecture Method	• Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.
2	Video/Animation	Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding of Verilog concepts.
3	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.
4	Higher Order Thinking (HOTS) Questions:	Pose HOTS questions to stimulate critical thinking related to each competency.
5	Problem-Based Learning (PBL)	Implement PBL to enhance analytical skills and practical application of competencies
6	Multiple Representations	. Introduce topics in various representations to reinforce competencies
7	Real-World Application	Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real-world competencies.
8	Flipped Class Technique	• Utilize a flipped class approach, providing materials before class to facilitate deeper understanding of competencies
9	Programming Assignments	Assign programming tasks to reinforce practical skills associated with competencies.

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	60%	15	06
Theory (A)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B) 2		40%	10	04
	TotalMarks	100%	25	10	
	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
	Record Writing	Continuous	60%	15	06
Laboratory(B)	Test at the end of the semester	1	40%	10	04
	TotalMarks	100%	25	10	

Final CIE Marks =(A) + (B)

Principal MIT Mysore

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Understanding polar curves and its Fundamentals	Students will learn the use of polar coordinates in solving various curves in different systems equation movement of flow of liquids and other fields of engineering.
2	Understanding Fundamentals of Series solution and partial derivatives	Students will become proficient in writing a series expansion of function of one variable and also know the concept of partial derivatives using standard techniques.
3	Proficiency inODE and higher order ODE	Students will become proficient in calculating the roots of the equation of higher order by using various basic techniques.
4	Collaboration and Communication Skills	Students will work collaboratively in teams on design projects, enhancing their ability to communicate effectively, share ideas, and solve problems collectively.
5	Ethical and Professional Responsibility	Students will understand the ethical and professional responsibilities associated with digital design, including respecting intellectual property rights, ensuring design reliability and security, and adhering to industry standards and best practices.

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)

COs	Description
M23BMATS201.1	Apply the concept of integral Calculus, Vector Calculus, Linear Algebra &
MI25DMIA15201.1	Numerical Methods.
M23BMATS201.2	Demonstrate the idea of integral Calculus, Vector Calculus & Linear Algebra to
WI25DWIA15201.2	solve the engineering application problems for CS stream.
M23BMATS201.3	Analyze the Engg application problem through Numerical technique.
M23BMATS201.4	Using modern mathematical tools, prediction and modeling the complex
M25DMA15201.4	engineering problems by MATLAB or Python.

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО
COS/POS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
M23BMATS201.1	3	-										
M23BMATS201.2		3										
M23BMATS201.3		3										
M23BMATS201.4		-			3							
M23BMATS201	3	3			3							

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1						
Module 2						
Module 3						



Module 4			
Module 5			
Total			50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1						
Module 2						
Module 3						
Module 4						
Module 5						
Total						100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. Future with this Subject

The "Mathematics-II for CSE Stream" course in the first semester of the B.E program has strong foundation for several future courses in the undergraduate program. The contributions of this subject extend across various areas, enhancing the students' understanding and skills in the field of computer science. Here are some notable contributions:

Data Science and Machine Learning:

Integral calculus is used in optimizing algorithms, such as gradient descent, which is essential for training machine learning models.Probability and statistics, which rely on integral calculus, are fundamental in data analysis and inference.

Computer Graphics:Calculating areas, volumes, and other geometric properties.Rendering techniques often use integrals to calculate lighting and shading.

Computer Vision: Image processing techniques often involve integral transformations (e.g., Fourier transforms).

Computer Graphics and Simulation: Used in describing and manipulating 3D objects.

Physics engines for games and simulations rely on vector fields and differential equations.

Robotics:Path planning and control algorithms use vector calculus for trajectory optimization and dynamic modeling.

Electromagnetics and Communication: Analyzing electromagnetic fields, which is crucial for hardware design and wireless communications.

Machine Learning and AI: Algorithms like PCA (Principal Component Analysis) and LDA (Linear Discriminant Analysis) rely heavily on concepts from linear algebra. Neural networks involve matrix multiplications, a core concept in linear transformations.

Computer Graphics: Transformations and animations of 3D models involve linear transformations and matrix operations.

Quantum Computing: Quantum mechanics and quantum computing rely on vector spaces and linear transformations.

Numerical MethodsScientific Computing:Solving differential equations, which is vital in fields like climate modeling, fluid dynamics, and engineering simulations.

Optimization:Numerical optimization techniques are crucial for machine learning model training and operations research.

Computer-Aided Design (CAD):Numerical methods are used for designing and simulating physical structures and systems.

Future OpportunitiesArtificial Intelligence and Machine Learning: The demand for AI and ML experts is rapidly growing. A strong understanding of calculus, linear algebra, and numerical methods is crucial for developing new algorithms and improving existing ones.

Data Science:Data-driven decision-making is becoming ubiquitous across industries. Skills in these mathematical areas enable better data modeling, analysis, and interpretation.

Computer Graphics and Virtual Reality: As VR and AR technologies evolve, the need for advanced graphics and simulation techniques grows, heavily relying on these mathematical foundations.

Robotics and Autonomous Systems:Development of autonomous vehicles and robots involves path planning, kinematics, and dynamics, all of which use calculus and linear algebra.

Quantum Computing:Emerging field with vast potential, requiring deep knowledge of linear algebra and quantum mechanics.In summary, a strong foundation in integral calculus, vector calculus, vector spaces, linear transformations, and numerical methods opens up numerous advanced opportunities in computer science, from theoretical research to practical applications in cutting-edge technologies.

2 nd Semester	Basic Science Course- (BS)	M23BCHES202
2 Semester	Applied ChemistryforComputer Science Engineering stream	WIZ5DCIIE5202



1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites	
1	Basic Chemistry	Understanding of chemical principles, reactions, and equations.	
2	Physics	Fundamental knowledge of concepts like electricity, magnetism, thermodynamics, and light.	
3	Materials Science	Familiarity with different types of materials (metals, polymers, semiconductors), their properties, and applications.	
4	Electrochemistry	Basic concepts of electrochemical cells, electrodes, and electrochemical reactions.	
5	Environmental Science	Awareness of environmental issues, particularly related to waste management and pollution.	
6	Mathematics	Ability to perform numerical calculations and solve problems related to the topics covered.	

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description		
1	Sensors, Energy Systems	 Knowledge: Understanding the principles, working, and applications of various sensors and energy storage systems. Skills: Ability to construct and utilize different sensors and batteries effectively in practical applications. Attitudes: Curiosity and commitment towards developing innovative and efficient 		
2	Memory Devices, Display Systems	 sensor and energy solutions. Knowledge: Comprehension of the basic concepts, types, and applications of electronic memory and display materials. Skills: Proficiency in handling and analyzing materials used in memory and display technologies. Attitudes: Enthusiasm for exploring advancements in electronic materials and their applications. 		
3	Corrosion Chemistry, ElectrodeSystem, Analytical Techniques Management	 Knowledge: Understanding the electrochemical theory of corrosion and the functioning of various electrodes. Skills: Ability to perform corrosion control techniques and use electrodes for specific measurements. Attitudes: Responsibility towards maintaining the integrity of materials and promoting long-lasting applications. 		
4	Polymers, Green Fuels	Knowledge: Insight into the properties, synthesis, and applications of polymers and green fuels. Skills: Competence in preparing polymers and utilizing green energy technologies like solar cells and hydrogen production. Attitudes: Commitment to sustainable and environmentally friendly scientific practices.		
5	E-Waste	Knowledge: Awareness of the composition, hazards, and management strategies for e-waste. Skills: Ability to apply recycling and recovery methods effectively for e-waste management. Attitudes: Dedication to ethical and sustainable practices in handling and recycling		

Page 143 of 272



	electronic waste.

3. Syllabus

Applied ChemistryforComputer Science and Engineering stream(M23BCHES102/202)				
SEMESTER – II				
Course Code	M23BCHES102/202	CIE Marks	50	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	2:2:2:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40 hoursTheory+ 10 to 12	Total Marks	100	
	Lab slots			
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03	

Course objectives:

- To enable students to acquire knowledge on principles of chemistry for engineering applications.
- To develop an intuitive understanding of chemistry by emphasizing the related branches of engineering.
- To provide students with a solid foundation in analytical reasoning required to solve societal problems.

MODULE1:Sensors and Energy Systems (8hr)

Sensors: Introduction, working, principle and applications of Conductometric sensors, Electrochemical sensors, Thermometric sensors(Flamephotometry) and Optical sensors (colorimetry). Sensors for the measurement of dissolved oxygen (DO). Electrochemical sensors for thepharmaceuticals. Electrochemical gas sensors for Sox and NOx. Disposable sensors in the detection of bio molecules and pesticides.

Energy Systems: Introduction to batteries, construction, working and applications of Lithium ion and Sodium ion batteries. Quantum Dot Sensitized Solar Cells (QDSSC's)-Principle, Properties and Applications.

Self-learning: Types of electrochemical sensor, Gas sensor-O2sensor, Biosensor-Glucose sensors.

MODULE2:Materials for Memory and Display Systems (8hr)

Memory Devices: Introduction, Basic concepts of electronic memory, History of organic/polymer electronic memory devices, Classification of electronic memory devices, Types of organic memory devices (organic molecules, polymeric materials, organic- inorganic hybrid materials).

Display Systems: Photoactive and electro active materials, Nanomaterials and organic materials used in optoelectronic devices. Liquid crystals (LC's) - Introduction, classification, properties and application in Liquid Crystal Displays (LCD's). Properties and application of Organic Light Emitting Diodes (OLED's) and Quantum Light Emitting Diodes (QLED's), Light emitting electro chemical cells.

Self-learning: Properties and functions of Silicon (Si), Germanium (Ge), Copper (Cu), Aluminium (Al), and Brominated flame retardants in computers.

MODULE3:Corrosion and Electrode System (8hr)

Corrosion Chemistry: Introduction, electrochemical theory of corrosion, types of corrosion- differential metal and differential aeration. Corrosion control-galvanization, anodizationand sacrificial anode method. Corrosion Penetration Rate (CPR)-Introduction and numerical problem.

Electrode System: Introduction, types of electrodes. Ion selectiveelectrode Concentration cell– Definition, construction and Numerical problems.

Analytical Techniques: Introduction, principle and instrumentation of Conductometry; its application in the estimation of weak acid. Potentiometry; its application in the estimation of iron.

Self-learning: IR and UV-Visible spectroscopy.

MODULE4: Polymers and Green Fuels (8hr)

Polymers: Introduction, Molecular weight- Number average, weight average and numerical problems. Preparation, properties, and commercial applications of kevlar.Conducting polymers–Synthesis and conducting mechanism of poly acetylene and commercial applications.

Green Fuels: Introduction, construction and working of solar photovoltaic cell, advantages, and disadvantages. Generation of energy (green hydrogen) by electrolysis of water and its advantages. **Self-learning:** Regenerative fuel cells.

MODULE5:E-Waste Management (8hr)

E-Waste: Introduction, sources of e-waste, Composition, Characteristics, and Need of e- waste
management. Toxic materials used in manufacturing electronic and electrical products, health
hazards due to exposure to e-waste.Recycling and
Recovery: Different approaches of recycling (separation, thermal treatments,
hydrometallurgical extraction, pyro metallurgical methods, direct recycling). Extraction of gold from E-
waste. Role of stake holders in environmental management of e-waste (producers, consumers, recyclers,
and statutory bodies).
Self-learning: Impact of heavy metals on environment and human health.
PRACTICAL MODULE
<u>A–Demonstration (any two) offline/virtual:</u>
A1.Chemical Structure drawing using software: Chem Draw or ACD/Chem Sketch
A2.Determination of strength of an acid in Pb
acid battery.
A3:Synthes is of Iron-oxide Nanoparticles
A4.Electrolysisofwater
<i>B-Exercise (compulsorily any 4 to be conducted):</i> B1.Conductometric estimation of acid mixture.
B1.Conductometric estimation of actu mixture. B2. Potentiometric estimation of FAS using K2Cr2O7.
B3.Determination of pKa of vinegar using pH sensor (Glasselectrode).
B4.Determination of rate of corrosion of mild steel by weight loss method.
B5. Estimation of total hardness of water by EDTA method.
<u>C-Structured Enquiry (compulsorily any 4 to be conducted):</u>
C1. Estimation of Copper present in electroplating effluent by optical sensor (colorimetry)
C2.Determination of Viscosity coefficient of lubricant (Ostwald's viscometer)
C3. Estimation of iron in TMT bar by diphenyl amine/external indicator method
C4.Estimation of Sodium present in soil/effluent sample using flame photometry
C5.Determination of Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)of industrial waste water sample. <i>D–Open Ended Experiments (anytwo):</i>
D-Open Ended Experiments (anywor. D1. Evaluation of acid content in beverages by using pH sensors and simulation.
D2. Construction of photo voltaic cell.
D3. Design an experiment to Identify the presence of proteins in given sample.
D4. Searching suitable PDB file and target for molecular docking.
Text Books:
1. Applied Chemistry for Computer Science and Allied Branches – Padmavathi N, Dr.
Hemanth kumar K H, Dr. Preetha S.
2. Applied Chemistry for Computer Science and Allied Branches – Dr. Prashanth G H,
Infinte Learning Solution Bangaluru.
Referrence Books:
1. Wiley Engineering Chemistry, Wiley India Pvt.Ltd. NewDelhi, 2013-2 nd Edition.
2. Nanotechnology A Chemical Approach to Nanomaterials, G.A.Ozin & A.C.Arsenaul RSC
Publishing, 2005.
3. Corrosion Engineering, M.G.Fontana, N.D.Greene, Mc Graw Hill
Publications, 3 rd NewYork, Edition,1996.
4.Linden's Handbook of Batteries, Kirby W. Beard, Fifth Edition, Mc Graw Hill, 2019.
5."Handbook on Electroplating with Manufacture of Electrochemicals", ASIA PACIFIC
BUSINESS PRESS Inc., 2017. Dr.H. Panda,
6.Instrumental Methods of Analysis, Dr. K.R. Mahadik and Dr. L. Sathiyanarayanan, NiraliPrakashan, 2020
7.Polymer Science, VR Gowariker, NV Viswanathan, Jayadev, Sreedhar, NewageInt. Publishers,
4 th Edition, 2021
8. Laboratory Manual Engg. Chemistry, Anupma Rajput, Dhanpat Rai &Co

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L Syllabus Timeline Description

First Year, MIT Mysore

Page 145 of 272

Tichay

01

MT

1	Week 1-2: Sensors and Energy Systems	Introduction, working, principle and applications of Conductometric sensors, Electrochemical sensors, Thermometric sensors (Flame photometry) and Optical sensors (colorimetry). Sensors for the measurement of dissolved oxygen (DO). Electrochemical sensors for the pharmaceuticals. Electrochemical gas sensors for Sox and NOx. Disposable sensors in the detection of bio molecules and pesticides. Introduction to batteries, construction, working and applications of Lithium ion and Sodium ion batteries. Quantum Dot Sensitized Solar Cells (QDSSC's)-Principle, Properties and Applications.
2	Week 3-4: Materials for Memory and Display Systems	Introduction, Basic concepts of electronic memory, History of Organic/polymer electronic memory devices, Classification of electronic memory devices, Types of organic memory devices (organic molecules, polymeric materials, organic- inorganic hybrid materials). Photoactive and electro active materials, Nanomaterials and organic materials used in optoelectronic devices. Liquid crystals (LC's) - Introduction, classification, properties and application in Liquid Crystal Displays (LCD's). Properties and application of Organic Light Emitting Diodes (OLED's) and Quantum Light Emitting Diodes (QLED's), Light emitting electro chemical cells.
3	Week 5-6: Corrosion and Electrode System	Introduction, electrochemical theory of corrosion, types of corrosion- differential metal and differential aeration. Corrosion control- galvanization, anodization and sacrificial anode method. Corrosion Penetration Rate (CPR)-Introduction and numerical problem. Introduction, types of electrodes. Ion selective electrode – definition, construction, working and applications of glass electrode. Determination of pH using glass electrode. Reference electrode- Introduction, calomel electrode– Introduction, principle and instrumentation of Conductometry; its application in the estimation of iron.
4	Week 7-8: Polymers and Green Fuels	Introduction, Molecular weight- Number average, weight average and numerical problems. Preparation, properties, and commercial applications of kevlar. Conducting polymers–Synthesis and conducting mechanism of poly acetylene and commercial applications. Introduction, construction and working of solar photovoltaic cell, advantages, and disadvantages. Generation of energy (green hydrogen) by electrolysis of water and its advantages.
5	Week 9-11: E-Waste Management	Introduction, sources of e-waste, Composition, Characteristics, and Need of e- waste management. Toxic materials used in manufacturing electronic and electrical products, health hazards due to exposure to e-waste. Recycling and Recovery: Different approaches of recycling (separation, thermal treatments, hydrometallurgical extraction, pyro metallurgical methods, direct recycling). Extraction of gold from E-waste. Role of stake holders in environmental management of e- waste (producers, consumers, recyclers, and statutory bodies).
6	Week 12: Revision	Revision of previous question papers and discussion of practical

Page 146 of 272

OK MI C Principal MIT Mysore Dean Academ MIT Mysore

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.
2	Video/Animation	Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding of the concepts.
3	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.
4	Higher Order Thinking (HOTS) Questions:	Pose HOTS questions to stimulate critical thinking related to each competency.
5	Problem-Based Learning (PBL)	Implement PBL to enhance analytical skills and practical application of competencies
6	Multiple Representations	Introduce topics in various representations to reinforce competencies
7	Real-World Application	Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real-world competencies.
8	Flipped Class Technique	Utilize a flipped class approach, providing materials before class to facilitate deeper understanding of competencies
9	Programming Assignments	Assign programming tasks to reinforce practical skills associated with competencies.

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks	
	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	60%	15	06	
Theory (A)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B) 2		40% 10		04	
	TotalMarks		100%	25	10	
	Components	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks		
	Record Writing	Continuous	60%	15	06	
Laboratory(B)	Test at the end of the semester	1	40%	10	04	
	Total Marks	100%	25	10		

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

Conduction of Practical Examination:

- 1. All experiments in part B or part C are to be included for practical examination.
- 2. One instrumental or volumetric experiment shall be set.
- 3. Different experiments shall be set under instrumental and a common experiment under volumetric.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Understanding	Comprehend the working principles, construction, and applications of various

First Year, MIT Mysore

Page 147 of 272

	Sensor	types of sensors including conductometric, electrochemical, thermometric, and
	Technologies:	optical sensors.
2	Applications in Industry:	Explore the use of sensors for measuring dissolved oxygen, and their specific applications in pharmaceuticals and environmental monitoring, as well as electrochemical gas sensors for detecting SOx and NOx.
3	Energy Storage Systems:	Understand the construction, operation, and applications of Lithium-ion and Sodium-ion batteries, including their advantages and limitations.
4	Innovative Energy Solutions:	Learn about Quantum Dot Sensitized Solar Cells (QDSSCs), including their principles, properties, and potential applications in renewable energy technologies.
5	Material Science for Memory and Displays:	Gain knowledge of the types, properties, and applications of materials used in electronic memory devices and display systems, including liquid crystals (LCs), OLEDs, and QLEDs.
6	Corrosion and Electrochemical Techniques:	Understand the electrochemical theory of corrosion, various types of corrosion, and methods for corrosion control. Learn about different types of electrodes and their applications in analytical techniques like conductometry and potentiometry.
7	Sustainable Practices in Electronics:	Comprehend the sources, composition, and hazards of e-waste, and learn about various recycling and recovery methods. Understand the role of stakeholders in e-waste management and the environmental impact of electronic waste.

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs Course Outcomes (COs)

Course Outcomes (COs)	
COs	Description
M23BCHES102.1/202.1	Explain sensor principles and energy systems:
	Explain the working principles of various sensors and analyze the
	construction and applications of lithium-ion and sodium-ion batteries.
M23BCHES102.2/202.2	Classify and evaluate memory and display materials
	Classify organic and inorganic materials for memory and display systems, evaluating their properties and applications in OLEDs, QLEDs, and LCDs.
M23BCHES102.3/202.3	Solve corrosion and electrode-related problems
	Apply corrosion control methods and solve problems related to corrosion
	penetration rate and concentration cells, including understanding electrode
	systems.
M23BCHES102.4/202.4	Evaluate conducting polymers and green fuels
	Evaluate the properties and applications of conducting polymers and green
	fuels like hydrogen and solar cells, emphasizing environmental
	sustainability.
M23BCHES102.5/202.5	Propose sustainable e-waste management strategies
	Analyze e-waste composition and propose sustainable recycling and
	recovery methods, considering environmental and health impacts.

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs		PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2
CO1	3	2			3							
CO2	3	2		2								
CO3	3	3		2								
CO4	3	2					3					
CO5							3	3	2			

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1	10					10
Module 2		10				10



Module 3			10			10
Module 4				10		10
Module 5					10	10
Total	10	10	10	10	10	50

Semester I	End Examination	on (SEE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1	20					20
Module 2		20				20
Module 3			20			20
Module 4				20		20
Module 5					20	20
Total	20	20	20	20	20	100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. Future with this Subject

Graduates with expertise in this subject can pursue advanced research and development in new materials, advanced batteries, and innovative sensors. They can work on sustainable technology projects, focusing on reducing environmental impact and developing eco-friendly products. Specializing in electrochemical applications and corrosion control opens opportunities in various industrial sectors. Additionally, skills in nanotechnology and analytical techniques make them valuable in industries like pharmaceuticals, electronics, and quality control, while also providing a strong foundation for academic and teaching careers.

- Advanced Technology Development: You can contribute to the development of cutting-edge sensor technologies, energy storage systems, and sustainable energy solutions, supporting advancements in fields like renewable energy and environmental monitoring.
- **Materials Science and Engineering**: Opportunities abound in designing and improving materials for memory devices, displays, and energy applications, including roles in research and development within industries ranging from electronics to aerospace.
- **Environmental Sustainability**: Specializing in e-waste management and green technologies prepares you for roles focused on sustainability and environmental protection, working in industries committed to reducing ecological footprints and promoting sustainable practices.
- **Industrial and Manufacturing**: Careers in corrosion control and electrochemical systems offer opportunities in industries such as manufacturing, automotive, and infrastructure, where maintaining material integrity and reliability are critical.
- **Research and Academia**: Pursuing further education and research in these fields can lead to academic positions or roles in research institutions, contributing to the advancement of scientific knowledge and technological innovation.
- **Regulatory and Compliance**: With growing global emphasis on environmental regulations and sustainability standards, there is a demand for professionals knowledgeable in managing electronic waste and adhering to regulatory compliance.

Overall, mastering these subjects equips students with versatile skills and knowledge applicable across diverse industries, ensuring a rewarding and impactful career path aligned with future technological advancements and environmental stewardship.

2 nd SemesterEngineering Science Course(ES) Computer Aided Engineering DrawingM23BCEDK203	
---	--

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1	Basic Geometry and	Understanding of geometric shapes, Cartesian coordinate system, algebra,

	Mathematics	and trigonometry.		
2	Fundamentals of Engineering Concepts	Familiarity with engineering terminology and the purpose of engineering drawings.		
3	Introduction to Technical Drawing	Awareness of different types of technical drawings and projection methods. Proficiency in free-hand sketching and using drawing instruments.		
4	Computer Literacy	Basic knowledge of computer operations and software usage.		
5	Visualization Skills	Ability to visualize 3D objects and their 2D representations.		
6	Attention to Detail	Precision in creating accurate drawings and following technical standards. Capability to interpret technical drawings and solve related problems.		
7	Communication and Learning Abilities	Effective communication of technical information, time management, and adaptability to new tools and techniques.		

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1	Understanding of Conventions and Drawing	 Knowledge: Understanding the significance of engineering drawing, BIS conventions and the fundamentals of orthographic projections, including projections of points in the 1st and 3rd quadrants, as well as lines placed in the first quadrant. Knowledge of coordinate systems, reference planes (HP, VP, RPP, LPP), and the selection of drawing sheet size and scale. Skill: Proficiency in using CAD software and commands to accurately create orthographic projections of points, lines, and planes. Skill in utilizing drawing tools and techniques such as lines, polylines, squares, rectangles, polygons, circles, ellipses, text, move, copy, offset, mirror, rotate, trim, extend, break, chamfer, fillet, and curves. Attitude: Demonstrating attention to detail, patience, and creativity in accurately projecting points, lines, and planes in orthographic views. Willingness to learn and apply orthographic projection techniques effectively, as well as a proactive attitude towards solving problems and improving skills.
2	Orthographic Projections of Planes	 Knowledge: Understanding of orthographic projection principles for planes including triangles, squares, rectangles, pentagons, hexagons, and circular laminae placed in the first quadrant using the change of position method. Skill: Proficiency in accurately creating orthographic projections of different planes, ensuring precise representation of geometric shapes and positions in the first quadrant. Attitude: Demonstrating attention to detail, patience, and creativity in accurately projecting planes in orthographic views, as well as a willingness to apply projection techniques to solve problems involving lines and planes.
3	Orthographic Projections of Solids	 Knowledge: Understanding of orthographic projection principles for various right regular solids including prisms, pyramids, cones, cubes, and tetrahedrons. Skill: Proficiency in accurately creating orthographic projections of different solids, including the ability to project solids resting on the horizontal plane (HP) ensuring precise representation of geometric features. Attitude: Demonstrating attention to detail, patience, and diligence in accurately projecting solids in orthographic views, as well as a willingness to practice and improve projection skills for different types of solids.
4	Isometric Projection	 Knowledge: Understanding of isometric scale, principles of isometric projection, and the ability to project various solids accurately in isometric view. Skill: Proficiency in creating isometric projections of different solids, converting between isometric and orthographic views, and solving problems involving isometric projections of simple objects or engineering components. Attitude: Openness to learning and adapting to new techniques and tools for drawing views using 3D environments, demonstrating patience and creativity in accurately representing objects in isometric projections.
5	Development of Lateral Surfaces	Knowledge: Understanding of the principles and methods for developing lateral surfaces of various solids, including right regular prisms, cylinders, pyramids, and cones, as well as their frustums and truncations.Skill: Proficiency in accurately developing lateral surfaces of different solids, solving problems involving the development of lateral surfaces like funnels and

Page 150 of 272

Dean Academics MIT Mysore MI C

		trays, and creating transition pieces connecting circular ducts and rectangular
		ducts.
		Attitude: Demonstrating patience, attention to detail, and creativity in developing
		lateral surfaces, as well as openness to learning and adapting to new techniques
		and applications in surface development.
	Multidisciplinary Applications & Practice	Knowledge: Understanding various sketching techniques, drawing principles, and
		software tools used in multidisciplinary applications.
6		Skill: Proficiency in accurately creating sketches, diagrams, and drawings using
6		both manual and software-based methods.
		Attitude: Willingness to continuously learn and adapt, demonstrating patience,
		diligence, and creativity in representing diverse objects and systems.

3. Syllabus

	ed Engineering Drawing MESTER – H		
Course Code	23MBCEDK103/203	CIE Marks	50
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	2:2:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
per week can be taken additionally			
objectives: This course will enable students to:-			
 To understand fundamentals and conve BIS conventions, and scales for accurate To familiarize with CAD software, coordination of the second secon	erepresentation	-	
drawings in 2D and 3D environments.3. To develop proficiency in using CAD entities and perform essential operations		s to create variou	is geometric
4. To understand orthographic projections projection techniques and conversion methods.	for points, lines, planes, an ethods.		
 To apply learned concepts and skills in 3D environments, lateral surface develo To hone free hand sketching skills for de 	pment, and creating diagrams	s and charts.	C
communication of design ideas	epicting engineering compon	ents accuratery, er	isuring cicu
-	Module -1		
engineeringdrawing, Scales. Introduction to Correference planes HP, VP,RPP& LPP of 2D/3D Commands and creation of Lines,coordinate po- circles, ellipse, text, move, copy, off-set,mirror OrthographicProjectionsofPoints,LinesandH Introduction to Orthographic projection 1 st and3 rd quadrants.Orthographicprojectionsof Orthographicprojectionsof planesviztriangle,square,rectangle,pentagon,hetchangeofpositionmethod). <i>ApplicationonprojectionsofLines&Planes(ForC.</i>	 environment. Selection of opints, axes, polylines, square, yrotate, trim, extend, break, cha Planes: s: Orthographic projecti lines(PlacedinFirstquadrant optics) xagon, and circularlaminae(PlacedinFirstquadrant optics) 	drawing sheet size rectangle, polygo mfer,filletandcurv ons of points only).	and scale. ns, splines, es. in
	Module -2		
OrthographicProjectionofSolids: Orthographic projectionofrightregularsolids (triangle,square,rectangle,pentagon,hexagon),Cyl fconeandpyramids(Forpracticeonly, notforCIEd	(Solids RestingonHPo linders,Cones,Cubes&Tetrah		&Pyramids ofFrustumo
IsometricProjections:	1910uult -3		
Isometricr rojections: Isometricscale, Isometricprojectionofhexahedron(cube),rightreg projectionofcombinationoftwosimplesolids. Conversion of simple isometric drawings into Problems on applications of Isometric projectio	o orthographic views.		es.Isometric

Page 151 of 272

Principal MIT Mysore

M

Inte	aduction to drawi	ng view susing 3Denvironment (For CIEonly).
		ng view sasing sidenvalonment (For Cleoniy).
		Module -4
De	velopmentofLate	ralSurfacesofSolids:
De	velopment of later	ral surfaces of right regular prisms, cylinders, pyramids and cones resting with base
		mentoflateralsurfacesoftheirfrustumsandtruncations.
		onsof developmentof lateralsurfaceslikefunnelsand trays.
		development of lateral surfaces of transition pieces connecting circular duci
andı	rectangularduct(H	<i>ForCIEOnly</i>
		Module -5
Mı	ıltidisciplinaryAı	pplications&Practice(ForCIEOnly):
		ng; True free hand, Guided Free hand, Roads, Buildings, Utensils, Hand tools &
Fu	rniture's	etcDrawingSimpleMechanisms;Bicycles,Tricycles,Geartrains,Ratchets,two
wh	eelercart&Four-w	heelercartstodimensionsetc
		ightingdiagrams; Like, Automatic firealarm, Callbellsystem, UPS system, Basic powerdis
	outionsystemusing	
		ing;Like,Architecturalfloorplan,basicfoundationdrawing,steelstructures-
		esusingAutoCADorsuitablesoftware,
		ringDrawings-Like,SimpleElectronicsCircuitDrawings,practiceonlayersconcept.
		ike, Column chart, Pie chart, Line charts, Gantt charts, etc. using Microsoft Excel or
anys	uitablesoftware.	
	t Books	
		dhusudhan:, Engineering Visulisation, 1st Edition, Cengage, Publication
	•	S., Vela Murali, Engineering Drawing, Oxford University Press, 2015.
	erence Books	
		' Flastriag Engineering Drawing New Age International publishers, second edition
	1998, reprint 2005	
	-	5.
2.	Chris Schroder, P	5. rinted Circuit Board Design using AutoCAD, Newnes, 1997.
2. 3.	Chris Schroder, P K S Sai Ram Desi	5. rinted Circuit Board Design using AutoCAD, Newnes, 1997. ign of steel structures, , Third Edition by Pearson
2. 3. 4.	Chris Schroder, P K S Sai Ram Des Nainan p kurian I	5. rinted Circuit Board Design using AutoCAD, Newnes, 1997. ign of steel structures, , Third Edition by Pearson Design of foundation systems, Narosa publications
2. 3. 4.	Chris Schroder, P K S Sai Ram Des Nainan p kurian I	5. rinted Circuit Board Design using AutoCAD, Newnes, 1997. ign of steel structures, , Third Edition by Pearson
2. 3. 4. 5.	Chris Schroder, P K S Sai Ram Desi Nainan p kurian I A S Pabla, Electri	5. rinted Circuit Board Design using AutoCAD, Newnes, 1997. ign of steel structures, , Third Edition by Pearson Design of foundation systems, Narosa publications ical power distribution, 6th edition, Tata Mcgraw hill
2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	Chris Schroder, P K S Sai Ram Desi Nainan p kurian I A S Pabla, Electri	5. Frinted Circuit Board Design using AutoCAD, Newnes, 1997. ign of steel structures, , Third Edition by Pearson Design of foundation systems, Narosa publications iccal power distribution, 6th edition, Tata Mcgraw hill neering Drawing: Plane and Solid Geometry, 53rd edition, Charotar Publishing House
2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	Chris Schroder, P K S Sai Ram Des Nainan p kurian I A S Pabla, Electri Bhatt, N.D., Engi Pvt. Limited, 2019	5. rinted Circuit Board Design using AutoCAD, Newnes, 1997. ign of steel structures, , Third Edition by Pearson Design of foundation systems, Narosa publications ical power distribution, 6th edition, Tata Mcgraw hill neering Drawing: Plane and Solid Geometry, 53rd edition, Charotar Publishing House 9.
2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	Chris Schroder, P K S Sai Ram Desi Nainan p kurian E A S Pabla, Electri Bhatt, N.D., Engi Pvt. Limited, 2019 K. R. Gopalakris	5. rinted Circuit Board Design using AutoCAD, Newnes, 1997. ign of steel structures, , Third Edition by Pearson Design of foundation systems, Narosa publications ical power distribution, 6th edition, Tata Mcgraw hill neering Drawing: Plane and Solid Geometry, 53rd edition, Charotar Publishing House 9.
2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	Chris Schroder, P K S Sai Ram Desi Nainan p kurian E A S Pabla, Electri Bhatt, N.D., Engi Pvt. Limited, 2019 K. R. Gopalakris	rinted Circuit Board Design using AutoCAD, Newnes, 1997. ign of steel structures, , Third Edition by Pearson Design of foundation systems, Narosa publications ical power distribution, 6th edition, Tata Mcgraw hill neering Drawing: Plane and Solid Geometry, 53rd edition, Charotar Publishing House 9. shna, &SudhirGopalakrishna: Textbook Of Computer Aided Engineering Drawing.
2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	Chris Schroder, P K S Sai Ram Desi Nainan p kurian I A S Pabla, Electri Bhatt, N.D., Engi Pvt. Limited, 2019 K. R. Gopalakris 39th Edition, Sub	 5. trinted Circuit Board Design using AutoCAD, Newnes, 1997. ign of steel structures, , Third Edition by Pearson Design of foundation systems, Narosa publications ical power distribution, 6th edition, Tata Mcgraw hill neering Drawing: Plane and Solid Geometry, 53rd edition, Charotar Publishing House 9. shna, &SudhirGopalakrishna: Textbook Of Computer Aided Engineering Drawing ash Stores, Bangalore, 2017
2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. Syll :	Chris Schroder, P K S Sai Ram Desi Nainan p kurian I A S Pabla, Electri Bhatt, N.D., Engi Pvt. Limited, 201 K. R. Gopalakris 39th Edition, Sub abus Timeline	 5. Trinted Circuit Board Design using AutoCAD, Newnes, 1997. ign of steel structures, , Third Edition by Pearson Design of foundation systems, Narosa publications ical power distribution, 6th edition, Tata Mcgraw hill neering Drawing: Plane and Solid Geometry, 53rd edition, Charotar Publishing House 9. Shna, &SudhirGopalakrishna: Textbook Of Computer Aided Engineering Drawing
2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. <u>Syll:</u> S /	Chris Schroder, P K S Sai Ram Desi Nainan p kurian I A S Pabla, Electri Bhatt, N.D., Engi Pvt. Limited, 201 K. R. Gopalakris 39th Edition, Sub abus Timeline Syllabus	 5. trinted Circuit Board Design using AutoCAD, Newnes, 1997. ign of steel structures, , Third Edition by Pearson Design of foundation systems, Narosa publications ical power distribution, 6th edition, Tata Mcgraw hill neering Drawing: Plane and Solid Geometry, 53rd edition, Charotar Publishing House 9. shna, &SudhirGopalakrishna: Textbook Of Computer Aided Engineering Drawing.
2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 7. Syll: S/ L	Chris Schroder, P K S Sai Ram Desi Nainan p kurian I A S Pabla, Electri Bhatt, N.D., Engi Pvt. Limited, 201 K. R. Gopalakris 39th Edition, Sub abus Timeline Syllabus	 5. trinted Circuit Board Design using AutoCAD, Newnes, 1997. ign of steel structures, , Third Edition by Pearson Design of foundation systems, Narosa publications ical power distribution, 6th edition, Tata Mcgraw hill neering Drawing: Plane and Solid Geometry, 53rd edition, Charotar Publishing House 9. shna, &SudhirGopalakrishna: Textbook Of Computer Aided Engineering Drawing. ash Stores, Bangalore, 2017 Description Significance of Engineering drawing, BIS Conventions of Engineering Drawing Free hand sketching of engineeringdrawing, Scales. Introduction to Computer
2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 7. <u>Syll:</u>	Chris Schroder, P K S Sai Ram Desi Nainan p kurian E A S Pabla, Electri Bhatt, N.D., Engi Pvt. Limited, 201 K. R. Gopalakris 39th Edition, Sub abus Timeline Syllabus Timeline	 5. Trinted Circuit Board Design using AutoCAD, Newnes, 1997. ign of steel structures, , Third Edition by Pearson Design of foundation systems, Narosa publications ical power distribution, 6th edition, Tata Mcgraw hill neering Drawing: Plane and Solid Geometry, 53rd edition, Charotar Publishing House 9. Shna, &SudhirGopalakrishna: Textbook Of Computer Aided Engineering Drawing. ash Stores, Bangalore, 2017 Description Significance of Engineering drawing, BIS Conventions of Engineering Drawing
2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. Syll: S/ L	Chris Schroder, P K S Sai Ram Desi Nainan p kurian I A S Pabla, Electri Bhatt, N.D., Engi Pvt. Limited, 2019 K. R. Gopalakris 39th Edition, Sub abus Timeline Syllabus Timeline Week 1:	 5. trinted Circuit Board Design using AutoCAD, Newnes, 1997. ign of steel structures, , Third Edition by Pearson Design of foundation systems, Narosa publications ical power distribution, 6th edition, Tata Mcgraw hill neering Drawing: Plane and Solid Geometry, 53rd edition, Charotar Publishing House 9. shna, &SudhirGopalakrishna: Textbook Of Computer Aided Engineering Drawing. ash Stores, Bangalore, 2017 Description Significance of Engineering drawing, BIS Conventions of Engineering Drawing Free hand sketching of engineeringdrawing, Scales. Introduction to Computer
2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. Syll: S/ L	Chris Schroder, P K S Sai Ram Desi Nainan p kurian I A S Pabla, Electri Bhatt, N.D., Engi Pvt. Limited, 2019 K. R. Gopalakris 39th Edition, Sub abus Timeline Syllabus Timeline Week 1:	 5. 5
2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. Syll: S/ L	Chris Schroder, P K S Sai Ram Desi Nainan p kurian I A S Pabla, Electri Bhatt, N.D., Engi Pvt. Limited, 2019 K. R. Gopalakris 39th Edition, Sub abus Timeline Syllabus Timeline Week 1: Introduction	 5. trinted Circuit Board Design using AutoCAD, Newnes, 1997. ign of steel structures, , Third Edition by Pearson Design of foundation systems, Narosa publications ical power distribution, 6th edition, Tata Mcgraw hill neering Drawing: Plane and Solid Geometry, 53rd edition, Charotar Publishing House 9. shna, &SudhirGopalakrishna: Textbook Of Computer Aided Engineering Drawing ash Stores, Bangalore, 2017 Description Significance of Engineering drawing, BIS Conventions of Engineering Drawing Free hand sketching of engineeringdrawing, Scales. Introduction to Computer Aided Drafting software, Co-ordinate system and reference planes HP, VP,RPP&

Introduction to Orthographic projections: Orthographic projections of points in

1stand 3rdquadrants Orthographicprojectionsoflines(PlacedinFirstquadrant only).

planesviztriangle,square,rectangle,pentagon,hexagon,andcircularlaminae(Placedin

Orthographic projectionofrightregularsolids (Solids RestingonHPonly): Prisms

(triangle,square,rectangle,pentagon,hexagon),Cylinders,Cones,Cubes&Tetrahedro

Points Week 4-5:

Projection of

Lines Week 6-9:

Projection of

Planes

Week 10-12:

Projection of

Solids

Orthographicprojectionsof

&Pyramids

n.

Firstquadrantonlyusingchangeofpositionmethod).

4.

3

4

5

Page 152 of 272

6	Week 12-13: Isometric Projection	Isometricscale, Isometricprojectionofhexahedron(cube),rightregularprisms,pyramids,cylinders,cone sandspheres.
7	Week 13-14: Development of Lateral Surfaces	Development of lateral surfaces of right regular prisms, cylinders, pyramids and cones resting with base on HP only
8	Week15: Multidisciplin ary Drawings	Free hand Sketching, ElectricWiringandlightingdiagrams, BasicBuildingDrawing and ElectronicsEngineeringDrawings

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description		
1	Chalk and Talk method	The drawing views are explained using chalk and talk method		
2	Videos Demonstration and Simulations	The assembly drawings are explained with the help of videos and simulations.		
3	Use of Charts	The use of charts enables better visualization to students.		
4	Software	Assign modeling and drafting tasks to reinforce practical skills associated with competencies.		

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weight-age of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks).

A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

The CIE marks for CAED course offered In the 1st year shall be assessed as follows:

- 1. The CIE marks awarded in the case of Drawing shall be based on Weekly evaluation of the classwork (sketching and computer aided drawing) with each drawing evaluated as mentioned module wise in the syllabus. The marks (or all the drawing sheets are added and scaled do to 30marks
- **2.** One class test similar to SEE will be conducted after completion of the syllabus for 100 marks and scaled down to 20Marks.
- 3. CIE marks (out or 50) scored by the student is the sum of classwork evaluation and test marks.
- **4.** CIE component should comprise of Continuous evaluation of Drawing work of students as and when the Modules are covered based on below detailed weightage.

	Max Marks	Evaluation weightage in marks		
Module	Weightage	Computer Display & print out	Preparatory Sketching	
Module – 1	15	10	05	
Module - 2	20	15	05	
Module – 3	20	20	00	
Module – 4	20	20	00	
Module – 5	25	15	10	
TOTAL	100	80	20	
Consideration of Class work		100 Marks is scaled down to 30 marks		

5. At least one Test covering all the modules is to be conducted for 100 marks and evaluation to be based SEE pattern, and the same is to be scaled down to 20Marks

6. The final CIE = Class work marks + Test marks

Semester End Examination (SEE): SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.

- > The duration of SEE is 03 hours. Questions shall be set worth of 3 hours
- > SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners appointed by the COE.
- SEE shall be conducted and evaluated for maximum of 100 marks. Marks obtained shall be accounted for SEE final marks, reducing it to 50 marks.

- Two questions from each Modules to be set as per the below tabled weightage details. The student has to answer one from each module.
- Question paper for each batch of students has to be set before the commencement of Examination of each batch. The answer sheets will have to be jointly evaluated by the two examiners.
- Two questions to be set from each Module
- Student has to answer one question each from Module
- However, the student may be awarded full marks, if he/she completes solution on computer display without sketch.

	Mor Morka	Evaluation weightage in marks		
.Module	Max Marks Weightage	Computer Display & print out	Preparatory Sketching	
Module-1	20	15	05	
Module-2	30	25	05	
Module-3	25	20	05	
Moduel-4	25	20	05	
TOTAL	100	80	20	

7. Learning Objectives

LCar	ning Objectives	
S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Understanding Engineering Drawing Significance:	Comprehend the importance of engineering drawing in communicating design ideas, specifications, and details accurately
2	Familiarization with BIS Conventions:	Learn the standard conventions and symbols specified by the Bureau of Indian Standards (BIS) to ensure uniformity and clarity in engineering drawings.
3	Proficiency in Free Hand Sketching:	Develop skills in true free hand and guided free hand sketching techniques for depicting various objects, structures, and components encountered in engineering.
4	Grasping Scales and Dimensioning:	Understand the use of scales in engineering drawings for accurate representation of dimensions and proportions, ensuring clarity and readability.
5	Introduction to CAD Software:	Gain familiarity with CAD software tools and functions for creating, editing, and manipulating engineering drawings in both 2D and 3D environments.
6	Mastering Coordinate Systems:	Learn about coordinate systems and reference planes such as Horizontal Plane (HP), Vertical Plane (VP), Reference Plane of Projection (RPP), and Line of Projection Plane (LPP) in both 2D and 3D environments.
7	Skill Development in CAD Commands:	Acquire proficiency in using CAD commands and creation techniques for generating different geometric entities such as lines, points, polygons, circles, ellipses, and text, and performing operations like move, copy, mirror, rotate, trim, extend, break, chamfer, fillet, and curves.
8	Application of Orthographic Projections:	Apply learned concepts to accurately project points, lines, and planes in orthographic views, ensuring precise representation of geometric features.

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs Course Outcomes (COs)

COs	Description
M23BCEDK203.1	Ability to apply orthographic projection principles to represent points and lines in various quadrants.
M23BCEDK203.2	Apply orthographic projection principles to represent regular plane surfaces for different resting positions and orientation within the first quadrant.
M23BCEDK203.3	Proficiently apply orthographic projection techniques to represent right regular solids resting on HP.
M23BCEDK203.4	Apply isometric scale and projection techniques to visualize and represent various solids facilitating a comprehensive understanding of engineering drawings
M23BCEDK203.5	Analyze and create lateral surfaces for solids resting on HP
M23BCEDK203.6	Create freehand sketches of various Multidisciplinary Applications drawings and generate graphs/charts using appropriate software

Page 154 of 272

	PO											
COs/POs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
M23BCEDK203.1	3	I	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BCEDK203.2	-	3		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BCEDK203.3	-	I	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BCEDK203.4	-	I	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BCEDK203.5	-	I	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BCEDK203.6	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BCEDK203	3	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

9. Assessment Plan

10. Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	CO6	Total
Module 1	5%	20%					25%
Module 2			30%				30%
Module 3				20%			20%
Module 4					20%		20%
Module 5						5%	5%
Total	5%	20%	30%	20%	20%	5%	100%
		11. Sen	nester End Ex	amination (S	EE)		

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	CO6	Total
Module 1	05	15					20
Module 2			30				30
Module 3				25			25
Module 4					25		25
Module 5							-
Total	5	15	30	25	25		100

10. Future with this Subject

✤ Integration of Advanced Technologies:

Embrace advancements in CAD software and 3D modeling technologies to enhance the visualization and representation capabilities of engineering drawings.

✤ Focus on Sustainability and Green Engineering:

Incorporate principles of sustainability and green engineering into drawing practices, emphasizing eco-friendly design solutions and materials.

 Interdisciplinary Collaboration: Encourage interdisciplinary collaboration between engineering disciplines, architecture, and design fields to create comprehensive and integrated engineering drawings for complex projects.

Emphasis on Digital Twin and Virtual Reality:

Utilize digital twin and virtual reality technologies to create immersive and interactive representations of engineering designs, allowing for real-time simulation and analysis.

Continued Professional Development:

Promote continuous professional development among engineers and designers, fostering lifelong learning and adaptation to emerging trends and technologies in engineering drawing practices.

2 nd Semester	Engineering Science Courses - II (ESC) Introduction to Civil Engineering	M23BESK204A
1. Prerequisites		



1	Mathematics	Basic algebra and trigonometry
2	Physics	Mechanics and properties of materials
3	Chemistry	Understanding of chemical reactions relevant tomaterials
4	Engineering Drawing	Visualization and interpretation of technicaldrawings
5	Environmental Science	Awareness of environmental issues and regulations

2. Competencies (A minimum of four competencies may be written)

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
	Analyzing, Designing,	Knowledge: Structural and Geo technical principles.
1	Implementing	Skill: Application of design codes.
		Attitude: Attention to detail.
	Planning, Managing,	Knowledge: Construction management techniques.
2	Optimizing	Skill: Project scheduling.
		Attitude: Strategic thinking.
	Evaluating, Innovating,	Knowledge: Sustainable development practices.
3	Enhancing	Skill: Problem-solving for urban issues.
		Attitude: Environmental consciousness.
	Measuring, Calculating,	Knowledge: Surveying methods.
4	Reporting	Skill: Use of surveying equipment.
		Attitude: Precision and accuracy.
	Designing, Calculating,	Knowledge: Fluid mechanics in hydraulics.
5	Assessing	Skill: Water resource management.
		Attitude: Analytical thinking.

3. Syllabus

INTRODUCTIONTOCIVILENGINEERING SEMESTER– I/II			
CourseCode	M23BESK104/204A	CIEMarks	50
NumberofLectureHours/Week (L:T: P:S)	(2:2:0)	SEE Marks	50
TotalNumberofLectureHours	50hours	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	ExamHours	03
	Module-1		•

CivilEngineeringDisciplinesandBuilding Science

Introduction to Civil Engineering: Surveying, Structural Engineering, Geotechnical Engineering, Hydraulics & Water Resources, Transportation Engineering, Environmental Engineering, Construction planning & Project management.

Basic Materials of Construction: Bricks, Cement &mortars, Plain, Reinforced & Pre-interval and the second second

stressedConcrete, Structural steel, Construction Chemicals.

Structural elements of abuilding:foundation,plinth,lintel,chejja,Masonry wall,column, beam, slab and staircase

Module-2

SocietalandGlobalImpact ofInfrastructure

Infrastructure: Introduction to sustainable development goals, Smart cityconcept, clean city, concept, Safe city concept

Environment:WaterSupplyandSanitarysystems,urbanairpollutionmanagement,Solid waste management, identification of Landfill sites, urban flood control

Built-environment: Energy efficient buildings, recycling, Temperature and Sound control in buildings, Security systems; Smart buildings.

Module-3

Analysis of force systems: Concept of idealization, system of forces, principles of superposition and transmissibility, Resolution and composition of forces, Law of Parallelogramof forces, Resultant ofconcurrent and non-concurrent coplanar force systems, moment offorces, couple, Varignon's theorem, free bodydiagram, equations of equilibrium,

equilibrium of concurrent and non-concurrent coplanar force systems

Module-4

Centroid: Importanceofcentroidandcentreofgravity, methodsofdeterminingthecentroid, locating the centroid of plane laminae from first principles, centroid of built-up sections. Numerical examples

Module-5

Moment of inertia: Importance of Moment of Inertia, method of determining the second moment of area (moment of inertia) of plane sections from first principles, parallel axis theorem and perpendicular axis theorem, section modulus, radius of gyration, moment of inertia of built-upsections, Numerical Examples.

TextBooks:

1.BansalR. K.,RakeshRanjanBeohar andAhmadAliKhan, BasicCivilEngineeringandEngineering Mechanics, 2015,Laxmi Publications.

2. Kolhapure BK, Elements of Civil Engineering and Engineering Mechanics, 2014, EBPB

ReferenceBooks:

1.Beer F.P.andJohnstonE.R., Mechanics for Engineers, StaticsandDynamics, 1987, McGrawHill.

Irving H. Shames, Engineering Mechanics, 2019, Prentice-Hall.

2.HibblerR.C.,EngineeringMechanics:Principles ofStaticsandDynamics,2017,PearsonPress.

3. TimoshenkoS, YoungD.H., RaoJ.V., EngineeringMechanics, 5thEdition, 2017, PearsonPress.

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
		Students will learn about various disciplines of civil engineering such as
1	Week1-3:	Surveying, StructuralEngineering, GeotechnicalEngineering, Hydraulics &WaterResources,TransportationEngineering,Environmental Engineering,Constructionplanning&Projectmanagement.
2	Week4-6:	Students will learn about sustainable development goals, Smart city concept, clean city, concept, Safe city concept, Water Supply andSanitary systems, urban air pollution management, Solid waste management, identification of Landfill sites, urban flood control. Energy efficientbuildings,recycling,TemperatureandSoundcontrolin buildings, Securitysystems;Smartbuildings.
3	Week7-9:	Students will learn about Concept of idealization, system of forces, principles of superposition and transmissibility, Resolution and composition of forces, Law of Parallelogram of forces, Resultant of concurrentandnon-concurrentcoplanar forcesystems, momentofforces, couple,Varignon'stheorem,freebodydiagram,equationsof equilibrium, equilibriumofconcurrent andnon-concurrent coplanar force systems
4	Week10-12:	Students will learn about Importance of centroid and centre of gravity, methods of determining the centroid, locating the centroid of plane laminaefromfirstprinciples,centroidofbuilt-upsectionsandnumerical examples.
5	Week13-16:	Students will learn about Importance of Moment of Inertia, method of determining the second moment of area (moment of inertia) of plane sections from first principles, parallel axis theorem and perpendicularaxis theorem, section modulus, radius of gyration, moment of inertia of built-up sections and numerical examples.

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Lectures	Delivertheoreticalknowledgeand foundationalconcepts.
2	PracticalLabs	Hands-
		onsessionsforsurveying, material testing, and geotechnical investigations.
3	GroupProjects	Collaborativeprojectsto designandanalyzestructuralelementsor urban
		planning initiatives.
4	CaseStudies	Real-worldexamplestoillustratetheapplicationofenvironmental engineering
		and project management concepts.
5	GuestLectures	Industryexpertstoprovideinsightsoncurrentpractices and future trends in
		civil engineering.
6	Interactive	Discussionsessionsto deepenunderstandingandencouragecritical thinking.

First Year, MIT Mysore

Page 157 of 272

	Seminars	
7	FieldTrips	Visitstoconstructionsites, watertreatmentplants, and smartcity
		projectsfor practical exposure.

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Comp	onents	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks		•	50	20

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description					
1	Understand	Graspthebasicprinciplesandconceptsinsurveying, structural					
1	FundamentalConcepts	engineering, and geotechnical engineering.					
2	ApplyKnowledgeto	Utilizetheoreticalknowledgetosolvereal-worldproblemsin					
Z	Practical Scenarios	hydraulics, waterresources, and transportation engineering.					
3	DevelopSustainable	Designsolutionsthat integratesustainabledevelopmentgoalsand					
3	Solutions	smartcityconcepts.					
4	Manage	Implementstrategiesforairpollutionmanagement, solid waste					
4	EnvironmentalImpact	management, and urbanflood control.					
5	AnalyzeStructural	Performdetailedanalysisanddesignofstructural componentsusing					
5	Elements	principleslearned.					

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)

COs	Description
M23BESK204A.1	Comprehendandapplytheknowledgeoffundamentalsofengineeringtoknowabout variousdisciplinesofcivilengineering,basicconstructionmaterials,structuralelements of a building and infrastructure requirement for sustainable development.
M23BESK204A.2	Analyzetheresultantandequilibriumofforcesystemsontherigid bodies.
M23BESK204A.3	Determineandlocatethecentroidofplaneandbuilt-up sections.
M23BESK204A.4	Determinethemoment of inertia of plane and built-up sections.

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2
M23BESK204A.1	3					2	2					
M23BESK204A.2		2										
M23BESK204A.3		2										

M23BESK204A.4		2						
M23BESK204	3	2		2	2			

9. Assessment Plan

	Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)									
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	CO6	Total			
Module 1	10				10	10				
Module 2	10				10	10				
Module 3		10			10		10			
Module 4			10		10					
Module 5				10	10					
Total	20	10	10	10	50	20	10			

	20				20	20			
Module 1	20				20	20			
Module 2		20			20		20		
Module 3			20		20				
Module 4				20	20				
Module 5	40	20	20	20	100	40	20		
Total	20				20	20			

Semester End Examination (SEE)

ConditionsforSEEPaperSetting:

EachmoduleofSEEquestionpaper should beallocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks.

10. Future with this Subject

This subject lays the foundational knowledge and practical skills required for a career in civil engineering. Mastery of these concepts enables students to pursue advanced studies or professional roles in various sub-disciplines such as structural engineering, environmental engineering, and urban planning. The integration of sustainable development goals and smartcity concepts prepares students to contribute to the future of resilient and sustainable infrastructure development.

- **1.** FoundationforFurtherStudy: Understandingthebasicsofcivilengineeringprovidesa strong foundation for students who may later choose to specialize in civil engineering or related fields during their undergraduate studies. This subject introduces them to key concepts, principles, and disciplines within civil engineering.
- **2.** Career Paths: Even if students do not pursue civil engineering as a major, theknowledge gained from this subject can be beneficial in various career paths. Many industries, such as construction management, urban planning, environmental consulting, and infrastructure development, value individuals with a basic understanding of civil engineering principles.
- **3. Interdisciplinary Knowledge:** Civil engineering concepts often overlap with other engineering disciplines and fields such as architecture, environmental science, and urban design. Students gain interdisciplinaryknowledge that canbe applied indiverse contexts.
- **4. Problem-Solving Skills:** Civil engineering emphasizes analytical thinking, problemsolving, and project management skills. These skills are transferable to manyprofessions and are highly valued in industries that require systematic problem-solving abilities.
- **5.** Sustainability and Urban Development: With increasing emphasis on sustainability and smart cities, knowledge gained in civil engineering can contribute to addressing global challenges like climate change, urbanization, and infrastructure resilience.
- **6. Professional Development:** Introduction to civil engineering subjects often include exposure to industry practices, standards, and regulations. This early exposure can help students develop professional skills and understand the expectations of the civil engineering profession.
- 7. Entrepreneurship Opportunities: Understanding civil engineering basics can inspire entrepreneurial ventures in construction technology, sustainable development solutions, or infrastructure innovations.



2 nd Semester		Engineering Science Courses - II (ESC) Introduction to Electrical Engineering	M23BESK204B
1. l	Prerequisites		
CI/T			

Prerequisites S/L Proficiency Page 160 of 272

First Year, MIT Mysore

Dean Academics MIT Mysore

Dask

1.	Basic Concepts in physics	• Understanding of electric charge, voltage, current, resistance, and power. These concepts form the foundation of electrical engineering.
2.	Circuit Elements	 Familiarity with fundamental concepts of discrete componentssuch as resistors, capacitors and inductors
3.	Mathematics	• Proficiency in algebra for solving few mathematical expressions using voltage divider rule, integration and differential equations to calculate the desired voltage, frequency of operation
4.	Previous Coursework	• Gain a basic understanding of electromagnetic theory, including concepts like magnetic fields, electromagnetic induction, and the relationship between electricity and magnetism.
5.	Component symbols	 Familiarity with electrical components and their symbols, along with safety precautions, lays a strong groundwork for further learning.

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description				
1.	Basics of power generation and DC circuits	 Knowledge: Insight into how electricity is generated from various sources, transmitted over long distances through high-voltage transmission lines, and distributed to end-users through the grid. Techniques for analyzing simple DC circuits containing resistors, voltage sources, and current sources. Skills: Ability to apply voltage divider rule, ohms-law, KVL, KCL and Thevenin theorem to design the required DCcircuit for small signal using transistor. Understanding power generation technologies and their applications is valuable in fields such as renewable energy, electrical utilities, and sustainable development. Attitudes: Learning about renewable energy technologies encourages a commitment to 				
2.	Analysis of Single Phase and Three Phase Circuits	 sustainability and the preservation of natural resources for future generations Knowledge: Will gain an understanding of the differences between single-phase and three-phase electrical systems, including their configurations, advantages, and applications. Will achieve knowledge of impedance, power, power factor and related concepts. Skills: Skills gained include circuit analysis techniques, problem-solving, critical thinking, technical communication, hands-on application, teamwork etc. Attitudes: Appreciation for the essential role of electrical engineering roles in diverse 				
3.	DC Generators and Motors	 industries Knowledge: Understanding their principles enables efficient conversion between mechanical and electrical energy, vital for various applications like industrial machinery and transportation. Skills: Imparts electrical engineering skillsand troubleshooting techniques, crucial for engineering innovation. Attitudes: Valuing the knowledge of conversion of various forms of energy in to electrical energy 				
4.	Transformers and Three phase Induction Motors	 Knowledge: Involves comprehending electromagnetic principles, transformer configurations, and transformer losses, crucial for power distribution and voltage transformation. Understanding three-phase induction motors encompasses principles of 				

Page 161 of 272

Dean Academ MIT Mysore Principal MIT Mysore

MT

		rotating magnetic fields, motor construction, starting methods
		Skills:
		• Exploring transformers and three-phase induction motors enriches
		electrical engineering proficiency for industrial machinery applications.
		Attitudes:
		Appreciation for understanding AC machines for specific application
		Knowledge:
		• It involves understanding wiring regulations, circuitry layouts, and safety
	Domestic	protocols to prevent electrical hazards such as shocks and fires.
	Wiring and	Skills:
5.	Safety	• Learning domestic wiring and safety measures cultivates essential electrical
	Measures	skills for residential installations
		Attitudes:
		Proficiency in wire sizing, grounding, and proper insulation ensures safe
		and reliable electrical systems, promoting household safety.

3. Syllabus

Introduction to Electrical Engineering								
SEMESTER – I / II								
Course Code	M23BESK104/204B	CIE Marks	50					
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	4:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50					
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40(T)Hrs	Total Marks	100					
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03					

Course objectives

• To explain the laws used in the analysis of DC and AC circuits.

• To explain the behavior of circuit elements in single-phase circuits.

• To explain the construction and operation of transformers, DC generators and motors and induction motors. • To introduce concepts of circuit protecting devices and earthing.

• To explain electric power generation, transmission and distribution, electricity billing, equipment and personal safety measures.

Module -1

Introduction: Conventional and non-conventional energy resources; General structure of electrical power systems using single line diagram approach.Power Generation: Hydel, Nuclear, Solar & wind power generation (Block Diagram approach).DC Circuits:Ohm's Law and its limitations. KCL & KVL, series, parallel, series-parallel circuits. Simple Numerical.

Module -2

A.C. Fundamentals:Equation of AC Voltage and current, waveform, time period, frequency, amplitude, phase, phasedifference, average value, RMS value, form factor, peak factor. (only definitions)Voltage and current relationship with phasor diagrams in R, L, and C circuits. Concept of Impedance.Analysis of R-L, R-C, R-L-C Series circuits.Active power, reactive power and apparent power.Concept of power factor. (Simple Numerical).

Three Phase Circuits:

Generation of Three phase AC quantity, advantages and limitations; star and delta connection, relationship between line and phase quantities (excluding proof)

Module -3

DC Machines:DC Generator: Principle of operation, constructional details, induced emf expression, types ofgenerators.Relation between induced emf and terminal voltage.Simple numerical.

DC Motor: Principle of operation, back emf and its significance. Torque equation, types of motors, characteristics and speed control (armature & field)of DC motors(series & shunt only). Applications of DC motors. Simple numerical

Module -4

Transformers: Necessity of transformer, principle of operation, Types and construction of singlephase transformers, EMF equation, losses, variation of losses with respect to load. Efficiency and simple numerical.

Three-phase induction Motors: Concept of rotating magnetic field, Principle of operation, constructional features of motor, types – squirrel cage and wound rotor. Slip and its significance simple numerical.

Module -5

Domestic Wiring: Requirements, Types of wiring: casing, capping. Two way and three way controof load. **Electricity Bill**: Power rating of household appliances including air conditioners, PCs, laptops, printers, etc.

Page 162 of 272

Definition of "unit" used for consumption of electrical energy, two-part electricity tariff, calculation of electricity bill for domestic consumers.

Equipment Safety measures: Working principle of Fuse and Miniature circuit breaker (MCB), merits and demerits.

Personal safety measures: Electric Shock, Earthing and its types, Safety Precautions to avoid shock. **Suggested Learning Resources:**

Text Books:

1. Basic Electrical Engineering by D C Kulshreshtha, Tata McGraw Hill, First Edition 2019.

- 2. A text book of Electrical Technology by B.L. Theraja, S Chand and Company, reprint edition 2014. **Reference Books:**
- 1. Basic Electrical Engineering, D. P. Kothari and I. J. Nagrath, Tata McGraw Hill 4th edition, 2019.
- 2. Principles of Electrical Engineering & Electronics by V. K. Mehta, Rohit Mehta, S. Chand and Company Publications, 2nd edition, 2015.
- 3. Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering by Rajendra Prasad, PHI, 3rd edition, 2014.

Web links and Video Lectures(e-Resources):

•<u>www.nptel.ac.in</u>

Course outcomes: This course will enable students to:

- Understand the concepts of various energy sources and Electric circuits.
- Apply the basic Electrical laws to solve circuits.
- Discuss the construction and operation of various Electrical Machines.
- Identify suitable Electrical machine for practical implementation.
- Explain the concepts of electric power transmission and distribution, electricity billing, circuit protective devices and personal safety measures

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1-3:	Students learn Conventional and non-conventional energy resources; General structure of electrical power systems using single line diagram approach.Power Generation: Hydel, Nuclear, Solar & wind power generation (Block Diagram approach) as introduction to Electrical Engineering Further, basics of DC Circuits:Ohm's Law and its limitations. KCL & KVL, series, parallel, series-parallel circuits with Simple Numerical
2	Week 4-5:	A.C. Fundamentals Suchas Equation of AC Voltage and current, waveform, time period, frequency, amplitude, phase, phasedifference, average value, RMS value, form factor, peak factor. (only definitions) Voltage and current relationship with phasor diagrams in R, L, and C circuits are discussed. Concept of Impedance: Analysis of R-L, R-C, R-L-C Series circuits. Active power, reactive power and apparent power, Concept of power factor with Simple Numerical etc are also included.
3	Week 6-8:	 Three Phase Circuits: Generation of Three phase AC quantity, advantages and limitations; star and delta connection, relationship between line and phase quantities (excluding proof) are discussed. DC Generator: Principle of operation, constructional details, induced emf expression, types of generators. Relation between induced emf and terminal voltage with Simple numerical also covered. DC Motor: Principle of operation, back emf and its significance. Torque equation, types of motors, characteristics and speed control (armature & field) of DC motors(series & shunt only). Applications of DC motors with Simple numerical are discussed.
4	Week 9-10	Transformers : Necessity of transformer, principle of operation, Types and construction of singlephase transformers, EMF equation, losses, variation of losses with respect to load. Efficiency and simple numerical are addressed. Three-phase induction Motors : Concept of rotating magnetic field, Principle of operation, constructional features of motor, types – squirrel cage and wound rotor. Slip and its significance with simple numerical are included.
5	Week 10-11:	Domestic Wiring: Requirements, Types of wiring: casing, capping.Two way and three way control of load.

Page 163 of 272

		Electricity Bill: Power rating of household appliances including air conditioners, PCs, laptops, printers, etc. Definition of "unit" used for consumption of electrical energy, two-part electricity tariff, calculation of electricity bill for domestic consumersare addressed.
6	Week 12:	Equipment Safety measures: Working principle of Fuse and Miniature circuit breaker (MCB), merits and demerits are discussed.Personal safety measures: Electric Shock, Earthing and its types, Safety Precautions to avoid shock are also covered.

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies	Description
1	Lecture Method	• Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.
2	Video/Animation	• Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding of Verilog concepts.
3	Collaborative Learning	• Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.
4	Higher Order Thinking (HOTS) Questions:	• Pose HOTS questions to stimulate critical thinking related to each competency.
5	Problem-Based Learning (PBL)	• Implement PBL to enhance analytical skills and practical application of competencies
6	Real-World Application	• Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real- world competencies.

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Components		Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks	•	•	50	20

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

/. 1	Learning Objectives	
S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	To explain the laws used in the analysis of	This course help the students to solve parameters of
1	DC and AC circuits.	DC / AC circuits by applying electrical laws.
2	To explain the behaviour of circuit elements	Students will be able to understand the operation of
2	in single-phase circuits.	inductors and capacitors with respect to AC circuits.
3	To explain the construction and operation	These topics are applications of the concepts they

Looming Objectives

First Year, MIT Mysore

Page 164 of 272

	of transformers, DC generators and motors and induction motors.	learned in DC and AC circuits.
4	To introduce concepts of circuit protecting devices and earthing.	Students learn the details of domestic wiring.
5	To explain electric power generation, transmission and distribution, electricity billing, equipment and personal safety measures.	The basics of power generation, distribution, safety measures to be followed when working with electrical systems, electricity bill calculation etc are discussed.

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)					
COs	Description				
M23BESCK204B.1	Interpret the operation of hydel, nuclear, solar and wind power generators.				
M23BESCK204B.2	Illustrate the electrical safety rules and standards for domestic wiring.				
M23BESCK204B.3	Illustrate the construction and working principle of electrical machines.				
M23BESCK204B.4	Apply Ohm's law and Kirchoff's laws to determine voltage, current and powerin				
MIZSDESCK204D.4	electrical circuits and machines.				

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
M23BESCK204B.1	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	3	-	2
M23BESCK204B.2	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	3
M23BESCK204B.3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BESCK204B.4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BESCK204B	3	2.5	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	3	-	2.5

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
Module 1	7			5	12
Module 2				7	7
Module 3			8	5	13
Module 4			7	5	12
Module 5		6			6
Total	7	6	15	22	50

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total	
Module 1	14			10	24	
Module 2				14	14	
Module 3			16	10	26	
Module 4			14	10	24	
Module 5		12		-	12	
Total	14	12	30	44	100	

Semester End Examination (SEE)

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks **10. Future with this Subject**

The "Introduction to Electrical Engineering" course in the I / II semester of the B.E program lays a strong foundation for several future courses in the undergraduate program. The contributions of this subject extend across various areas, enhancing the students' understanding and skills in the field of electrical systems. Here are some notable contributions:

Introduction to Electrical Engineering sets the stage for a dynamic future at the intersection of innovation and technology. It equips individuals to tackle evolving challenges in power generation, distribution, and renewable energy integration. With the rise of smart grids, electric vehicles, and IoT, EE graduates are poised to lead advancements in automation, sustainable infrastructure, and telecommunications. Moreover, as society leans towards cleaner energy solutions, expertise in electrical engineering becomes indispensable for shaping a greener, more connected world. EE professionals will drive progress, ensuring efficient energy utilization and pioneering breakthroughs that redefine how we interact with technology and power our lives. In summary, the "Introduction to Electrical Engineering" course serves as a stepping stone, equipping students with foundational knowledge and skills that are essential for the subsequent courses in their B.E program and for their future careers in various technology-related fields.

2 nd SemesterEngineering Science Courses - II (ESC) Introduction to Electronics and CommunicationM23BESK204C
--

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites	
1	Basic knowledge on Physics	A fundamental understanding of physics.	

First Year, MIT Mysore

Page 166 of 272

2	Basic knowledge on Mathematics	A fundamental understanding of mathematics.
3	Semiconductor Fundamentals	Basic knowledge of semiconductor physics and semiconductor devices is beneficial.
4	Basic Electronics	Familiarity with basic electronic components like resistors, capacitors, inductors, and semiconductors is necessary
5	Circuit Theory	Proficiency in circuit theory is important. This includes understanding concepts such as voltage, current as well as basic circuit analysis techniques like Ohm's Law, is fundamental.

2.Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1	Power supplies	 Knowledge: Understanding the Basic Principles, Voltage Regulation, Current Limiting etc key knowledge areas is crucial for selecting, operating, and maintaining DC power supplies effectively in electronic systems. Additionally, knowledge of safety standards and regulations is essential to ensure safe operation and compliance with industry standards. Skills: By mastering Electrical Engineering Fundamentals, Voltage Regulation Techniques etc skills, you'll be well-equipped to effectively operate, maintain, and troubleshoot DC power supplies in electronic systems while ensuring safety and compliance with industry standards. Attitudes: By cultivating a positive attitude characterized by safety consciousness, attention to detail, patience, curiosity, respect, professionalism, and adaptability, you'll be well-equipped to work with DC power supplies effectively and contribute to the success of your projects and endeavors.
2	Amplifiers	 Knowledge: Understanding Basic Amplifier Operation, Amplifier Frequency Response, and Feedback is key knowledge areas is essential for selecting, and using amplifiers effectively in electronic systems. Additionally, proficiency in amplifier theory enables engineers to troubleshoot problems, optimize performance, and innovate in amplifier technology. Skills: By mastering skills, you'll be well-equipped to design, analyze, test, and troubleshoot amplifier circuits effectively, contributing to the success of your projects and endeavors in electronics. Attitudes: By cultivating attitudes, you'll not only enhance your effectiveness and success when working with amplifiers but also contribute to a positive and productive work environment for yourself and those around you.
3	Oscillator	 Knowledge: Understanding key knowledge areas is essential for designing, analyzing, and troubleshooting oscillator circuits effectively in electronic systems Skills: By mastering skills, you'll be well-equipped to design, build, and optimize oscillator circuits for a wide range of applications, from communication systems and signal generators to precision timing and frequency synthesis. Attitudes: By cultivating attitudes, you'll not only enhance your effectiveness and success when working with oscillators but also contribute to a positive and productive work environment for yourself and those around you
4	Number base conversion	 Knowledge: Understanding number base conversion is essential for working with digital systems, computer programming, data encoding, and various other applications where different base systems are used. Skills: By honing skills through practice, application, and continuous learning, you'll

Page 167 of 272

NOK Principal MIT Mysore Dean Academics MIT Mysore

5Boolean algebraBoolean algebraSkills; By honing skills, you'll become proficient in Boolean algebra and logic cirreffectively.5Boolean algebraBy honing skills, you'll become proficient in Boolean algebra and logic cirreffectively.5Boolean algebraBy honing skills, you'll become proficient in Boolean algebra and logic cirreffectively.	eper the ems, ence
5 Boolean algebra 5 Boolean algebra 5 Boolean algebra 6 Attitudes: By adopting attitudes, you'll not only enhance your proficiency in number conversion but also develop valuable problem-solving skills, a de understanding of mathematical concepts, and a greater appreciation for beauty and complexity of numbers. 7 Knowledge: Understanding Boolean algebra is essential for working with digital syst logic design, programming, and various other applications in computer sci and engineering. 8 Skills: By honing skills, you'll become proficient in Boolean algebra and logic de enabling you to design, analyze, and optimize digital systems and logic cirreffectively. 8 Attitudes: By cultivating attitudes, you'll not only improve your skills in Boolean algebra	eper the ems, ence ign,
5Boolean algebraBy adopting attitudes, you'll not only enhance your proficiency in number conversion but also develop valuable problem-solving skills, a de understanding of mathematical concepts, and a greater appreciation for beauty and complexity of numbers.5 Knowledge: Understanding Boolean algebra is essential for working with digital syst logic design, programming, and various other applications in computer sci and engineering.5 Boolean algebraSkills: By honing skills, you'll become proficient in Boolean algebra and logic de enabling you to design, analyze, and optimize digital systems and logic cir effectively. Attitudes: By cultivating attitudes, you'll not only improve your skills in Boolean algebra	eper the ems, ence ign,
5Boolean algebraSkills, you'll become proficient in Boolean algebra and logic de enabling you to design, analyze, and optimize digital systems and logic cirreffectively. Attitudes: By cultivating attitudes, you'll not only improve your skills in Boolean algebra algebra	eper the ems, ence ign,
5Boolean algebraKnowledge: Understanding Boolean algebra is essential for working with digital syst logic design, programming, and various other applications in computer sci and engineering.5Boolean algebraSkills: By honing skills, you'll become proficient in Boolean algebra and logic de enabling you to design, analyze, and optimize digital systems and logic cirre effectively. Attitudes: By cultivating attitudes, you'll not only improve your skills in Boolean algebra	the ems, ence ign,
5 Boolean algebra 6 By honing skills, you'll become proficient in Boolean algebra and logic de enabling you to design, analyze, and optimize digital systems and logic cirreffectively. Attitudes: By cultivating attitudes, you'll not only improve your skills in Boolean algebra	ems, ence ign,
Knowledge: Understanding Boolean algebra is essential for working with digital syst logic design, programming, and various other applications in computer sci and engineering.5Boolean algebraSkills: By honing skills, you'll become proficient in Boolean algebra and logic de enabling you to design, analyze, and optimize digital systems and logic circ effectively. Attitudes: By cultivating attitudes, you'll not only improve your skills in Boolean alg	ign,
 5 Boolean algebra 5 Boolean algebra 5 Understanding Boolean algebra is essential for working with digital syst logic design, programming, and various other applications in computer sci and engineering. 5 Skills: By honing skills, you'll become proficient in Boolean algebra and logic de enabling you to design, analyze, and optimize digital systems and logic circleffectively. Attitudes: By cultivating attitudes, you'll not only improve your skills in Boolean algebra 	ign,
 Boolean algebra Boolean algebra boolean algebra logic design, programming, and various other applications in computer sci and engineering. Skills: By honing skills, you'll become proficient in Boolean algebra and logic de enabling you to design, analyze, and optimize digital systems and logic cirreffectively. Attitudes: By cultivating attitudes, you'll not only improve your skills in Boolean algebra 	ign,
 Boolean and engineering. Skills: By honing skills, you'll become proficient in Boolean algebra and logic de enabling you to design, analyze, and optimize digital systems and logic cirreffectively. Attitudes: By cultivating attitudes, you'll not only improve your skills in Boolean algebra 	ign,
 5 Boolean algebra 5 Boolean algebra 5 Skills: By honing skills, you'll become proficient in Boolean algebra and logic de enabling you to design, analyze, and optimize digital systems and logic cirreffectively. Attitudes: By cultivating attitudes, you'll not only improve your skills in Boolean algebra 	
5Boolean algebraBy honing skills, you'll become proficient in Boolean algebra and logic de enabling you to design, analyze, and optimize digital systems and logic cirre effectively. Attitudes: By cultivating attitudes, you'll not only improve your skills in Boolean algebra	
algebra enabling you to design, analyze, and optimize digital systems and logic circleft effectively. Attitudes: By cultivating attitudes, you'll not only improve your skills in Boolean alg	
effectively. Attitudes: By cultivating attitudes, you'll not only improve your skills in Boolean alg	uns
Attitudes: By cultivating attitudes, you'll not only improve your skills in Boolean alg	
By cultivating attitudes, you'll not only improve your skills in Boolean alg	
	hra
a deeper appreciation for the role of logic in our understanding of the world.	ana
Knowledge:	
Understanding combinational logic is crucial for designing digital syst	ms
implementing arithmetic operations, and constructing various logic circuits	
in computer hardware and other applications.	isea
Skills:	
By honing skills through practice, experimentation, and continuous learn	ing.
combinational you'll become proficient in designing analyzing and optimizing combination	
6 logic logic circuits for various digital system applications.	Jiiui
Attitudes:	
Combinational logic is like the foundation of a sturdy building in the work	1 of
digital electronics. It's all about making decisions based on the current in	
without any memory of past events, kind of like a snap judgment.	
straightforward, precise, and essential for tasks like arithmetic operations,	
encoding, and decoding.	
Knowledge:	
Embedded systems are like the hidden heroes of modern technology-th	y're
everywhere, from your microwave to your car, quietly working behind	
scenes to make our lives easier. These systems are specialized comp	
designed to perform specific tasks within a larger system. They're typically	
Embedded power compact and optimized for real time operation	
7 systems Skills:	
Embedded systems skills encompass a broad range of technical abi	ties
essential for designing, developing, and maintaining embedded systems.	
Attitudes:	
Embedded systems require a particular mindset and attitude to navigate	
complexities of designing, developing, and maintaining these intricate system	ns
Knowledge:	
Analog and digital communication knowledge encompasses a wide rang	
concepts and technologies essential for transmitting and receiving informa-	tion
in both analog and digital forms.	
Skills:	
Analog and Skills in analog and digital communication are essential for profession	
digital working in helds such as telecommunications, networking, electronics,	and
communication signal processing.	
Attitudes:	
By embodying attitudes, professionals in the field of analog and di	
a communication can negligate the communication technology of communication technology	ogv
communication can navigate the complexities of communication techno	
effectively, drive innovation, and contribute to the advancement	of
	of

3. Syllabus

Dean Academie MIT Mysore

Course Co. 1	SEN	lectronics & Communication MESTER – I/II	1	
Course Code	BEN	M23BESK104C/204C	CIE Marks	50
Number of Lecture Hour	s/Week(L: T: P: S)	(3:0:0)	SEE Marks	50
Total Number of Lecture		40 hours	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
Communication Enginee 2. To equip students wi operation and application	s with fundamental l ring. ith a basic foundation	knowledge/ overview in th in electronic engineering req ts, logic design, embedded	uired for compre	ehending
professional attitude by	providing an acaden te engineering issues to areer.	o inculcate in first-year engine mic environment inclusive a broader social context, and	of effective con	nmunicatio
		Module -1 ectifier, Full-wave rectifiers a		
shift, Negative feedback,	mplifiers, Gain, Input ar multi-stage amplifiers	nd output resistance, Frequenc		
Wein bridge oscillator, I Concepts, working, and v Operational amplifier Operational amplifier con Boolean Algebra and La	Multivibrators, Single-s waveforms. No mathem s -Operational ampli nfigurations, Operationa	tage astable oscillator, Crysta atical derivations) ifier parameters, Operation al amplifier circuits.(Text 1) Module -3	al controlled osci	llators (Or
Properties of Boolean Al	Basic definitions, Axio gebra, Boolean Function	umbers, Number Base Conversion omatic Definition of Boolean A ns, Canonical and Standard Fo 1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6, 2.7) C	Algebra, Basic Th orms, Other Logic	eorems an Operation
Properties of Boolean Al Digital Logic Gates (Tex	Basic definitions, Axio gebra, Boolean Function t 2: 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5,2.1	matic Definition of Boolean A ns, Canonical and Standard Fe 1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6, 2.7) C	Algebra, Basic Th orms, Other Logic C ombinational lo g	eorems an Operation
Properties of Boolean Al Digital Logic Gates (Tex Introduction, Design proc	Basic definitions, Axio gebra, Boolean Function t 2: 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5,2.1 cedure, Adders- Half ad	matic Definition of Boolean A ns, Canonical and Standard Fe I, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6, 2.7) C Ider, Full adder (Text 2:4.1, 4. Module -4	Algebra, Basic Th orms, Other Logic Combinational log 2, 4.3)	eorems an c Operation gic:
Properties of Boolean Al Digital Logic Gates (Tex Introduction, Design prov Embedded Systems – Embedded Systems, Ma Core of the Embedded S Sensors and Interfacing	Basic definitions, Axio gebra, Boolean Function t 2: 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5,2.1 cedure, Adders- Half ad Definition, Embedded jor application areas of ystem, Microprocessor g – Instrumentation and	matic Definition of Boolean A ns, Canonical and Standard Fe I, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6, 2.7) C Ider, Full adder (Text 2:4.1, 4.	Algebra, Basic Th prms, Other Logic Combinational log 2, 4.3) ng systems, Clas nts of an Embed CISC	eorems an Operation gic: sification ded Syste
Properties of Boolean Al Digital Logic Gates (Tex Introduction, Design prod Embedded Systems – Embedded Systems, Ma Core of the Embedded Systems	Basic definitions, Axio gebra, Boolean Function t 2: 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5,2.1 cedure, Adders- Half ad Definition, Embedded jor application areas of ystem, Microprocessor g – Instrumentation and Text 3)	matic Definition of Boolean A ns, Canonical and Standard Fo 1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6, 2.7) C Ider, Full adder (Text 2:4.1, 4. Module -4 systems vs general computi f Embedded Systems, Eleme vs Microcontroller, RISC vs C control systems, Transducers,	Algebra, Basic Th prms, Other Logic Combinational log 2, 4.3) ng systems, Clas nts of an Embed CISC	eorems an Operation gic: sification ded Syste
Properties of Boolean Al Digital Logic Gates (Tex Introduction, Design pro- Embedded Systems – Embedded Systems, Ma Core of the Embedded Sy Sensors and Interfacing Segment LED Display. (Analog Communication input transducer, Trans Multiplexing, Types of c of Radio wave propagation Digital Modulation Sch	Basic definitions, Axio gebra, Boolean Function t 2: 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5,2.1 cedure, Adders- Half ad Definition, Embedded jor application areas of ystem, Microprocessor g – Instrumentation and Text 3) n Schemes – Modern mitter, Channel or M ommunication systems. on (Ground, space, sky) emes: Advantages of di	matic Definition of Boolean A ns, Canonical and Standard Fo 1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6, 2.7) C Ider, Full adder (Text 2:4.1, 4. Module -4 systems vs general computi f Embedded Systems, Eleme vs Microcontroller, RISC vs C control systems, Transducers, Module -5 communication system sche Iedium – Hardwired and S . Types of modulation (only c	Algebra, Basic Th prms, Other Logic Combinational log 2, 4.3) ng systems, Clas nts of an Embed CISC , Sensors, Actuato eme, Information Soft wired, Nois oncepts) – AM , I	eorems an c Operation gic: sification ded Syste ors, LED, 7 source, a e, Receiv FM, Conco
Properties of Boolean Al Digital Logic Gates (Tex Introduction, Design prod Embedded Systems – Embedded Systems, Ma Core of the Embedded Sy Sensors and Interfacing Segment LED Display. (Analog Communication input transducer, Trans Multiplexing, Types of c of Radio wave propagation Digital Modulation Sch FSK, PSK, Radio signal Text Books (Title of the Book/Name 1.Mike Tooley, 'Electro https://doi.org/10.4324/9 2. Digital Logic and Cor	Basic definitions, Axio gebra, Boolean Function t 2: 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5,2.1 cedure, Adders- Half ad Definition, Embedded jor application areas of ystem, Microprocessor g – Instrumentation and Text 3) n Schemes – Modern mitter, Channel or Momunication systems. on (Ground, space, sky) emes: Advantages of di transmission Multiple a e of the author/Name of onic Circuits, Fundam 781315737980. eBook nputer Design, M. Morr	matic Definition of Boolean A ns, Canonical and Standard Fo 1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6, 2.7) C Ider, Full adder (Text 2:4.1, 4. Module -4 systems vs general computi f Embedded Systems, Eleme vs Microcontroller, RISC vs C control systems, Transducers, Module -5 communication system sche Iedium – Hardwired and S Types of modulation (only c igital communication over ana ccess techniques. (Text 4) the publisher/Edition and Yea entals & Applications',4thE	Algebra, Basic Th prms, Other Logic Combinational log 2, 4.3) ng systems, Clas nts of an Embed CISC , Sensors, Actuato eme, Information Soft wired, Nois oncepts) – AM , I alog communicatio ur) cdition, Elsevier, ISBN-978-81-20	eorems an c Operation gic: sification ded Syste ors, LED, 7 source, a e, Receiv FM, Conce on, ASK, 2015. D 3- 0417-8
Properties of Boolean Al Digital Logic Gates (Tex Introduction, Design prod Embedded Systems – Embedded Systems, Ma Core of the Embedded Systems, Core input transducer, Trans Multiplexing, Types of c of Radio wave propagation Digital Modulation Sch FSK, PSK, Radio signal Text Books (Title of the Book/Name 1.Mike Tooley, 'Electro https://doi.org/10.4324/9 2. Digital Logic and Cor 3. K V Shibu, 'Introduc Limited, 2016 4. S L Kakani and Priyan	Basic definitions, Axio gebra, Boolean Function t 2: 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5,2.1 cedure, Adders- Half ad Definition, Embedded jor application areas of ystem, Microprocessor g – Instrumentation and Text 3) n Schemes – Modern mitter, Channel or Mo ommunication systems. on (Ground, space, sky) emes: Advantages of di transmission Multiple a e of the author/Name of onic Circuits, Fundam 781315737980, eBook puter Design, M. Morn tion to Embedded System	matic Definition of Boolean A ns, Canonical and Standard Fo 1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6, 2.7) C Ider, Full adder (Text 2:4.1, 4. Module -4 systems vs general computi f Embedded Systems, Eleme vs Microcontroller, RISC vs C control systems, Transducers, Module -5 communication system sche Iedium – Hardwired and S . Types of modulation (only c igital communication over ana ccess techniques. (Text 4) the publisher/Edition and Yea entals & Applications',4thE ISBN9781315737980 ris Mano, PHI Learning, 2008	Algebra, Basic Th prms, Other Logic Combinational log 2, 4.3) ng systems, Clas nts of an Embed CISC , Sensors, Actuato eme, Information Soft wired, Nois oncepts) – AM , I alog communication ur) dition, Elsevier, - ISBN-978-81-20 Hill Education (In	eorems an c Operation gic: sification ded Syste ors, LED, 7 source, a e, Receiv FM, Conce on, ASK, 2015. D 3- 0417-8 ndia), Priva
Properties of Boolean Al Digital Logic Gates (Tex Introduction, Design prod Embedded Systems – Embedded Systems, Ma Core of the Embedded Systems, Core of Radio wave propagation Digital Modulation Sch FSK, PSK, Radio signal Text Books (Title of the Book/Name 1.Mike Tooley, 'Electro https://doi.org/10.4324/9 2. Digital Logic and Cor 3. K V Shibu, 'Introduc Limited, 2016	Basic definitions, Axio gebra, Boolean Function t 2: 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5,2.1 cedure, Adders- Half ad Definition, Embedded jor application areas of ystem, Microprocessor g – Instrumentation and Text 3) n Schemes – Modern mitter, Channel or Mo ommunication systems. on (Ground, space, sky) emes: Advantages of di transmission Multiple a e of the author/Name of onic Circuits, Fundam 781315737980, eBook puter Design, M. Morn tion to Embedded System	matic Definition of Boolean A ns, Canonical and Standard Fo 1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6, 2.7) C Ider, Full adder (Text 2:4.1, 4. Module -4 systems vs general computi f Embedded Systems, Eleme vs Microcontroller, RISC vs C control systems, Transducers, Module -5 communication system sche Iedium – Hardwired and S Types of modulation (only c igital communication over ana ccess techniques. (Text 4) the publisher/Edition and Yea tentals & Applications',4thE ISBN9781315737980 ris Mano, PHI Learning, 2008 ems', 2nd Edition, McGraw H	Algebra, Basic Th prms, Other Logic Combinational log 2, 4.3) ng systems, Clas nts of an Embed CISC , Sensors, Actuato eme, Information Soft wired, Nois oncepts) – AM , I alog communication ur) dition, Elsevier, - ISBN-978-81-20 Hill Education (In	eorems an c Operation gic: sification ded Syste ors, LED, 7 source, a e, Receiv FM, Conce on, ASK, 2015. D 3- 0417-8 ndia), Priva

5/L	Timeline	Description
	Week 1-2:	Power supplies convert AC to DC, regulate voltage, and filter output for stable
1	Power Supplies	operation. They consist of transformers, rectifiers, filters, regulators, and loads,
	and Amplifiers	ensuring reliable power delivery.

M

		Amplifiers increase the strength of electrical signals, such as voltage or current. They come in various types like voltage, current, and power amplifiers, each with specific applications and characteristics, including gain, input/output resistance, and frequency response.
2	Week 3-4: Oscillators and Operational amplifiers	Oscillators rely on the Barkhausen criterion for sustained oscillations and can be sinusoidal or non-sinusoidal (providing essential functions in signal generation and timing circuits. Operational amplifiers (Op-amps) are versatile integrated circuits used for amplification. They feature high input impedance, low output impedance, and high gain, making them crucial components in a wide range of electronic circuits, including amplifiers and voltage comparators.
3	Week 5-6: Boolean Algebra , Logic Circuits and Combinational logic	Binary numbers, octal, and hexadecimal numbers represent data in digital systems, often converted between bases. Complements, basic definitions, and axiomatic definitions define Boolean algebra, with theorems and properties aiding simplification of Boolean functions into canonical and standard forms. Logic operations and gates implement Boolean functions in digital circuits. Combinational logic processes inputs to produce outputs without internal memory. Design involves specifying desired behavior and implementing with logic gates. Adders, including half adders and full adders.
4	Week 7-8: Embedded Systems ,Sensors and Interfacing	Embedded systems are specialized computing systems designed to perform specific functions within larger systems. Embedded systems are categorized based on their size, performance, and application domain. Embedded systems are widely used in consumer electronics, automotive, industrial automation etc. An embedded system comprises hardware components like microcontrollers or microprocessors, memory units, input/output devices, sensors, actuators, and software components such as firmware and application programs. Instruments like transducers convert physical quantities into electrical signals, sensors detect these signals for data acquisition, actuators respond to control signals to produce physical actions, while displays such as LEDs and 7-segment displays visualize information in embedded systems.
5	Week 9-10: Analog Communication Schemes and Digital Modulation Schemes	Modern communication systems involve an information source, which is converted by an input transducer, transmitted through a transmitter, propagated via a channel (hardwired or softwired), received by a receiver, and possibly subjected to multiplexing for efficient transmission. Modulation schemes like Amplitude Modulation (AM), Frequency Modulation (FM), and Phase Shift Keying (PSK) encode information onto carrier signals, enabling efficient transmission and reception of analog signals. Digital modulation schemes like Amplitude Shift Keying (ASK), Frequency Shift Keying (FSK), and Phase Shift Keying (PSK) encode digital data onto carrier signals for transmission, providing robustness

5. <u>Teaching-Learning Process Strategies</u>

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.
2	Video/Animation	Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding of sensors and instrumentation concepts.
3	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.
4	Higher Order Thinking (HOTS) Questions:	Pose HOTS questions to stimulate critical thinking related to each competency.
5	Problem-Based Learning (PBL)	Implement PBL to enhance analytical skills and practical application of competencies
6	Multiple Representations	Introduce topics in various representations to reinforce competencies
7	Real-World Application	Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real-world competencies.

First Year, MIT Mysore

Page 170 of 272

0	Flipped Class	Utilize a flipped class approach, providing materials before class to facilitate
0	Technique	deeper understanding of competencies

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Com	ponents	Number Weightag		Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks	·	·	50	20

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description				
1	Understanding of power supplies, amplifiers, oscillators and operational amplifiers	Understanding D C power supply, types of rectifiers and operation of voltage regulators, oscillators and operational amplifiers and its applications				
2	Understanding of Boolean algebra and combinational logic	To equip students with a basic foundation in electronic engineering required for comprehending logic design and combinational logic like half adder, full adder.				
3	Understanding of embedded systems and its applications	To equip students with a basic foundation in electronic engineering required for comprehending the operation and application of embedded systems.				
4	Understanding of Analog Communication Schemes and Digital Modulation Schemes	To equip students with a basic foundation in electronic engineering required for comprehending the operation and application of communication systems.				

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs) COs Description Present the comprehensive knowledge of electronic circuits encompassing M23BESK104C/204C.1 power supplies, amplifiers, operational amplifiers, oscillators, boolean algebra and logic circuits. Apply the basic concepts of electronics engineering required for comprehending the operation and application of electronic circuits encompassing power M23BESK104C/204C.2 supplies, amplifiers, operational amplifiers, oscillators, boolean algebra and logic circuits. Apply the knowledge of digital electronics concepts to realize the combinational M23BESK104C/204C.3 logic circuits. Analyze the role of sensor and actuator in embedded system and study the M23BESK104C/204C.4 various modulation and demodulation techniques of analog and digital communication systems.

Page 171 of 272

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2
M23BESK204C.1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
M23BESK204C.1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
M23BESK204C.1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BESK204C.1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
M23BESK204C	3	2.6							2	2		

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

			Binnanion (012)		
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
Module 1					
Module 2					
Module 3					
Module 4					
Module 5					
Total					50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

			()		
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
Module 1					
Module 2					
Module 3					
Module 4					
Module 5					
Total					100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks.

10. Future with this Subject

The "Introduction to Electronics Communication" course in the first year of the B.E program lays a strong foundation for several future courses in the undergraduate program. The contributions of this subject extend across various areas, enhancing the students' understanding and skills in the field of sensors and instrumentation. Here are some notable contributions:

 \Box **Emerging Technologies**: Future developments in electronics communication will likely be heavily influenced by emerging technologies such as 5G, Internet of Things (IoT), Artificial Intelligence (AI), and Quantum Communication. These technologies promise to revolutionize the way we communicate, offering faster speeds, lower latency, and greater connectivity.

 \Box IoT Integration: The integration of IoT devices into communication networks will continue to grow, leading to a more interconnected world where everyday objects are smart and able to communicate with each other seamlessly.

 \Box Wireless Power Transfer: Research into wireless power transfer technologies holds promise for wirelessly charging devices, which could eliminate the need for traditional power cables and revolutionize how we power our electronic devices.

 \Box Satellite Communication: With the increasing demand for global connectivity, satellite communication systems will continue to evolve, offering high-speed internet access to remote regions and enabling new applications in areas such as disaster relief, agriculture, and environmental monitoring.

 \Box Ethical and Regulatory Considerations: As communication technologies become more pervasive, there will be important discussions around ethics, privacy, and regulatory frameworks to ensure that these technologies are deployed responsibly and equitably.



2 nd Semester	Engineering Science Courses - II (ESC) INTRODUCTION TO MECHANICAL ENGINEERING	M23BESK204D

1. Prerequisites:

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1	Basic understanding of	Familiarity with different engineering fields and their societal
1	engineering disciplines	impact.
2	High school-level physics	Foundational knowledge of physics concepts relevant to specific
2	(work, power, energy, heat)	topics.
3	Workshop skills	Prior experience in a workshop setting would be beneficial.
4	Basic computer literacy	Familiarity with the concept of computer-controlled
	V	manufacturing and basic principles of 3D printing technology.

First Year, MIT Mysore

Page 173 of 272



5	Visualization skills	Ability to interpret diagrams, schematics, and 3D models relevant to mechanical systems.
6	Basic understanding of chemistry and material properties	Ability to identify different types of engineering materials and their applications.

2. Competencies:

S/L	Competency	KSA Description		
		Knowledge:		
		Different engineering disciplines and their applications.		
	Understanding	Societal impact of mechanical engineering advancements.		
1	the Role of	Skills:		
1	Mechanical	Analyze real-world problems and identify potential mechanical engineering		
	Engineering	solutions.		
		Attitudes:		
		Curiosity and interest in the impact of engineering on society.		
		Knowledge:		
	Grasping Core	Physics concepts (work, power, energy, heat, mechanics)		
2	Mechanical	Skills:		
2	Engineering	Apply fundamental principles to solve basic mechanical engineering problems		
	Principles	Attitudes:		
		Analytical thinking and problem-solving skills.		
		Knowledge:		
		Working principles of common machine tools (lathe, drill, milling).		
		Types of machining operations (turning, drilling, milling).		
	Understanding	Skills:		
3	Machine Tools	Demonstrate a basic understanding of machine tool functionalities (no practical		
	and Operations	operation required).		
		Attitudes:		
		Openness to learning new technologies and appreciating the role of practical		
		skills.		
		Knowledge:		
	Exposure to	Concept of computer-controlled manufacturing (CNC).		
4	Advanced	Basic principles of 3D printing technology.		
4	Manufacturing	Skills:		
	Systems	Recognize the potential of advanced manufacturing techniques. Attitudes:		
		Adaptability and willingness to embrace technological advancements.		
		Knowledge:		
		Different types of energy sources (fossil fuels, renewables).		
	Understanding	Working principles of various power plants (hydro, thermal, nuclear, solar, wind,		
	Energy Sources	tidal).		
5	and Power	Skills:		
	Plants	Explain the basic functionalities of different power generation technologies.		
		Attitudes:		
		Environmental awareness and appreciation for sustainable energy solutions.		
		Knowledge:		
	T 4	Engine components and working principles (4-stroke petrol & diesel).		
	Introduction to	Skills:		
6	Internal	Identify the key components of an internal combustion engine.		
	Combustion	Attitudes:		
	Engines	Attention to detail and understanding of cause-and-effect relationships in		
		mechanical systems.		
	Understanding	Knowledge:		
	Refrigeration &	Refrigeration principles and desirable refrigerant properties.		
7	Air	Working principles of basic refrigeration and air conditioning systems.		
	Conditioning	Skills:		
	Systems	Explain the fundamental concepts behind these systems.		
	5,500110	Attitudes:		

Page 174 of 272

01 Principal MIT Mysore Dean Academie MIT Mysore

		Appreciation for the importance of thermal comfort and energy efficiency.		
8	Introduction to Joining Processes	 Knowledge: Definitions and classifications of common joining processes (soldering, brazing, welding). Skills: Recognize different joining techniques and their applications. Attitudes: Safety awareness and appreciation for proper tool and technique selection. 		
9	Understanding Future Mobility Technologies	 Knowledge: Components of electric and hybrid vehicles. Advantages and disadvantages compared to traditional vehicles. Skills: Analyze the potential of future mobility solutions. Attitudes: Sustainability mindset and interest in technological innovation. 		

3. Syllabus:

INTRODUCTION TO MECHANICAL ENGINEERING				
SEMESTER – I				
Course Code M23BESKM104/204D CIE Marks 50				
(2:2:0)	SEE Marks	50		
Total Number of Lecture Hours40 hours TheoryTotal Marks100				
Credits 03 Exam Hours 03				
	AESTER – I M23BESKM104/204D (2:2:0) 40 hours Theory	MESTER – IM23BESKM104/204DCIE Marks(2:2:0)SEE Marks40 hours TheoryTotal Marks		

Course objectives: This course will enable students to:

Explain the role of mechanical engineering in society, including the impact of various engineering disciplines, and identify potential mechanical solutions to real-world problems.

Apply core physics concepts (work, power, energy, heat, mechanics) to solve basic mechanical engineering problems and understand the working principles of common machine tools (lathe, drill, mill) and different machining operations.

- Recognize the potential of advanced manufacturing techniques like CNC and 3D printing, explain different energy sources and the working principles of various power plants, and identify the components and basic working principles of internal combustion engines.
- Understand refrigeration principles, refrigerant properties, and the basic operation of air conditioning and refrigeration system.
- Recognize the definitions and classifications of common joining processes and analyze future mobility solutions (electric/hybrid vehicles) and their advantages/disadvantages.
- Explain the concepts of mechatronics and robotics (open/closed-loop systems, robot anatomy, applications), demonstrating a foundational understanding of these interdisciplinary fields.

Module -1

Introduction: Role of Mechanical Engineering in Industries and Society- Emerging Trends and Technologies in different sectors such as Energy, Manufacturing, Automotive, Aerospace, and Marine sectors.

Energy: Introduction and applications of Energy sources like Fossil fuels, Nuclear fuels, Hydel, Solar, wind, and bio-fuels, Environmental issues like Global warming and Ozone depletion

Module -2

Machine Tool Operations:

Working Principle of lathe, Lathe operations: Turning, facing, knurling. Working principles of Drilling Machine, drilling operations: drilling, boring, reaming. Working of Milling Machine, Milling operations: plane milling and slot milling.

(No sketches of machine tools, sketches to be used only for explaining the operations).

Introduction to Advanced Manufacturing Systems: Introduction, components of CNC, advantages and applications of CNC, 3D printing.

Module -3

Introduction to IC Engines: Components and Working Principles, 4-Strokes Petrol and Diesel Engines, Application of IC Engines.

Insight into Future Mobility:Electric and Hybrid Vehicles, Components of Electric and Hybrid Vehicles. Advantages and disadvantages of EVs and Hybrid vehicles.

Module -4

Engineering Materials: Types and applications of Ferrous & Nonferrous Metals, silica, ceramics, glass, graphite, diamond and polymer. Shape Memory Alloys. Joining Processes: Soldering, Brazing and Welding, Definitions, classification of weldingprocess, Arc welding, Gas welding and types of flames. Module -5 Introduction to Mechatronics and Robotics: open-loop and closed-loop mechatronic systems. Classification based on robotics configuration: polar cylindrical, Cartesian coordinate and spherical. Application, Advantages and disadvantages. Automation in industry: Definition, types – Fixed, programmable and flexible automation, basic elements with block diagrams, advantages. Introduction to IOT: Definition and Characteristics, Physical design, protocols, Logical design of IoT, Functional blocks, and communication models. Textbooks: 1. Elements of Mechanical Engineering, K R Gopala Krishna, Subhash Publications, 2008

2. An Introduction to Mechanical Engineering, Jonathan Wickert and Kemper Lewis, Third Edition,

2012

Reference Books:

- 1. Elements of Workshop Technology (Vol. 1 and 2), Hazra Choudhry and Nirzar Roy, Media Promoters and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., 2010.
- 2. Manufacturing Technology- Foundry, Forming and Welding, P.N.Rao Tata McGraw Hill 3rd Ed., 2003.
- 3. Internal Combustion Engines, V. Ganesan, Tata McGraw Hill Education; 4th edition, 2017 5. Dr SRN Reddy, Rachit Thukral and Manasi Mishra, "Introduction to Internet of Things: A Practical

Approach", ETI Labs

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://rakhoh.com/en/applications-and-advantages-of-steam-in-manufacturing- and process \geq industry
- \triangleright Videos | Makino (For Machine Tool Operation)

4. Syllabus Timeline:

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description	
1	Week 1-2: Introduction to Mechanical Engineering, Energy Resources.	 Introduction to Mechanical Engineering and Role of Mechanical Engineers in Industry and Society. Energy resources effective utilization along with advantages and dis advantages. 	
2	Week 3-4: Machine Tool Operations, Introduction to Advanced Manufacturing Systems	 Introduction to various types of Mechanical Tools. Machine Tools operations (Lathe and Drilling Machine) Machine tool Operations(Milling Machine) CNC, Advantages and Disadvantages of CNC 3D Printing 	
3	Week 5-6: Introduction to IC Engines, Insight into Future Mobility	 Introduction to IC Engines, 4 – Stroke Petrol Engine. 4- Stroke Diesel Engine. Introduction to Electric vehicles. Hybrid vehicles: Types of Hybrid vehicles Advantages and Dis advantages of Electric and Hybrid Vehicle. 	
4	Week 7-8: Engineering Materials, Joining Processes	 Introduction to Engineering Materials. Types and applications of engineering materials. Introduction to Joining Processes(Soldering, Brazing, Welding) Welding, Classifications of welding. Arc welding, Gas welding, TIG welding. 	
5	Week 9-10: Introduction to Mechatronics and Robotics, IOT	 Introduction to Mechatronics, open loop and closed loop systems. Introduction to Robotics and its Anatomy. Applications of Robots in material handling, processing and assembly and inspection. Introduction to IOT Functional blocks and communication models. 	

Page 176 of 272

6	Week 11-12:	Revision of the subject and visits to department laboratories related to subject.
---	-------------	---

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies:

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Lectures & Presentations	Deliver core concepts and foundational knowledge Utilize multimedia (images, diagrams, animations, videos) to enhance understanding.
2	2 Interactive Discussions & Encourage active participation and clarification of doubts. & Q&A Facilitate critical thinking and analysis of concepts through s discussions	
3	Hands-on ActivitiesProvide laboratory or simulation-based activities to demonstrate rea world applications of mechanics or machine tools.	
4	Case Studies Present real-world engineering challenges and have students anal potential solutions.	
5	Multiple Representations Introduce topics in various representations to reinforce competencies	
6	5 Project-Based Learning Encourage research and design thinking through project-based learning activities	
7	, Flipped Class Technique Utilize a flipped class approach, providing materials before class facilitate deeper understanding of competencies	
8	Educational Technology	Utilize online learning platforms, simulations, and interactive software to supplement classroom learning. Provide opportunities for self-paced learning and personalized learning experiences.

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) :

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Com	ponents	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks	·	·	50	20

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7. Learning Objectives:

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1.	Explain the fundamental principles of mechanics (work, power, energy, heat)	Students will be able to clearly define and explain the core concepts of mechanics, including work, power, energy, and heat. This includes understanding the relationships between these concepts and how they apply to basic mechanical systems.
2.	Differentiate between various types of energy sources (fossil fuels, renewables)	Students will be able to identify and distinguish between different energy sources, such as traditional fossil fuels (coal, oil, natural gas) and renewable energy sources (solar, wind, hydro).
3.	Analyze the working principles of different power generation	Students will be able to break down and explain the fundamental operating principles of various power generation technologies.

First Year, MIT Mysore

Page 177 of 272

		1
	technologies (hydro, thermal, nuclear, solar, wind, tidal).	This includes understanding the energy conversion processes involved in each type of power plant.
4.	Identify the key components of internal combustion engines (4- stroke petrol & diesel).	Students will be able to recognize and name the essential components of internal combustion engines, differentiating between those found in petrol and diesel engines.
5.	Explain the basic working principles of internal combustion engines.	Students will be able to describe the fundamental operating cycle of a 4-stroke internal combustion engine, including the intake, compression, combustion, and exhaust strokes.
9.	Analyze the potential of future mobility solutions (electric/hybrid vehicles)	Students will be able to critically examine the potential benefits and drawbacks of future mobility solutions like electric and hybrid vehicles compared to traditional internal combustion engine vehicles. This may involve considerations of environmental impact, energy efficiency, and infrastructure requirements.
10.	Describe the concepts of mechatronics and robotics (open/closed-loop systems, robot anatomy)	Students will be able to explain the basic principles of mechatronics and robotics, including the integration of mechanical, electrical, and control systems. This includes understanding the concept of open-loop and closed-loop systems, as well as the various components that make up a robot's anatomy.
11	Understand the concept of physical design in IoT.	Students will learn about the definition, characteristics, and different design aspects (physical and logical) of IoT systems. They will explore communication protocols, functional blocks, and communication models used in IoT, enabling them to understand the basic building blocks of these interconnected systems.

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)												
CO's		DESCRIPTION OF THE OUTCOMES										
M23BESKM204D.1	includ	Interpret the impact of Mechanical Engineering on various industries and society, including emerging trends in various sectors. Acquire knowledge on Energy sources& Power plants along with their advantages and dis advantages.										
M23BESKM204D.2	Expla	Analyze the working principles and functionalities of various machine tools. Explain the advantages and applications of CNC and 3D printing in modern manufacturing systems.										
M23BESKM204D.3		Compare and contrast 4-stroke Petrol and Diesel engines through its working principles. Analyze future mobility challenges with Electric & Hybrid Vehicles										
M23BESKM204D.4	suitab	Apply knowledge of joining process advantages and limitations to select the most suitable method for specific materials and applications.										
M23BESKM204D.5		n a bas ining its				tem fo	r oper	n/closed	l-loop s	systems,	IOT N	Models
CO's	PO No											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
M23BESKM204D.1	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BESKM204D.2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BESKM204D.3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BESKM204D.4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BESKM204D.5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BESKM204D	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	Continuous Internal Dyunauton (CIL)								
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total			
Module 1	20%					20			

First Year, MIT Mysore

Page 178 of 272



Module 2		20%				20
Module 3			20%			20
Module 4				20%		20
Module 5					20%	20
Total	10	10	10	10	10	50

Semaster Fnd Evamination (SFF)

10.

		Semester	г Епи Еханина	HOII (SEE)		
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1	20%					20
Module 2		20%				20
Module 3			20%			20
Module 4				20%		20
Module 5					20%	2
Total	20	20	20	20	20	100

10tai 20

10. Future with this Subject

The future of mechanical engineering is brimming with exciting possibilities fueled by advancements in technology, a growing emphasis on sustainability, and the increasing need for automation and efficiency. Here are some key trends that will shape the landscape of mechanical engineering in the years to come:

1. Integration of Advanced Technologies:

- **Robotics and Automation:** Mechanical engineers will play a crucial role in designing, developing, and implementing advanced robots across various industries. Collaborative robots (cobots) working alongside humans will become commonplace.
- Artificial Intelligence (AI) & Machine Learning (ML): AI and machine learning will be integrated into mechanical systems for predictive maintenance, process optimization, and autonomous decision-making, leading to smarter machines.
- **Internet of Things (IoT):** Mechanical systems will become increasingly interconnected through the IoT, enabling real-time data collection, remote monitoring, and improved control over operations.

2. Focus on Sustainability:

- **Renewable Energy Systems:** Mechanical engineers will be instrumental in designing and developing efficient renewable energy technologies like solar, wind, and geothermal power plants.
- Sustainable Materials and Manufacturing: Developing and utilizing sustainable materials with lower environmental impact will be a major focus. Additive manufacturing (3D printing) will play a significant role in reducing waste and creating complex parts.
- **Energy Efficiency:** Designing mechanical systems with optimized energy consumption and minimal environmental footprint will be a priority.

3. Advancements in Materials Science:

- New Materials with Unique Properties: The development of new materials with superior strength, lightweight properties, and heat resistance will enable the creation of next-generation machines and structures.
- **Biomimicry:** Drawing inspiration from nature's design principles will lead to the development of innovative materials and functionalities in mechanical systems.

2 nd Semester	Engineering Science Courses - II (ESC)	M23BESCK204E
2 Semester	Introduction to C programming	WI25DESCI204E

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites				
	Understanding of	Familiarity with fundamental programming concepts such as variables, data				
1	Basic Programming	types, operators, control structures (like loops and conditional statements),				
	Concepts	functions, and basic algorithms is essential.				
	Knowledge of	Single-Variable Calculus: Mastery of differentiation and integration in one				
2	Mathematics	dimension.				
		Linear Algebra: Understanding of vectors, matrices, determinants, and				



		linear transformations.					
		Basic Series Knowledge: Familiarity with sequences and series					
		convergence, and divergence.					
	Understanding of	C programming involves direct manipulation of memory addresses and					
3	Computer Memory	pointers, so a basic understanding of how computers allocate memory and					
		how pointers work is crucial.					
	Command Line	While not strictly necessary, familiarity with navigating and executing					
4	Basics	commands in a command-line interface (CLI) can be helpful, especially for					
		compiling and running C programs outside of IDEs.					
	Basic Understanding	Understanding how operating systems manage processes, memory,					
5	of Operating Systems	and file systems can provide context for understanding how C					
		programs interact with the underlying system.					
	Problem-Solving	Programming involves solving problems logically and systematically.					
6	Skills	Practicing problem-solving skills through small coding exercises or					
		puzzles can be beneficial.					

2. Competencies:

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1	Ability to Use Development Tools	Be comfortable using a text editor or an integrated development environment (IDE) for writing, compiling, and debugging C programs. Familiarize yourself with compiling C programs using a compiler like GCC or Clang.
2	Command Line Proficiency	Understanding how to navigate and execute commands in a command-line interface (CLI) can be helpful, as it's often used for compiling and running C programs.
3	Logical Thinking and Attention to Detail	C programming requires careful attention to syntax and logical structure. Being detail-oriented and able to think logically through problems is essential.
4	Memory Management	Have a basic understanding of how memory management works in C, especially concepts like stack and heap memory allocation, pointers, and memory addresses.
5	Persistence and Patience	Learning C programming, like any new skill, requires persistence and patience. Be prepared to encounter challenges and take the time to understand concepts thoroughly.

3.Syllabus:

Introduction to C Programming						
Course Code	M23BESCK104/204E	CIE Marks	50			
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L:T:P: S)	(3:0:2)	SEE Marks	50			
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab	Total Marks	100			
	slots					
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03			

Dean Acader

0

M

Course objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Elucidate the basic architecture and functionalities of a computer and also recognize the hardware parts.
- Apply programming constructs of C language to solve the real world problem
- Explore user-defined data structures like arrays in implementing solutions to problems like searching and sorting.
- Explore user-defined data structures like structures, unions and pointers in implementing solutions
- Design and Develop Solutions to problems using modular programming constructs
- using functions

Module -1: Introduction to C

Introduction to computers, input and output devices, designing efficient programs. Introduction to C, Structure of C program, Files used in a C program, Compilers, Compiling and executing C programs, variables, constants, Input/output statements in C.

Textbook: Chapter 1.1-1.9, 2.1-2.2, 8.1 – 8.6, 9.1-9.14

Module -2:Operators and looping in C

Operators in C, Type conversion and typecasting. Decision control and Looping statements: Introduction to decision control, Conditional branching statements, iterative statements, nested loops, break and continue statements, goto statement.

Textbook: Chapter 9.15-9.16, 10.1-10.6

Module -3:Functions and Arrays

Functions: Introduction using functions, Function definition, function declaration, function call, return statement, passing parameters to functions, scope of variables, storage classes, recursive functions. **Arrays:** Declaration of arrays, accessing the elements of an array, storing values in arrays, Operations on arrays, Passing arrays to functions,

Textbook: Chapter 11.1-11.13, 12.1-12.6

Module -4: Arrays and Strings

Two dimensional arrays, operations on two-dimensional arrays, two-dimensional arrays to functions, multidimensional arrays. Applications of arrays and introduction to strings: Applications of arrays, case study with sorting techniques.

Introduction to strings: Reading strings, writing strings, summary of functions used to read and write characters. Suppressing input using a Scanset.

Textbook: Chapter 12.7-12.12

Module -5: Strings, Pointers and Structures

Strings: String taxonomy, operations on strings, Miscellaneous string and character functions, arrays of strings.

Pointers: Understanding the Computer's Memory, Introduction to Pointers, Declaring Pointer Variables **Structures:** Introduction to structures

Textbook: Chapter 13.1-13.6, 14.1-14.3, 15.1

	PRACTICAL COMPONENT
	C Program to find Mechanical Energy of a particle using $E = mgh+1/2 mv2$.
2.	C Program to convert Kilometers into Meters and Centimeters.
3.	C Program To Check the Given Character is Lowercase or Uppercase or Special Character.
4.	Program to balance the given Chemical Equation values x, y, p, q of a simple chemical equation of the type: The task is to find the values of constants b1, b2, b3 such that the equation is balanced on both sides and it must be the reduced form.
5.	ImplementMatrixmultiplicationandvalidatetherulesofmultiplication.
6.	Computesin(x)/cos(x)usingTaylorseriesapproximation.Compareyourresultwiththebuiltinlibraryfunction.Print boththeresultswithappropriateinferences.
7.	SortthegivensetofNnumbersusingBubblesort.
8.	Writefunctionstoimplementstringoperationssuchascompare,concatenate,stringlength.Convince the parameter passing techniques.
9.	Implementstructurestoread, writeand compute average marks and the students scoring above and below the average marks for a class of N students.
10.	Developaprogramusingpointerstocompute the sum, mean and standard deviation of all elements stored in an array of Nreal numbers.

Page 181 of 272

Textbooks: 1. Computer fundamentals and programming in c, "ReemaThareja", Oxford University, Second edition, 2017. **Reference Books:**

 E. Balaguruswamy, Programming in ANSI C, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill.
 Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, The 'C' Programming Language, Prentice Hall of India.

	4. Syllabus Timeline	
S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1-2: Calculus	Introduction to computers, input and output devices, Designing efficient programs. Structure of C program, Files used in a C program, Compilers, Compiling and executing C programs, variables, constants, Input/output statements in C.
2	Week 3-4: Series Expansion and Multivariable Calculus	Operators in C, Type conversion and typecasting. Introduction to decision control, Conditional branching statements, iterative statements, nested loops, break and continue statements, goto statement.
3	Week 5-6: Ordinary Differential Equations (ODEs) of First Order	Introduction using functions, Function definition, function declaration, function call, return statement, passing parameters to functions, scope of variables, storage classes, Recursive functions. Declaration of arrays, accessing the elements of an array, storing values in arrays, Operations on arrays, Passing arrays to functions,
4	Week 7-8: Modular Arithmatic	 Two dimensional arrays, operations on two-dimensional arrays, two-dimensional arrays to functions, Multidimensional arrays. Applications of arrays, case study with sorting techniques. Reading strings, writing strings, Summary of functions used to read and write characters. Suppressing input using a Scanset.
5	Week 9-10: Linear Algebra	String taxonomy, operations on strings, Miscellaneous string and character functions, Arrays of strings. Understanding the Computer's Memory, Introduction to Pointers, Declaring Pointer Variables Introduction to structures
6	Week 11- 12:IntegrationandPractical Applications	Apply learned concepts and competencies to real-world scenarios.Hands-onpractice

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description	
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.	
2	Video/Animation	Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding of Verilog concepts.	
3	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.	
4	Higher Order Thinking (HOTS)	Pose HOTS questions to stimulate critical thinking related to each competency.	

Page 182 of 272

	Questions:	
5	Problem-Based Learning (PBL)	Implement PBL to enhance analytical skills and practical application of competencies
6	Multiple Representations	Introduce topics in various representations to reinforce competencies
7	Real-World Application	Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real-world competencies.
8	Flipped Class Technique	Utilize a flipped class approach, providing materials before class to facilitate deeper understanding of competencies
9	Programming Assignments	Assign programming tasks to reinforce practical skills associated with competencies.

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Comp	ponents	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks			50	20

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

/	. Learning Objective						
S/L	Learning Objectives	Description					
	Understanding	Learn how to declare variables, use different data types (integers, floats,					
1	Basic Syntax and	characters), and understand their scope.					
1	Control Structures	Master control structures like loops (for, while) and conditional statements					
		(if, switch) to control program flow.					
	Working with	Define and use functions effectively, understanding their role in modular					
2	Functions and	programming.					
2	Modular	Learn about function prototypes, header files, and organizing code into					
	Programming	reusable modules for better code management.					
	Memory	Understand memory allocation (stack vs heap) and deallocation using					
	Management	malloc, calloc, realloc, and free functions.					
3	and Pointers	Master pointers and their importance in C programming, including					
		pointer arithmetic, dynamic memory allocation, and managing memory					
		addresses.					
		Learn how to declare and manipulate arrays and strings in C, including					
4	Arrays, Strings, and	understanding the relationship between arrays and pointers.					
4	File Handling	Explore file handling techniques using functions like fopen, fclose, fread,					
		fwrite, and understand how to read from and write to files.					
	Understanding	Understand the concept of structures and unions, how they are declared,					
5	Structures and	defined, and used in C programming.					
5	Unions	Learn about nested structures, structure pointers, and their applications in					
	Unions	organizing and managing data efficiently.					

7. Learning Objectives

Page 183 of 272

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (US)							
COs	Description							
M23BESCK104E.1	Apply the basic knowledge of computer, computer hardware, functionalities of a computer and principles of C programming.							
M23BESCK104E.2	Apply programming constructs of C language to solve the real world problem							
M23BESCK104E.3	Apply the design concept of functions, Arrays and Strings and implement applications							
M23BESCK104E.4	Analyze user-defined data structures like structures and pointers in Implementing solutions.							
M23BESCK104E.5	Design and Develop Solutions to problems and Evaluate the resultanddocumentthecompleteexperimentalprocess.							

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12
M23BESCK104E.1	3	-										
M23BESCK104E.2	3											
M23BESCK104E.3	3											
M23BESCK104E.4	-	3										
M23BESCK104E.5	-		3									
M23BESCK104E	3	3	3									

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1						
Module 2						
Module 3						
Module 4						
Module 5						
Total						50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1						
Module 2						
Module 3						
Module 4						
Module 5						
Total						100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. Future with this Subject

Studying C programming can open up various opportunities and avenues in the field of computer science and software development. Here's how learning C can benefit your future:

Foundation in Programming: C is often considered a foundational language in computer science and programming. It provides a solid understanding of fundamental concepts like memory management, pointers, and low-level manipulation of data, which are crucial in understanding how computers work at a deeper level.

Understanding of Systems Programming: C is widely used for system-level programming, such as operating systems, embedded systems, device drivers, and other performance-critical applications. Understanding C gives you the ability to work closer to hardware and optimize performance-sensitive code.

Portability and Efficiency: C programs can be highly portable across different platforms and operating systems, making it a versatile language for cross-platform development. Additionally, C's efficiency in terms of speed and memory usage makes it suitable for applications where performance is



critical.

Gateway to Other Languages: Learning C provides a strong foundation for learning other languages, especially those derived from or influenced by C (such as C++, Java, C#, and many others). Many modern languages borrow syntax and concepts from C, so mastering C can ease the learning curve for other languages.

Career Opportunities: Proficiency in C programming opens up various career paths in industries ranging from software development to system programming, embedded systems, game development, and more. Many companies value candidates who have a strong understanding of C due to its versatility and performance benefits.

Contribution to Open Source Projects: Many open-source projects and libraries are written in C or have bindings to C. Contributing to these projects can enhance your skills, build a portfolio, and connect you with a broader community of developers.

Continued Relevance: Despite being over four decades old, C remains relevant and widely used in critical software applications, ensuring that skills in C programming will continue to be in demand.

To maximize the benefits of learning C programming, consider applying your skills through personal projects, internships, or contributing to open-source projects. This practical experience will deepen your understanding and make you more attractive to potential employers or collaborators in the software development industry.

2 nd Semester	Emerging Technolgy Courses - II (ETC) GreenBuildings	M23BETK205A
--------------------------	---	-------------

1. Prerequisites

S/L		Prerequisites				
1	GreenBuildingMaterials.	Knowledge of construction materials				
	Greenbunungwaterlas.	observedin day-to-daylife.				
2	Cost-effectiveConstruction Knowledgeofconstructionobservedinday-to-daylife.					
	Technologies.					
3	Sustainability	Knowledgeofresourcesweconsumeinday-				
	Sustainability.	to-daylife.				
4	GreenDesign andPrinciples.	Basicunderstandingaboutgreenbuilding				
	GreenDesign and Filicipies.	materialsandtechnologies.				

First Year, MIT Mysore

Page 185 of 272

5	WasteManagement.	Knowledgeofwastesgeneratedobservedin day-to-daylife.					
6	GreenBuildingRating.	Knowledge of basics of green building features.					

2. Competencies

	Competencies	
S/	Competency	KSADescription
L		
		Knowledge
		Understandingeach materialand itsimpact on environment.
	Green	Skills
1	0	
1	BuildingMaterials	Abilitytodiscretizeconventional and green materials.
	•	Attitudes
		Appreciationfortheimportanceofadaptinggreenmaterialsinconstruction.
		Knowledge
		Knowledge of step by step by procedure of cost-effective
	Cost-	constructionanduseofmaterials.
2	effectiveConstructi	Skills:
	on.	Abilityto learn cost-effectiveconstruction techniques.
		Attitudes:
		Appreciation for the learning of construction techniques.
		Knowledge
		Knowledgeofmaterialsandconstructiontechniquesleadingtogreenenviro
		nment.
		Skills
	Green	Designing and constructing the building with respect to green features.
3	BuildingConsultan	Attitudes:
	t.	Valuingtheimportanceofgreenbuildings.
		Knowledge:
		Understandingthedifferent waste generated inbuildingsand handling
		thosewaste withoutdumpinginto landfill.
4	Waste	Skills:
· ·	Management.	Abilityto learnandadaptwastemanagementprinciples.
		Attitudes:
		Opennesstolearningof wastemanagement.
		Knowledge:
		Knowledgeof greenbuildingmaterials, techniques and features.
	Green	Skills:
5	BuildingPrinciples	Abilitytodo adapt greenprinciplesanddesigngreenbuilding.
	andDesign.	Attitudes:
	_	Appreciationfortheversatilityofdesignofgreenbuildingascomparedto
		conventional.
L	1	

3. Syllabus

GREENBUILDINGS SEMESTER – I/II									
Course Code	M23BETK105/205A	CIEMarks	50						
Number of LectureHours/Week(L:T:P:S)	(3:0:0)	SEEMarks	50						
TotalNumberof LectureHours	40 hours	TotalMarks	100						
Credits	03	ExamHours	03						
Module -1									



Introductiontotheconceptofcost-effectiveconstruction:

- Differenttypesofmaterials,theiravailability,requirements/propertiesandapplication - Stones,LateriteBlocks,BurntBricks, ConcreteBlocks, Stabilized Mud Blocks,Lime
- PozzolanaCement,GypsumBoard,FiberReinforcedCementComponents,Fiber ReinforcedPolymerComposite,Bamboo.
- Recyclingofbuilding materials-Bricks, Concrete, Steel, Plastics.
- Environmentalissuesrelatedtoquarryingofbuildingmaterials.

Module -2

Environment friendly and cost-effective Building Technologies

- Alternatesforwallconstruction -FlemishBond,RatTrapBond.
- Arches, Panels, Cavity Wall, FerroCementand FerroConcrete constructions.
- Different precast members using these materials-Walland Roof Panels, Beams,

Columns, Doorand Window frames, Watertanks, Septic Tanks.

- Alternateroofingsystems -FillerSlab,CompositeBeam andPanelRoof.
- Pre-engineeredand readyto usebuildingelements.
- woodproducts,SteelandPlastic.

Contributionsofagencies-Costford-Nirmithi Kendra-Habitat

Module-3

GlobalWarming

Definition, Causes and Effect, Contribution of Buildings towards Global Warming,

- CarbonFootprint GlobalEffortsto reduce carbonEmissions.
- GreenBuildings–Definition,Features,Necessity,Environmentalbenefit,Economicalbenefits,Health and Socialbenefits, Major Energyefficientareas forbuildings.
- EmbodiedEnergyin Materials.
- GreenMaterials-ComparisonofInitialcostofGreenV/sConventionalBuilding-
- LifecyclecostofBuildings.

Module-4

 $Green Building rating Systems-{\sf BREEAM}, LEED, GREENSTAR, GRIHA (Green Stark, Stark$

RatingforIntegratedHabitatAssessment)andIGBCfornewbuildings–Purpose-Key highlights-PointSystemwithDifferentialweightage.

GreenDesign-Definition, Principles of sustainable development in building design,

CharacteristicsofSustainableBuildings, sustainablymanagedMaterials.

IntegratedLifecycledesignofMaterialsandStructures(Conceptsonly)

Module-5

UtilityofSolarEnergyinBuildings

UtilityofSolarenergyinbuildingsconcepts-SolarPassiveCoolingandHeatingof

Buildings, Low Energy Cooling, Case studies of Solar Passive Cooled and Heated Buildings.

GreenCompositesforBuildings

ConceptsofGreenComposites,WaterUtilizationinBuildings,LowEnergyApproaches toWaterManagement,ManagementofSolidWastes,ManagementofSullageWaterand Sewage,UrbanEnvironmentandGreenBuildings.GreenCoverandBuiltEnvironment.

Text Books

1. HarharaIyerG, GreenBuildingFundamentals, NotionPress

- 2.Dr.Adv.HarshulSavla, GreenBuilding: Principles & Practices. Notionpress.
- 3. ShailendraK Shukla, *GreenBuildingTechnologies*, AneBooksPvt.Ltd.

ReferenceBooks

1.JimmyC.M.Kao,Wen-PeiSung,

RanChen, Green Building, Materials and Civil Engineering, 1stedition, CRCPress.

2.RossSpiegel,DruMeadows,*GreenBuildingMaterials: AGuidetoProductSelectionandSpecification*, 3.SamKubba,*Handbookon greenbuildingdesign and construction*,BHpublications.

Web links

1.<u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=THgOF8zHBW8</u> 2.https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DRO_rIkywxQ

4. SyllabusTimeline

by nubus 1 mic	
Syllabus	Description
Timeline	
Week1-2	Studentswilllearnaboutvariousmaterialsproductionprocess, properties
	and applications with respect to cost-effective construction.
Week3-4	Studentswilllearnaboutvariousenvironmentallyfriendlyandcost-
	effectivebuildingtechnologies.
	Students will learn about global warming and its effects on buildings, carbon footprints and its effects on buildings and the statement of t
Week5-6	smitigation, Embodied energy and life cycle cost
	ofbuildings.
Week7-8	Studentswilllearnaboutgreenbuildingratingsystemanddesign.
Week9-	Studentswilllearnabouttheutilityofsolarenergyandgreencomposites
10:	forbuildings.
	Syllabus Timeline Week1-2 Week3-4 Week5-6 Week7-8 Week9-

5. Teaching-LearningProcessStrategies

S/L	TLPStrategies	Description
1	LectureMethod	Utilizevariousteachingmethodswithinthelectureformatto reinforcecompetencies.
2	Video/Animation	Incorporatevisualaidslikevideos/animationstoenhance understandingof concepts.
3	CollaborativeLearning	Encouragecollaborativelearningforimprovedcompetency application.
4	HigherOrderThinking (HOTS)Questions:	PoseHOTSquestionstostimulatecriticalthinkingrelatedto eachcompetency.
5	Problem-BasedLearning (PBL)	ImplementPBLtoenhanceanalyticalskillsandpractical applicationofcompetencies.
6	Real-WorldApplication	Discusspractical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real-world competencies.
7	FlippedClassTechnique	Utilizeaflippedclassapproach, providing materials before class to facilitate deeper understanding of competencies.

6. AssessmentDetails (bothCIE andSEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Comp	onents	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks			50	20

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7. LearningObjectives

S	Learning	Description
/	Objectives	
L		
1	Understandingf undamentals ofconcreteandit s	Studentswillgraspthefundamentalconceptsofconcrete,includingmaterialcharacteriz ationofeachingredient,manufacturingprocessofingredient and its effect onperformanceof concrete.
	Characterization.	
2	Proficiency inproductiona nd handlingo fconcrete.	Studentswillbecomeproficientinproductionandhandlingofconcretetoassessfreshand hardened propertiesofconcrete.
3	Designingof Concretemix	Studentswilllearntodesign concretemixproportion tobeusedinvarious applications.
4	Proficiencyin specialconcrete.	Studentswillbecomeproficientinvarioustypesofspecialconcrete which theycomeacross inpresent scenarioof industrialapplications.
5	Ethicaland Professional	Studentswillunderstandtheethicalandprofessionalresponsibilities associatedwithmaterialcharacterizationofeachingredientofconcrete,
6	Responsibility.	and production and handling of concrete adhering to industry standards and best practices.

8. CourseOutcomes(COs)andMappingwithPOs/P SOsCourseOutcomes(COs)

000000000000000000000000000000000000000	vitcomes(COS)
COs	Description
	Applytheknowledgeofscienceandengineeringfundamentalstostudyenvironmental
M23BETK205A.1	issuesinbuildingmaterialsandenvironmentallyfriendly/alternativebuildingmaterialsforcost
	effectiveand energyefficient construction.
M23BETK205A.2	Applytheknowledgeofengineeringfundamentalstostudyenvironmentallyfriendlyandcost-
MZJDET KZUJA.2	effectivebuildingtechnologiesin wallandroofingsystem.
M23BETK205A.3	Illustrate the concept of global warming due to different materials and buildings in
WIZJDET KZUJA.J	construction.
M23BETK205A.4	Exemplify the concept of green building rating systems used in buildings.
M23BETK205A.5	Illustrate the alternates our ceofenergy and effective water & solid waster management
W125DE1K205A.5	usedinbuildingstomeetsustainableenvironment.

CO-PO-PSOMapping

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
M23BETK205A.1	3						2					
M23BETK205A.2	3						2					
M23BETK205A.3	3					2	2					

Page 189 of 272

M23BETK205A.4	3			2	2			
M23BETK205A.5	3			2	2			
M23BETK205A	3			2	2			

9. AssessmentPlan

CO1 CO2 CO3 CO4 CO5 Total Module1 10 10 10 Module2 10 10 10 10 Module3 10 10 10 10 Module4 10 10 10 10 Module5 10 10 10 10 Total 10 10 10 50		ContinuousInternalEvaluation(CIE)											
Module2 10 10 Module3 10 10 Module4 10 10 Module5 10 10		CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total						
Module3 10 10 Module4 10 10 Module5 10 10	Module1	10					10						
Module4 10 10 Module5 10 10	Module2		10				10						
Module5 10 10	Module3			10			10						
	Module4				10		10						
Total 10 10 10 10 50	Module5					10	10						
	Total	10	10	10	10	10	50						

SemesterEndExamination(SEE)

				` ´		
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module1	20					20
Module2		20				20
Module3			20			20
Module4				20		20
Module5					20	20
Total	20	20	20	20	20	100

ConditionsforSEEPaperSetting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEEmarks.

10. FuturewiththisSubject.

The "Green Buildings" course in the first/second semester of the B.E program lays a strongfoundation for several future courses in the undergraduate program. The contributions of thissubject extend across various areas, enhancing the students' understanding and skills in the fieldofconcrete. Here aresome notable contributions:

- **Materials of construction:** The knowledge gained in green building course with respect tomaterials aprerequisite for materials of construction.
- Alternative Building Materials: The knowledge gained in green building course with respect tomaterials and cost-effective technologies is a prerequisite formaterials of construction.
- **ConstructionSkillLab**:Theknowledgegainedingreenbuildingcoursewithrespecttomaterialsand cost-effectivetechnologies isaprerequisite for constructionskill lab.
- **Concrete Technology**: The knowledge gained in green building course with respect to materialsandcost-effectivetechnologies is aprerequisite forconcrete technologycourse.
- **Project Work and Research:** The hands-on experience gained through assignments, problemsolving, experiments and project work using concrete technology concept prepares students formore extensive projects in their later years. It equips them with the skills needed for research inthefield ofconcretetechnology.
- **IndustryApplications:** The course provides practical skills that are directly applicable in industries relat educon struction. Graduates are well-prepared to contribute to construction industry. In summary, the "Concrete Technology" course serves as a stepping stone, equipping students with foundational knowledge and skills that are essential for the subsequent courses in their B.Eprogram and for their future careers in various technology-related fields.

2 nd Semester	Emerging Technology Courses - II (ETC) Introduction to Nanotechnology	M23BETK205B
--------------------------	--	-------------

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites	
1	Engineering	Basic understanding of engineering concepts like design, fabrication, and	
1	principles	characterization can be helpful.	



2	Basic Chemistry	Atomic Structure: Understanding atoms, molecules, and chemical bonds. Chemical Reactions: Knowledge of how substances interact and change. Organic Chemistry: Familiarity with carbon-based molecules, which are often used in nanotechnology.
3	Classical Mechanics: Basics of motion, forces, and energy. Electromagnetism: Understanding electric and magnetic fields and th interactions with matter. Quantum Mechanics: Basic principles, as nanotechnology often deals w phenomena at the atomic and molecular levels.	
4	Mathematics	Statistics: Important for data analysis and understanding probabilistic behaviors at the nanoscale.
5	Fundamentals of Material Science and Engineering	 Solid State Physics: Crystal structures, defects in solids, and electronic properties of materials. Thermodynamics: Basic principles including energy, entropy, and the laws of thermodynamics. Material Properties: Mechanical, electrical, optical, and thermal properties of materials.

2. Competencies

S/L	Competencies	KSA Description
	• •	Knowledge:
		Basic concepts of nanotechnology (nanoscale, properties,
		structures), Synthesis and fabrication methods (bottom-up,
		top-down)
		Skills:
1	Nanomaterials	Identify applications of nanomaterials in engineering fields,
1	Nanomateriais	Explain the societal impact of nanotechnology (benefits, risks,
		ethics), Use basic terminology related to nanomaterials
		Attitudes:
		Curiosity and interest in emerging technologies, Awareness of
		safety considerations in nanotechnology, Openness to
		interdisciplinary approaches
		Knowledge:
		Knowledge of the principles and techniques used to
		characterize nanomaterials, such as scanning electron
	CharacterizationofNanomaterials	microscopy (SEM), transmission electron microscopy (TEM),
		and atomic force microscopy (AFM).
2		Skills:
-		Ability to interpret data obtained from characterization
		techniques to determine the size, shape, composition, and
		surface properties of nanomaterials.
		Attitudes:
		Curiosity and a desire to learn about new characterization
		techniques and their applications in nanotechnology.
		Knowledge:
		Understanding of different types of carbon-based materials
		(e.g., graphene, diamond, polymers) and their properties (e.g.,
		electrical conductivity, mechanical strength), Knowledge of
		synthesis methods for carbon-based materials, Awareness of
		applications of carbon-based materials in various fields Skills:
	CarbonBasedMaterials	Ability to analyze and interpret data related to carbon-based
3	CardonBasedWateriais	
		materials (e.g., spectroscopy results), Skill in working with laboratory equipment used for characterization of carbon-
		based materials, Ability to troubleshoot problems related to the
		synthesis or processing of carbon-based materials
		Attitudes:
		Curiosity and interest in learning about new advancements in
		carbon-based materials research, Attention to detail and
		accuracy when working with carbon-based materials,
	l	accuracy which working with carbon-based inaterials,

Page 192 of 272



		Commitment to safety protocols when handling potentially
		hazardous materials
4	Energystorageandconversion	 Knowledge: Understanding of Properties of nanomaterials for energy storage (e.g., high surface area, porosity), Different nanomaterials for battery electrodes (e.g., carbon nanotubes, lithium-ion), Principles of energy conversion (e.g., photovoltaics, fuel cells), Nanofabrication techniques (e.g., chemical vapor deposition. Skills: Ability to Design and develop nanostructured materials for battery electrodes, Simulate and model energy storage and conversion processes, Fabricate and characterize nanodevices for energy applications, Troubleshoot and optimize energy storage and conversion systems, Collaborate with researchers from other disciplines (e.g., materials science, chemistry) Attitudes: Curiosity and a passion for innovation, Critical thinking and problem-solving skills, Attention to detail and accuracy, Strong work ethic and ability to meet deadlines, Effective communication and collaboration skills
5	ApplicationsofNanotechnology	 Knowledge: Understanding of the principles behind various nanotechnology applications. Skills: Ability to identify suitable nanomaterials for specific applications, Skill in designing and developing nanotechnology-based solutions. Attitudes: Positive attitude towards the potential of nanotechnology to solve real-world problems, Critical thinking skills to evaluate the risks and benefits of nanotechnology applications

3. Syllabus

Introduction to Nanotechnology			
S	SEMESTER – I/II		
Course Code	M23BETK105/205B	CIE Marks	50
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	3	Exam Hours	03
Courseobjectives			
• Toprovideacomprehensiveoverviewofsynthesisandcharacterizationofnanoparticles,nanocomposi tesandhierarchical materials withnanoscalefeatures.			
• Toprovide the engineering students with necessary background for understanding various nanomateria ls characterization techniques.			
• Todevelopanunderstandingofthebasisofthechoiceofmaterialfordeviceapplications.			
• Togiveaninsightintocompletesystemswherenanotechnologycanbeusedtoimproveoureverydaylife.			
• To describe the historical development and the future potential of nanotechnology.			
_	Module -1		
IntroductiontoNanomaterials			

IntroductiontoNanomaterials

Nanotechnology, Frontier of future-an overview, Length Scales, Variation of physical properties from bulk to

thinfilmstonanomaterials,Confinementofelectronin0D,1D,2Dand3Dsystems,SurfacetoVolumeRatio,Synthes isofNanomaterials:Bottom-Upapproach:ChemicalRoutesforSynthesisofnanomaterials-Sol-gel,Precipitation,SolutionCombustionsynthesis,Hydrothermal,SILAR,ChemicalBathDeposition.Top-Down approach-Ballmillingtechnique,Sputtering,LaserAblation.

CharacterizationofNanomaterials

Basic principles and instrumentations of Electron Microscopy -Transmission Electron Microscope,

Module -2

ScanningElectron Microscope, Scanning Probes- Scanning Tunneling microscope, Atomic Force Microscope –differentimaging modes,comparisonofSEM andTEM,AFMand STM,AFMand SEM.BasicprinciplesofworkingofX-raydiffraction,derivationofDebye-Scherrerequation,numericalonDebye, Scherrerequation,OpticalSpectroscopy-InstrumentationandapplicationofIR,UV/VIS(Bandgapmeasurement).

Module -3

CarbonBasedMaterials

Introduction,Synthesis,Properties(electrical,ElectronicandMechanical),andApplicationsofGraphene,SWCN T,MWCNT,FullerenesandotherCarbonMaterials:Carbonnanocomposites, nano-fibers,nano-discs,nano-diamonds.

Module -4

$Nanote {\it chnology in Energy storage and conversion}$

Solar cells: First generation, second generation and third generation solar cells: Construction and working of DyesensitizedandQuantumdotsensitizedsolar cells.

Batteries:NanotechnologyinLithiumionbattery-

working, Requirements of an odic and cathodic materials, classification based on ion storage mechanisms, limitations of graphite anodes, Advances in Cathodic materials, Anodic materials, Separators

Fuel Cells: Introduction, construction, working of fuel cells and nanotechnology in hydrogen storage and protonexchangemembranes.
Module -5

ApplicationsofNanotechnology

NanotechApplicationsandRecentBreakthroughs:Introduction,SignificantImpactofNanotechnologyandNano material,MedicineandHealthcareApplications,BiologicalandBiochemicalApplications(Nanobiotechnology), Electronic Applications (Nano electronics), Computing Applications (Nano computers), ChemicalApplications (Nano chemistry), Optical Applications (Nano photonics), Agriculture and Food Applications, RecentMajorBreakthroughsin Nanotechnology.

SuggestedLearningResources:

Books

1.NanoMaterials-A.K.Bandyopadhyay/NewAgePublishers

2. Nanocrystals: Synthesis, Properties and Applications - C.N.R. Rao, P. John Thomas and G. U.

Kulkarni, SpringerSeriesinMaterialsScience

3.NanoEssentials-T.Pradeep/TMH

 $\label{eq:2.1} 4. Peter J.F. Harris, Carbonnano tubes cience: synthesis, properties, and applications. Cambridge University Press, 2011$

5. M.A. Shah, K.A. Shah, ``Nanotechnology: The Science of Small'', Wiley India, ISBN 13:9788126538683.

ReferenceBooks

1. Introduction to Nanote chnology, C.P. Poole and F.J. Owens, Wiley, 2003

2. UnderstandingNanotechnology,ScientificAmerican,2002

3. Nanote chnology, M. Ratner and D. Ratner, Prentice Hall, 2003

4. Nanotechnology, M. Wildon, K. Kannagara, G. Smith, M. Simmonsand B. Raguse, CRCPressBocaRaton, 2002

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/ L	Syllabus Timeline	Description		
1	Week 1-2	IntroductiontoNanomaterials: Nanotechnology, Frontier of future-an overview, Length Scales, Variation of physical properties from bulk to thinfilmstonanomaterials,Confinementofelectronin0D,1D,2Dand3Dsystems,Surfaceto VolumeRatio,SynthesisofNanomaterials:Bottom- Upapproach:ChemicalRoutesforSynthesisofnanomaterials-Sol-gel,Precipitation.		
2	Week 3-4	SolutionCombustionsynthesis,Hydrothermal,SILAR,ChemicalBathDeposition.Top- Down approach- Ballmillingtechnique,Sputtering,LaserAblation. CharacterizationofNanomaterials: Basic principles and instrumentations of Electron Microscopy –Transmission Electron Microscope, ScanningElectron Microscope, Scanning Probes- Scanning Tunneling microscope, Atomic Force Microscope –differentimaging modes,		
3	Week 5-6	ComparisonofSEMandTEM,AFMandSTM,AFMandSEM.BasicprinciplesofworkingofX-raydiffraction,derivationofDebye-Scherrerequation,numericalonDebyeScherrerequation,OpticalSpectroscopy-InstrumentationandapplicationofIR,UV/VIS(Bandgapmeasurement).		
4	Week 7-8	CarbonBasedMaterials: Introduction,Synthesis,Properties(electrical,ElectronicandMechanical),andApplication		

Page 194 of 272

		asterophana SWENT MWENT Fullerences of the Corport Materials Corporation and a corport			
		sofGraphene,SWCNT,MWCNT,FullerenesandotherCarbonMaterials:Carbonnanocom			
		posites,nano-fibers,nano-discs,nano-			
		diamonds.NanotechnologyinEnergystorageandconversion: Solar cells: First			
		generation, second generation and third generation solar cells: Construction and			
		working of Dyesensitized and Quantum dots ensitized solar cells.			
		Batteries:NanotechnologyinLithiumionbattery-			
		working, Requirements of an odicand cathodic materials, classification based on ion			
		storage mechanisms, limitations of graphite anodes, Advances in Cathodic			
5	Week 9-10	materials, Anodicmaterials, Separators			
		•			
		Fuel Cells:Introduction, construction, working of fuel cells and nanotechnology in			
		hydrogen storage and protonexchangemembranes			
		ApplicationsofNanotechnology:			
		NanotechApplicationsandRecentBreakthroughs:Introduction,SignificantImpactofNano			
		technologyandNanomaterial,MedicineandHealthcareApplications,BiologicalandBioch			
6	Week 11-	emicalApplications(Nanobiotechnology), Electronic Applications (Nano electronics),			
0	12				
		Computing Applications (Nano computers), ChemicalApplications (Nano chemistry),			
		Optical Applications (Nano photonics), Agriculture and Food Applications,			
		RecentMajorBreakthroughsin Nanotechnology.			

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description	
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.	
2	Video/Animation	Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding of nano materials concepts.	
3	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.	
4	Higher Order Thinking (HOTS) Questions:	Pose HOTS questions to stimulate critical thinking related to each competency.	
5	Problem-Based Learning (PBL)	Implement PBL to enhance analytical skills and practical application of competencies	
6	Multiple Representations	Introduce topics in various representations to reinforce competencies	
7	Real-World Application	Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real-world competencies.	

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Components		Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks	·		50	20

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7. Learning Objectives

S/ L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Nano materials	To provide a comprehensive overview of synthesis and characterization ofnanoparticles, nanocomposites and hierarchical materials with nanoscale features.
2	Characterization techniques	To provide the necessary background for understanding various nanomaterials characterization techniques
3	Properties and Applications	Compare and contrast the properties of bulk materials with their counterparts at the nanoscale. Identify potential applications of nanotechnology in one specific engineering field
4	Types of nanomaterials	Todevelopanunderstandingofthebasisofthechoiceofmaterialfordeviceapplication s
5	Applications of nanomaterials	Togiveaninsightintocompletesystemswherenanotechnologycanbeusedtoimprov eoureverydaylife

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs): Students will be able to

COs	Description
M23BETK205B.1	Make use of the fundamental concepts of nanotechnology
M25DE1K205D.1	tosynthesizethenanoparticlesbyvarious techniques.
M23BETK205B.2	Illustrate the working of basic instruments used in characterization of nanoparticles.
M23BETK205B.3	Apply the concepts of nanotechnology in various engineering discipline.
MOODETROAD A	Interpret the unique properties of carbon and its various allotropes like diamond,
M23BETK205B.4	graphite and graphene.
M23BETK205B.5	Analyze the relationship between material properties at the nanoscale and their
W125DE 1 K205D.5	energy storage and conversion capabilities.

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	РО 4	PO 5	PO 6	РО 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12
M23BETK205B.1	3											
M23BETK205B.2	3											
M23BETK205B.3	3											
M23BETK205B.4	3											
M23BETK205B.5		3										
M23BETK205B	3	3										

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

		0 0 0 0 0				
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1	10					10
Module 2		10				10
Module 3			10			10
Module 4				10		10
Module 5					10	10
Total	10	10	10	10	10	50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
20					20
	20				20
		20			20
			20		20
				20	20
	20		20	20 20	20 20 20 20

First Year, MIT Mysore

Page 196 of 272

ide Principal MIT Mysore

Total	20	20	20	20	20	100

10. Future with this Subject

Studying "Introduction to Nanotechnology" opens up a multitude of promising career paths and opportunities for students due to the multidisciplinary nature and expansive applications of nanotechnology. An introduction to nanomaterials is a springboard to a field with a very promising future. Nanotechnology is revolutionizing many areas, from medicine and electronics to energy and environmental science. This means there's a constant demand for people who understand how to design, develop, and use these materials. Nanomaterials have unique properties that make them applicable in a wide range of industries. A student with this background could find opportunities in sectors like aerospace, pharmaceuticals, or renewable energy.There's a constant push to develop new nanomaterials and improve existing ones. A student with a strong foundation could pursue research careers in universities, government labs, or private companies. As the field matures, there will likely be a growing need for specialists in specific areas of nanomaterials. An introductory course can open doors to further studies in areas like nanoelectronics, nanomedicine, or nanocomposites.

2 nd Semester Emerging Technology Courses - II (ET RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCE)	
---	--

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1.	Basic Physics	Understanding of energy, power, and force. Knowledge of thermodynamics, particularly the laws of energy conservation and conversion.

2.	Basic Chemistry	Understanding of chemical reactions and processes. Understanding the materials and reactions involved in energy storage, bioenergy, and fuel cells.			
3.	Basic Biology	Basics of plant biology and ecology for bioenergy.			
4.	Environmental Science	Basic understanding of Ecology, Pollution & Environmental Impact and Sustainability.			
5.	Conventional Sources	Basic knowledge of fossil fuels, coal, hydro & nuclear.			

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
		Knowledge:
		• Understanding knowledge of different energy sources.
	En anon Campag	• Understanding the India & Global energy scenario.
1	Energy Sources & its	Skills:
1.		Ability to analyze alternative solutions to overcome the problems of conventional
	availability	energy sources.
		Attitudes:
		Recognizing the significances of energy sources availabity.
		Knowledge:
		• Knowledge of system integration and the ability to work with hybrid energy
		systems.
		• Understanding of energy storage solutions and their integration with
		renewable sources.
2.	Design and	Skills:
	Implementation	• Ability to design and implement renewable energy systems such as solar,
		wind, hydro, and biomass energy systems.
		• Identifying and solving technical issues in renewable energy systems.
		Attitudes:
		Perform economic and environmental impact analyses of renewable energy
-		solutions.
		Knowledge: Proficiency in making informed decisions based on data analysis, technical
		feasibility, economic viability, and environmental impact.
3.	Innovative	Skills:
5.	Thinking	Ability to develop creative solutions to challenges in the renewable energy sector.
		Attitudes:
		Openness to think creative ideas for improvisation for renewable sources.
		Knowledge:
		• Understanding of ethical issues related to energy production and
		consumption.
		• Understanding of sustainability principles and their importance in the energy
	Ethical and	sector.
4.	Sustainable	Skills:
	Practices	Adaptability to evolving industry trends and emerging challenges.
		Attitudes:
		Commitment to promoting the awareness of the ethical implications of energy
		choices and their impact on the environment and society.

3. Syllabus

RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES SEMESTER – I/II					
Course Code	M23BETK105/205C	CIE Marks	50		
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(3:0:0)	SEE Marks	50		
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40 hours	Total Marks	100		
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03		

Principal MIT Mysore

Course objectives:

- To understand energy scenario, energy sources and their utilization.
- To explore society's present needs and future energy demands.
- To Study the principles of renewable energy conversion systems.
- To exposed to energy conservation methods.

Module -1

Introduction: Principles of renewable energy; energy and sustainable development, fundamentals and social implications. worldwide renewable energy availability, renewable energy availability in India, brief descriptions on solar energy, wind energy, tidal energy, wave energy, ocean thermal energy, biomass energy, geothermal energy, oil shale. Introduction to Internet of energy (IOE).

Module -2

Solar Energy: Fundamentals; Solar Radiation; Solar radiation Measurements- Pyrheliometers, Pyrometer, Sunshine Recorder.Solar Thermal systems: Flat plate collector; Solar distillation; Solar pond electric power plant.

Solar electric power generation- Principle of Solar cell, Photovoltaic system for electric power generation, advantages, Disadvantages and applications of solar photovoltaic system.

Module -3

Wind Energy: Properties of wind, availability of wind energy in India, wind velocity and power from wind; major problems associated with wind power, Basic components of wind energy conversion system (WECS); Classification of WECS- Horizontal axis- single, double and muliblade system. Vertical axis-Savonius and darrieus types.

Biomass Energy: Introduction; Photosynthesis Process; Biofuels; Biomass Resources; Biomass conversion technologies-fixed dome; Urban waste to energy conversion; Biomass gasification (Downdraft).

Module -4

Tidal Power: Tides and waves as energy suppliers and their mechanics; fundamental characteristics of tidal power, harnessing tidal energy, advantages and limitations.

Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion: Principle of working, OTEC power stations in the world, problems associated with OTEC.

Module -5

Geo Thermal Energy: Introduction, working, advantages & dis advantages, applications.

Hydrogen Energy:Introduction, Fuel cells: Classification of fuel cells – H2; Operating principles,ZeroenergyConcepts.Benefits of hydrogen energy, hydrogen production technologies (electrolysis method only).

Text Books:

1. Nonconventional Energy sources, G D Rai, Khanna Publication, Fourth Edition,

2. Energy Technology, S.Rao and Dr. B.B. Parulekar, Khanna Publication.Solarenergy, SubhasPSukhatme, TataMcGrawHill, 2ndEdition,1996.

Reference Books:

1. Principles of Energy conversion, A. W. Culp Jr.,, McGraw Hill, 1996

2. Non-Convention EnergyResources, Shobh Nath Singh, Pearson, 2018

Links

3. https://www.youtube.com/@mitmysore-mechanicalengine8107

4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mh51mAUexK4&list=PLwdnzlV3ogoXUifhvYB65lLJCZ74o_fA k

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1-2: Introduction and Availability of Energy Sources	Introduction to energy sources, Classification of Energy Sources, Sustainable development, socialimplications,worldwide renewable energy availability, renewable energy availability in India, brief descriptions on energy alternatives. Introduction to Internet of energy (IOE).
2	Week 3-4: Fundamentals of Solar Radiation &Solar electric power generation	Solar radiation, Terrestrial & Extra-terrestrial radiation, Solar radiation Measurements- Pyrheliometers, Pyrometer, Sunshine Recorder.Solar Thermal systems: Flat plate collector; Solar distillation; Solar pond electric power plant.
3	Week 5-6: Wind Energy	Properties of wind, availability of wind energy in India, wind velocity and power from wind; major problems associated with wind power, Basic components of wind energy conversion system (WECS); Classification of WECS- Horizontal axis- single, double and muliblade

Page 199 of 272

		system. Vertical axis- Savonius and darrieus types.	
4	Week 7-8: Biomass EnergyIntroduction; Photosynthesis Process; Biofuels; Biomass Resources Biomass conversion technologies-fixed dome; Urban waste to energy conversion; Biomass gasification (Downdraft)		
5	Week 9-10: Tidal Power & OTEC	Tides and waves as energy suppliers and their mechanics; fundamental characteristics of tidal power, harnessing tidal energy, advantages and limitations.Principle of working, OTEC power stations in the world, problems associated with OTEC.	
6	Week 11-12: Geothermal Energy & Green Energy	Construction & working of Geothermal Energy. Introduction to Fuel cells: Classification of fuel cells – H2; Operating principles, ZeroenergyConcepts.Benefits of hydrogen energy, hydrogen production technologies (electrolysis method only), hydrogen energy storage, applications of hydrogen energy, problem associated with hydrogen energy.	

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description		
1.	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.		
2.	Video/Animation	Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding of RES concepts.		
3.	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.		
4.	Real-World Application	Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real-world competencies.		
5.	Flipped Class Technique	Utilize a flipped class approach, providing materials before class to facilitate deeper understanding of competencies.		

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Com	ponents	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks	•	•	50	20

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Basics of Renewable	Students will learn to define renewable energy and distinguish it from non- renewable sources & identify various renewable energy sources, including solar,
	Energy	wind, hydroelectric, biomass, geothermal, and tidal energy.
2	Analyzing	Students will learnto assess the global distribution and availability of renewable

	Resource	energy resources & identify factors influencing the spatial and temporal			
	Availability:	variability of renewable energy sources, such as sunlight intensity, wind speed,			
		water flow, biomass productivity, geothermal gradients, and tidal patterns.			
3	Working	Students will learn the construction & working of solar, wind, Tidal, OTEC			
Principles of RES Geothermal & hydr		Geothermal & hydrogen energy.			
4	Project-Based	Through mini projects & seminar, students will learn about the team work, ppt			
4	Learning	presentation, and writing report and communication skills also.			
	Ethical and	Students will understand the ethical and professional responsibilities associated			
5	Professional	Renewable Energy Sources and their importance.			
	Responsibility	Kenewable Energy Sources and then impoltance.			

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs Course Outcomes (COs)

COs		Description										
	Make	use of	the bas	ic phys	sics of	energy	conver	sion to	identif	y the e	nvironr	nental
M23BETK205C.1	-						-	parison	with v	various	conven	tional
	energy	system	is, their	· prospe	ects and	limitat	ions.					
M23BETK205C.2	Explai	n Conc	ept of	Solar	radiatio	on & th	ne worl	king of	solar	radiatio	on meas	suring
W125DE 1 K205C.2	device	s.										
M23BETK205C.3	Illustrate the methods of energy conversion using the concept of wind energy and											
MI23BE1K205C.5	bio ma	lss ener	gy con	cepts.								-
MAADETRAALC	Interpret the different energy generation technologies by identifying the key											
M23BETK205C.4	operati	ing prin	ciples (of ocean	n energ	у.		-	-	-	-	-
MAADEERVAAEC	Explain the components and operation of geothermal power plant and Hydrogen											
M23BETK205C.5	Energy	7.					U		• ·		•	U
CO-PO-PSO Mapping												
COs/POs	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO

COs/POs	PO											
05/105	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
M23BETK205C.1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BETK205C.2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BETK205C.3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BETK205C.4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BETK205C.5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BET205C	3											

9. Assessment Plan

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1	10					10
Module 2		10				10
Module 3			10			10
Module 4				10		10
Module 5					10	10
Total	10	10	10	10	10	50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

		bennester L				
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1	20					20
Module 2		20				20
Module 3			20			20
Module 4				20		20
Module 5					20	20
Total	20	20	20	20	20	100

10. Future with this Subject

The trend in renewable energy sources is characterized by significant growth and increasing adoption worldwide.Renewable energy capacity, particularly solar and wind, has been experiencing rapid growth globally. This expansion is driven by falling costs, technological advancements, supportive policies, and increasing environmental concerns.

Identifying Technology Advancements:

Investigate emerging technologies and innovations in renewable energy generation, storage, and distribution. Assess the potential impact of technological advancements on the cost-effectiveness and efficiency of renewable energy systems.

Addressing Challenges and Barriers

Identify technological barriers and limitations hindering the widespread adoption of renewable energy. Explore research and development efforts aimed at overcoming technical challenges and improving renewable energy technologies.

Assessing Environmental Benefits:

Investigate the environmental benefits of renewable energy, including reductions in air and water pollution, land use impacts, and ecosystem preservation.

Analyze the potential for renewable energy to contribute to biodiversity conservation and ecological sustainability.

Encouraging Research and Development:

Identify areas for further research and innovation in renewable energy technology, policy, and market design. Explore interdisciplinary approaches and collaborations to address complex challenges in the renewable energy sector.

2 nd 8	Semester Semes	Emerging Technology Courses - II (ETC) Waste Management M23BET					
1. l	1. Prerequisites						
S/L	Proficiency	Prerequis	Prerequisites				
1	Waste Management.Knowledge of types of waste in day today life		n day today life				
2	Handling and Disposal of	Landling and Disposal of Waste. Knowledge of different types of waste and its impact.					

First Year, MIT Mysore

Page 202 of 272

3	Sustainability.	Knowledge of resources we consume in day- to-day life.				
4	Regulatory Compliances and Policy	Basic understanding aboutwaste				
4	Development Principles.	management principles.				
5	Health and Safety	Knowledge of impact of waste to our health.				

2. Syllabus

Waste Management SEMESTER –I/II						
Course Code	M23BETK105/205D	CIEMarks	50			
NumberofLectureHours/Week(L:T:P:S)	(3:0:0)	SEE Marks	50			
TotalNumberofLectureHours	40 hours	TotalMarks	100			
Credits	03	ExamHours	03			
	Module-1					

Introduction to solid waste management

Classification of solid wastes (source and type based), solid waste management (SWM), elements of SWM,ESSWM(environmentallysoundsolidwastemanagement)andEST(environmentallysound

technologies), factors affecting SWM, Indianscenario, progress in MSW (municipal solid waste) Management in India. Indian and global scenario of e-waste,

Module-2

Waste Generation Aspects

Wastestreamassessment(WSA),wastegenerationandcomposition,wastecharacteristics(physical and chemical), health and environmental effects (public health and environmental), comparative assessment of waste generation and composition of developing and developed nations, a case study results from an Indian city, handouts on solid waste compositions. E-waste generation.

Module-3

COLLECTION, STORAGE, TRANSPORTANDDISPOSALOF WASTES

WasteCollection,StorageandTransport:Collectioncomponents,storage-containers/collection vehicles,collectionoperation,transferstation,wastecollectionsystemdesign,recordkeeping, control,inventoryandmonitoring,implementingcollectionandtransfersystem,acasestudy.Waste

Disposal:keyissuesinwastedisposal,disposaloptionsandselectioncriteria,sanitarylandfill, landfillgasemission,leachateformation,environmentaleffectsoflandfill,landfilloperationissues,a

casestudy.

Module-4

WASTE PROCESSING TECHNIQUES & SOURCE REDUCTION, PRODUCTRE COVERY &

RECYCLING

Purpose of processing, mechanical volume and size reduction, components eparation, drying and dewatering. Source Reduction, Product Recovery and Recycling: basics, purpose, implementation monitoring and evaluation of source reduction, significance of recycling, planning of a recycling programme, recycling programme elements, commonly recycled materials and processes, a case study.

Module-5

HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT AND TREATMENT

Identification and classification of hazardous waste, hazardous waste treatment, pollution prevention and waste minimization, hazardous wastes management in India. E-waste recycling.

Text Books

3. Tchobaanoglous, G., Theisen, H., and Samuel AVigil, Integrated Solid

WasteManagement,McGraw-Hill Publishers, 1993.

4. Bilitewski B., HardHe G., MarekK., Weissbach A., and Boeddicker H., Waste Management, Springer, 1994.

Reference Books

15. White, F.R., Franke P.R.,, & Hindle M., Integrated solid waste management: a

lifecycleinventory. Mc Dougall, P. John Wiley & Sons. 2001

16. Nicholas, P., & Cheremisinoff, P.D., Handbook of solid

wastemanagementandwasteminimization technologies, Imprint of Elsevier Science. 2005 Weblinks

- a. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105103205
- b. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=k0ktJRoRcOA
- c. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/107/103107125/
- d. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_ce76/preview
- e. https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/cec20_ge13/preview

3. SyllabusTimeline

S/L	Syllabus	Description
	Timeline	
1	Week1-2	Studentswilllearnaboutintroductiontosolidwastemanagement.
2	Week3-4	Studentswilllearnaboutwastegenerationaspects.
3	Week5-6	Students will learn about Collection, Storage, Transport and Disposal of
		Wastes.
4	Week7-8	StudentswilllearnaboutWasteProcessingTechniques&SourceReduction, Product
		Recovery & Recycling.
5	Week9-10:	StudentswilllearnaboutHazardous WasteManagementAndTreatment

4. Teaching-LearningProcessStrategies

S/L	TLPStrategies	Description
1	Lecture Method	Utilizevariousteachingmethodswithinthelectureformatto
	Lecture Method	reinforcecompetencies.
2	Video/Animation	Incorporatevisualaidslikevideos/animationstoenhance
	Video/Alimitation	understandingofconcepts.
3	Collaborative Learning	Encouragecollaborativelearningforimprovedcompetency
	Conaborative Learning	application.
4	Higher Order Thinking	PoseHOTSquestionstostimulatecriticalthinkingrelatedto
	(HOTS)Questions:	eachcompetency.
5	Problem-Based Learning	ImplementPBLtoenhanceanalyticalskillsandpractical
	(PBL)	applicationofcompetencies.
6	Real-World Application	Discusspractical applications to connect theoretical concepts
	Real- World Application	withreal-worldcompetencies.
7	Flipped Class Technique	Utilizeaflippedclassapproach, providing materials before
	Phyped Class Technique	classtofacilitatedeeperunderstandingofcompetencies.

5. AssessmentDetails(bothCIEandSEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Compo	onents	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks			50	20

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

6. LearningObjectives

S /	Learning	Description
L	Objectives	
	Understanding fundamentalsof	Studentswillgraspthefundamentalconceptsofwastemanagem
1	WasteManagement	ent.
	Proficiencyin handlingand	Studentswillbecomeproficientinhandlinganddisposalofdiff
2	disposal ofwaste.	erenttypes of waste.
3	Designingofmodeltohandle waste.	Studentswilllearntodesigningmodeltohandle waste.
	Proficiencyin Hazardouswaste.	Studentswillbecomeproficientinvarioustypesofspecialconc
4		retewhich they come across in present scenario of
		industrial applications.
	Ethical and Professional	Students will understand the ethical and professional
5	Responsibility.	responsibilities associated with material characterization
		of each ingredient of concrete,
		andproductionandhandlingofconcreteadheringtoindustrys
		tandardsAndbestpractices.

7. CourseOutcomes(COs)andMappingwithPOs/ PSOs Course Outcomes (COs)

COs	Description		
M23BETK205D.1	$\label{eq:applythebasics} Apply the basics of solid was tem an agement towards sustainable development$		
M23BETK205D.2	Applytechnologiestoprocesswasteanddisposethesame.		
M23BETK205D.3	Designworkingmodelstoconvertwastetoenergy		
M23BETK205D.4	Identifyandclassifyhazardouswasteandmanagethehazard		

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
M23BETK205D.1	3						2					
M23BETK205D.2	3						2					
M23BETK205D.3			2			2	2					
M23BETK205D.4		2				2	2					
M23BETK205D	3	2	2			2	2					

8. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation(CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
Module1	10				10
Module2	10				10
Module3		10			10
Module4			10		10
Module5				10	10
Total	20	10	10	10	50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
Module1	20				20
Module2	20				20
Module3		20			20
Module4			20		20
Module5				20	20
Total	40	20	20	20	100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks.

9. Future with this Subject.

The "Waste Management" course in the first/second semester of the B.E program lays a strong foundation for several future courses in the undergraduate program of civil engineering and also other programme students will learn about this course and its impact on environment so that he will become responsible citizen in the society to protect mother earth.



2 nd Semester	Emerging Technology Courses - II (ETC) Introduction to Internet of Things	M23BETK205E
--------------------------	--	-------------

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites	
1	Basics of Networking	Understanding of networking types Familiarity with fundamental layered networking models	
2	Emergence of IOT	Knowledge of evolution of IoT, independence technology, network components and network strategy.	
3	Sensors and Actuators	Differentiation of sensor and Actuators, characteristics associated with the sensors and the actuators, associated with multifaceted.	
4	IoT Processing Topologies and Types	Basic understanding of importance of processing, topology, design and selection consideration.	
5	Cloud Computing	Ability to analyze, Virtualization, Cloud Models, Service-Level Agreement andImplementation, and their services	
6	Agricultural IoT	Knowledge relate to the applicability of IoT in real scenarios	
7	Paradigms, Challenges, and the Future	Assess the various evolving aspects and paradigms of IoT, Understand the most prominent challenges encountered during the design and development of IoT solutions, Understand the common hardware platforms, sensors, and actuators used in IoT,Describe the common analytical tools and machine learning algorithms used with IoT data	

2. Competencies

S/L	Emergence	KSA Description
1	Basics of Networking	 Knowledge: Understanding of networking types. Knowledge of layers and models. Skills: Ability to apply concepts of basic terminologies andtechnology and new concepts of IoT with the basics of networking. Attitudes: Appreciation for the importance of of IoT with the basics of networking and topology.
2	Emergence of IoT	 Knowledge: Understanding of evolution IOT, independence technology. Skills: Relate new concepts with concepts learned earlier to make a smooth transition to IoT. Attitudes: Recognize the unique features of IoT which set it apart from other similar paradigms.
3	Sensors and Actuators	 Knowledge: Understand the concept of salient features of transducers, differentiate between sensors and actuators, characterize sensors and distinguish between types of sensors. Skills: Multi-faceted considerations associated with sensing, characterize actuators and distinguish between types of actuators. Attitudes: Understand the concept of sensor- multi-faceted considerations associated with actuation
4	Associated IoT Technologies -Cloud Computing	Knowledge:Understand the concept of cloud computing and its features.Skills:Understand virtualization, different cloud models, and service-level agreements.(SLAs) Identify the salient features of various cloud computing models.Attitudes:

Page 207 of 272

Principal MIT Mysore MT Dean Acader MIT Myso

		Understand the concept of sensor-clouds
		Knowledge:
		Understanding the applicability of IoT in real scenarios.
5	Agricultural	Skills:
5	IoT	Relate to the appropriate use of various IoT technologies through real-life use cases on IoT-based leaf area index assessment and an IoT-based irrigation system.
		Attitudes:
		Relate to the applicability of IoT in real scenarios.
		Knowledge:
	IoT case	Understanding various evolving aspects and paradigms of IoT.
	studies and	Skills:
6	future trends	Understand the most prominent challenges encountered during the design and
0	-Paradigms,	development of IoT solutions.
	Challenges,	Attitudes:
	and the Future	Research upcoming and emerging domains, which find significant applicability in IoT.
		Knowledge:
	Hands on IoT	Understand the common hardware platforms, sensors, and actuators used in IoT.
	Beginning IoT	Assess the importance of each sensor or hardware in various applications.
7	Hardware	Skills:
	Projects	Using Arduino board and Raspberry Pi, installation and design.
	110,000	Attitudes:
		Assess the importance of each sensor or hardware in various applications

3. Syllabus

Introduction to Internet of Things(IOT)					
SEMESTER – I					
Course Code M23BETK105/205E CIE Marks 50					
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(3:0:2)	SEE Marks	50		
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40 hours Theory	Total Marks	100		
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03		
Course objectives: This course will enable students to:					
CO1: Describe the evolution of IoT, IoT netw	orking components, and ad	dressing strategies in	n IoT.		
CO2: Classify various sensing devices and ac	ctuator types.				
CO3 : Demonstrate the processing in IoT.					
CO4: Apply Associated IoT Technologies.					
CO5 : Analyze hands on IoT Applications					
Module -1					
Basics of Networking: Introduction, Network Types, Layered network models					
Emergence of IoT: Introduction, Evolution o	f IoT, Enabling IoT and the	Complex Interdepe	ndence of		

Technologies, IoT Networking Components

Textbook 1: Chapter 1- 1.1 to 1.3; Chapter 4 – 4.1 to 4.4

Module -2

IoT Sensing and Actuation: Introduction, Sensors, Sensor Characteristics, Sensorial Deviations, Sensing Types, Sensing Considerations, Actuators, Actuator Types, Actuator Characteristics. Textbook 1: Chapter 5 -5.1 to 5.9

Module -3

IoT Processing Topologies and Types: Data Format, Importance of Processing in IoT, Processing Topologies, IoT Device Design and Selection Considerations, Processing Offloading. Textbook 1: Chapter 6-6.1 to 6.5

Module -4

ASSOCIATED IOT TECHNOLOGIES

Cloud Computing: Introduction, Virtualization, Cloud Models, Service-Level Agreement in Cloud Computing, Cloud Implementation, Sensor-Cloud: Sensors-as-a-Service. IOT CASE STUDIES **Agricultural IoT** – Introduction and Case Studies Textbook 1: Chapter 10–10.1 to 10.6; Chapter 12- 12.1-12.2

Module -5

IOT CASE STUDIES AND FUTURE TRENDS AND IOT HANDS-ON

Paradigms, Challenges, and the Future: Introduction, Evolution of New IoT Paradigms, Challenges Associated with IoT.

Beginning IoT Hardware Projects : Introduction to Arduino Boards, **IoT Analytics:** Introduction Textbook 1: Chapter 15–15.1-15.3; Chapter 16-16.1; Chapter 17-17.1

Text Books:

Books (Title of the Book/Name of the author/Name of the publisher/Edition and Year)

1. Sudip Misra, Anandarup Mukherjee, Arijit Roy, "Introduction to IoT", Cambridge University Press 2021. Reference:

2. S. Misra, C. Roy, and A. Mukherjee, 2020. Introduction to Industrial Internet of Things and Industry 4.0. CRC Press.

3. Vijay Madisetti and Arshdeep Bahga, "Internet of Things (A Hands-on-Approach)",1st Edition, VPT, 2014.

4. Francis daCosta, "Rethinking the Internet of Things: A Scalable Approach to Connecting Everything", 1st Edition, Apress Publications, 2013.

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description	
1	Week 1-2: Basics of Networking, Emergence of IoT	Basics of Networking, Emergence of IoT	
2	Week 3-4: IoT Sensing and Actuation	IoT Sensing and Actuation	
3	Week 5-6: IoT Processing Topologies and Types:	IoT Processing Topologies and Types:	
4	Week 7-8: Cloud Computing ,Agricultural IoT	Cloud Computing ,Agricultural IoT	
5	Week 9-10: Paradigms, Challenges, and the Future	Paradigms, Challenges, and the Future	
6	Week 11-12 Beginning IoT Hardware Projects	Beginning IoT Hardware Projects	

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.
2	Video/Animation	Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding of Verilog concepts.
3	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.
4	Higher Order Thinking (HOTS) Questions:	Pose HOTS questions to stimulate critical thinking related to each competency.
5	Multiple Representations	Introduce topics in various representations to reinforce competencies
6	Real-World Application	Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real-world competencies.
7	Flipped Class Technique	Utilize a flipped class approach, providing materials before class to facilitate deeper understanding of competencies.
8	Programming Assignments	Assign programming tasks to reinforce practical skills associated with competencies.

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

Note:

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Components		Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks			50	20

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Understanding Basics of Networking	Students will grasp the fundamental concepts networking types familiarity with fundamental layered networking models.
2	Designing Emergence of IoT	Students will ability to apply concepts of basic terminologies and technology and new concepts of IoT with the basics of networking.
3	Proficiency in sensors and actuators	Students will become proficient in Differentiation of sensor and Actuators, characteristics associated with the sensors and the actuators, associated with multifaceted
4	Collaboration and Communication Skills	Students will work collaboratively in teams on cloud computing and agricultural IoT and ability to communicate effectively.
5	Project-Based Learning	Through hands-on projects, students will apply their knowledge of Arduino Boards and Raspberry pi

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)
COs	Description
M23BETK205E.1	Describe the evolution of IoT, IoT networking components, and addressing strategies
	in IoT.
M23BETK205E.2	Classify various sensing devices and actuator types.
M23BETK205E.3	Demonstrate the processing in IoT.
M23BETK205E.4	Apply Associated IoT Technologies.
M23BETK205E.5	Analyze hands on IoT Applications

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	РО 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12
M23BETK205E.1		3										
M23BETK205E.2		3										
M23BETK205E.3		3										

M23BETK205E.4		3					
M23BETK505E.5		3					
M23BETK205E	3	3					

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1						
Module 2						
Module 3						
Module 4						
Module 5						
Total						50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1						
Module 2						
Module 3						
Module 4						
Module 5						
Total						100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. Future with this Subject

The "Introduction to Internet of Things" course in thesemester of the B.E program lays a strong foundation for several future courses in the undergraduate program. The contributions of this subject extend across various areas, enhancing the students' understanding and skills in the field of digital systems. Here are some notable contributions:

- **Cloud Computing:** The knowledge gained in this course, Understand the concept of cloud computing and its features and understand virtualization, different cloud models, and service-level agreements (SLAs). Students can delve deeper into topics such as Identify the salient features of various cloud computing models Understand the concept of sensor-clouds.
- Introduction to Arduino Boards and Raspberry Pi.Understand the common hardware platforms, sensors, and actuators used in IoT, Assess the importance of each sensor or hardware in various applications, Understand the code structure required to operate these hardware and sensors /actuators connected to them, Relate the IoT hardware and sensors according to the requirements of their applications.
- **Machine learning**: Describe the common analytical tools and machine learning algorithms used with IoT data assess the importance and applicability of each algorithm, understand the operating principle of each of these analytical methods.

Page 211 of 272

2 nd Semester	Emerging Technology Courses - II (ETC) Introduction to Cyber Security	M23BETK205F
--------------------------	--	-------------

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1	Computer	Understanding how computers work, including hardware components like CPU,
1	Basics	memory, storage, and input/output devices
2	Operating	Familiarity with popular operating systems like Windows, macOS, and Linux,
2	Systems	including basic file management and navigation.
3	Networking	Basic concepts of how networks operate, including IP addressing, DNS, routing, and protocols like TCP/IP.
4	Programming	Basic knowledge of programming concepts can be helpful, though it's not always a strict requirement. Understanding concepts like variables, loops, conditionals, and functions can aid in understanding certain aspects of cybersecurity.
5	Mathematics	While not always necessary, a basic understanding of mathematics, particularly concepts like binary, hexadecimal, and boolean algebra, can be helpful.

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency		KSA Description
		Knowle	
		5.	Understanding Cybercrime:
			 Definition of cybercrime and its various manifestations (e.g.,
			hacking, malware, social engineering).
			 Knowledge of the motives behind cybercriminal activities
			(e.g., financial gain, political motives, espionage).
		6.	Cyber Threat Landscape:
			• Awareness of common cyber threats and attack vectors (e.g.,
			phishing, ransomware, insider threats).
			• Understanding of emerging cyber threats and trends (e.g., AI-
			driven attacks, supply chain vulnerabilities).
		7.	Impact on Information Security:
			 Understanding how cybercrime compromises information
			security (confidentiality, integrity, availability).
			• Knowledge of the consequences of cybercrime on individuals,
			organizations, and society (financial loss, reputational damage,
			regulatory penalties).
	Cybercrime	8.	Legal and Regulatory Framework:
1	and		• Familiarity with relevant cybersecurity laws, regulations, and
1	Information		standards (e.g., GDPR, HIPAA, PCI-DSS).
	Security		• Understanding of the legal implications of cybercrime and the
			responsibilities of organizations in protecting data and
			mitigating risks.
		Skills:	
		5.	Cybersecurity Practices:
			• Ability to implement cybersecurity best practices to protect
			against cyber threats (e.g., network security, endpoint
			protection, access control).
			• Skill in configuring and maintaining security tools and
			technologies (firewalls, intrusion detection/prevention systems,
			antivirus software).
		6.	Incident Response and Management:
			• Proficiency in incident detection, analysis, and response to
			cybersecurity incidents.
			• Ability to formulate and execute incident response plans,
		_	including containment, eradication, and recovery measures.
		7.	Risk Assessment and Management:
			 Skill in conducting risk assessments to identify vulnerabilities

Page 212 of 272

st. Principal MIT Mysore

	and assess potential impacts of cyber threats.
C	Competence in developing and implementing risk mitigation
	strategies and controls to reduce cyber risks.
8. Secu	rity Awareness and Training:
c c	
	cybersecurity risks and best practices.
C	Skill in delivering cybersecurity training programs to educate users and enhance their vigilance against social engineering
	and phishing attacks.
Attitudes:	
5. Ethic	al Responsibility:
C	Commitment to ethical behavior and compliance with legal and
	regulatory requirements in cybersecurity practices.
C	Respect for privacy rights and data protection principles in
	handling sensitive information.
6. Cont	inuous Learning and Adaptability:
c	Willingness to stay updated with evolving cyber threats, technologies, and best practices in cybersecurity.
	Readiness to adapt strategies and defenses in response to new
	and emerging cyber threats.
7. Colla	boration and Teamwork:
c	-1
	cybersecurity professionals to enhance organizational security
	posture.
c	5
	cybersecurity challenges and incidents.
8. Resil	ience and Problem-Solving:
c	Resilience in responding to cybersecurity incidents and
	mitigating their impact on organizational operations.
c	Problem-solving skills to analyze complex cybersecurity issues
	and develop effective solutions under pressure.

3. Syllabus

Course Code	M23BETK105/205F	CIE Marks
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)		SEE Marks
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks
Credits	03	Exam Hours

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Chalk and Talk
- 2. PPT presentation
- 3. Animation based videos
- 4. Interactive learning

Module 1

Introduction to Cybercrime: Introduction, Cybercrime:Definition and Origins of the Word, Cybercrime and Information Security, Who are Cybercriminals? Classifications of Cybercrimes, An Indian Perspective, Hacking and Indian Laws.

Text 1: 1.1, 1.2, 1.4, 1.5, 1.7, 1.8.

Module 2

Cyber Offenses: Introduction, How criminals plan the attacks, Social Engineering, Cyber Stalking, Cyber cafe & cybercrimes, The fuel for cybercrime, Attack Vector Text 1: 2.1 to 2.7 (Except 2.2.4)

pt 2.2.4)

Module 3

Tools and Methods used in Cybercrime: Introduction, Introduction, Proxy Servers and Anonymizers, Phishing,

Password Cracking, Key Loggers and Spy-ways, Virus and Worms, Trozen Horses and Backdoors, Steganography, Attacks on Wireless networks.

Text 1: 4.1 to 4.8, 4.12.1, 4.12.3.

Module 4

Phishing and Identity Theft: Introduction, methods of phishing, phishing, phishing techniques, spear phishing, types of phishing scams, phishing toolkits and spy phishing, counter measures, Identity Theft. Text 1: 5.1, 5.2, 5.3.1, 5.3.2, 5.3.3.

Module 5

Understanding Computer Forensics: Introduction, Historical Background of Cyber forensics, Digital Forensics

Science, Need for Computer Forensics, Cyber Forensics and Digital Evidence, Digital Forensic Life cycle, Chain of Custody Concepts.

Text 1: 7.1 to 7.4, 7.7, 7.8

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books:

6. Sunit Belapure and Nina Godbole, "Cyber Security: Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics and legal Perspectives", Wiley India Pvt Ltd, ISBN: 978-81- 265-21791, 2011, First Edition (Reprinted 2018)

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 5. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yC_hFm0BX28&list=PLxApjaSnQGi6Jm7LLSxvmNQjS_rt9</u> <u>swsu</u>
- 6. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nzZkKoREEGo&list=PL9ooVrP1hQOGPQVeapGsJCktzIO4</u> <u>DtI4</u>
- 7. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6wi5DI6du-</u> <u>4&list=PL_uaeekrhGzJIB8XQBxU3z_hDwT95xlk</u>
- 8. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KqSqyKwVuA8</u>.

4. Syllabus Timeline

	nubus rimenne						
S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description					
1	Week 1-2:	Introduction to Cybercrime:					
2	Week 3-4:	Cyber Offenses					
3	Week 5-6:	Tools and Methods used in Cybercrime					
4	Week 7-8:	Phishing and Identity Theft					
5	Week 9-10:	Understanding Computer Forensics:					
6	Week 11-12:	Digital Forensic Life cycle, Chain of Custody Concepts.					

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.
2	Video/Animation	Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding of cybersecurity concepts.
3	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.
4	Higher Order Thinking (HOTS) Questions:	Pose HOTS questions to stimulate critical thinking related to each competency.
5	Problem-Based Learning (PBL)	Implement PBL to enhance analytical skills and practical application of competencies
6	Multiple Representations	Introduce topics in various representations to reinforce competencies
7	Real-World Application	Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real-world competencies.
8	Flipped Class Technique	Utilize a flipped class approach, providing materials before class to facilitate deeper understanding of competencies
9	Programming Assignments	Assign programming tasks to reinforce practical skills associated with competencies.

Page 214 of 272



6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Comp	onents	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks			50	20

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Foundational Understanding	 Define cybersecurity and its significance in protecting digital assets, data, and systems from cyber threats. Explain the principles of confidentiality, integrity, and availability (CIA) in the context of cybersecurity.
2	Cyber Threat Landscape	 Identify common types of cyber threats and attack vectors, such as malware, phishing, ransomware, and social engineering. Understand the impact of cyber threats on individuals, organizations, and society.
3	Security Principles and Concepts	 Describe essential cybersecurity principles and concepts, including defense-in-depth, least privilege, and resilience. Explain the importance of risk management and mitigation strategies in cybersecurity.
4	Cybersecurity Technologies and Tools	 Explore fundamental cybersecurity technologies and tools used to protect networks, systems, and data. Discuss the role of firewalls, antivirus software, intrusion detection/prevention systems (IDS/IPS), and encryption in cybersecurity defense.
5	Legal and Ethical Considerations	 Discuss legal and regulatory requirements related to cybersecurity, including data protection laws (e.g., GDPR, CCPA). Understand ethical considerations in cybersecurity practices, including privacy rights and responsible use of technology.
6	Cybersecurity Awareness and Education	 Highlight the importance of cybersecurity awareness among users and stakeholders. Discuss strategies for promoting a cybersecurity-aware culture within organizations and communities.

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs



COs		Description										
M23BETK05F.1	Expl	Explain the cybercrime terminologies.										
M23BETK205F.2	Desc	Describe cyber offenses and botnets.										
M23BETK205F.3	Illust	Illustrate tools and methods used in cybercrime.										
M23BETK205F.4	Dem	Demonstrate the need of phishing and identity theft.										
M23BETK205F.5	Anal	Analyze the need of computer forensics.										
CO-PO-PSO Mappi	CO-PO-PSO Mapping											
COs/POs	РО	РО	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$							10	11	12			

Course Outcomes (COs)

M23BETK205F.1 M23BETK205F.2

M23BETK205F.3

M23BETK205F.4

M23BETK205F.5 3 M23BETK205F 3 3

3

3

3

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

3

3

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1						
Module 2						
Module 3						
Module 4						
Module 5						
Total						50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1						
Module 2						
Module 3						
Module 4						
Module 5						
Total						100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. **Future with this Subject**

The contributions of this subject extend across various areas, enhancing the students' understanding and skills in the field of digital systems. Here are some notable contributions:

1. Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning:

- **Trend**: Increasing use of AI and ML for cybersecurity applications such as threat detection, anomaly detection, and behavioral analytics.
- **Impact**: Enhances the ability to identify and respond to cyber threats in real-time, automates repetitive tasks, and improves overall security posture.
- 7. Internet of Things (IoT) Security:
- **Trend**: Growth in IoT devices and networks necessitates improved security measures to protect against vulnerabilities and potential cyber attacks.
- **Impact**: Focus on securing IoT ecosystems, including device authentication, encryption, and monitoring for anomalous behavior.
- 8. **Cloud Security:Trend**: Continued migration of data and applications to cloud environments requires robust security controls and frameworks.
- **Impact**: Emphasis on cloud-native security solutions, data encryption, identity and access management (IAM), and compliance with data protection regulations.
- 9. Zero Trust Architecture:
- **Trend**: Shift towards Zero Trust security models that verify every user and device attempting to access resources, regardless of their location.



- **Impact**: Enhances security posture by minimizing the attack surface, implementing strict access controls, and continuously monitoring network activity
- 10. Quantum Computing and Cryptography:
- **Trend**: Development of quantum computing poses challenges to traditional cryptographic methods, driving research into quantum-resistant algorithms.
- **Impact**: Need for quantum-safe encryption to protect sensitive data from potential quantumenabled attacks in the future.



2 nd Semester	Programming Language Courses - II (PLC)INTRODUCTION TO WEB PROGRAMMING	M23BPLCK205A
--------------------------	---	--------------

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites		
1	HTML (HyperText Markup Language):	Purpose: HTML forms the structure and content of web pages. Skills Needed: Understanding of HTML tags, elements, attributes, and how they create the basic structure of web pages.		
2	CSS (Cascading Style Sheets):	Purpose: CSS is used for styling HTML elements, controlling their layout, appearance, and responsiveness. Skills Needed: Proficiency in CSS selectors, properties, positioning, responsive design principles, and CSS frameworks (e.g., Bootstrap).		
3	JavaScript	Purpose: JavaScript adds interactivity to web pages, allowing dynamic behavior such as user interactions, form validation, and asynchronous communication. Skills Needed: Knowledge of JavaScript syntax, DOM manipulation, event handling, AJAX (Asynchronous JavaScript and XML), and ES6+ features.		
4	Web Accessibility	Purpose: Ensuring web content is accessible to all users, including those with disabilities. Skills Needed: Familiarity with accessibility guidelines (, and testing tools for accessibility compliance.		
5	Server-Side Languages and Frameworks	Purpose: Handling server-side logic, database interactions, and generating dynamic content. Skills Needed: Proficiency in at least one server-side language and its associated frameworks.		
6	Web APIs (Application Programming Interfaces)	Purpose: Integrating with external services, accessing data from third-party sources, and enabling communication between different software systems. Skills Needed: Knowledge of RESTful APIs, HTTP methods and authentication methods		

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description	
1	Proficiency in Front-End Technologies	HTML: Ability to create semantically correct markup for web pages.CSS: Skill in styling and layout, including responsive design principles.JavaScript: Mastery in DOM manipulation, event handling, and asynchronous programming.	
2	Understanding of Back-End Development	Understanding of Back-End Server-Side Languages: Competence in languages like Python, Ruby, PHP, or Node.js for server logic. Frameworks: Proficiency in popular frameworks such as Diango, Ruby on	
3	Performance Optimization	Front-End Optimization: Knowledge of techniques for improving loading times and rendering performance of web pages.	
4	Continuous Learning and AdaptabilityTechnology Trends: Keeping up-to-date with the latest trends and advancements in web development. Problem-Solving: Strong analytical and problem-solving skills to tackle complex technical challenges.		

3.Syllabus

Introduction to Web Programming SEMESTER – I			
Course Code M23BPLCK105/205A CIE Marks 50			
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L:(3:0:2:0)SEE Marks50T: P: S)			
Total Number of Lecture Hours40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab slotsTotal Marks100			
Credits 03 Exam Hours 03			

First Year, MIT Mysore

Page 218 of 272



Common ab	• • • • • • • • • • •		
Course ob	e will enable stude	nts to:	
			al concepts of HTML, XHTML, CSS and JavaScript
			blems and providing suitable solutions using HTML5 and
JavaScript	• •	ingineering proc	sents and providing suitable solutions using fiffwills and
		ributes values a	nd types of CSS to design Web components.
			event handling mechanisms of JavaScript and CSS for
	valid solutions.	constructs and c	event handning meenanisms of savaseript and ess for
providing	vanu solutions.		Module -1
Module-1	Traditional HTN	II. and XHTM	L: First Look at HTML and XHTML, Hello HTML and
			on History, HTML and XHTML DTDs: The Specifications
			rowsers and (X)HTML, The Rules of (X)HTML, Major
			—Two Paths? TextBook1: Chapter 1
Themes of	(71)111012, 11101	uture of Murkup	Module -2
HTML5	Hello HTML5 Lo	ose Syntax Retu	rns, XHTML5, HTML5: Embracing the Reality of Web
			ad Redefined, HTML5 Document Structure Changes,
			Effort, Client-Side Graphics with <canvas>, HTML5 Form</canvas>
			to Support Web Applications TextBook1: Chapter 2.
enunges, r	Linerging Element	s una ritario atos	Module -3
Cascading	Style Sheets (CS	S) Introduction	CSS Overview, CSS Rules, Example with Type Selectors
			Style, Class Selectors, ID Selectors, span and div Elements,
		•	External CSS Files, CSS Properties, Color Properties, RGB
			HSL and HSLA Values for Color, Font Properties, line-
			perties, Element Box, padding Property, margin Property,
			re Area. TextBook2-: Chapter 3
- ····)	I I I I I I	· · ,	Module -4
Tables and	d CSS. Links and	Images: Table H	Elements, Formatting a Data Table: Borders, Alignment, and
			ors, thead and tbody Elements, Cell Spanning, Web
			ble Values, a Element, Relative URLs, Navigation Within a
			rmats: GIF, JPEG, PNG, img Element, Responsive Images,
			ement . TextBook2: 5.2 to 5.8, 6.2, 6.3, 6.6, 6.7, 6.9, 6.10,
6.12, 7.2 to		,	
			Module -5
Introducti	on to JavaScript	Functions, DO	M, Forms, and Event Handlers History of JavaScript, Hello
World Wel	b Page, Buttons, F	unctions, Variab	bles, Identifiers, Assignment Statements and Objects,
Document	Object Model, Fo	rms and How Th	hey're Processed: Client-Side Versus Server-Side, form
Element, C	Controls, Text Con	trol, Accessing a	a Form's Control Values, reset and focus Methods
TextBook2	2: 8.2 to 8,13, 8.15	, 8.16	
		PRACT	TICAL COMPONENT
			to accomplish the following: (i) A paragraph containing text
"A	All that glitters	is not gold".	Bold face and italicize this text (ii) Create equation:
<i>x</i> =	=1/3(y12+z12) (i	ii) Put a backg	ground image to a page and demonstrate all attributes of
			lered list of 5 fruits and ordered list of 3 flowers
			ML tags. Properly align cells, give suitable cell padding and
2 ce	ell spacing, and ap	ply background	color, bold and emphasis necessary.
			SubjectA
		6 1	SubjectB
		Sem1	SubjectC
			SubjectE
			SubjectE SubjectF
	Department	Sem2	-
			SubjectG
			SubjectH
		Sem3	SubjectI
			SubjectJ
			wing tasks: (i) Draw a square using HTML5 SVG, fill the
			fpx brown stroke width (ii) Write the following mathematical
ex	pression by using	g HTML5 MathN g HTML5 meta	

Page 219 of 272



4	Demonstrate the following HTML5 Semantic tags- <article>, <aside>, <details>, <figcaption>,</figcaption></details></aside></article>			
	<figure>, <footer>, <header>, <main>, <mark>, <section> for a webpage that gives information</section></mark></main></header></footer></figure>			
	about travel experience			
5	Create a class called income, and make it a background color of #0ff. Create a class called			
	expenses, and make it a background color of #f0f. Create a class called profit, and make it a			
	background color of #f00. Throughout the document, any text that mentions income, expenses,			
	or profit, attach the appropriate class to that piece of text. Further create following line of text in			
	the same document: The current price is 50₹ and new price is 40₹.			
6	Change the tag li to have the following properties: (1)A display status of inline (2)A medium,			
	double-lined, black border(3) No list style type Add the following properties to the style for li:(4)			
	Margin of 5px (5)Padding of 10px to the top, 20px to the right, 10px to the bottom, and 20px to			
	the left .Also demonstrate list style type with user defined image logos			
	Create following web page using HTML and CSS with tabular layout			
7				
,				
	Sign up today			
	Name:			
	E-mail:			
	Password:			
	Confirm password:			
	Register			
8.	Create following calculator interface with HTML and CSS			
	5789541257*653			
	5789541257 655			
	() C %			
	7 8 9 X			
	4 5 6 -			
9.	Write a Java Script program that on clicking a button, displays scrolling text which moves from			
	left to right with a small delay.			
1. 10.	Create a webpage containing 3 overlapping images using HTML, CSS and JS. Further when the			
	mouse is over any image, it should be on the top and fully displayed.			
Text Boo				
	k-1: HTML & CSS: The Complete Reference Thomas A. Powell, , Fifth Edition, Tata McGraw			
Hill,	т. т			
	k-2: WEB PROGRAMMING with HTML5, CSS and JavaScript, John Dean, Jones & Bartlett			
	, First Edition			

4.Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description	
	Week 1-2: Traditional HTML	Competency: Basic Concepts of HTML and XHTML	
1	and XHTML	Knowledge :Structure of HTML	
		Skills: Applying the basic concepts through execution.	
		Competency: Document structure of HTML	
2	Week 3-4:HTML5	Knowledge: Basics tags of HTML an new tags of HTML5	
		Skills: Implementing the HTML5 tags.	
3	Week 5-6:Cascading Style Competency: Basic concepts of Cascading style sheets.		
3	Sheets (CSS)	Knowledge: different CSS styles applied to different components.	

First Year, MIT Mysore

Page 220 of 272

Dean Academics MIT Mysore MISORE C

		Skills: Designing and implementing CSS on HTML.
		Competency: Understanding creation of Tables, Links and Images.
4	Week 7-8: Tables and CSS,	Knowledge: Importance of CSS on links and Tables.
	Links and Images	Skills: Applying the concept Create HTML5 document with CSS
		,Links and different table tags
		Competency: Basic concepts of JavaScript
-	Week 9-10:Introduction to	Knowledge: Understanding structure of JavaScript with HTML5
3	JavaScript	Skills: Implementing HTM using JavaScript.

5.Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description	
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.	
2	Video/Animation	Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding of Verilog concepts.	
3	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.	
4Higher Order Thinking (HOTS) Questions:Pose HOTS questions to stimulate critical thinking related to each competency.		Pose HOTS questions to stimulate critical thinking related to each competency.	
5	Problem-Based Learning (PBL)Implement PBL to enhance analytical skills and practical application of competencies		
6	Pair Programming Incorporate pair programming sessions where students collaborate in pairs solve coding tasks or work on projects together.		
7	7Case Studies and Best PracticesAnalyzing code snippets, architectural decisions, and design patterns employed in these projects to help students understand how Scala is applied practice		
8	Problem-Solving Sessions	lving Organize problem-solving sessions where students can work together to solve coding challenges and overcome programming obstacles	

6.Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Components		Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks			50	20

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.

- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7.Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description	
1	Understanding Web Technologies:	Objective: Explain the foundational technologies of web development including HTML, CSS, and JavaScript. Skills: Write semantic HTML markup, apply CSS for styling and layout, and implement JavaScript for interactivity and dynamic content.	
2	Implementing Client-Side Programming	Objective: Apply JavaScript frameworks (e.g., React, Angular, Vue.js) to build interactive user interfaces and enhance user experience. Skills: Use frameworks/libraries for state management, component-based architecture, and handling asynchronous operations	
3	Optimizing Web Performance	\sim Skuk Periorm front-end optimization (e.g. minification 1877 logating)	
4	Continuous Learning and Adaptation	nd Skills: Participate in online communities, attend workshops/conferences, and	

8.Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)			
COs	Description		
M23BPLK205A.1	Apply the knowledge of fundamental concepts of HTML, XHTML, CSS and		
	JavaScript		
MAADDI KAASA A	Identify complex engineering problems and providing suitable solutions using		
M23BPLK205A.2	HTML5 and JavaScript		
M23BPLK205A.3	Analyze various attributes, values and types of CSS to design Web components		
M23BPLK205A.4	Investigate the core constructs and event handling mechanisms of JavaScript and CSS		
MIZSDPLKZUSA.4	for providing valid solutions.		

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

	PO											
COs/POs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
M23BPLK205A.1	3											
M23BPLK205A.2		3										
M23BPLK205A.3			3									
M23BPLK205A.4				3								
M23BPLK205A	3	3	3	3								

9.Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	001				
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
All Experiments	10	10	10	20	50
Total					50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

Semester End Examination (SEE)								
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total			
All Experiments	20	20	30	30	100			
Total					100			

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10.Future with this Subject

The future of web programming is promising and continues to evolve rapidly with advancements in technology and changing user expectations. Here are several key aspects that highlight the future of web programming:

1.Progressive Web Applications (PWAs):

PWAs combine the best features of web and mobile applications, offering fast loading times, offline capabilities, and native-like user experiences. They are expected to become more prevalent as technology improves.

2.Single Page Applications (SPAs):

SPAs provide seamless user experiences by dynamically updating content without reloading the entire page. Frameworks like React, Angular, and Vue.js continue to dominate this space, with ongoing improvements in performance and developer experience.

3.Serverless Architecture:

Serverless computing allows developers to focus on writing code without managing servers. Services like AWS Lambda, Azure Functions, and Google Cloud Functions enable scalable and cost-effective solutions, driving the adoption of serverless architectures in web applications.

4.Web Assembly (Wasm):

Wasm enables running high-performance languages like C, C++, and Rust in web browsers, expanding the capabilities of web applications beyond traditional JavaScript limitations. It facilitates tasks such as gaming, multimedia processing, and complex computations directly in the browser.

5.AI and Machine Learning Integration:

AI and machine learning technologies are increasingly integrated into web applications for personalized user experiences, predictive analytics, and automation. JavaScript libraries and frameworks like TensorFlow.js and Brain.js enable developers to leverage AI capabilities in the browser.

6.Blockchain and Web3:

Blockchain technology and decentralized applications (dApps) are reshaping the web landscape with concepts like Web3. They offer enhanced security, transparency, and new economic models, influencing areas such as finance, supply chain management, and digital identity verification.

7.Responsive and Adaptive Design:

As the number of devices accessing the web grows, responsive and adaptive design principles remain crucial. Techniques such as CSS Grid, Flexbox, and responsive frameworks ensure that web applications deliver consistent user experiences across various screen sizes and devices.

8.Accessibility and Inclusive Design:

There is a growing emphasis on accessibility in web development, ensuring that web applications are usable by people with disabilities. Integrating accessible design practices and tools like screen readers, keyboard navigation, and ARIA roles will continue to be essential.

9. Cybersecurity and Privacy:

With increasing concerns over data privacy and security breaches, web developers must prioritize implementing robust security measures. This includes HTTPS encryption, secure authentication mechanisms, input validation, and regular security audits to protect user data and prevent vulnerabilities.

10.Continuous Learning and Adaptation:

Web developers need to embrace continuous learning to keep up with technological advancements, frameworks, and best practices. This involves staying engaged with developer communities, attending conferences, and exploring new tools and methodologies to stay competitive in the evolving field of web programming.

2 nd Semester	Programming Language Courses - II (PLC)Introduction to Python Programming	M23BPLCK205B
	(FLC)Introduction to Fython Frogramming	

1. Prerequisites

S/L		Prerequisites
1	Basic Computer	Familiarity with using computers, navigating files systems, and basic
1	Skills	software operations.
	Fundamental	Understanding of basic programming concepts such as variables, data types,
2	Programming	loops, conditionals, functions, and basic algorithms. This can be from any
	Concepts	programming language.
3	Problem-Solving	Ability to analyze problems and formulate logical steps to solve them.
5	Skills	
	Mathematical	Basic understanding of arithmetic operations, boolean logic, and problem-
4		solving techniques.
4	and Logical	
	Thinking	
		Since many learning resources and documentation are in English, a basic
5	English Proficiency	understanding of English is beneficial.

2. Competencies

	inpetencies	
S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1	Syntax and Semantics	Understanding the basic syntax rules and language constructs of Python, such as variables, data types, operators, and control structures (loops, conditionals).
2	Data Structures	Proficiency in working with Python's built-in data structures like lists, tuples, dictionaries, sets, and understanding when to use each.
3	Functions and Modules	Ability to define and use functions effectively, including understanding function parameters, return values, and scope. Knowledge of importing and using modules to organize and reuse code.
4	Object-Oriented Programming(OOP)	Understanding of OOP concepts such as classes, objects, inheritance, polymorphism, and encapsulation. Proficiency in creating and using classes and objects in Python.
5	File Handling	Ability to read from and write to files using Python's file handling mechanisms, including text and binary files.
6	Exception Handling	Skill in handling errors and exceptions gracefully in Python programs using try-except blocks.
7	Algorithmic Thinking	Ability to apply algorithmic principles to solve computational problems efficiently using Python.
8	Documentation and Code Organization	Skill in writing clear, concise, and well-documented Python code. Understanding of code organization best practices, including naming conventions, comments, and documentation standards.

3.Syllabus

Intr	oduction to Python Programming SEMESTER – I/II	g	
Course Code	BPLCK105B/205B	CIE Marks	50
Number of Lecture Hours/Week (L: T: P: S)	2:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40 hours	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course objectives: This course will en	able students to:		

• Learn the syntax and semantics of the Python programming language.

• Illustrate the process of structuring the data using lists, tuples

• Appraise the need for working with various documents like Excel, PDF, Word and Others.

• Demonstrate the use of built-in functions to navigate the file system.

• Implement the Object Oriented Programming concepts in Python.

Module-1 (08 hrs)

Python Basics : Entering Expressions into the Interactive Shell, The Integer, Floating-Point, andString Data Types, String Concatenation and Replication, Storing Values in Variables, Your FirstProgram, Dissecting Your Program, Flow control : Boolean Values, Comparison Operators,Boolean Operators,Mixing Boolean and Comparison Operators, Elements of Flow Control,Program Execution, Flow Control Statements, Importing Modules,Ending a Program Early, withsus axit(). Eurotions: dof Statements with Parameters. Pature Values and rature							
Early withsys.exit(), Functions: def Statements with Parameters, Return Values and return Statements, TheNone Value, Keyword Arguments and print(), Local and Global Scope, The global Statement, Exception Handling, A Short Program: Guess the Number Textbook 1: Chapters 1 – 3							
Module-2 (08 hrs)							
 Lists: The List Data Type, Working with Lists, Augmented Assignment Operators, Methods, Example Program: Magic 8 Ball with a List, List-like Types: Strings and Tuples, References, Dictionaries and Structuring Data: The Dictionary Data Type, Pretty Printing, Using Data Structures to Model Real-World Things, Textbook 1: Chapters 4 – 5 							
Module-3 (08 hrs)							
Manipulating Strings: Working with Strings, Useful String Methods, Project: PasswordLocker,Project: Adding Bullets to Wiki MarkupReading and Writing Files: Files and File Paths, The os.path Module, The FileReading/WritingProcess, Saving Variables with the shelve Module,Saving Variables with the							
pprint.format() Function							
Textbook 1: Chapters 6, 8 Module-4 (08 hrs)							
Organizing Files: The shutil Module, Walking a Directory Tree, Compressing Files with the							
zipfile Module Debugging: Raising Exceptions, Getting the Traceback as a String, Assertions, Logging,							
IDLE"sDebugger. Textbook 1: Chapters 9-10							
Module-5 (08 hrs)							
 Classes and objects: Programmer-defined types, Attributes, Rectangles, Instances as return values, Objects are mutable, Copying, Classes and functions: Time, Pure functions, Modifiers, Prototyping versus planning, Classes and methods: Object-oriented features, Printing objects, Another example, A more complicated example, Theinit method, Thestr method, Operator overloading, Type-baseddispatch, Polymorphism, Interface and implementation, Textbook 2: Chapters 15 – 17 							
Programming Exercises:							
 a. Develop a program to read the student details like Name, USN, and Marks in three subjects. Display the student details, total marks and percentage with suitable messages. b. Develop a program to read the name and year of birth of a person. Display whether the person is a 							
 senior citizen or not. 2. a. Develop a program to generate Fibonacci sequence of length (N). Read N from the console. b. Write a function to calculate factorial of a number. Develop a program to compute binomial coefficient (Given N and R). 							
 3. Read N numbers from the console and create a list. Develop a program to print mean, variance and standard deviation with suitable messages. 4. Read a multi-digit number (as chars) from the console. Develop a program to print the frequency of each 							
digit with suitable message.5. Develop a program to print 10 most frequently appearing words in a text file. [Hint: Use dictionary							
with distinct words and their frequency of occurrences. Sort the dictionary in the reverse order of frequency and display dictionary slice of first 10 items]							
6 . Develop a program to sort the contents of a text file and write the sorted contents into a separate text file. [Hint: Use string methods strip(), len(), list methods sort(), append(), and file methods open(),readlines(), and write()].							
 7. Develop a program to backing Up a given Folder (Folder in a current working directory) into a ZIP File by using relevant modules and suitable methods. 8. Write a function named DivExp which takes TWO parameters a, b and returns a value c (c=a/b). Write 							
suitable assertion for $a>0$ in function DivExp and raise an exception for when $b=0$. Develop a suitable program which reads two values from the console and calls a function DivExp.							
9. Define a function which takes TWO objects representing complex numbers and returns new complex							

Page 225 of 272

ROV Principal MIT Mysore Dean Academics MIT Mysore

number with a addition of two complex numbers. Define a suitable class 'Complex' to represent the complex number. Develop a program to read N (N \geq =2) complex numbers and to compute the addition of N complex numbers.

10. Develop a program that uses class Student which prompts the user to enter marks in three subjects and calculates total marks, percentage and displays the score card details. [Hint: Use list to store the marks in three subjects and total marks. Use __init__() method to initialize name, USN and the lists to store marks and total, Use getMarks() method to read marks into the list, and display() method to display the score card details.]

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books

1. Al Sweigart,"Automate the Boring Stuff with Python", 1stEdition, No Starch Press, 2015.

(Available under CC-BY-NC-SA license at https://automatetheboringstuff.com/)

(Chapters 1 to 18, except 12) for lambda functions use this link:https://www.learnbyexample.org/python-lambda-function/

2. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition,

Green Tea Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC license at

http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf

(Chapters 13, 15, 16, 17, 18) (Download pdf/html files from the above link)

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

• Use advanced functions and productivity tools to assist in developing worksheets.

• Manipulate data lists using Outline and PivotTables.

- Use Consolidation to summarise and report results from multiple worksheets.
- Apply Macros and Autofilter to solve the given real world scenario.

4.Syllabus Timeline

-100 j = 1	adus Timenne						
	Syllabus Timeline						
	(No. of weeks	Description (Write the proposed syllabus coverage in detail with					
S/L	should be as you	maximum of 5 lines)					
	have in the	maximum of 5 micsy					
	semester)						
	Week 1-2:	Entering Expressions into the Interactive Shell, The Integer, Floating-Point,					
	Python Basics	and String Data Types, String Concatenation and Replication, Storing					
1	Flow control	Values in Variables, Your First Program, Dissecting Your Program					
I	Lab -1a	.Boolean Values, Comparison Operators, Boolean Operators, Mixing					
	Lab-1b	Boolean and Comparison Operators, Elements of Flow Control, Program					
		Execution					
	Week 3-4:	Flow Control Statements, Importing Modules, Ending a Program Early					
	Flow control	withsys.exit(), def Statements with Parameters, Return Values and return					
	Functions	Statements, The None Value, Keyword Arguments and print(), Local and					
2	Lists	Global Scope, The global Statement, Exception Handling, A Short					
	Lab -2a	Program: Guess the Number The List Data Type, Working with Lists,					
	Lab- 2b	Augmented Assignment Operators, Methods, Example Program: Magic 8					
	Lab-3	Ball with a List, List-like Types: Strings and Tuples, References,					
	Week 5-6:	The Dictionary Data Type, Pretty Printing, Using Data Structures to Model					
	Dictionaries and	Real-World Things, Working with Strings, Useful String Methods, Working					
	Structuring Data	with Strings, Useful String Methods					
3	Manipulating						
	Strings						
	Lab -4						
	Lab-5						
	Week 7-8:	Files and File Paths, The os.path Module, The File Reading/Writing					
	Reading and	Process, Saving Variables with the shelve Module, Saving Variables with					
	Writing Files	the print.format() Function, The shutil Module, Walking a Directory Tree,					
4	Organizing	Compressing Files with the zipfile Module					
	Files						
	Lab -6						
	Lab-7						
	Week 9-10:	Raising Exceptions, Getting the Traceback as a String, Assertions, Logging,					
5	Debugging	IDLE"s Debugger					
-	Classes and objects	Programmer-defined types, Attributes, Rectangles, Instances as return					
L							

Page 226 of 272

	Lab -8	values, Objects are mutable, Copying,
	Lab-9	
	Week 11-12:	
	Classes and	Time, Pure functions, Modifiers, Prototyping versus planning,
6	functions	Object-oriented features, Printing objects, Another example, A more
6	Classes and	complicated example, Theinit method, Thestr method, Operator
	methods	overloading, Type-based dispatch, Polymorphism, Interface and
	Lab-10	implementation,

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Hands-on Coding	Python is best learned by doing. Provide plenty of opportunities for students to write code, debug, and experiment with Python programs. Use coding exercises, projects, and challenges to reinforce learning
2	Interactive Learning	Use interactive Python environments like Jupyter Notebooks, REPL (Read- Eval-Print Loop), or IDEs (Integrated Development Environments) such as PyCharm or Visual Studio Code. These tools allow students to see immediate results and interactively explore concepts.
3	Real-world Examples	Relate Python concepts to real-world applications and examples that resonate with students' interests or future career paths. For example, show how Python is used in data analysis, web development, or artificial intelligence.
4	Peer Learning and Collaboration	Encourage students to work together on coding projects or problem-solving tasks. Peer learning can enhance understanding as students explain concepts to each other and learn from different approaches.
5	Project-Based Learning	Assign projects that require students to apply Python to solve practical problems. This approach reinforces understanding, encourages creativity, and prepares students for real-world coding scenarios.
6	Incremental Complexity:	Start with simple Python concepts and gradually increase the complexity of topics as students gain proficiency. This approach helps build a strong foundation and prevents overwhelming students with advanced topics too soon.
7	Continuous Learning	Python is a rapidly evolving language with new features and libraries regularly introduced. Encourage students to stay updated through online resources, tutorials, and participation in Python communities.

6.Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Com	ponents	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks	·	·	50	20

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7.Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Understanding Basic Programming Constructs	 Define and use variables, constants, and data types in Python. Apply basic operations (arithmetic, comparison, logical) in Python.
2	Control Structures	 Implement conditional statements (if, elif, else) and understand their purpose. Utilize loops (for, while) for repetitive tasks and iteration.
3	Functions and Modular Programming	 Define and call functions in Python. Understand function parameters, return values, and scope. Organize code into modules and understand their role in code organization and reusability.
4	Data Structures	 Understand and use fundamental data structures in Python such as lists, tuples, dictionaries, and sets. Implement operations on these data structures (e.g., indexing, slicing, adding, removing items).
5	Object-Oriented Programming (OOP)	 Define classes and objects in Python. Implement encapsulation, inheritance, and polymorphism in Python classes. Understand the benefits of OOP and when to use it.
6	Error Handling:	 Recognize common types of errors and exceptions in Python. Use try-except blocks to handle exceptions gracefully.

8.Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs Course Outcomes (COs)

Course Outcomes	
COs Description	
M23BPLK205B.1 Apply the fundamentals of Python programming to solve complex problems.	
M23BPLK205B.2	Analysedifferent data structures, concepts of string manipulation used in python programming
M23BPLK205B.3	Interpret the concepts of object oriented programming using Python
M23BPLK205B.4	Develop Solutions to the real world problems using python and justify through formal reasoning with completeexperimental documentation.

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO											
COS/POS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
M23BPLK205B.1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BPLK205B.2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BPLK205B.3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BPLK205B.4			-	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BPLK205B	3	3	2	3	2							

9.Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1						
Module 2						
Module 3						
Module 4						
Module 5						



Total 50

Semester	• End	Examination	(SEE)
----------	-------	-------------	-------

				- ()		
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1						
Module 2						
Module 3						
Module 4						
Module 5						
Total						100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks **10.Future with this Subject**

Python's future looks promising across various domains and industries due to its versatility, ease of use, and strong community support. Here are ten aspects that highlight Python's future prospects:

- i. **Data Science and Machine Learning**: Python is the dominant language in data science and machine learning due to libraries like NumPy, Pandas, SciPy, and scikit-learn. Its simplicity and powerful libraries make it ideal for data manipulation, analysis, and building machine learning models.
- ii. Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Deep Learning: Python, especially with frameworks like TensorFlow, PyTorch, and Keras, is widely used for AI and deep learning applications. Its flexibility and ease of integration with other technologies make it a preferred choice for developing AI solutions.
- iii. **Web Development**: Python frameworks like Django and Flask are popular for web development. They offer robust features, security, and scalability, making Python a strong contender for building web applications and APIs.
- iv. **Scientific Computing**: Python's libraries such as SciPy, Matplotlib, and SymPy make it valuable for scientific computing tasks such as simulations, numerical computing, and visualization.

5.Automation and Scripting: Python's simplicity and extensive standard library make it ideal for automation tasks, system administration, and scripting. It is used in DevOps for configuration management and deployment automation.

- 15. **Education**: Python's readability and simplicity make it an excellent language for teaching programming fundamentals. It is widely used in educational institutions worldwide to introduce students to coding.
- 16. **IoT** (**Internet of Things**): Python's lightweight footprint and support for microcontrollers make it suitable for IoT development. Libraries like MicroPython and CircuitPython simplify programming for IoT devices.
- 17. **Finance and Fintech**: Python is widely used in finance for quantitative analysis, risk management, algorithmic trading, and building financial models. Its libraries like pandas and NumPy are particularly valuable in financial analytics.
- 18. **Game Development**: Python, with libraries like Pygame and Panda3D, is used for developing 2D and 3D games. Its simplicity and rapid development capabilities make it popular among game developers.
- 19. **Cross-platform Compatibility**: Python's cross-platform compatibility allows developers to write code once and deploy it across multiple platforms, including Windows, macOS, Linux, and mobile platforms (via frameworks like Kivy and BeeWare.

2 nd Semester	Programming Language Courses - II (PLC) Basics of JAVA Programming	M23BPLCK205C
--------------------------	---	--------------

1.Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1.	Basic Programming Constructs	Knowledge of fundamental programming concepts such as variables, data types, control structures (if statements, loops), and functions/methods.
2.	Logic and Problem- Solving Skills	Ability to think logically and solve problems systematically.
3.	Mathematical Operations	Basic arithmetic operations and understanding of basic algebra.
4.	Using a Text Editor or IDE	Comfort with text editors (e.g., Notepad++, Sublime Text) or Integrated Development Environments (IDEs) like IntelliJ IDEA, Eclipse, or NetBeans.
5.	Problem- Solving Skills	Ability to analyze problems, break them down into smaller components, and devise solutions. Shell scripting often involves solving various problems efficiently.

2.Competencies

	Compotonor	KSA Decorintion			
S/L	Competency	KSA Description			
	Proficiency in Command Line Interface	 Knowledge: Understand the fundamental of Command line Interface when writing Java program using Linux terminal Skills: Efficient file manipulation, text processing, and system administrations. Attitudes: Be comfortable with command line interface 			
	Syntax and Semantics	 Knowledge: Understanding Java syntax and semantics, including data types, operators, control structures, and exception handling. Skills: Writing Java program to solve various problems using the learned skills Attitudes: Confident in writing Java Program. 			
	Object-Oriented Programming Knowledge: Deep knowledge of OOP principles and their application in Java, include classes, objects, inheritance, polymorphism, encapsulation, and abstract Skills: Increase problem analysis and developing program. Attitudes: Confident in using OOP principles when developing program. 				
	Algorithm Design	 Knowledge: Ability to design and implement algorithms to solve complex problems. Skills: Ability convert algorithm into program. Attitudes: Comfortable in writing java program to solve complex problems. 			

3.Syllabus

Basic of JAVA Programming SEMESTER – II					
Course Code	M23BPLK105/205C	CIE Marks	50		
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(2:0:2)	SEE Marks	50		
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40 hours	Total Marks	100		
Credits 03 Exam Hours 03					
Course Learning objectives:					
• Learn fundamental features of object	oriented language and JAV.	A			

- Set up Java JDK environment to create, debug and run simple Java programs.
- Learn object oriented concepts using programming examples.
- Study the concepts of importing of packages and exception handling mechanism.

Module -1

An Overview of Java: Object-Oriented Programming, A First Simple Program, A Second Short Program, Two Control Statements, Using Blocks of Code, Lexical Issues, The Java Class Libraries, Data Types, Variables, and Arrays: Java Is a Strongly Typed Language, The Primitive Types, Integers, Floating-Point Types, Characters, Booleans, A Closer Look at Literals, Variables, Type Conversion and Casting, Automatic Type Promotion in Expressions, Arrays, A Few Words About Strings. Text book 1: Ch 2, Ch 3

Module -2

Operators: Arithmetic Operators, The Bitwise Operators, Relational Operators, Boolean Logical Operators, The Assignment Operator, The ? Operator, Operator Precedence, Using Parentheses, Control Statements: Java"s Selection Statements, Iteration Statements, Jump Statements. Text book 1: Ch 4, Ch 5

Module -3

Introducing Classes: Class Fundamentals, Declaring Objects, Assigning Object Reference Variables, Introducing Methods, Constructors, The this Keyword, Garbage Collection, The finalize () Method, A Stack Class, A Closer Look at Methods and Classes: Overloading Methods, Using Objects as Parameters, A Closer Look at Argument Passing, Returning Objects, Recursion, Introducing Access Control, Understanding static, Introducing final, Arrays Revisited. Text book 1: Ch 6, Ch 7 (7.1-7.9)

Module -4

Inheritance: Inheritance, Using super, Creating a Multilevel Hierarchy, When Constructors Are Called, Method Overriding, Dynamic Method Dispatch, Using Abstract Classes, Using final with Inheritance, The Object Class. Text book 1: Ch 8

Module -5

Packages and Interfaces: Packages, Access Protection, Importing Packages, Interfaces, Exception Handling: Exception-Handling Fundamentals, Exception Types, Uncaught Exceptions, Using try and catch, Multiple catch Clauses, Nested try Statements, throw, throws, finally, Java''s Built-in Exceptions, Creating Your Own Exception Subclasses, Chained Exceptions, Using Exceptions. Text book 1: Ch 9, Ch 10

Text Book(s)

1. Herbert Schildt, Java The Complete Reference, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.

Web link:

• https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_cs47/preview

Programming Assignments

1. Write a JAVA program that prints all real solutions to the quadratic equation ax2+bx+c=0. Read in a, b, c and use the quadratic formula.

- 2. Write a JAVAprogram for multiplication of two arrays.
- 3. Demonstrate the following operations and sign extension with Java programs (i) \ll (ii) \gg (iii) \gg
- 4. Write aJAVA program to sort list of elements in ascending and descending order
- 5. Create a JAVA class called Student with the following details as variables within it.
- USN
- NAME

BRANCH PHONE

PERCENTAGE

Write a JAVA program to create n Student objects and print the USN, Name, Branch, Phone, and percentage of these objects with suitable headings.

6. Write a JAVA program demonstrating Method overloading and Constructor overloading.

7. Design a super class called Staff with details as StaffId, Name, Phone, Salary. Extend this class by writing three subclasses namely Teaching (domain, publications), Technical (skills), and Contract (period). Write a JAVA program to read and display at least 3 staff objects of all three categories. 8. Demonstrate dynamic dispatch using abstract class in JAVA. 9. Create two packages P1 and P2. In package P1, create class A, class B inherited from A, class C. In package P2, create class D inherited from class A in package P1 and class E. Demonstrate working of access modifiers (private, public, protected, default) in all these classes using JAVA.
10. Write a JAVA program to read two integers a and b. Compute a/b and print, when b is not zero. Raise an exception when b is equal to zero. Also demonstrate working of ArrayIndexOutOfBoundException.

4.Syl	labus Timeline	
S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1-2: An Overview of Java	 Understand: Principles of object oriented programming, Java programming concepts. Acquire the Knowledge of OOP's concepts and basics of Java Program (Data Types, Variables, arrays, etc.) Including the implementation of Java program for the learned concepts.
2	Week 3-4: Operators	Impart the knowledge of various operators used in Java program. Also understand the process of type conversion etc. Including the implementation of Java program for the learned concepts.
3	Week 5-6: Introducing Classes	Understand the one of the important principles of Java program that is class and class structure. Including the implementation of Java program for the learned concepts.
4	Week 7-8: Inheritance	Acquire the Knowledge: Inheritance and different types of inheritance. Implementation of inheritance. Including the implementation of Java program for the learned concepts.
5	Week 9-10: Packages and Interfaces	Understand the importance of package and interface. Implement the packages and interfaces.
6	Week 11-12: Integration and Practical Applications	Apply learned concepts and competencies to real-world scenarios. Hands-on practice with programming assignments.

5.Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.
2	Live Demonstration	Develop and run Java programs in the classroom.
3	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.
4	Higher Order Thinking (HOTS) Questions:	Pose HOTS questions to stimulate critical thinking related to each competency.
5	Problem-Based Learning (PBL)	Implement PBL to enhance analytical skills and practical application of competencies
6	Multiple Representations	Introduce topics in various representations to reinforce competencies
7	Programming Assignments	Assign programming tasks to improve the practical skills.

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Comp	onents	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks			50	20

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7. Learning Objectives

71 10	7. Ecarming Objectives						
S/L	Learning Objectives	Description					
	Understanding	Syntax and Structure: Learn the basic syntax and structure of Java					
1	Programming	programs, including data types, variables, operators, control flow					
	Fundamentals	statements (if, else, switch), and loops (for, while, do-while).					
2	Mastering Object-Oriented Programming (OOP)	Core OOP Concepts : Grasp the fundamental principles of OOP, such as classes, objects, inheritance, polymorphism, encapsulation, and abstraction.					
3	Developing Problem- Solving Skills	Algorithm Development : Develop the ability to break down problems into smaller, manageable tasks and create algorithms to solve them.					
4	Building Simple Applications	Hands-On Practice: Apply your knowledge to build simple applications, reinforcing what you've learned and gaining practical experience.					

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (
COs	Description					
M23BPLK205C.1	Understand and apply the fundamental concepts and object oriented concepts in JAVA					
W129D1 EIK209 C.1	programming.					
M23BPLK205C.2	Analyze working of various operators and control statements in JAVA					
M23BPLK205C.3	Develop simple programs based on classes, polymorphism and inheritance.					
M23BPLK205C .4 Develop a java program to importing packages and exception handling mechanism.						

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

	PO											
COs/POs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
M23BPLK205C.1	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
M23BPLK205C.2	-	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
M23BPLK205C.3	-	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
M23BPLK205C .4	-	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
M23BPLK205C	3	3	3		3							2

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1						
Module 2						
Module 3						
Module 4						
Module 5						
Total						

Semester End Examination (SEE)						
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total



Module 1			
Module 2			
Module 3			
Module 4			
Module 5			
Total			100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. Future with this Subject

The "Basics of Java Programming" course in the first semester of the B.E (Computer Science & Engineering Branches) program places an important role for learning several future courses in the undergraduate program. This subject is very important in learning subjects such as Analysis and Design of Algorithm, Data Structures, Python programming, etc.

Here are some notable contributions:

- **Cloud Platforms:** Understand how to deploy Java applications to cloud platforms like AWS, Google Cloud Platform, or Azure.
- **Big Data Technologies:** Explore big data technologies such as Hadoop, Spark, and Kafka, and how to integrate them with Java applications.
- Android Development: Study Android development to build mobile applications using Java.
- Advanced Data Structures: Study advanced data structures like trees (binary trees, AVL trees, redblack trees), graphs, and heaps.
- Algorithms: Learn about more complex algorithms, including sorting algorithms (quick sort, merge sort), search algorithms (binary search, depth-first search, breadth-first search), and dynamic programming.

2 nd Semester	Programming Language Courses - II (PLC)	M23BPLCK205D
2 Semester	Introduction to C++ Programming	

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1	Basic Computer Skills	Familiarity of different Operating Systems and the basic knowledge of command line usage is very needful.
2	Knowledge of Integrated Development Environment	Requires the basic skills to use various tools like text editor, compiler, linker and C++ IDE.
3	Problem Solving Skills	Knowledge of the Algorithmic thinking and Logical thinking needed.
4	Mathematics	Proficiency in Mathematics required to find the roots of quadratic equation, Trigonometric Functions etc,.
5	Basics of C Programming	Fundamental understanding of C is essential for object-oriented programming. This includes syntax, data types, variables, control structures, functions, and pointers
6	Previous Coursework	Completion of introductory courses in principles of programming in C related field.

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description					
		Knowledge:					
		Importance of Object Orientation Concepts.					
		Understanding of the basics of Object Orientation Programming.					
	Introduction to	Skills:					
1	Object Oriented	Ability to apply Object Orientation Concepts to create objects using appropriate					
	Concepts	structure.					
		Attitudes:					
		Appreciation to understand the importance of object orientation perspective and					
		implement the same at basic level.					
		Knowledge:					
		Understanding of basic elements of programming specific to C++ Language.					
	Basics of C++ program execution.						
2	Basic of						
	Programming	Designing basic C++ program using basic elements of programming language.					
		Creating and executing simple C++ programs.					
		Attitudes:					
		Appreciation for the role of C++ programming elements and its execution.					
		Knowledge:					
		Understanding how classes are defined with data members and methods. Skills:					
	C++ Classes	Designing of classes for real world objects.					
3	and its methods	Defining appropriate attributes and methods for classes.					
	and its methods	Attitudes:					
		Valuing the importance of classes and its methods in line with real-world					
		objects.					
		Knowledge:					
		Understanding the importance of code reusability through classes and methods					
		reusability.					
	Reusability of	Skills:					
4	Classes and	Applying concepts of object orientation with classes and methods.					
	Methods	Describing the actually importance of reusability through implementations.					
	-	Attitudes:					
		Openness to learning and using object orientation concepts to achieve code					
		reusability.					
5	Exceptions and	Knowledge:					

Page 235 of 272

Tichay

MT

Handling the Exceptions	Understanding of issues with exceptions. Skills:
	Implementing how to handle the exceptions through appropriate C++ programming construct. Attitudes:
	Appreciation for the way exception is handled and making the execution of program in control.

3. Syllabus structure

5.591	labus structure	
S/L	Syllabus structure	KS Description
1.	Module 1: Introduction to object Oriented Programming	Competency : Basic C++ Programming Knowledge : C++ Programming basic constructs. Skills : Applying basic programming constructs in C++ execution environment
2	Module 2: Basic data types and Decision and Control Structures	Competency : C++ Looping Constructs and Classes Knowledge : Basics of C++ Classes with looping constructs. Skills: Designing and Implementing Classes in C++ and Looping constructs.
3	Module 3: Classes and Objects and Constructor and Destructors	Competency: Class with Constructor and Destructor. Knowledge: Basics of C++ Classes with constructors and destructours. Skills: Designing and implementing class methods through Constructor and Destructors.
4	Module 4: Operator Overloading Inheritance,	Competency: Operator overloading andInheritance with Packages and Interfaces Knowledge: Importance of Inheritance, Use of Packages and Interfaces. Skills: Applying the concept of Inheritance with Classes, creating package and importing the same with interfaces.
5	Module 5: Polymorphism Exception,, Handling,	Competency: Polymorphism,Exceptions, and Exception-handling Knowledge : Understanding plymorphism Exception, handling exceptions Skills : Implementing exception handlers.

4. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.
2	Image/Video/Animation	Incorporate visual aids like image/videos/animations to enhance understanding of programming constructs.
3	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.
4	Higher Order Thinking (HOTS) Questions:	Pose HOTS questions to stimulate critical thinking related to each competency.
5	Programming-Based Learning (PBL)	Implement PBL to enhance analytical skills and practical application of competencies
6	Real-World Application	Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real- world competencies.
7	Flipped Class Technique	Utilize a flipped class approach, providing materials before class to facilitate deeper understanding of competencies
8	Programming Assignments	Assign programming tasks to reinforce practical skills associated with competencies.

Page 236 of 272



5. Syllabus Timeline

5. Dy	nadus i intenne						
S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description					
1	Week 1- 2:Introduction to object Oriented Programming and Tokens	Competency : Basic C++ Programming Knowledge :C++Programming Tokens. Skills : Applying basic programming tokens in C++ execution environment.					
2	Week 3-4: Basic data types and Decision and Control Structures	Competency: Looping Constructs and C++ Classes Knowledge: Basics of C++ Classes with looping constructs. Skills: Designing and Implementing Classes in C++ and Loo constructs.					
3	Week 5-6: Classes and Objects and Constructor and Destructors,	Competency: Class with Constructor and Destructors. Knowledge: Using Constructor and Destructors memory is allocated and de-allocated Skills: Designing and implementing Constructors.					
4	Week 7-8: Operator Overloading and Inheritance,	Competency: operator overloading and Inheritance with Packages and Interfaces Knowledge: Importance of Inheritance, Use of Packages and Interfaces. Skills: Applying the concept of Inheritance with Classes, creating package and importing the same with interfaces.					
5	Week 9- 10:Polymorphism and Exceptions-Handling.	Competency: Polymorphism,Exceptions, Exception-handling. Knowledge : Understanding Exception, handling exceptions Skills : Implementing exception handlers.					

6. Syllabus

INTRODUCTION TO C++ PROGRAMMING							
S	SEMESTER – I						
Course Code	M23BPLK105/205D	CIE Marks	50				
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S) (3:0:2:0) SEE Marks 50							
Total Number of Lecture Hours	Total Number of Lecture Hours40 hours Theory + 8-10Total Marks100						
Lab slots							
Credits 03 Exam Hours 03							
Course objectives:		•					

Module -1

Introduction to object Oriented Programming: OOP Paradigm, Basic concepts of OOP, Beginning with C++, Applications of C++, A simple C++ programs, Structure of C++ Program.

Tokens: Character sets and Symbols, Keywords, C++ Identifiers, Variables and Constants, Dynamic Initialization of variables, Reference variables, Operators.

Module -2

Basic data types: Data types in C++, User defined data types, Storage classes, , Type cast Operators. Decision and Control Structures: if statement, if-else statement, switch statement, Loop: while, do while, for, Jump Statements: break, return, go to.

Module -3

Classes and Objects: Classes in C, class declaration, declaring objects, Define member functions, call by reference, return by reference, inline functions, default arguments, Function Overloading

Constructor and Destructors: Constructors, Parameterized constructors, Multiple Constructors in a class, Constructors with default arguments, Dynamic initialization of Objects, Const object, Destructors. Module -4

Operator Overloading: Introduction, Defining operator overloading, Overloading unary and binary operators, Type Conversions

Inheritance: Defining Derived classes, Types of Inheritance- Single inheritance, Multilevel inheritance, Multiple inheritance, Hierarchical ineritance, Hybrid Inheritance, Abstract classes, constructors in derived class, Member classes..

Module -5

Polymorphism: Introduction, Virtual functions, virtual constructor and destructors. Exception Handling: Basic of Exception Handling, Exception Handling Mechanism, Throwing Mechanism, Catching Mechanism, Rethrowing an Exception, Exception in Operator overloaded functions.

	List of Programs for Practice						
1	Design a C++ program to perform simple calculator.						
2	An election is contested by five candidates. The candidates are numbered 1 to 5 and a voting is done by marking the candidate number in a ballot paper. Write a C++ program to read the ballot and count the votes cast for each candidate using an array variable count. In case, a number read is outside the range 1 to 5 the ballot should be considered as a 'spoilt ballot', and the program should also count the number of spoilt ballots.						
3	Develop a C++ program to sort the elements in ascending and descending order						
4	Develop a C++ program to demonstrate function overloading for the following prototypes. add(int a, int b) add(double a, double b)						
5	Develop a C++ program using Operator Overloading for overloading Unary minus operator.						
6	Develop a C++ program to implement Multiple inheritance for performing arithmetic operation of two numbers.						
7	Develop a C++ program using Constructor in Derived classes to initialize alpha, beta and gamma and display corresponding values.						
8	Develop a C++ program to swap two integer numbers.						
9	Develop a function which throws a division by zero exception and catch it in catch block. Write a C++ program to demonstrate usage of try, catch and throw to handle exception.						
10	Develop a C++ program that handles array out of bounds exception using C++.						
1. B	at Books: Balagurusamy E, Object Oriented Programming with C++, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt.Ltd., Sixth						
	tion 2016.						
-	Ference Books:						

- 1. Herbert schildt, The Complete Reference C++, 4th edition, TMH, 2005
- 2. D.S Guru, Object- Oriented Programming with C++.

7. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Com	Components		Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks			50	20

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the best two test marks.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have a mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

	carining Objectives	r
S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Understanding fundamentals of C++ Programming Constructs	Students will grasp the fundamental concepts of C++ Programming, including basic constructs.
2	Executing Simple C++ Programs	Students will learn to design and execute basic and simple C++ programs.
3	Programming-Based Learning	Through program execution-based learning, students will undergo the demonstration of C++ programming constructs working principles.

8. Learning Objectives

Page 238 of 272

4	Proficiency in C++ Specific Constructs	Students will become proficient in understanding and applying the C++ specific constructs to improve the efficiency of C++programming logics.
5	Ethical and Professional Responsibility	Students will understand the ethical and professional responsibilities associated with C++ Programming, including respecting intellectual property rights, ensuring design reliability and security, and adhering to industry standards and best practices.

9. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)

COs	Description							
M23BPLK205D.1	Understand and apply the basic programming constructs.							
M23BPLK205D.2	Apply the structure of classes and methods in C++ programming environment.							
M23BPLK205D.3	Analyze the different programming constructs of C++ and its effectiveness in improving the efficiency of C++ programs.							
M23BPLK205D.4	Implement appropriate C++ programming constructs to solve real-world problem sample scenarios.							

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12
M23BPLK205D.1	3											
M23BPLK205D.2	3											
M23BPLK205D.3		3										
M23BPLK205D.4			3									

10. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
Module 1					
Module 2					
Module 3					
Module 4					
Module 5					
Total					50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
Module 1					
Module 2					
Module 3					
Module 4					
Module 5					
Total					100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. Future with this Subject

- **Continued Evolution and Standardization:** C++ continues to evolve with regular updates and new standards. The C++20 standard introduced significant new features such as modules, co routines, concepts, and improved concurrency support. Future standards, such as C++23 and beyond, are anticipated to further enhance the language, focusing on performance, simplicity, and safety. These updates ensure that C++ remains modern and relevant.
- Educational Importance: C++ continues to be a staple in computer science education. It teaches fundamental programming concepts, including memory management and system-level programming, which are essential for understanding more complex languages and systems
- **Systems and Embedded Programming:** C++ is foundational in systems programming, including operating systems, drivers, and embedded systems. Its ability to interact closely with hardware while maintaining a high level of performance makes it indispensable in these areas. The Internet of Things (IoT) and smart devices will further bolster the demand for C++ in embedded systems.
- Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning :While Python dominates the AI and machine learning space, C++ is crucial for performance-critical components of ML frameworks like TensorFlow and PyTorch. It is used to optimize algorithms and enhance the efficiency of AI applications, especially in production environments.
- Web Assembly: With the rise of Web Assembly, C++ can be used to write high-performance code that runs in the browser. This opens new avenues for C++ in web development, enabling the development of complex web applications that require near-native performance..
- Community and Ecosystem: The C++ community is vibrant and active, continually contributing to its ecosystem with libraries, tools, and frameworks. This ongoing support ensures that C++ remains relevant and accessible for developers.



2nd Somoston	Humanities	M23BPWSK206
2 nd Semester	Professional Writing Skills in English	WIZSBF WSK200

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites						
1	Knowledge of Basic English	Basic Grammar and Constructing sentences as studied from 1^{st} to 12^{th} std.						

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1	Basic Grammar	Knowledge: Basic knowledge of English grammar. Skills: Building/Constructing Sentences . Attitudes: Appreciation for the English grammar and literature
2	Vocabulary	Knowledge: Understanding repository of words Skills: Building repository of English words to create effective sentence formation. Attitudes: Appreciation for use of strong vocabulary Knowledge: Understanding primary and essential components of communication
3	Essence of Communication	Skills: Designing presentation for an occasion and dealing a situation with effective communication Attitudes: Valuing the importance of Effective communication in strong and competitive situations
4	Professionalism and Managing Emotional Intelligence	 Knowledge: Understanding importance of Professionalism and Emotional Intelligence Skills: Applying Professionalism to manage business & work. Controlling Emotional Intelligence to handle conflicts Attitudes: Achievement of goals through professionalism and ability to handle emotional Intelligence

3. Syllabus

	PROESSIONAL WRITING SKILLS IN ENGLISH								
SEMESTER – II									
Course Coo	de	M23BPWSK206/106	CIE Marks	50					
Number of	Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(2:0:0)	SEE Marks	50					
Total Num	ber of Lecture Hours	30 hours	Total Marks	100					
Credits		01	Exam Hours	01					
Course ob	jectives:								
1.	Students will advance their under	erstanding of English gram	nar and vocabulary	, focusing on					
	common errors in usage, subject	-verb agreement, and adva	nced vocabulary ap	plications.					
2.		nnical reading and writing capabilities, including							
	understanding technical reports	and proposals, scientific wi	riting processes, an	d professional					
	communication for employment								
3.	Participants will learn the essent	ials of professional commu	inication, including	group					
	discussions, job interview strate	gies, intra- and interperson	al communication s	skills, and non-					
	verbal cues.								
4.	4. Students will gain knowledge in work ethic, professionalism, business etiquette, and								
	emotional intelligence, preparing	g them for a professional se	etting.						
5.	The course will focus on develo	ping emotional intelligence	, understanding its	components,					

Page 241 of 272



and applying strategies to enhance leadership and teamwork skills
Module -1
Identifying Common Errors in Writing and Speaking English :
Advanced English Grammar for Professionals with exercises, Common errors identification in parts of
speech, Use of verbs and phrasal verbs, Auxiliary verbs and their forms, Subject Verb Agreement (Concord
Rules with Exercises).
Common errors in Subject-verb agreement, Noun-pronoun agreement, Sequence of Tenses and errors
identification in Tenses. Advanced English Vocabulary and its types with exercises – Verbal Analogies, Words Confused/Misused. Nature and Style of sensible writing :
Organizing Principles of Paragraphs in Documents, Writing Introduction and Conclusion, Importance of
Proper Punctuation, The Art of Condensation (Precise writing) and Techniques in Essay writing, Common
Errors due to Indianism in English Communication, Creating Coherence and Cohesion, Sentence
arrangements exercises, Practice of Sentence Corrections activities. Importance of Summarising and
Paraphrasing.
Misplaced modifiers, Contractions, Collocations, Word Order, Errors due to the Confusion of words,
Common errors in the use of Idioms and phrases, Gender, Singular & Plural. Redundancies & Clichés
Module -2
Technical Reading and Writing Practices :
Reading Process and Reading Strategies, Introduction to Technical writing process, Understanding of
writing process, Effective Technical Reading and Writing Practices, Introduction to Technical Reports
writing, Significance of Reports, Types of Reports.
Introduction to Technical Proposals Writing, Types of Technical Proposals, Characteristics of Technical
Proposals. Scientific Writing Process.
Grammar – Voice and Speech (Active and Passive Voices) and Reported Speech, Spotting Error Exercises,
Sentence Improvement Exercises, Cloze Test and Theme Detection Exercises.
Professional Communication for Employment :
The Listening Comprehension, Importance of Listening Comprehension, Types of Listening,
Understanding and Interpreting, Listening Barriers, Improving Listening Skills. Attributes of a good and
poor listener.
Reading Skills and Reading Comprehension, Active and Passive Reading, Tips for effective reading.
Preparing for Job Application, Components of a Formal Letter, Formats and Types of official, employment,
Business Letters, Resume vs Bio Data, Profile, CV and others, Types of resume, Writing effective resume
for employment, Model Letter of Application (Cover Letter) with Resume, Emails, Blog Writing, Memos
(Types of Memos) and other recent communication types.
Module -3
Professional Communication at Workplace :
Group Discussions - Importance, Characteristics, Strategies of a Group Discussions. Group Discussions is a
Tool for Selection. Employment/ Job Interviews - Importance, Characteristics, Strategies of a Employment/
Job Interviews. Intra and Interpersonal Communication Skills - Importance, Characteristics, Strategies of a
Intra and Interpersonal Communication Skills. NonVerbal Communication Skills (Body Language) and its
importance in GD and PI/JI/EI. Presentation skills and Formal Presentations by Students - Importance,
Characteristics, Strategies of Presentation Skills. Dialogues in Various Situations (Activity based Practical
Sessions in class by Students).
Business Etiquettes
> Greetings and Introductions in Business Settings
> Business Dining Etiquette
> Dress Code and Personal Grooming
> Electronic Etiquette: Phone, Email, and Social Media International Pusingss Etiquetta: Understanding Cultural Differences
> International Business Etiquette: Understanding Cultural Differences
Module -4 Work Ethic and Professionalism
 Defining Work Ethic: Traits and Characteristics The Importance of Reliability and Accountability
 Maintaining Confidentiality Building a Positive Professional Image
 Balancing Professionalism with Personal Authenticity
Module -5
Emotional Intelligence
> Defining Emotional Intelligence (EI)
> The Five Components of EI (Daniel Goleman's Model)

Page 242 of 272

ROV Principal MIT Mysore Dean Academics MIT Mysore

>	Strategies to Boost Emotional Intelligence
>	Role of EI in Leadership and Teamwork
>	Overcoming Emotional Triggers

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1-3: Identifying Common Errors in Writing and Speaking English	Advanced English Grammar for Professionals, Common errors in Subject-verb agreement, Noun-pronoun agreement, Sequence of Tenses and errors identification in Tenses. Advanced English Vocabulary and its types with exercises – Verbal Analogies, Words Confused/Misused. Nature and Style of sensible writing ,Importance of Proper Punctuation, Essay writing, The Art of Condensation (Precise writing) and Techniques in Essay writing.
2	Week 4-6: Technical Reading and Writing Practices, Professional Communication for Employment	Reading Process and Reading Strategies, Introduction to Technical writing process, Technical Proposals. Scientific Writing Process, Grammar – Voice and Speech (Active and Passive Voices) and Reported Speech, Spotting Error. The Listening Comprehension, Reading Skills and Reading Comprehension, Preparing for Job Application, Letter writing, Resume Preparation
3	Week 7-9: Professional Communication at Workplace, Business Etiquettes	Group Discussions – Importance, Characteristics, Strategies of a Group Discussions, Employment/ Job Interviews - Importance, Characteristics, Strategies of a Employment/ Job Interviews. Intra and Interpersonal Communication Skills, Body Language Presentation skills and Formal Presentations by Students Business Etiquettes-Appearance grooming, Electronic etiquettes, International Business Etiquettes
4	Week 10-12: Work Ethic and Professionalism	Traits and Characteristics of work ethics, The Importance of Reliability and Accountability, Maintaining Confidentiality, Professional Image Balancing Professionalism with Personal Authenticity
5	One day Crash course:Emotional Intelligence	Definition, Daniel Goleman's model, Boosting and controlled Emotional Intelligence, Role of EI in Leadership and Teamwork

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description					
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce					
1	Lecture Method	competencies.					
2	Activity based	Team handling and professional communication can be learnt better with					
2	Activity based	activities such as Task management, project planning etc.					
2	Collaborative	Learning in team with small skits, role plays, grown activities, debates at					
3	Learning	Learning in team with small skits, role plays, group activities, debates etc					
4	Writing exercises	Students will be engaged with writing exercises to acquire writing					
4	writing exercises	proficiency such as mail writing, report writing and letter writing.					
5	Real-World	Situation based learning for Professional communication and Emotional					
5	Application	Intelligence management					

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks	
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10	
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10	
	TotalMarks	50	20			

The CIE question paper shall have MCQ set for 25 questions, each carrying one mark. **Semester End Examination:**

The SEE question paper shall have MCQ set for 50 questions, each carrying one mark. The time duration for SEE is one hour

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Understanding Basic Grammar of English	Students will acquire advanced knowledge of English Grammar
2	Sentence Construction	Students will learn to construct sentences used both in written and communicative English.
3	Presentation Skills	Students will learn presentation skill used in many forms .
4	Activity based learning for professional communication and Emotional Intelligence management	Learn through activity is a strong form of learning. Activities are created through Role plays, situation handling and work in team to make students learn Professional Communication, importance of ethics team handling and Emotional Intelligence management.
5	Writing skills	Exposure to writing skills with exercises on letter writing, report writing, resume preparation and Electronic communication

8. Course Outcomes (Cos) and Mapping with Pos/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (Cos)

Cos	Description								
M23BPWSK206.1	Students will be able to acquire proficiency in writingand oral skills in English through recap of basics, presentation techniques, email etiquettes, and understanding team skills.								
M23BPWSK206.2	Students will be able learn professionalism and handling emotional intelligence								

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12
M23BPWSK206.1										3		
M23BPWSK206.2								2		3		
M23BPWSK206								2		3		

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)CO1TotalModule 110Module 210Module 310Module 410Module 510Total50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

	CO1	Total
Module 1	20	
Module 2	20	
Module 3	20	
Module 4	20	
Module 5	20	
Total		100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks



10. Future with this Subject

1. Project presentation : Students will be at ease with project presentation with effective Report and oral communication

- 2. **Professionalism** :Students will understand importance of professionalism and will be able to adopt the same in their profession for career growth.
- **3.** Succeeding in Corporate World: Effective communication both in written and oral form, ability toprofessionally handle team and controlling emotional spikes are essential components of success in Corporate world. Students acquire these characteristics from this course.



2 nd Semester	Humanities M23BENGK200 Communicative English
--------------------------	---

1. Prerequisites

1. 1	rerequisites	
S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1	Knowledge of Basic English	Basic Grammar and Constructing sentences as studied from 1^{st} to 12^{th} std.

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description	
1	Basic Grammar	Knowledge: Basic knowledge of English grammar. Skills: Building/Constructing Sentences . Attitudes: Appreciation for the English grammar and literature	
2	Vocabulary	Knowledge: Understanding repository of words Skills: Building repository of English words to create effective sentence formation. Attitudes: Appreciation for use of strong vocabulary	
3	Essence of Communication	 Knowledge: Understanding primary and essential components of communication Skills: Designing presentation for an occasion and dealing a situation with effective communication Attitudes: Valuing the importance of Effective communication in strong and competitive situations 	
4	Communication in Team	Knowledge:Understanding importance of intra and inter personal communicationSkills:Applying effective communication to achieve team's objectiveAttitudes:Achievement of goals through effective communication in a team	

3. Syllabus

		NICATIVE ENGLISH		
		EMESTER – I	I	
Course C	ode	M23BENGK106/206	CIE Marks	50
Number of	of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(2:0:0)	SEE Marks	50
Total Nur	mber of Lecture Hours	30 hours	Total Marks	100
Credits		01	Exam Hours	01
Course o	bjectives:			<u>.</u>
1.	Students will gain a foundational	understanding of English g	rammar, includin	g parts of
	speech, articles, prepositions, que	stion tags, and vocabulary	development strat	tegies.
2.	Participants will learn phonetic tra		1	0
	and common errors in pronunciati			
3.	The course aims to equip students			
	presentations, public speaking, and			
	them for professional environmen			nee, propanno
4.	Students will learn the nuances of		bserving virtual	communication
ч.	etiquette, and employing best prac			
		tices for engaging in virtua	a meetings across	sumerent
5	platforms.			
5.	The curriculum emphasizes the in			
	collaboration, conflict resolution,	and celebrating team achie	vements, vital for	r workplace
	success.			



Module -1
Basic English Communicative Grammar and Vocabulary PART - I :
Grammar: Basic English Grammar and Parts of Speech, Articles and Preposition. Question Tags, One Word
Substitutes, Strong and Weak forms of words, Introduction to Vocabulary, All Types of Vocabulary -
Exercises on it. Introduction to Communicative English :
Communicative English, Fundamentals of Communicative English, Process of
Communication, Barriers to Effective Communicative English, Different styles and levels in
Communicative English. Interpersonal and Intrapersonal Communication Skills.06 hrs
Module -2
Introduction to Phonetics :
Phonetic Transcription, English Pronunciation, Pronunciation Guidelines to consonants and vowels, Sounds
Mispronounced, Silent and Non silent Letters, Syllables and Structure. Word Accent, Stress Shift and
Intonation, Spelling Rules and Words often Misspelt. Common Errors in Pronunciation.
Basic English Communicative Grammar and Vocabulary PART - II :
Words formation - Prefixes and Suffixes,
Contractions and Abbreviations. Word Pairs (Minimal Pairs) – Exercises, Tense and Types of tenses, The
Sequence of Tenses (Rules in use of Tenses) and Exercises on it.06 hrs
Module -3
Communication Skills for Employment : Information Transfer :
Oral Presentation and its Practice. Difference between Extempore/Public Speaking, Communication
Guidelines. Mother Tongue Influence (MTI), Various Techniques for Neutralization of Mother Tongue
Influence. Reading and Listening Comprehensions – Exercises.
Presentation Skills
> Planning and Structuring a Presentation
> Effective Use of Visual Aids
> Engaging the Audience: Techniques and Strategies
> Overcoming Stage Fear
> Evaluating Presentation Success 06 hrs
Module -4
Email and Virtual Communication
> Email Etiquette: Do's and Don'ts
> Crafting Effective Emails: Clarity, Brevity, and Tone
> Best Practices for Virtual Meetings (Zoom, Teams, etc.)
> Virtual Communication Tools
> Navigating Time Zones, Cultural Differences, and Other Challenges Assertiveness
> Understanding the Difference: Assertiveness vs Aggressiveness
> Benefits of Being Assertive
> Techniques for Assertive Communication
> Saying No Politely and Firmly
> Assertiveness Role-Plays 06 hrs
Module -5
Team Work and Collaboration
> Characteristics of Effective Teams
> Roles and Responsibilities within Teams
> Strategies for Collaborative Work
> Handling Team Conflicts
> Celebrating Team Successes06 hrs

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1-3: Basic English Communicative Grammar and Vocabulary PART - I :	Grammar and Parts of Speech, Articles and Preposition,All Types of Vocabulary – Exercises on it, Introduction to communicative English, Process of Communication, Barriers to Effective Communicative English, Different styles and levels in Communicative English. Interpersonal and Intrapersonal Communication Skills.
2	Week 4-6: Introduction to Phonetics, Basic English Communicative Grammar and Vocabulary PART - II	Phonetic Transcription, English Pronunciation, Pronunciation Guidelines to consonants and vowels, Sounds Mispronounced, Silent and Non silent Letters, Syllables and Structure.Common Errors in Pronunciation, Words formation - Prefixes and Suffixes, Contractions and Abbreviations on.

First Year, MIT Mysore

Page 247 of 272

Dean Academics MIT Mysore ROLM DE Solo

	Week 7-9: Communication	Oral Presentation and its Practice. Difference between Extempore/Public Speaking, Communication Guidelines. Mother Tongue Influence (MTI), Various Techniques for Neutralization of	
3	Skills for Employment, Presentation Skills	Mother Tongue Influence. Reading and Listening Comprehensions. Planning and Structuring a Presentation,,Effective Use of Visual Aic	
		Engaging the Audience: Techniques and Strategies Overcoming Stage Fear, Evaluating Presentation Success	
4	Week 10-12: Email and Virtual Communication	Email Etiquette: Do's and Don'ts,Crafting Effective Emails: Clarity, Brevity, and Tone,Best Practices for Virtual Meetings (Zoom, Teams, etc.)Virtual Communication Tools,Navigating Time Zones, Cultural Differences, and Other Challenges Assertiveness,Understanding the Difference: Assertiveness vsAggressiveness,Benefits of Being Assertive, Techniques for Assertive Communication	
5	One day Crash course:Team Work and Collaboration	Characteristics of Effective Teams, Roles and Responsibilities within Teams, Strategies for Collaborative Work, Handling Team Conflicts	

_		_ ~ .
5.	Tooching_Loorning	Process Strategies
э.	Teaching-Learning	I TUCESS STI ALEGIES

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.
2	Activity based	Communicative English can be learnt better with practice. Role plays, JAM, Impromptu at individual levels
3	Collaborative Learning	Learning in team with small skits, role plays, group activities, debates etc
4	Writing exercises	Email writing & responding requires both language and etiquette, students will be engaged with writing exercises to acquire this proficiency
7	Real-World Application	Discuss practical applications of Communicative English

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks			50	20

The CIE question paper shall have MCQ set for 25 questions, each carrying one mark.

Semester End Examination:

The SEE question paper shall have MCQ set for 50 questions, each carrying one mark. The time duration for SEE is one hour

7. Learning Objectives

	7. Learning Objectives			
S/L	Learning Objectives	Description		
1	Understanding Basic Grammar of English	Students will acquire or reinforce their knowledge of English Grammar		
2	Sentence Construction	Students will learn to construct sentences used both in written and communicative English.		
3	Presentation Skills	Students will learn different forms of presentation skills used in many situations.		
4	Activity based learning	Learn through activity is a strong form of learning. Activities are created through Role plays, situation handling and work in team to make students learn communicative English practically.		
5	Email communication	Email is a strong source of communication and very important in corporate and business word. Students acquire knowledge of this through email writing exercises		

Page 248 of 272

Course Outcomes (COs)												
COs						Descr	iption					
M23BENGK206.1 Students will be able to acquire pro recap of basics, presentation techn team skills.												
CO-PO-PSO Mappi	CO-PO-PSO Mapping											
COs/POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12
M23BENGK206.1										3		
M23BENGK206										3		

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

9. Assessment Plan

Commuous	meet nur E vuruu	\[
	CO1	Total
Module 1	10	
Module 2	10	
Module 3	10	
Module 4	10	
Module 5	10	
Total		50
Semester End Examination (SEE)		
	CO1	Total
		10000
Module 1	20	1000
Module 1 Module 2	20 20	1000
Module 2	20	
Module 2 Module 3	20 20 20	

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

9. Future with this Subject

- 1. Presenting Seminars: Students will be at ease with all seminar presentation
 - 2. Facing Employment process: Good communicative English will enhance confidence and improve performance in Employment process
 - **3.** Succeeding in Corporate World: Half battle is won with good communication in project and idea presentation. The communication proficiency acquired through this course will help students succeed in Corporate world.



2 nd Semester	Humanities	M23BICOK207
2 Semester	Indian Constitution	WIZSBICOK20/

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency Prerequisites	
1	Knowledge of Basic Constitution	The basic structure of Indian Constitution.

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1	Basic Constitution	Knowledge: FundamentalRights(FR's),DPSP'sandFundamentalDuties(FD's)ofourconstitution.
2	Articles	Knowledge: All 395 articles and amendments
3	Parliament system	Knowledge: Parliamentary System, Union Executive – President, Prime Minister, Union Cabinet.Parliament - LS and RS, Parliamentary Committees, Important Parliamentary Terminologies
4	General Law	Knowledge: ElectionCommission,Elections&Electoral Process. Amendment to Constitution, and Important Constitutional Amendments till today. Emergency Provisions.

3. Syllabus

et synasus			
CourseTitle:	IndianConstitution		
CourseCode:	M23BICOK107/207	CIEMarks	50
CourseType(Theory/Practical/Integrat		SEEMarks	50
ed)		TotalMarks	100
TeachingHours/Week(L:T:P:S)	1:0:0:0	ExamHours	01Theory
TotalHoursofPedagogy	15hours	Credits	01

Courseobjectives:

ThecourseINDIANCONSTITUTION(M23BICOK107/207) will enable the students,

- $6. \quad To know about the basic structure of Indian Constitution.$
- 7. ToknowtheFundamentalRights(FR's),DPSP'sandFundamentalDuties(FD's)ofourconstitution.
- $8. \ \ \, To know about our Union Government, political structure \& codes, procedures.$
- 9. ToknowtheStateExecutive&ElectionssystemofIndia.
- 10. TolearntheAmendmentsandEmergencyProvisions,other importantprovisionsgivenbytheconstitution.

Teaching-LearningProcess

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes and make Teaching – Learning more effective: Teachers shall adopt suitable pedagogy for effective teaching -

learning process. The pedagogy shall involve the combination of different methodologies which suit modern tech no logical tools.

(i)Directinstructionalmethod(Low/OldTechnology)

- ,(ii)Flippedclassrooms(High/advancedTechnologicaltools),
 - (iii) Blendedlearning(Combinationofboth),(iv)Enquiryandevaluationbasedlearning,(v)Personalizedlearning, (vi)Problemsbased learningthroughdiscussion.
- (ii) Apart from conventional lecture methods, various types of innovative teaching techniques through
 - videos, animation films may be adapted so that the delivered less on can progress the students In the or etical applied and
 - practicalskills.

Module-1 (03hoursof pedagogy)

IndianConstitution:

Necessity of the Constitution, Societies before and after the Constitution adoption. Introduction to the Indian constitution, Making of the Constitution, Role of the Constituent Assembly.

Module-2 (03hours of pedagogy)

Salient features of India Constitution. Preamble of Indian Constitution & Key concepts of the Preamble. Fundament alRights (FR's) and its Restriction and limitations in different Complex Situations. building.

Module-3

(03hoursof pedagogy)

Page 250 of 272

DirectivePrinciplesofStatePolicy(DPSP's)anditspresentrelevanceinIndiansociety.FundamentalDuties and itsScopeandsignificanceinNation,UnionExecutive:ParliamentarySystem,UnionExecutive-President,PrimeMinister,UnionCabinet.

Module-4	(03hoursofpedagogy)
Parliament-	
LSandRS,ParliamentaryCommittees,In	nportantParliamentaryTerminologies.JudicialSystemofIndia,Suprem
e CourtofIndia andother Courts,Judicia	al ReviewsandJudicialActivism.
Module-5	(03hours ofpedagogy)
StateExecutiveandGoverner,CM,State	Cabinet,Legislature-
VS&VP,ElectionCommission,Election	is&Electoral
Process.Amendmentto	

Constitution, and Important Constitutional Amendment still to day. Emergency Provisions.

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Module-1 03hours	Indian Constitution: Necessity of the Constitution, Societies before and after the Constitution adoption. Introduction to the Indian constitution,
		Making of the Constitution, Role of the Constituent Assembly.
2	Module-2 03hours	Salient features of India Constitution. Preamble of Indian Constitution & Key concepts of the Preamble. Fundamental Rights (FR's) and its Restriction and limitations in different Complex Situations. building.
3	Module-3 03hours	Directive Principles of State Policy (DPSP's) and its present relevance in Indian society. Fundamental Duties and its Scope and significance in Nation, Union Executive : Parliamentary System, Union Executive – President, Prime Minister, Union Cabinet.
4	Module-4 03hours	Parliament - LS and RS, Parliamentary Committees, Important Parliamentary Terminologies. Judicial System of India, Supreme Court of India and other Courts, Judicial Reviews and Judicial Activism.
5	Module-5 03hours	State Executive and Governer, CM, State Cabinet, Legislature - VS & VP, Election Commission, Elections & Electoral Process. Amendment to Constitution, and Important Constitutional Amendments till today. Emergency Provisions.

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.
2	Activity based	group discussion topics
3	Collaborative Learning	Visit the Government office and parliament
4	Writing exercises	Essay writing
5	Real-World Application	Discuss Elections & Electoral

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

	Components		Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks			50	20

The CIE question paper shall have MCQ set for 25 questions, each carrying one mark.

Semester End Examination:

The SEE question paper shall have MCQ set for 50 questions, each carrying one mark. The time duration for SEE is one hour



S/L	Learning Objectives	Description	
1	Contents related activities (Activity-based discussions)		
2	For active participation of students instruct the students to prepare Flowcharts and Handouts		
3	Organising Group wise discussions Connecting to placement activities		
4	Quizzes and Discussions		
5	Seminars and assig	gnments	

7. Learning Objectives

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)					
COs	Description				
M23BICOK207.1	Analyse the basic structure of Indian Constitution. Understand our State Executive &				
	Elections system of India.				
M23BICOK207.2	Remember their Fundamental Rights, DPSP's and Fundamental Duties (FD's) of our				
	constitution. Remember the Amendments and Emergency Provisions, other important				
	provisions given by the constitution				

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	РО 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12
M23BICOK207.1						2				3		
M23BICOK207.2						2				3		
M23BICOK207						2				3		

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1/CO2	Total
Module 1	10	
Module 2	10	
Module 3	10	
Module 4	10	
Module 5	10	
Total		50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

Semester Ena Examination (SEE)					
	CO1/CO2	Total			
Module 1	20				
Module 2	20				
Module 3	20				
Module 4	20				
Module 5	20				
Total		100			

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. Future with this Subject

- 1. Presenting Seminars: Students will be at ease with all seminar presentation
 - 2. Facing Employment process: If the student taken any civil service examination and their problem issue



2 ⁿ	dSemester			nanities (HS) uthika Kannada	M23B	KSKK207
1.	Prerequisites					
S/L		Profi	ciency	Pr	erequisites	
1					uthika Kannada	
2.	, j			petencies may be written)		
<u>2.</u> S/L	Competencies		initiani or rour con	KSA Description		
	Revolution of	-	Knowledge:			
1	Kannada		-	ಕರಣ: ಒಂದುಅಪೂರ್ವಚ	ರಿತ್ರೆ - ಜಿವೆಂಕಟಸುಬ	ಬ್ಬಯ್ಯ
C	Novel writin	~	Knowledge:		•	* *
2	Novel writin	lg	ಮೆಗಾನೆಎಂಬಗಿರಿಜ	ನಪರ್ವತ- ಹಿ.ಚಿ.ಬೋರಲಿ	ಂಗಯ್ಯ	
	Learn		Knowledge:			
3	Tradition ar			್ಣ,ಅಕ್ಕಮಹಾದೇವಿ, ಅಲ್ಲವ	್ಮುಪ್ರಭು,ಆಯ್ದಕ್ಕಿಮ	ಗಾರಯ್ಯ,
	Culture		ಜೇಡರದಾಸಿಮಯ್ಯ	, ಆಯ್ದಕ್ಕಿಲಕ್ಕಮ್ಮ.		
3.	Syllabus					
ವಿಷ	ಯ		ಸಾಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಕಕನ್ನ	ಡ		
ವಿಷ	ಯಸಂಖ್ಯೆ		M23BKSKK107	/207		
ಗಂಟ	<u>ತೆಗಳುವಾರಕ್ಕೆ</u>		1	:	ಒಟ್ಟುಗಂಟೆಗಳು	15
ಚಾತ	ಕುರ್ಮಾಸ		1/2		ವಿಭಾಗ	
ಕ್ರಸಂ	c		•	ಬೋಧನಾವಿಷಯ		•
1		ප්(ಖ	ನಗಳು3 Hours	•		
	ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ	ಕಸಂಸ	ಸೈತಿ - ಹಂಪನಾಗರಾ	ಜಯ್ಯ		
2	ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ	ಕದಏಕ	ಕೀಕರಣ: ಒಂದುಅಷ	ಗೂರ್ವಚರಿತ್ರೆ - ಜಿವೆಂಕಟಸ	ುಬ್ಬಯ್ಯ	
3	ಆಡಳಿತ್ಯ	ಾಷೆಂ	ಯಾಗಿಕನ್ನಡ - ಡಾ. ಎ	ಲ್ಲಿಮ್ಮೇಶಮತ್ತುವಿಕೇಶವವ	ಯೂರ್ತಿ	
4			ನಿಕಪೂರ್ವದಕಾವ್ಯ			
	-	-	•	.ವಿ, ಅಲ್ಲಮ್ಮಪ್ರಭು,ಆಯ್ಡಕಿ	ಕ್ಷಮಾರಯ್ಯ, ಜೇಡರ	ಗದಾಸಿಮಯ್ಯ,
	ಆಯ್ದಕ್ಕಿಲ	ುಕ್ಕಮ				-
5				ದರಿಂದಏನುಫಲ-ಪುರಂದಂ	ರದಾಸರು	
6	ತಲ್ಲಣಿಸದ	ರುಕಂ	ಂಡ್ಯತಾಳುಮನವೇ -	- ಕನಕದಾಸರು		
7	ತತ್ವಪದಗ	ತತ್ವಪದಗಳುಸಾವಿರಕೊಡಗಳಸುಟ್ಟು - ಶಿಶುನಾಳಷರೀಫ				
8		ಘಟಕ – 3 ಆಧುನಿಕಕಾವ್ಯಭಾಗ3 Hours				
	ಡಿವಿಜಿರವರಮಂಕುತಿಮ್ಮನಕಗ್ಗದಿಂದಆಯ್ದಕೆಲವುಭಾಗಗಳು					
9		ಕುರುಡುಕಾಂಚಾಣ - ದ.ರಾ. ಬೇಂದ್ರೆ				
10		ಹೊಸಬಾಳಿನಗೀತೆ - ಕುವೆಂಪು				
11		ಘಟಕ – 4 ತಾಂತ್ರಿಕವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗಳಪರಿಚಯ3 Hours				
	-	ಡಾ. ಸರ್. ಎಂ. ವಿಶ್ವೇಶ್ವರಯ್ಯವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಮತ್ತು ಐತಿಹ್ಯವ.ಎನ್.ಮೂರ್ತಿರಾವ್				
12		ಕರಕುಶಲಕಲೆಗಳುಮತ್ತುಪರಂಪರೆಯವಿಜ್ಞಾನಕರಿಗೌಡಬೀಚನಹಳ್ಳಿ				
13			ಮತ್ತುಪ್ರವಾಸಕಥನ		v	
	ಯುಗಾದಿ	-				
14		ಮೆಗಾನೆಎಂಬಗಿರಿಜನಪರ್ವತ- ಹಿ.ಚಿ.ಬೋರಲಿಂಗಯ್ಯ				

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
		ಘಟಕ-1 ಲೇಖನಗಳು
		ಕರ್ನಾಟಕಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿ - ಹಂಪನಾಗರಾಜಯ್ಯ
1	Module-1	ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದಏಕೀಕರಣ: ಒಂದುಅಪೂರ್ವಚರಿತ್ರೆ -
1	03hours	ಜಿವೆಂಕಟಸುಬ್ಬಯ್ಯ
		ಆಡಳಿತಭಾಷೆಯಾಗಿಕನ್ನಡ - ಡಾ.
		ಎಲ್ತಿಮ್ಮೇಶಮತ್ತುವಿಕೇಶವಮೂರ್ತಿ

Page 253 of 272

ROV M Sh Principal MIT Mysore Dean Academics MIT Mysore

		ಘಟಕ-2 ಆಧುನಿಕಪೂರ್ವದಕಾವ್ಯಭಾಗ
		ವಚನಗಳು:ಬಸವಣ್ಣ,ಅಕ್ಕಮಹಾದೇವಿ,
	Madula 2	ಅಲ್ಲಮ್ಮಪ್ರಭು,ಆಯ್ದಕ್ಕಿಮಾರಯ್ಯ, ಜೇಡರದಾಸಿಮಯ್ಯ,
2	Module-2 03hours	ಆಯ್ದಕ್ಕಿಲಕ್ಕಮ್ಮ.
	05110015	ಕೀರ್ತನೆಗಳು: ಅದರಿಂದೇನುಫಲಇದರಿಂದಏನುಫಲ-
		ಪುರಂದರದಾಸರು
		ತತ್ವಪದಗಳುಸಾವಿರಕೊಡಗಳಸುಟ್ಟು - ಶಿಶುನಾಳಷರೀಫ
		ಘಟಕ – 3 ಆಧುನಿಕಕಾವ್ಯಭಾಗ
3	Module-3 03hours	ಡಿವಿಜಿರವರಮಂಕುತಿಮ್ಮನಕಗ್ಗದಿಂದಆಯ್ದಕೆಲವುಭಾಗಗಳು
3		ಕುರುಡುಕಾಂಚಾಣ - ದ.ರಾ. ಬೇಂದ್ರೆ
		ಹೊಸಬಾಳಿನಗೀತೆ - ಕುವೆಂಪು
		ಘಟಕ – 4 ತಾಂತ್ರಿಕವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗಳಪರಿಚಯ
4	Module-4	ಡಾ. ಸರ್. ಎಂ.
4	03hours	ವಿಶ್ವೇಶ್ವರಯ್ಯವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಮತ್ತುಐತಿಹ್ಯಎ.ಎನ್.ಮೂರ್ತಿರಾವ್
		ಕರಕುಶಲಕಲೆಗಳುಮತ್ತುಪರಂಪರೆಯವಿಜ್ಞಾನಕರಿಗೌಡಬೀಚನಹಳ್ಳಿ.
	Madada 5	ಘಟಕ – 5 ಕಥೆಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರವಾಸಕಥನ
5	Module-5 03hours	ಯುಗಾದಿ–ವಸುಧೇಂದ್ರ
	USHOUPS	ಮೆಗಾನೆಎಂಬಗಿರಿಜನಪರ್ವತ- ಹಿ.ಚಿ.ಬೋರಲಿಂಗಯ್ಯ

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description		
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.		
2	Activity based	group discussion topics		
3	Collaborative Learning			
4	Writing exercises	Essay writing		
7	Real-World Application			

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks	50	20		

The CIE question paper shall have MCQ set for 25 questions, each carrying one mark.

Semester End Examination:

The SEE question paper shall have MCQ set for 50 questions, each carrying one mark. The time duration for SEE is one hour

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description		
1	Contents related activities (Activity-based discussions			
2	For active participation of students instruct the students to prepare Flowcharts and Handouts			
3	Organising Grou	Organising Group wise discussions		
4	Quizzes and Discussions			
5	Seminars and assig	gnments		

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs Course Outcomes (COs)



COs	Description				
M23BKSKK207.1	ನ್ನಡ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯಯ ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿ ನಾಡು ನುಡಿಯ ಪರಿಚಯ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡುವುದು				
M23BKSKK207.2	ಕನ್ನಡ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯದ ಪ್ರಧಾನ ಭಾಗವಾದ ಆಧುನಿಕ ಪೂರ್ವ ಮತ್ತು ಆಧುನಿಕ ಕಾವ್ಯ,ಕಥೆ, ಪ್ರವಾಸ ಕಥನಗಳ ಪರಿಚಯಮಾಡುವುದು				
M23BKSKK207.3	ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಮತ್ತು ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಯ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಅರಿವು ಹಾಗೂ ಆಸಕ್ತಿಯನ್ನು ಮೂಢಿಸುವುದು.				

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO	PO2	PO									
	1	r02	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
M23BKSKK207.1								2		2		
M23BKSKK207.2								2		2		
M23BKSKK207.3								2		2		
M23BKSKK207								2		2		

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

Continuous	Inter nur B (urau	
	CO1/CO2/	Total
	CO3	
Module 1	10	
Module 2	10	
Module 3	10	
Module 4	10	
Module 5	10	
Total		50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

	CO1/CO2/	Total
	CO3	
Module 1	20	
Module 2	20	
Module 3	20	
Module 4	20	
Module 5	20	
Total		100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks **10. Future with this Subject**

- Presenting Seminars: Students will be at ease with all seminar presentation
- Facing Employment process: If the student taken any civil service examination and their problem issue



2 ⁿ	2 nd Semester		Humani ಬಳಕೆ	ties (HS) ಕನ್ನಡ		M23BKBKK207
	1. Prerequisites					
S/L	Proficiency]	Prerequisite	s
1	Knowledge of Basic Kannada		ಬಳಕೆ	ಕನ್ನಡ		

2. Competencies (A minimum of four competencies may be written)

S/L	Competency	KSA Description		
1	Basic Grammar	Knowledge: Methods to learn the Kannada language.		
2	Vocabulary	Knowledge:nouns, dubitive		
3	Essence of Communication Knowledge: To learn the Kannada			
4	Communication in Team	Knowledge: Right the ready the Kannada		

	3. Syllabus					
Subject Nar	ne: ಬಳಕೆ ಕನ್ನಡ					
Sub Code: N	M23BKSKK107/207	SEE Marks: 50				
	: 02 hr Theory/week	CIE Marks : 50				
Total Hours		Exam: 01hr				
Semester :I/		Credit : 1				
	Module 13Hours	ವಿಭಜನೆ				
Sl No	5					
1	1. Introduction, Necessity of learning a local language.					
2	Easy learning of a Kannada Language: A few Listening and Speaking Activities	v tips. Hints for correct and polite conservation,				
3	Key to Transcription.					
4	ವೈಯಕ್ತಿಕಸರ್ವನಾಮಗಳು,ಸ್ವಾಮ್ಯಸೂಚಕರೂಪ	ಗಳು, ಪ್ರಶ್ನಾರ್ಹವದಗಳು- Personal Pronouns,				
	Possessive Forms, Interrogative words					
	Module 2	3Hours				
Sl No	ಪಠ್ಯ	ವಿಭಜನೆ				
4	ನಾಮಪದಗಳಸ್ವಾಮ್ಯಸೂಚಕರೂಪಗಳು, ಸಂಶಯಾಸ್ಪದಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಮತ್ತುಸಂಬಂಧಿತನಾಮಪದಗಳುPossessive					
	forms of nouns, dubitive question and Relati	forms of nouns, dubitive question and Relative nouns				
5	ಗುಣಾತ್ಮಕ, ಪರಿಮಾಣಾತ್ಮಕಮತ್ತುಬಣ್ಣಗುಣವಾಚಕಗ	ಳು, ಅಂಕಿಗಳುQualitative, Quantitative and				
	Colour Adjectives, Numerals					
6	ಕಾರಕ ರೂಪಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ವಿಭಕ್ತಿ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಯಗಳು ಸಪ್ತಮಿ ವಿಭಕ್ತಿ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಯ(ಆ ಅದು ಅವು					
	පළු ") Predictive Forms, Locative Case					
	Module 3	3 Hours				
Sl. No.	8	ವಿಭಜನೆ				
7	ಚತುರ್ಥಿ ವಿಭಕ್ತಿ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಯದ ಬಳಕೆ ಮತ್ತು ಸಂ					
8	ಸಂಖ್ಯಾಗುಣಚಾಚಕಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಬಹುವಚನ ನ	ಾಮರೂಪಗಳುOrdinal numerals and Plural				
	markers					
9	ದೋಷಯುಕ್ತ / ಋಣಾತ್ಮ ಕಕ್ರಿಯಾಪದಗಳುಮತ್ತುಬಣ್ಣದವಿಶೇಷಣಗಳುDefective / Negative Verbs and					
	Colour Adjectives					
	Module 4 3 Ho					
Sl. No.	ಪಠ್ಯ	ವಿಭಜನೆ				
10	ಅಪ್ಪಣೆ ಒಪ್ಪಿಗೆ ನಿರ್ದೇಶನ ಪ್ರೋತ್ಸಾಹ ಮತ್ತು ಒತ್ತಾಯ	-				
		rging words (Imperative words and sentences)				
11	ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯ ಸಂಭಾಷಣೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸ್ವತೀಯ ವಿಭಕ್ತಿ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಯಗ	ಳು, Accusative Cases and Potential Forms				
	used in General Communication					
12	ಇರು ಮತ್ತು ಇರಲ್ಲ ಸಹಾಯಕ ಕ್ರಯಾಪದಗಳು ಸಂಭಾ					
	Helping Verbs "iru and iralla", Correspondir	g Future and Negation Verbs				

First Year, MIT Mysore

Page 256 of 272

13	ಹೋಲಿಕೆ ಸಂಬಂಧ ಸೂಚಕ ಮತ್ತು ಸೂಚಕ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಯಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ನಿಷೇಧಾರ್ಥಕಪದಗಳು Comparitive, Relationship, Identification and Negation Words
	Module - 5 03 Hours
Sl. No.	ಪಠ್ಯ ವಿಭಜನೆ
13	ಕಾಲ ಮತ್ತು ಸಮಯದ ಹಾಗೂ ಕ್ರಿಯಾಪದಗಳು ವಿವಿಧ ಪ್ರಕಾರಗಳುdifferent types of forms
	of Tense, Time and Verbs
	ಭೂತಕಾಲದರಚನೆ, ಭವಿಷ್ಯಮತ್ತುಕ್ರಿಯಾಪದರೂಪಗಳೊಂದಿಗೆಪ್ರಸ್ತುತಉದ್ವಿಗ್ನವಾಕ್ಯಗಳುFormation of
14	Past, Future and Present Tense Sentences with Verb Forms
15	ಸಂಭಾಷಣೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ದಿನೋಪಯೋಗಿ ಕನ್ನಡ ಪದಗಳುKannada Vocabulary List Kannada
	Words in Conversation

4. Syllabus Timeline				
S/L	Syllabus Timeline (No. of weeks should be as you have in the semester)	Description (Write the proposed syllabus coverage in detail with maximum of 5 lines)		
1	Module-1 03hours	Introduction, Necessity of learning a local language. Methods to learn the Kannada language. Easy learning of a Kannada Language: A few tips. Hints for correct and polite conservation, Listening and Speaking Activities Key to Transcription. ವೈಯಕ್ತಿಕಸ್ವಾಮ್ಯ ಸೂಚಕ/ಸಂಬಂಧಿತ ಸಾರ್ವನಾಮಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರಶ್ನಾರ್ಥಕ ಪದಗಳು Personal Pronouns, Possessive Forms, Interrogative words		
2	Module-2 03hours	ನಾಮಪದಗಳ ಸಂಬಂಧಾರ್ಥಕ ರೂಫಗಳು ಸಂದೇಃಆಸ್ಪದ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಸಂಬಂಧವಾಚಕ ನಾಮಪದಗಳು Possessive forms of nouns, dubitive question and Relative nouns ಗುಣ ಪರಿಂಆನ ಮತ್ತು ವರ್ಣಬಣ್ಣ ವಿಶೇಷಗಳು ಸಂಖ್ಯಾವಾಚಕಗಳು Qualitative, Quantitative and Colour Adjectives, Numerals ಕಾರಕ ರೂಪಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ವಿಭಕ್ತಿ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಯಗಳು ಸಪ್ತಮಿ ವಿಭಕ್ತಿ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಯ(ಆ ಅದು ಅವುಅಲ್ಲಿ) Predictive Forms, Locative Case		
3	Module-3 03hours	ಚತುರ್ಥಿ ವಿಭಕ್ತಿ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಯದ ಬಳಕೆ ಮತ್ತು ಸಂಖ್ಯಾವಾಚಕಗಳು Dative Cases and Numerals ್ಸಸಂಖ್ಯಾಗುಣಚಾಚಕಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಬಹುವಚನ ನಾಮರೂಪಗಳು -Ordinal numerals and Plural markers ನ್ಯೂನ ನಿಷೇಧಾರ್ಥಕ ಕ್ರಿಯಾಪದಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ವರ್ಣ ಗುಣವಾಚಕಗಳು Defective / Negative Verbs and Colour Adjectives		
4	Module-4 03hours	ಅಪ್ಪಣೆ ಒಪ್ಪಿಗೆ ನಿರ್ದೇಶನ ಪ್ರೋತ್ಸಾಹ ಮತ್ತು ಒತ್ತಾಯ ಅರ್ಥರೂಪಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳು Permission, Commands, encouraging and Urging words (Imperative words and sentences) ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯ ಸಂಭಾಷಣೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸ್ವತೀಯ ವಿಭಕ್ತಿ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಯಗಳು Accusative Cases and Potential Forms used in General Communication ಇರು ಮತ್ತು ಇರಲ್ಲ ಸಹಾಯಕ ಕ್ರಯಾಪದಗಳು ಸಂಭಾವ್ಯಸೂಚಕ ಮತ್ತು ನಿಷೇಧಾರ್ಥಕ ಕ್ರಿಯಾಪದಗಳು Helping Verbs "iru and iralla", Corresponding Future and Negation Verbs ಹೋಲಿಕೆ ಸಂಬಂಧ ಸೂಚಕ ಮತ್ತು ಸೂಚಕ ಪ್ರತೃಯಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ನಿಷೇಧಾರ್ಥಕಪದಗಳು Comparitive, Relationship, Identification and Negation Words		
5	Module-5 03hours	ಕಾಲ ಮತ್ತು ಸಮಯದ ಹಾಗೂ ಕ್ರಿಯಾಪದಗಳು ವಿವಿಧ ಪ್ರಕಾರಗಳು different types of forms of Tense, Time and Verbsಕ್ರಿಯಾ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಯಗಲೋಂದಿಗೆ ಭೂತ ಭಿವಿಷ್ಯತ್ ಮತ್ತು ವರ್ತಮಾನ ಕಾಲವಾಕ್ಯ Formation of Past, Future and Present Tense Sentences with Verb Formsಸಂಭಾಷಣೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ದಿನೋಪಯೋಗಿ ಕನ್ನಡ ಪದಗಳು Kannada Vocabulary List Kannada Words in Conversation		
	5. Teaching-	Learning Process Strategies		

Syllabus Timeline

First Year, MIT Mysore

Page 257 of 272

Tichar

Principal MIT Mysore

M

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.
2	Activity based	Conversational practices
3	Writing exercises	Writing practices

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

• The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks		
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10		
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10		
	TotalMarks	TotalMarks					

The CIE question paper shall have MCQ set for 25 questions, each carrying one mark.

Semester End Examination:

The SEE question paper shall have MCQ set for 50 questions, each carrying one mark. The time duration for SEE is one hour

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description				
1	Contents related	activities (Activity-based discussions)				
2	For active partici	pation of students instruct the students to prepare Flowcharts and Handouts				
3	Organizing Group wise discussions					
4	Quizzes and Discussions					
5	Seminars and assig	gnments				

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)

COs	Description
M23BKBKK207.1	To understand the necessity of learning of local language for comfortable life.
M23BKBKK207.2	To speak, read and write Kannada language as per requirement.
M23BKBKK207.3	To communicate (converse) in Kannada language in their daily life with kannada
WI25DKDKK207.5	speakers.

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12
M23BKBKK207.1								2		2		
M23BKBKK207.2								2		2		
M23BKBKK207.3								2		2		
M23BKBKK207								2		2		

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1/CO2/	Total
	CO3	
Module 1	10	
Module 2	10	
Module 3	10	
Module 4	10	
Module 5	10	

10001 50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

	CO1/CO2/	Total
	CO3	
Module 1	20	
Module 2	20	
Module 3	20	
Module 4	20	
Module 5	20	
Total		100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. Future with this Subject

- Presenting Seminars: Students will be at ease with all seminar presentation
- **Facing Employment process**: If the student taken any civil service examination and their problem issue



			nhancement Course and Design Thinking	M23BIDTK258	
1.	Prerequisites		· · · · ·		
S/L		Proficiency	Prerequisi	ites	
1)	Basic Unders Principles (K	standing of Design	Familiarity with basic concepts of	design and engineering.	
2)	Introductory Concepts(K)	Knowledge of Business	Basic understanding of busine dynamics.	ess models and market	
3)	Fundamental Solving Tech	Knowledge of Problem- miques(K)	Awareness of different problem-solving methodologies and frameworks.		
4)	Analytical T	hinking (S)	Ability to analyze problems and break them down into manageable components.		
5)	Communicat	ion Skills (S)	Effective verbal and written comm	nunication skills.	
6)	Basic Prototy (S)	yping and Visualization	Basic skills in creating simple prototypes or models.		
7)	Open-Minde	dness (A)	Willingness to consider new and diverse perspectives.		
8)	Curiosity and	d Inquisitiveness (A)	Eagerness to learn and explore new ideas and concepts.		
9)	Collaboration	n and Teamwork (A)	Positive attitude towards working in teams and valuing the contributions of others.		
10)	Adaptability	(A)	Willingness to adapt to changing on new information into the design provide the set of t		

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description						
1	Design Thinking Principles	 Knowledge: Understanding of the key stages of the design thinking process: empathize, define, ideate, prototype, and test. Knowledge of human-centered design principles. Skills: Ability to apply design thinking stages to problem-solving. Proficiency in user research and empathy mapping. Attitudes: Openness to user-centered approaches and valuing user feedback. Curiosity and willingness to explore diverse perspectives. 						
2	Creative Ideation	 Knowledge: Familiarity with ideation techniques such as brainstorming, mind mapping, and SCAMPER. Skills: Ability to generate a wide range of ideas and solutions. Proficiency in facilitating ideation sessions. Attitudes: Willingness to embrace creativity and think outside the box. Encouragement of divergent thinking and risk-taking in idea generation. 						
3	Prototyping and Testing	 Knowledge: Understanding of prototyping methods and tools. Knowledge of iterative testing and feedback processes. Skills: Ability to create low-fidelity and high-fidelity prototypes. Proficiency in conducting user tests and gathering feedback. Attitudes: Acceptance of failure as a learning opportunity. Persistence in iterating and refining prototypes based on feedback. 						
4	User Empathy	 Knowledge: Understanding of empathy and its role in the design process. Skills: Ability to conduct user interviews and observations. 						

Page 260 of 272

Dean Academie MIT Mysore

		• Proficiency in creating empathy maps and user personas.
		Attitudes:
		• Deep appreciation for user needs and experiences.
		• Commitment to designing solutions that prioritize user satisfaction and
		well-being.
		Knowledge:
		• Understanding of strategic innovation and business model design.
		Skills:
_	Strategic	• Ability to apply strategic foresight and scenario planning.
5	Thinking and	• Proficiency in developing and analyzing business models.
	Foresight	Attitudes:
		• Strategic mindset with a focus on long-term impact.
		• Willingness to challenge the status quo and think strategically about
		innovation.
		Knowledge:
		• Familiarity with agile principles and methodologies.
	Agile	Skills:
6	Methodologies	• Proficiency in iterative development and continuous improvement.
	in the second seco	Attitudes:
		• Flexibility and adaptability in dynamic environments.
		Commitment to incremental progress and iterative learning.
		Knowledge:
		• Understanding of effective communication and storytelling
		techniques.
	a	Skills:
7	Communication	• Ability to craft compelling narratives and presentations.
	and Storytelling	• Proficiency in visual communication and data visualization.
		Attitudes:
		• Confidence in sharing ideas and solutions.
		• Appreciation for the power of storytelling in influencing and inspiring others.
		Knowledge:
		Awareness of the importance of continuous learning and staying
		• Awareness of the importance of continuous learning and staying updated with industry trends.
	Continuous	Skills:
8	Learning and	 Ability to self-assess and seek out learning opportunities.
0	Adaptability	 Proficiency in adapting to new tools, technologies, and methodologies.
	- inapraomity	Attitudes:
		Commitment to lifelong learning and personal growth.
		 Openness to change and adaptability in fast-paced environments.
	1	Openness to enange and adaptability in fast-paced environments.

3. Syllabus

INNOVATION and DESIGN THINKING							
Course Code	M23BIDTK158/258	CIE Marks	50				
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	1:0:0	SEE Marks	50				
Total Hours of Pedagogy	25	Total Marks	100				
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01				
Ν	Module-1						
PROCESS OF DESIGN: Understanding Design thinking: Shared model in team-based design – Theory and							
practice in Design thinking – Explore presentatior	n signers across globe – MVI	or Prototyping					
Module-2							
Tools for Design Thinking: Real-Time design inte	eraction capture and analysis	- Enabling efficient	t				
collaboration in digital space- Empathy for design	n – Collaboration in distribut	ed Design					
ľ	Module-3						
Design Thinking in IT: Design Thinking to Busin	ess Process modeling - Agile	e in Virtual collabor	ation				
environment – Scenario based Prototyping							
Module-4							
DT For strategic innovations: Growth – Story telling representation – Strategic Foresight - Change – Sense							
Making - Maintenance Relevance – Value redefin	ition - Extreme Competition	- experience design	1 -				

Page 261 of 272

sines	s Model design.
	Module-5
esign t	hinking workshop: Design Thinking Work shop Empathize, Design, Ideate, Prototype and Test
	TextBooks
7.	John.R.Karsnitz, Stephen O'Brien and John P. Hutchinson, "Engineering Design", Cengage
	learning (International edition) Second Edition, 2013.
8.	Roger Martin, "The Design of Business: Why Design Thinking is the Next Competitive
	Advantage", Harvard Business Press, 2009.
9.	Hasso Plattner, Christoph Meinel and Larry Leifer (eds), "Design Thinking: Understand - Improv
	Apply", Springer, 2011
10.	Idris Mootee, "Design Thinking for Strategic Innovation: What They Can't Teach You at Business
	or Design School", John Wiley & Sons 2013.
	References:
11.	YousefHaik and Tamer M.Shahin, ``EngineeringDesignProcess'', Cengage Learning, Second Edition, 2005 and 2005
	11.
12.	Book-SolvingProblemswithDesignThinking-
	TenStoriesofWhatWorks(ColumbiaBusinessSchoolPublishing)Hardcover-
	20Sep2013byJeanneLiedtka(Author),AndrewKing(Author),Kevin Bennett (Author).
	Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):
	www.tutor2u.net/business/presentations/. /product lifecycle/default.html
	https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E11108_02/otn/pdf/. /E11087_01.pdf
	www.bizfilings.com > Home > Marketing > Product Development
	https://www.mindtools.com/brainstm.html
	https://www.quicksprout.com/. /how-to-reverse-engineer-your-competit
	www.vertabelo.com/blog/documentation/reverse-engineering
	https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/kb/273814
	https://support.google.com/docs/answer/179740?hl=en
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2mjSDIBaUlM
	thevirtualinstructor.com/foreshortening.html
	https://dschool.stanford.edu//designresources//ModeGuideBOOTCAMP2010L.pdf
	https://dschool.stanford.edu/use-our-methods/
	https://www.interaction-design.org/literature/article/5-stages-in-the-design-thinking-process
	http://www.creativityatwork.com/design-thinking-strategy-for-innovation/
	https://www.nngroup.com/articles/design-thinking/
	https://designthinkingforeducators.com/design-thinking/
Activit	ty BasedLearning(SuggestedActivitiesinClass)/PracticalBasedlearning

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1-2 Module 1	Process of Design Introduction to design thinking, team-based design, theory, and practice in design thinking, MVP or prototyping.
2	Week 3-4 Module 2	Tools for Design Thinking Real-time design interaction capture and analysis, efficient collaboration in digital space, empathy for design, collaboration in distributed design.
3	Week 5-6 Module 3	Design Thinking in IT Business process modeling through design thinking, agile collaboration, scenario-based prototyping.
4	Week 7-8 Module 4	Design Thinking for Strategic Innovations Growth, storytelling, strategic foresight, change, sense-making, value redefinition, competition, experience design, standardization, humanization, creative culture, rapid prototyping, business model design.
5	Week 9-10 Module 5	Design Thinking Workshop Hands-on workshop covering empathizing, designing, ideating, prototyping, and testing.
6	Week 11- 12	Review and Presentations Review of key concepts and presentations by students, feedback sessions, and discussions on outcomes.

Page 262 of 272

Dean Academ MIT Myson 0 * 5

MT

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1 Lecture Method		Not limited to traditional methods but includes diverse teaching methods to
1	Lecture Method	develop course outcomes.
2	Multimedia	Use of videos and animations to explain concepts.
3	Group Learning	Encouraging collaborative learning.
	Higher Order	
4	Thinking	Asking at least three HOTS questions to promote critical thinking.
	Questions (HOTS)	
5	Problem Based	Fostering analytical skills and thinking abilities.
5	Learning	rostering anarytical skins and uninking admittes.
6	Problem Solving	Showing different solutions and encouraging creative methods.
6	Accordment Dataila	

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

6. Assessment Details

Continuous Internal Evaluation

	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	3	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	Total Marks (A+I	50	20		

Semester End Examination:

SEE paper will be set for 50 questions of each of 01 mark. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ. The time allotted for SEE is 01 hours

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Understanding Design Thinking Principles	Students will understand the fundamental concepts of design thinking, including empathy, ideation, prototyping, and testing.
2	Applying Design Thinking in Product Development	Students will apply design thinking principles to develop innovative solutions for product and service development.
3	Grasping Core Concepts of Innovation	Students will grasp the core concepts of innovation and its significance in the real world.
4	Implementing Innovation Methods	Students will implement various innovation methods and techniques in real- world scenarios.
5	Recognizing the Importance of Reverse Engineering	Students will understand the basics and importance of reverse engineering in product analysis and improvement.
6	Applying Reverse Engineering Techniques	Students will apply reverse engineering techniques to dissect and analyze products.
7	Enhancing Collaboration and Communication	Students will work collaboratively in teams on design projects, enhancing their ability to communicate effectively, share ideas, and solve problems collectively.
8	Cultivating Ethical and Professional Responsibility	Students will understand the ethical and professional responsibilities associated with innovation and design thinking, including respecting intellectual property rights and adhering to industry standards.

Page 263 of 272

Principal MIT Mysore

8. Course Outcomes and Mapping with Pos/ PSOs															
CO's		DESCRIPTION OF THE OUTCOMES													
M23BIDTK258.1		Make use the concept of design thinking to develop innovative solution for the problems identified.													
M23BIDTK258.2	Illu	istrate	the de	esign i	deas	throu	gh va	rious	tools	of De	sign Th	inking			
M23BIDTK258.3	Int	erpret	the D	esign	Thinl	king a	pproa	ich an	d mo	del to	real wo	orld situ	ations		
M23BIDTK258.4	Apply concepts of Agile software methodology, Business process modeling & scenario based prototyping with design thinking approach to provide solution in IT industries.														
M23BIDTK258.5		alyze t isidering						g app	oroacł	n in v	various	Busine	ss chall	enges	s by
CO No							P	O No						PS	50
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2
M23BIDTK258.1		3													
M23BIDTK258.2		2													
M23BIDTK258.3		3													
M23BIDTK258.4		2													
M23BIDTK258.5			2												
M23BIDTK258		2.5	2												
9. Assessment Pla	an														

Assessment Plan

IA								
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total		
Module 1	15%		5%			20%		
Module 2	5%	10%			5%	20%		
Module 3			10%	10%		20%		
Module 4		5%		5%	10%	20%		
Module 5		5%	5%	5%	5%	20%		
Total	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	100%		
		• •	SEE	• •				

SEL									
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total			
Module 1	15%		5%			20%			
Module 2	5%	10%			5%	20%			
Module 3			10%	10%		20%			
Module 4		5%		5%	10%	20%			
Module 5		5%	5%	5%	5%	20%			
Total	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	100%			
a 11.1 a (

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting

SEE paper will be set for 50 questions of each of 01 mark. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ. The time allotted for SEE is 01 hours

10. Future with this Subject

Advanced Courses: This course serves as a foundation for advanced studies in design thinking, innovation, and engineering design.

Industry Applications: The skills and knowledge gained are applicable in various industries focusing on product development, service design, and business process improvements.

Research: Provides a basis for research in innovative design solutions and the implementation of design thinking methodologies.

2 nd Semester	Ability Scientific	M23BSFHK258	
1.Prerequisites			

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1	Knowledge of Basic Health	Fitness and Positive Mindset

2.Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1	Balancing Health	 Knowledge: Health and behavior, health and society health and family, health and personality Skills: Changing health habits for good health Attitudes: Learn, create , and including healthy habits
2	Balancing Diet and fitness	 Knowledge: Healthy diet plans, Nutrition guidelines, obesity and overweight disorders. Fitness components and exercise. Skills: Building healthy life style through maintainingDiet and fitness Attitudes: Learn exercise for fitness and healthy habits.
3	Essence of healthy and caring relationships	 Knowledge: About communication skills, friendship and basic instincts of life changing health behaviors. Skills: Building communication skills, create value relationship through social Engineering Attitudes: Learning communication skill to maintain health and value relationship.
4	Prevention and avoiding harmful habits and diseases	 Knowledge: Avoiding of addiction, Types of addiction, effects of addiction, Types of infections, Chronic illness. Skills: build health compromising behavior to avoid addiction and protect from the different from the infections Attitudes: Learn how to avoid addiction create habits to prevent and fight against infection and diseases.

3. Syllabus

CourseTitle:	Scientific Foundations of Health					
CourseCode:	M23BSFHK158/258	CIEMarks	50			
CourseType(Theory/Practical/Integrated)	Theory	SEEMarks	50			
		TotalMarks	100			
TeachingHours/Week(L:T:P:S)	1:0:0:0	ExamHours	01Theory			
TotalHoursofPedagogy	15hours	Credits	01			

Courseobjectives:

The course Scientific Foundations of Health (M23BSFHK 108/208) will enable the students, and the students of the student student student student students are straight as the student studen

1. ToknowaboutHealthandwellness(anditsBeliefs)&It'sbalanceforpositivemindset.

- 2. ToBuildthehealthylifestylesforgoodhealthfortheirbetter future.
- 3. ToCreateaHealthyandcaringrelationshipstomeettherequirementsofgood/social/positivelife.
- 4. TolearnaboutAvoidingrisksandharmfulhabitsintheircampusandoutsidethecampusfortheirbrightfutur e
- $5. \ \ \, To Prevent and fight agains tharm full is eases for good health through positive minds et$

Teaching-LearningProcess

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes and make Teaching – Learning more effective:

Teachersshalladoptsuitablepedagogyforeffectiveteaching-learningprocess. Thepedagogyshallinvolve the combination of different methodologies which suit modern technological tools.

(i)Directinstructionalmethod(Low/OldTechnology),(ii)Flippedclassrooms(High/advancedTechnologicalt ools),

(iii)Blendedlearning(Combinationofboth),(iv)Enquiryandevaluationbasedlearning,

(v)Personalizedlearning,(vi)Problemsbasedlearningthroughdiscussion,(vii)Followingthemethodofexpedi tionary learning Tools and techniques, (viii) Use of audio visual methods.

Apartfromconventionallecturemethods, various types of innovative teaching techniques through videos, animatio nfilms may be adapted so that the delivered lesson can progress the students In theoretical applied and practical skills.

Module-1 (03hoursof pedagogy)

GoodHealth&It'sbalanceforpositivemindset:Health-ImportanceofHealth,InfluencingfactorsofHealth, Health beliefs, Advantages of good health, Health & Behavior, Health & Society, Health & family, Health & Personality, Psychological disorders-Methods to improve good psychological health, Changing health habits for good health.

Module-2 (03hours ofpedagogy)

Buildingofhealthy lifestylesforbetterfuture: Developinghealthydietforgoodhealth,Food&health,Nutritional guidelines for good health, Obesity & overweight disorders and its management,Eating disorders,Fitness components for health,Wellness and physical function, How to avoid exercise injuries.

	Module-3	(03hoursof pedagogy)
CreationofHealthy	andcaringrelationships:Bui	ldingcommunicationskills,Friendsandfriendship-
Education.		

thevalueof relationship and communicationskills, Relationshipsfor Better orworsening

oflife, understanding of basic instincts of life (more than a biology), Changing health behaviours through social engineering.

Module-4	(03hoursofpedagogy)

 $\label{eq:constraint} A \textit{voidingrisks} and \textit{harmfulhabits:} Characteristics of health compromising behaviors, Recognizing and avoiding of$

addictions, How addiction develops, Types of addictions, influencing factors of addictions, Differences between addictive people and non addictive people & their behaviors. Effects of addictions Such as...,how to recovery from addictions.

Module-5(03hoursofpedagogy)Preventing&fightingagainstdiseasesforgoodhealth:Howtoprotectfromdifferenttypesofinfections,Howtoreduce risks for good health, Reducing risks & coping with chronic conditions, Management of chronicillness for Qualityof life, Health & Wellness of youth :achallenge for upcoming future, Measuring ofhealth & wealth status.

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
	Module-1 03hours	GoodHealth&It'sbalanceforpositivemindset:Health- ImportanceofHealth,InfluencingfactorsofHealth,
1		Health beliefs, Advantages of good health, Health & Behavior, Health & Society, Health & family, Health & Personality, Psychological disorders- Methods to improve good psychological health, Changing health habits for good health.
2	Module-2 03hours	Buildingofhealthy lifestylesforbetterfuture:Developinghealthydietforgoodhealth,Food&health,N utritional guidelines for good health, Obesity & overweight disorders and its management,Eating disorders,Fitness components for health,Wellness and physical function, How to avoid exercise injuries.
3	Module-3 03hours	CreationofHealthyandcaringrelationships: Buildingcommunicationskills,Frie ndsandfriendship-Education, thevalueof relationship and communicationskills,Relationshipsfor Better orworsening oflife,understandingof basic instincts of life (more than a biology),

Page 266 of 272

		Changing health behavioursthrough social engineering.
4	Module-4 03hours	Avoidingrisksandharmfulhabits: Characteristicsofhealthcompromisingbehavi ors,Recognizingandavoidingof addictions, How addiction develops,Types of addictions,influencing factors of addictions, Differences between addictive people and non addictive people & their behaviors. Effects of addictions Such as,how to recovery from addictions.
5	Module-5 03hours	Preventing&fightingagainstdiseasesforgoodhealth: Howtoprotectfromdiffere nttypesofinfections,Howto reduce risks for good health, Reducing risks & coping with chronic conditions, Management of chronic illness for Qualityof life, Health & Wellness of youth :achallenge for upcoming future, Measuring of health & wealth status.

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description						
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.						
2	Activity based	group discussion topics						
3	Collaborative Learning	Ground activities						
4	Writing exercises	Essay writing						
7	Real-World Application	Discuss about health related fitness						

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2*	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalMarks	50	20		

The CIE question paper shall have MCQ set for 25 questions, each carrying one mark.

Semester End Examination:

The SEE question paper shall have MCQ set for 50 questions, each carrying one mark. The time duration for SEE is one hour

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description						
1	Contents related activities (Activity-based discussions)							
2	For active participation of students instruct the students to prepare Flowcharts and Handouts							
3	Organising Group wise discussions Connecting to placement activities							
4	Quizzes and Disc	ussions						
5	Seminars and assig	gnments						

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)

COs	Description				
M23BSFHK258.1	Developthehealthylifestylesforgoodhealthfortheirbetterfuture.				
M23BSFHK258.2	BuildaHealthyandcaringrelationshipstomeettherequirementsofgood/social/positive				
	life.				
M23BSFHK258.3	TolearnaboutAvoidingrisksandharmfulhabitsintheircampusand				
	outsidethecampusfortheirbright future.				

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
M23BSFHK258.1						3						

M23BSFHK258.2				3			
M23BSFHK258.3					3		
M23BSFHK258			3	3	3		

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1/CO2	Total
Module 1	10	
Module 2	10	
Module 3	10	
Module 4	10	
Module 5	10	
Total		50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

	CO1/CO2	Total
Module 1	20	
Module 2	20	
Module 3	20	
Module 4	20	
Module 5	20	
Total		100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. Future with this Subject

- Presenting Seminars: Students will be at ease with all seminar presentation
- **Facing Employment process**: If the student taken any civil service examination and their problem issue