

MAHARAJA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY MYSORE Autonomous Institution Affiliated to VTU

Competency Based Syllabus (CBS) for Computer Science and Engineering (DATA SCIENCE) (Under Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice-Based Credit System (CBCS))

Offered from 5th to 6th Semesters of Study

In

Partial Fulfillment for the Award of Bachelor's Degree in

Computer Science and Engineering (DATA SCIENCE) 2023 Scheme

Scheme Effective from the academic year 2023-24



Index	Description
1	Prerequisites
2	Competencies
3	Syllabus
4	Syllabus Timeline
5	Teaching-Learning Process Strategies
6	Assessment Details
7	Learning Objectives
8	Course Outcomes and Mapping with POs/ PSOs
9	Assessment Plan
10	Future with this Subject



5 th Semester	Professional Core Course (PC)	M23RC\$501
	Theory of Computation	WIZ5DC5501

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency Prerequisites				
1	Mathematical Foundations	Discrete Mathematics: Understanding topics such as sets, relations, functions, combinatorics, logic, and proof techniques (e.g., induction, contradiction) is crucial. Graph Theory: Basic knowledge of graphs, trees, and their properties. Linear Algebra: While not always essential, it can be helpful in certain areas like quantum computation. Number Theory: Basics of primes, divisibility, and modular arithmetic can be useful.			
2	Formal Logic	Propositional Logic: Basic logical operations, truth tables, and logical equivalences. Predicate Logic: Understanding of quantifiers, predicates, and logical inference.			
3	Programming and Algorithms	Data Structures: Familiarity with common data structures like arrays, lists, stacks, queues, trees, and graphs. Algorithms: Basic knowledge of algorithm design, analysis (time and space complexity), and common algorithms (e.g., sorting, searching). Programming: Proficiency in at least one programming language is helpful for implementing and understanding theoretical concepts.			
4	Automata and Formal Languages	Finite Automata: Basics of deterministic and nondeterministic finite automata. Regular Languages: Understanding of regular expressions and their relation to finite automata. Context-Free Grammars: Basics of context-free grammars and pushdown automata.			
5	Theoretical Understanding	Grasp abstract concepts and their implications for computation			
6	⁶ Problem-Solving Skills Apply theoretical concepts to solve computational problems.				
7	Basic Understanding of Computability and Complexity	Turing Machines: Introduction to the concept of Turing machines and the Church- Turing thesis. P vs NP Problem: A basic understanding of computational complexity classes like P, NP, and NP-complete problems.			

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description		
1	Formal Language Theory	 Knowledge: It includes understanding fundamental concepts in formal languages, grammars, automata, and the relationships between them. It also encompasses the theoretical foundation needed to understand how formal languages are defined and processed. Skills: It involves the ability to apply theoretical knowledge to solve problems and work with formal models. This includes working with formal grammars, automata, and performing operations on languages to solve computational problems Attitude: It refers to the mindset or approach an individual adopts when engaging with formal language theory. These attitudes foster deep understanding, critical thinking, and a responsible application of theoretical knowledge. 		
2	Automata Theory	Automata TheoryKnowledge: Understand the fundamental concepts, theories, and frameworks that und automata and formal languages.Skills: Ability to apply the knowledge of automata theory to real-world problems, d automata, and perform formal proofs.		



		Attitude:		
		It refers to the mindset and approach necessary to approach problems in automata		
		theory with rigor, creativity, and persistence.		
		Knowledge:		
		Competency in computability requires foundational knowledge in several areas of		
		computer science and mathematics.		
		Skills:		
2	Commented 1914	In addition to theoretical knowledge, a competent person in computability must		
3	Computability	develop practical skills such as Problem-Solving with Formal Models, Algorithm		
		Design and Proof, Mathematical Proof Techniques etc.		
		Attitude:		
		It is having the right attitudes is key for competency in computability such as		
		critical thinking, curiosity, precision and rigor.		
		Knowledge:		
		To be competent in complexity theory, a deep understanding of foundational		
		concents is necessary		
		Skille.		
4	Complexity	Being competent in complexity theory not only requires knowledge but also the		
-	Theory	ability to apply that knowledge to solve real problems		
		Attitudo.		
		Autume:		
		naving the right mindset and attriddes is key to achieving competency in		
		Complexity meory.		
		Knowledge:		
		Requires an understanding of both formal language theory and computational		
	Dousing and	chemiques used for analyzing and generating language.		
5	Farsing and			
5		To be proficient in parsing and language processing, you need to be able to apply		
	Processing	theoretical knowledge to practical problems.		
		Attitude:		
		The right attitudes are crucial for working with complex language processing tasks		
		Knowledge:		
		Using mathematical techniques we have to prove that a system satisfies certain		
		properties, such as correctness, security, or safety, under all possible conditions.		
		This requires a deep understanding of formal methods, logic, and verification		
	Formal	techniques, along with the ability to apply these techniques in practice.		
6	Verification	Skills:		
		To effectively apply formal verification techniques, we need both theoretical and		
		practical skills.		
		Attitude:		
		The right mindset is essential for successfully applying formal verification, as it		
		involves complex, sometimes difficult, problem-solving.		



3. Syllabus

	THEORY OF COMPUTATION SEMESTED V					
Cours	e Code	SEI	1100000000000000000000000000000000000		CIF Marks	50
Numb	er of Lecture Hours/Week(L:	Г· P· S)	(3.0.0.0)		SEE Marks	50
Total	Number of Lecture Hours	1.1.5)	40 Hours		Total Marks	100
Credit	ts		03		Exam Hours	03
Cours	se Objectives:				Entain Hourb	00
1. Iı	ntroduce core concepts in Auto	mata and Theo	ory of Computation			
2. I	dentify different Formal langu	age Classes an	d their Relationships			
3. D	Design Grammars and Recogniz	ers for differe	nt formal languages			
4. P	rove or disprove theorems in a	utomata theory	using their properties			
5. D	Determine the decidability and i	ntractability of	f Computational problems			
			Module -1	~ 1 1		
Introd	uction to Finite Automata, Str	uctural Repres	sentations, Automata and	Complexity.	The Central Con	icepts
of Au	tomata Theory. Deterministic	Finite Automa	ita, Nondeterministic Finit	te Automata,	An Application	Text
Search	n, Finite Automata with Epsilo	n-1 ransitions.				
Textb	DOOK 1:CH 1.1,1.5,2.2,2.5,2.4,2		Madula 2			
Regul	ar Expressions Finite Automa	ta and Regular	Fypressions Proving La	naugaes not	to be Regular. C	osure
Prope	rties of Regular Languages	Equivalence	and Minimization of A	itomata An	plications of Re	oular
Expre	ssions	Equivalence		atomutu, mp	phonether of the	Sului
Textb	ook 1:Ch 3.1, 3.2 (Except 3.2	.1), 3.3, 4.1, 4.	2, 4.4			
			Module -3			
Conte simpli Textb	ext-Free Language : Context- ifying of context-free grammar book 2:Ch 6.1-6.4,7.1	Free Language s, Normal forn	e and Derivation trees, Ai ns for CFGs	nbiguity in c	context-free gram	mars,
			Module -4			
Pusho	Pushdown Automata (PDA): Definition of the Pushdown Automaton. The Languages of a PDA. Equivalence					
of PD	of PDA's and CFG's, Deterministic Pushdown Automata.					
Properties of Context-Free Languages: The pumping lemma for CFGs; Closure properties of CFLs						
Textb	oook 1:Ch 6.1,6.2,6.3.1,6.4,7.2	,7.3				
			Module -5			
Trachniques for TM construction , Variants of Turing Machines (TM). The model of Lincor Pounded systemate						
Lechniques for TM construction. Variants of Turing Machines (TM), The model of Linear Bounded automata						
Decidability: Definition of decidability, decidable languages, Undecidable languages, halting problem of TM,						
Textbook 2. Ch 9 1-9 8 10 1-10 7						
TEXTBOOKS:						
1 John F. Honcroft, Rajeev Motwani, Jeffrey D. Jillman," Introduction to Automata Theory. Languages and						
Com	Computation". Second Edition. Pearson.					
2. K	L P Mishra, N Chandrasek	aran , 3rd Ed	lition, Theory of Compu	ter Science,	PhI, 2012.Marl	ceting
Mana	gement: A relationship approa	ch (2019), Hol	lensen, S, Pearson Educat	ion.		•
REFE	ERENCE BOOKS:					
1. Ela	in Rich, "Automata, Computab	ility and comp	lexity", 1st Edition, Pears	on Educatior	n, 2018.	
2. Mie	chael Sipser : Introduction to th	e Theory of C	omputation, 3rd edition, C	engage learn	ing,2013	
3. John C Martin, Introduction to Languages and The Theory of Computation, 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw –Hill						
Publishing Company Limited, 2013						
4. Basavaraj S. Anami, Karibasappa K G, Formal Languages and Automata theory, Wiley India, 2012 Faculty can utilize open source tools (like JFLAP) to make teaching and learning more interactive.						
4. Syllabus Timeline						
S/L	Syllabus Timeline		Descrin	tion		
	Week 1	o : .	2.00011		1	
1	Introduction to Theory of	Overview of	computation models, Hist	orical contex	t and significanc	e and
	Computation	Introduction	to formal languages and a	utomata		
2	Week 2-4:	Understand t	he concepts and how to de	sign Detern	ninistic Finite	



2023Scheme - 5^{th} to 6^{th} Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)

	Finite State Machines	Automata (DFA), Nondeterministic Finite Automata (NFA), <i>\varepsilon</i> -NFA and Minimizing FSMs, construct Finite State Transducers and Bidirectional Transducers.		
3	Week 5-6: Regular Expressions Regular Grammars	Understand the concepts of Regular expressions and Regular grammar and their equivalence with finite automata, Properties of Regular Languages.		
4	Week 7-8: Context-Free Grammars	Understand the concept of Context-Free Grammars (CFG),Parse trees and derivations, Normal Form and how to eliminate ambiguity in grammar.		
5	Week 9-10: Pushdown Automata	Definition of the Pushdown automata, understand the languages of a PDA; conversion of PDA's and CFG's; Prove that given PDA is Deterministic or not. Understand the Properties of Context-Free Grammar		
6	Week 11: Turing machines	Introduction to Turing machines, Representation TM, designing of TM Variants of Turing machines (multi-tape, nondeterministic, etc.)		
7	Week 12: Decidability	Understand the concept of decidability and undecidable, The Halting problem, Post correspondence problem.		

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description			
1	Start with Real-World Examples	Teaching Approach: Begin by introducing concepts using real-world analogiesor simple, relatable examples. For instance, explain finite automata usingexamples like traffic light systems or vending machines.Learning Approach: Encourage students to think of everyday processes orsystems that can be modeled by the concepts being studied.			
2	Problem-Based Learning (PBL)Teaching Approach: Present students with problems that require them to app theoretical concepts to find solutions. This could involve designing automata for specific tasks, proving language properties, or reducing problems to sho 				
3	Use of Visual Aids and Diagrams	Teaching Approach: Incorporate diagrams, flowcharts, and other visual aids to explain abstract concepts. For instance, use state diagrams to represent finite automata or Turing machines.Learning Approach: Create your own visual representations of concepts as a study tool. Drawing out problems and solutions can help clarify complex ideas.			
4	Collaborative Projects	Teaching Approach: Assign group projects where students can work together to explore a theoretical concept in depth or implement a computational model. Learning Approach: Collaborate effectively with peers, dividing tasks based on individual strengths while ensuring everyone understands the overall project.			
5	Multimodal Teaching	Teaching Approach: Incorporate a mix of lectures, visual aids, interactive simulations, group work, and hands-on projects to cater to different learning styles. Learning Approach: Identify your preferred learning style and seek out resources or study methods that align with it, whether it's visual, auditory, reading/writing, or kinesthetic.			

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together



Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Components		Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	Total Marks			50	20

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the average of the 2 test marks conducted.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 questions from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks

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- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 question from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks.

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives Description				
1	Understanding Formal Languages	Explain the concept of formal languages and distinguish between different classes of languages, such as regular, context-free, and context-sensitive languages.			
2	2 Mastering Automata Theory 2 Mastering Automata Theory 3 Design and analyze deterministic and nondeterministic finite autom 3 (DFA and NFA) for recognizing regular languages. 3 Understand and apply the concepts of context-free grammars (CFG) 3 pushdown automata (PDA) to recognize context-free languages.				
3	Exploring Computability Theory Understand the concept of Turing machines and their role in defi computation. Analyze the concepts of decidability and undecidab including understanding the Halting problem and its implications.				
4	Grasping Computational Complexity	Understand and differentiate between complexity classes such as P, NP, NP-complete, and NP-hard.			
5	Applying Theoretical Concepts to Problem-Solving	Use formal methods to prove language properties, such as closure properties and the pumping lemma for regular and context-free languages and also develop problem-solving skills by applying theoretical concepts to real-world scenarios, such as designing algorithms based on automata or analyzing the computational complexity of tasks			

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)

Cos	Description		
M23BCS501.1	Apply the fundamentals of automata theory to write DFA, NFA, Epsilon-NFA and		
	conversion between them.		
M23BCS501.2	Design context-free grammars (CFGs) and pushdown automata (PDAs) for formal		
W125DC5501.2	languages		
M02DCG501 2	Design Turing machines to solve the computational problems and also Illustrate the		
MI23BC 5501.5	concepts of decidability and undecidability.		
M23BCS501.4	Prove the properties of regular languages using regular expressions		

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
M23BCS501.1	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-
M23BCS501.2	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3
M23BCS501.3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3
M23BCS501.4	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
M23BCS501	-	3	3	2								2	3	3

9. Assessment Plan

CO DO DEO Manuina

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
Module 1	10				10
Module 2				10	10
Module 3		5			10
Module 4		5			10
Module 5			10		10
Total	10	10	10	10	50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

Semester End Examination (SEE)					
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
Module 1	20				20
Module 2				20	20
Module 3		10			20
Module 4		10			20
Module 5			20		20
Total	20	20	20	20	100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks **10.Future with this Subject**

1. Advancements in Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning

- Natural Language Processing (NLP): Automata theory is crucial in the development of NLP • algorithms. Understanding regular expressions and finite automata helps in text parsing and tokenization, which are fundamental in building efficient NLP models.
- Pattern Recognition: Automata and formal languages are used in recognizing patterns in data, which is vital in developing AI systems that can learn and adapt.

2. Quantum Computing

• New Computational Models: As quantum computing advances, new models of computation are emerging. Automata theory provides the foundational knowledge necessary to understand and develop quantum automata, which could revolutionize how we process information.

3. Cybersecurity

Formal Verification: Automata theory plays a significant role in formal methods, which are used to verify the correctness of security protocols and systems. As cybersecurity threats grow, the need for rigorous verification methods will increase.

• Intrusion Detection Systems: Automata-based models are used in developing algorithms for detecting and responding to security breaches, helping to enhance the security of systems.

4. Compiler Design and Programming Languages

Compiler Optimization: Automata theory is integral to the design and optimization of compilers, which • translate high-level programming languages into machine code. Future advances in programming languages will continue to rely on automata theory to improve compiler efficiency.

• Language Development: As new programming languages are developed, understanding automata and formal grammars will be key in designing languages that are both powerful and efficient.

5 th Semester	Integrated Professional Core Course(IPC) Computer Networks and Security	M23BCS502
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1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1	Basic Computer Science Knowledge	Basic Computer Science Knowledge: Programming Skills: Familiarity with programming languages such as Python, C, or Java is essential for scripting and automation tasks. Operating Systems: Understanding of operating system concepts, including process management, memory management, and file systems. Data Structures and Algorithms: Knowledge of basic data structures (e.g., arrays, lists, trees) and algorithms (e.g., sorting, searching) is important for problem- solving and optimization.
2	Networking Fundamentals	OSI and TCP/IP Models: Understanding the OSI model and the TCP/IP stack, including the functions of different layers (physical, data link, network, transport, and application). IP Addressing and Sub-netting: Knowledge of IP address formats (IPv4 and IPv6), subnet masks, and how to perform sub-netting and address allocation. Network Protocols: Familiarity with key protocols such as HTTP, FTP, TCP, UDP, DNS, and DHCP. Routing and Switching: Understanding of how routers and switches operate, including basic routing algorithms and protocols like RIP, OSPF, and BGP.
3	Network Devices and Technologies	Network Devices: Knowledge of different network devices such as routers, switches, firewalls, and access points. Wireless Technologies: Understanding of wireless networking principles, including Wi-Fi standards and security measures.
4	Cyber-security Basics	Security Principles: Awareness of core security principles, including confidentiality, integrity, and availability. Common Threats and Attacks: Knowledge of common types of cyber -attacks, such as phishing, malware, ransom-ware, and denial-of-service (DoS) attacks. Cryptography: Basic understanding of cryptographic concepts like encryption, decryption, hashing, and digital signatures.
5	Network Security Fundamentals	Firewalls and Intrusion Detection Systems (IDS): Familiarity with how firewalls and IDS/IPS (Intrusion Prevention Systems) function and are configured. VPNs and Encryption: Understanding of Virtual Private Networks (VPNs) and encryption protocols used to secure network communications. Access Control: Knowledge of access control methods, including authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA).
6	Hands-On Experience	Lab Practice: Practical experience with network configuration, management, and troubleshooting using tools like Cisco Packet Tracer or GNS3. Security Tools: Familiarity with security tools and techniques, such as network scanners (N-map), penetration testing tools (Metasploit), and security information and event management (SIEM) systems.

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
		Knowledge: Understand the basic functions of application protocols
1	Application	Skills: know the service provided by the DNS,HTTP,FTP
1	protocols	Attitudes: Appreciation for the versatility of application protocols and distributed
		services.
		Knowledge: Data volume, destination, and rate are all controlled by transport-layer
		protocols including TCP, UDP, DCCP, and SCTP.
r	Transport	Skills: the transport layer receives the packets, sorts them, and looks for faults.
2	layer	Subsequently, Enable efficient network transmission,
		Attitudes: provide the communication services directly to the application processes
		running on different hosts
3	Network layers	Knowledge: The main job of this layer is to maintain the quality of the data and

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		pass and transmit it from its source to its destination. There are several important protocols that work in this layer.
		Skills: Selects the best path to transfer the data from source to its destination.
		Attitudes: The network layer performs packetization on the data. This makes it easier to transmit the data packets in the network.
		Knowledge: Mechanisms used to provide confidentiality, identity authentication,
		integrity authentication, source authentication, and/or support the non-repudiation
		of information.
	Security	Skills: A mechanism that is designed to detect, prevent, or recover from a security
4	services and	attack. Security Service: A service that enhances the security of data processing
	attacks	Attitudes: The versatility of security guards across various sectors—from retail to
		construction, events, and VIP protection, offering specialized services that go
		beyond general surveillance.
		Knowledge: There are two main types of cryptography used for digital data and
		secure messages today: symmetric cryptography and asymmetric cryptography.
		Hash functions, a third type, doesn't involve use of a key Skille: Basically to protect their privacy and keep their conversations and data
5	Cryptography	confidential. Cryptography ensures confidentiality by encrypting sent messages
	;F8F;	using an algorithm with a key only known to the sender and recipient.
		Attitudes: By employing cryptographic techniques, data security applications help
		to protect various everyday transactions, ranging from file sharing within business
		networks to online apps used for banking or shopping.
		Knowledge: Associated with cloud computing and determine the best security
		measures for protecting data with cloud security models.
	Cloud	Skills: Identify sensitive or regulated data.
6	computing and	Understand how sensitive data is being accessed and shared.
0	its security	Discover shadow IT (unknown cloud use).
	· ·	Attitudes: Cloud computing gives your business more flexibility. You can quickly
		physical infrastructure.
		Knowledge: Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) standard protocol that
		computer applications
_	Transport	Skills: Transport Security Layer (TLS) is the successor of the Secure Socket Layer
1	level security	(SSL); both are security protocols and are sometimes used interchangeably.
		Attitudes: TLS is usually implemented on top of TCP (Transmission Control
		Protocol) which further encrypts Application Layer protocols such as FTP, SMTP,
		And HITP. However, it can be implemented on DUCP, UDP, and SUTP Knowledge: Provides protection for web applications against attacks, including
		cross-site scripting, file inclusion, cross-site forgerv. Structured Ouerv Language
		(SQL) injection, and other threats.
		Skills: A web application firewall (WAF) protects web applications by monitoring
8	Web security	and filtering internet traffic that flows between an application and the internet. In
	ľ	uns way, a wAr works as a secure web gateway (SWG).
		for vulnerabilities that can leave it open to a bot, spyware, rootkit, Trojan horse, or
		distributed denial-of-service (DDoS) attack, It then systematically checks the entire
		site for potential weaknesses.
		Knowledge: unique identifying number assigned to every device connected to the internet
		Skills: To protect network data by setting up circuits using IPsec tunnelling in
		which all data being sent between the two endpoints is encrypted, as with a Virtual
9	IP security	Private Network (VPN) connection.
		Attitudes: IP Security is a versatile and widely adopted security protocol used in
		various network scenarios, including site-to-site VPNs, remote access VPNs, and
		secure communication between network devices.



3. Syllabus

Computer Networks and Security				
	SEMESTER – V			
Course Code	M23BCS502	CIE Marks 50		
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(2:1:2:0)	SEE Marks 50		
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40 hours Theory +20 hours Practical	Total Marks 100		
Credits	04	Exam Hours 03		

Course Objectives:

1. To understand network application architectures and the many types of service protocols such as HTTP, SMTP, FTP, and DNS.

- 2. Analyze how the transport layer responds to network and application requests with various services and functions such as TCP and UDP.
- 3. To analyze the network layer and how it is related to routing and security between two data sets and its protocols, broadcast and multicast path.
- 4. Analyze security services and attacks by using data encryption and decryption techniques with the use of symmetric and asymmetric algorithms.
- 5. Apply and analyze the access control and network security like cloud security. Transport layer security, web security and IP security.

Module -1

Application Layer: Principles of Network Applications: Network Application Architectures, Processes Communicating, Transport Services Available to Applications, Transport Services Provided by the Internet, Application-Layer Protocols. The Web and HTTP: Overview of HTTP, Non-persistent and Persistent Connections, HTTP Message Format, User-Server Interaction: Cookies, Web Caching, The Conditional GET, File Transfer: FTP Commands & Replies, Electronic Mail in the Internet: SMTP, Comparison with HTTP, Mail Message Format, Mail Access Protocols, DNS; The Internet's Directory Service: Services Provided by DNS, Overview of How DNS Works, DNS Records and Messages, Peer-to-Peer Applications: P2P File Distribution, Distributed Hash Tables.

Textbook 1: chapter 2.1 to 2.6

Module -2

Transport Layer :Introduction and Transport-Layer Services: Relationship Between Transport and Network Layers, Overview of the Transport Layer in the Internet, Multiplexing and De-multiplexing: Connectionless Transport: UDP,UDP Segment Structure, UDP Checksum, Principles of Reliable Data Transfer: Building a Reliable Data Transfer Protocol, Pipelined Reliable Data Transfer Protocols, Go-Back-N, Selective repeat, Connection-Oriented Transport TCP: The TCP Connection, TCP Segment Structure, Round-Trip Time Estimation and Timeout, Reliable Data Transfer, Flow Control, TCP Connection Management. Textbook 1: Chapter 3.1 to 3.5

Module -3

The Network layer: What's Inside a Router? Input Processing, Switching, Output Processing, Where Does Queuing Occur? <u>Routing</u> control plane, IPv6, A Brief foray into IP Security, Routing Algorithms: The Link-State (LS) Routing Algorithm, The Distance-Vector (DV) Routing Algorithm, Hierarchical Routing, Routing in the Internet, Intra-AS Routing in the Internet: RIP, Intra-AS Routing in the Internet: OSPF, Inter/AS Routing: BGP, Broadcast Routing Algorithms and Multicast.

Textbook1: Ch 4: 4.3-4.7

Module -4

Computer Security Concepts: The OSI Security Architecture, Security Attacks, Security Services. Symmetric Ciphers: Symmetric Cipher Model, Substitution Techniques, Transposition Techniques. Cryptosystem::Block Cipher and the Data Encryption Standard: The Data Encryption Standard, Advanced Encryption Standard (AES): Finite Field Arithmetic ,AES Structure, Public-Key Cryptography and RSA: Principles of Public-Key Cryptosystems, The RSA Algorithm, Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange Textbook 2: Ch 1.1 to 1.4, Ch 2.1 to 2.3, Ch 3.2, Ch 5.1 to 5.2, Ch 9.1 to 9.2, 10.1

Module -5

Network access control and cloud security: IEEE 802.1X Port-Based Network Access Control ,Cloud Computing, Cloud Security Risks and Countermeasures, Transport level security: Web Security Considerations, Secure Sockets Layer, Transport Layer Security, IP Security :IP Security Overview Textbook 2: Ch 16.4 to 16.5,Ch 17.1 to 17.3,Ch 20.1

PRACTICAL COMPONENT

	Part –A				
1	Implement Three nodes point $-$ to $-$ point network with duplex links between them for different topologies. 1Set the queue size, vary the bandwidth, and find the number of packets dropped for various iterations				
2	Implement simple ESS and with transmitting nodes in wire-less LAN by simulation and determine the throughput with respect to transmission of packets.				
3	Using TCP/IP sockets, write a client – server program to make the client send the file name and to make the server send back the contents of the requested file if present and implement the above program using as message queues or FIFOs as IPC channels				
4	Write a program on datagram socket for client/server to display the messages on Client side, typed at the server side.				
	Part –B				
5	Implement transmission of ping messages/trace route over a network topology consisting of 6 nodes and find the number of packets dropped due to congestion in the network.				
6	Write a program to find the shortest path between vertices using bellman-ford algorithm.				
7	Write a program for simple RSA algorithm to encrypt and decrypt the data				
8	Implement and study the performance of GSM on NS2/NS3 (Using MAC layer) or equivalent environment.				
TEXT	BOOKS:				
1. Jar	James F Kurose and Keith W Ross, Computer Networking, A Top-Down Approach, Sixth edition,				
Pea	urson,2017.				
2. Cry	ptography and Network Security: Principles and Practice, William Stallings, Pearson, Sixth Edition.				
(ht	tp://www.pearsonhighered.com/stallings/)				
REFER	RENCE BOOKS:				

KS:

1. Computer-Networks- Andrew S.Tanenbaum and David J.Wetherall, Pearson Education, 5thEdition. (www.pearsonhighered.com/tanenbaum)

2. Nader F Mir, Computer and Communication Networks, 2nd Edition, Pearson, 2014.

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1-3: Application layer	Competency: Understand the basic functions of application protocols Knowledge: understand the various functions of application protocols process and service. Skills: know the service provided by the DNS, HTTP, FTP
2	Week 4-6: Transport layer	Competency: Understand the concept of transport layer and its segments and services Knowledge: Data volume, destination, and rate are all controlled by transport- layer protocols including TCP, UDP, DCCP, and SCTP. Skills: the transport layer receives the packets, sorts them, and looks for faults. Subsequently, Enable efficient network transmission,
3	Week 7-8: Network layer	Competency: Understand the concept of The network layer performs packetization on the data. This makes it easier to transmit the data packets in the network Knowledge: The main job of this layer is to maintain the quality of the data and pass and transmit it from its source to its destination. There are several important protocols that work in this layer. Skills: Selects the best path to transfer the data from source to its destination Knowledge
4	Week 9-10: Computer security concepts and Cryptosystem	Competency: Understand the concept of security attacks and services and analyse the cryptanalysis and various security attacks Knowledge: Mechanisms used to provide confidentiality, identity authentication, integrity authentication, source authentication, and/or support the non-repudiation of information. Skills : A mechanism that is designed to detect, prevent, or recover from a security attack. Security Service: A service that enhances the security of data processing systems and information transfers
5	Week 11-12:	Competency: Analyses the network access control and various security concepts



Network access	Knowledge: Unique identifying number assigned to every device connected to the
control and	internet.
security concepts	Skills: To protect network data by setting up circuits using IPsec tunnelling in
	which all data being sent between the two endpoints is encrypted, as with a Virtual
	Private Network (VPN) connection.

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to network layers and security.
2	Video/Animation	Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding of network components and protocols.
3	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.
4	Higher Order Thinking (HOTS) Questions:	Pose HOTS questions to stimulate critical thinking related to each competency
5	Real-World Application	Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real-world competencies.
6	Flipped Class Technique	Utilize a flipped class approach, providing materials before class to facilitate deeper understanding of competencies
7	Laboratory Learning	Utilize the facilities available in the laboratories to understand the process of network layers and protocols.

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks	
	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2	60%	15	06	
Theory (A)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	40% 10		04	
	Total Marks	100%	25	10		
	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks	
	Record Writing	Continuous	60%	15	06	
Laboratory(B)	Test at the end of the semester	1	40%	10	04	
	Total Marks	100%	25	10		

Theory Course with 4 credits: Integrated Professional Core Course (IPC)

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Semester End Examination pattern:

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 question from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. The question paper may include at least one question from the laboratory component.
- 5. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks

7. Le	arning	Objectives	
	-		

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Application layer	Students should understand the fundamental principles, components, and functions of network layers, such as protocol mechanisms, processes, and file transformation through client-server interaction.
2	Transport layers	Learning how processes are created, scheduled, transmitted, and all layers are interrelated to each other and learning each mechanism of transport layer.
3	Network layers	Learn about the network layer and how it relates to routing and security between two data sets, as well as its protocols, broadcast and multicast paths, including the Routing Algorithm, the Distance-Vector (DV) Routing Algorithm, and hierarchical routing.
4	Security attacks services and Cryptosystem	Understand security services and attacks that use data encryption and decryption techniques based on symmetric and asymmetric algorithms.
5	Network access control and Various security concepts	Analyse access control and network security, including cloud security. Transport layer security, online security, and IP security issues covered include the OSI Security Architecture, symmetric and asymmetric algorithms, and other network access and security concepts.

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs Course Outcomes (COs)

Course Outcom	
Cos	Description
M23BCS502.1	Understand and apply application layer, architecture and protocols.
M23BCS502.2	Analyse the transport layer services and UDP and TCP protocols.
M23BCS502.3	Develop the routers, IP and Routing Algorithms in network layer.
M23BCS502.4	Understand and evaluate the various security attacks, services, symmetric and asymmetric ciphers and standards.
M23BCS502.5	Design and develop the network access control and various security management.

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
M23BCS502.1	3	-	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	3	-
M23BCS502.2	-	3	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3
M23BCS502.3	-	-	3	3	-	3	-	-	-	3	3	-	3	-
M23BCS502.4	-	-	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	3	3	-	-	3
M23BCS502.5	-	-	3	3	-	3	-	-	-	3	3	-	3	3
M23BCS502	3	3	3	3	-	3	-	-	-	3	3	-	3	3

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total		
Module 1	10					10		
Module 2		10				10		
Module 3			10			10		
Module 4				10		10		
Module 5					10	10		
Total	10	10	10	10	10	50		

Semester End Examination (SEE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1	20					20
Module 2		20				20
Module 3			20			20
Module 4				20		20
Module 5					20	20



2023Scheme - 5th to 6th Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)

Total	20	20	20	20	20	100
10 Future with this Subject:						

10. Future with this Subject:

Application layer: Application layer protocols are the messaging protocols that these IoT devices used to transport data. Without application layer protocols, Internet of Things devices would have no means by which to share data and information either from device-to-device or from device-to-server.

Transport layer: Some of the transport layer devices are, Gateways: In computer networking, a gateway is a component that is part of two networks, which use different protocols. The gateway is a protocol converter which will translate one protocol into the other. The transport layer provides a total end-to-end solution for reliable communications. TCP/IP relies on the transport layer to effectively control communications between two hosts. When an IP communication session must begin or end, the transport layer is used to build this connection

Network layer: The scope of networking courses is very high and promising. The courses offered in the networking domain are the most in-demand and leading. Networking jobs are increasing, and so is the demand for Network Engineers. Dwell in the networking jobs in India and boost your career in the IT industry and emerging technologies shaping the future of networking:

5G Networks: 5G technology is the most delinquent generation of mobile communication networks, providing faster speeds and enhanced dependability compared to earlier generations.

Computer Security Concepts and Crypto-system: The future of cyber security is closely connected to quantum computing because quantum computers could change how we protect and use data. Right now, most of the ways we keep information safe in cyber security rely on the fact that some math problems are really hard for regular computers to solve.

Network access control and various security concepts: Future NAC solutions will focus on improving user experience by implementing seamless authentication mechanisms, frictionless onboarding processes, and userfriendly interfaces for policy management and self-service capabilities. The NAC can also provide endpoint security protection such as antivirus software, firewall, and vulnerability assessment with security enforcement policies and system authentication methods.



5 th Semester	Professional Course (PC)	M72DCD502
	BIG DATA ANALYTICS	W125DCD505

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1	Programming Skills	 Programming Languages: Proficiency in programming languages like Python, R, or Java is often required since these languages are commonly used in data analysis and handling large datasets. Data Structures and Algorithms: A strong understanding of basic data structures (arrays, lists, stacks, queues) and algorithms (sorting, searching) is essential for handling and processing data efficiently.
2	Database Knowledge	 SQL: Knowledge of SQL (Structured Query Language) for querying databases, understanding how to retrieve, manipulate, and manage data stored in relational databases. NoSQL Databases: Familiarity with NoSQL databases like MongoDB, Cassandra, or Hadoop for handling unstructured or semi-structured data.
3	Basic Knowledge of Data Handling	 Data Cleaning and Preprocessing: Understanding the importance of cleaning data, handling missing data, and preprocessing data for analysis. Data Visualization: Basic skills in creating visual representations of data using tools like Matplotlib, Tableau, or Power BI.
4	Domain Knowledge (Context-Specific)	Depending on the specific application of Big Data Analytics (e.g., healthcare, finance, marketing), some domain-specific knowledge might be required to understand and interpret data effectively.

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1	Data Handling and Storage	 Knowledge: Understand the architecture and functioning of both relational and non-relational databases. Skills: Efficiently query and manipulate large datasets using SQL and NoSQL databases. Abilities: Evaluate the appropriate storage solutions based on data structure and use cases.
2	Big Data Ecosystem Proficiency	 Knowledge: Familiarity with the Hadoop ecosystem, including tools like Hive and Spark. Skills: Implement distributed data processing tasks using Hadoop and Spark. Abilities: Optimize Big Data workflows for improved efficiency and scalability.

3. Syllabus

BIG DATA ANALYTICS SEMESTER – V

Course Code	M23BCD503	CIE Marks	50			
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(4:0:0)	SEE Marks	50			
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50 hours Theory	Total Marks	100			
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03			

Course Objectives:

The objective of learning Hadoop in a Big Data context is to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of its distributed computing framework, enabling them to efficiently store, process, and analyze vast amounts of data across clusters of computers. By mastering Hadoop's core components, such as HDFS (Hadoop Distributed File System) and Map Reduce, students will gain the skills needed to handle large-scale data processing tasks, optimize resource utilization, and develop scalable solutions. The course also aims to familiarize students with related tools in the Hadoop ecosystem, such as Hive and Pig, to enhance their ability to perform complex data queries and analytics.

Module -1

Meet Hadoop: Data ,Data Storage and Analysis , Querying All Your Data , Beyond Batch , Comparison with Other Systems : Relational Database Management Systems , Grid Computing , Volunteer Computing , A Brief History of Apache Hadoop

The Hadoop Distributed File system: The Design of HDFS , HDFS Concepts ,Blocks , Name nodes and Data nodes , Block Caching ,HDFS Federation , HDFS High Availability , The Command-Line Interface ,Basic File system Operations , Hadoop File systems , Interfaces , The Java Interface , Reading Data from a Hadoop URL , Reading Data Using the File System API ,Writing Data , Directories , Querying the File system ,Deleting Data , Data Flow , Anatomy of a File Read , Anatomy of a File Write , Coherency Model , Parallel Copying with distcp , Keeping an HDFS Cluster Balanced Chapter 1.3

Module -2

MapReduce: A Weather Dataset, Data Format, Analyzing the Data with Unix Tools, Analyzing the Data with Hadoop, Map and Reduce, Java MapReduce, Scaling Out, Data Flow, Combiner Functions, Running a Distributed MapReduce Job, Hadoop Streaming Chapter 2

Module -3

Pig: Installing and Running Pig ,Execution Types ,Running Pig Programs ,Grunt ,Pig Latin Editors ,An Example ,Generating Examples ,Comparison with Databases ,Pig Latin ,Structure ,Statements ,Expressions ,Types ,Schemas ,Functions ,Macros ,User-Defined Functions ,A Filter UDF ,An Eval UDF ,A Load UDF ,Data Processing Operators ,Loading and Storing Data ,Filtering Data ,Grouping and Joining Data ,Sorting Data ,Combining and Splitting Data ,Pig in Practice ,Parallelism ,Anonymous Relations ,Parameter Substitution

Chapter 16

Module -4

Hive: Installing Hive ,The Hive Shell, An Example ,Running Hive ,Configuring Hive ,Hive Services ,The Megastore ,Comparison with Traditional Databases ,Schema on Read Versus Schema on Write ,Updates, Transactions, and Indexes ,SQL-on-Hadoop Alternatives ,Hive QL ,Data Types ,Operators and Functions ,Tables ,Managed Tables and External Tables ,Partitions and Buckets ,Storage Formats ,Importing Data ,Altering Tables ,Dropping Tables ,Querying Data ,Sorting and Aggregating ,MapReduce Scripts ,Joins ,Subqueries ,Views ,User-Defined Functions ,Writing a UDF ,Writing a UDAF Chapter 17

Module -5

Flume: Installing Flume, Transactions and Reliability, Batching The HDFS Sink, Partitioning and Interceptors .File Formats ,Fan Out ,Delivery Guarantees ,Replicating and Multiplexing Selectors ,Distribution: Agent Tiers ,Delivery Guarantees ,Sink Groups ,Integrating Flume with Applications ,Component Catalogue

Spark Applications- Jobs, Stages, and Tasks, A Scala Standalone Application, Anatomy of a Spark Job Run - Job Submission, DAG Construction, Task Scheduling, Task Execution

Chapter 14, 19 (selected Portion)

TEXTBOOKS:

1.Tom White ,"Hadoop – The Definitive Guide; Storage and Analysis at Internet scale", , 4th Edition, 2015,O'Reilly, Shroff Publishers & Distributers Pvt. Ltd., ISBN – 978-93-5213-067-2

REFERENCE BOOKS:

 Dirk deRoos, Paul C. Zikopoulos, Roman B. Melnyk, Bruce Brown, Rafael Coss, "Hadoop for Dummies",2014, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., ISBN: 978-1-118-60755-8 (pbk); ISBN 978-1-118-65220-6 (ebk);
 Nathan Marz and James Warren, "Big Data Principles and best practices of scalable real-time data systems", April 2015, ISBN 9781617290343

3. **2.** DT Editorial Services "Big Data – Black Book" Dreamtech Press, Edition – 2015, ISBN - 978-93-511-9-757-7

VIDEO LINKS:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=D9W6LRhJGME https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KCEPoPJ8sWw https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OP8BsGnqi9c

2023Scheme - 5th to 6th Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)

4.	Syllabus Timeline	
S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1-3: The Hadoop Distributed File system	Understanding the concept of Hadoop's data storage, analysis, and querying capabilities, compare it with other systems, and learn the design and operation of the Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS), including key concepts like blocks, Name Nodes, Data Nodes, high availability, and file system operations using the Java interface, along with data flow and cluster balancing techniques.
2	Week 4-6: MapReduce	Analyze datasets using MapReduce, mastering Java MapReduce, data flow, distributed jobs, and Hadoop streaming.
3	Week 8-11: Pig	Students will learn to install and run Pig, write Pig Latin scripts, use data processing operators, and implement user-defined functions for data loading, filtering, grouping, joining, and sorting, while exploring parallelism, parameter substitution, and practical applications of Pig.
4	Week 7-8: Hive	Students will learn to install, configure, and run Hive, explore Hive QL, manage data with tables, partitions, and buckets, and perform data querying, sorting, aggregation, and joins. They will also compare Hive with traditional databases, understand schema on read/write, and create user-defined functions (UDFs and UDAFs)
5	Week 9-12: Flume	Students will learn to install and configure Flume, manage transactions, batching, partitioning, and file formats, and ensure reliable data delivery with Flume components. They will also explore Spark applications, understanding job stages, tasks, and the anatomy of a Spark job run, including job submission, DAG construction, and task execution.

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description						
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.						
2	Video/Animation	Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding						
3	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.						
4	Real-World	Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real-world						
4	Application	competencies.						
5	Flipped Class	Utilize a flipped class approach, providing materials before class to facilitate						
	Technique	deeper understanding of competencies						

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

CIE Split up

	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	Total N	50	20		

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the average of the 2 test marks conducted.

Semester End Examination:

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 question from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks



2023Scheme - 5th to 6th Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)

7.	Learning Objectives	
S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Hadoop	Data Storage and Analysis , Querying All Your Data , Beyond Batch , Comparison with Other Systems : Relational Database Management Systems , Grid Computing , Volunteer Computing , A Brief History of Apache Hadoop
2	Map Reduce	Weather Dataset, Data Format, Analyzing the Data with Unix Tools, Analyzing the Data with Hadoop, Map and Reduce, Java Map Reduce, Scaling Out, Data Flow, Combiner Functions,
3	Pig	Installing and Running Pig ,Execution Types ,Running Pig Programs ,Grunt ,Pig Latin Editors ,An Example ,Generating Examples ,Comparison with Databases ,Pig Latin ,Structure ,Statements ,Expressions ,Types ,Schemas ,Functions ,Macros ,User- Defined Functions
4	Hive	Installing Hive ,The Hive Shell, An Example ,Running Hive ,Configuring Hive ,Hive Services ,The Meta store ,Comparison with Traditional Databases ,Schema on Read Versus Schema
5	Flume	Installing Flume, Transactions and Reliability, Batching The HDFS Sink, Partitioning and Interceptors.

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs Course Outcomes (COs)

eourse outcomes (eos)				
COs	Description			
M22DCS502 1	Identify various data storage and analysis systems, including relational databases, grid			
W125DC5505.1	computing, and Apache Hadoop, focusing on querying and processing large datasets.			
M23BCS503.2	Apply MapReduce and Hadoop frameworks to module and process large-scale data.			
M23BCS503.3	Utilize Apache Pig for efficient data manipulation and scripting in big data environments.			
M22DCS502 4	Analyse Hive for data querying and management, including installation, configuration, and			
W125DC5505.4	performance comparison with traditional databases.			
M23BCS503 5	Implement Flume for data ingestion and analyze Spark job stages, tasks, and execution			
W125DC5505.5	processes.			

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
M23BCS503.1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
M23BCS503.2	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
M23BCS503.3	-	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
M23BCS503.4	-	3	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
M23BCS503.5	-	3	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
M23BCS503	3	3	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	Continuous internar Evaluation (CIE)							
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total		
Module 1	10					10		
Module 2		10				10		
Module 3			10			10		
Module 4				10		10		
Module 5				10		10		
Total	10	10	10	20		50		

	Semester End Examination (SEE)					
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1	20					20
Module 2		20				20
Module 3			20			20
Module 4				20		20
Module 5				20		20
Total	20	20	20	40		100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. Future with this Subject

- Emerging Technologies: Analyse new technologies and innovations such as AI-driven analytics, machine learning, and deep learning, and their impact on big data processing and insights.
- Real-Time Analytics: Understand the increasing importance of real-time data analytics and stream processing, and how they enhance decision-making and operational efficiency.

• Data Privacy and Security: Examine advancements in data privacy, security measures, and ethical considerations, addressing challenges related to data protection and compliance

• Integration with IoT and Edge Computing:

Explore the integration of big data analytics with the Internet of Things (IoT) and edge computing, enhancing data collection, analysis, and action ability at the edge.

• Career Opportunities and Industry Impact:

Assess how advancements in big data analytics create new career opportunities and transform industries such as healthcare, finance, and retail, and prepare for future trends and innovations in the field.

5 th	Semester
U	Semester

Professional Core Laboratory (PCL) BIG DATA ANALYTICS -LAB

M23BCDL504

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites		
1	Big Data Tools:	 Hadoop: Familiarity with Hadoop's ecosystem (HDFS, YARN, Map Reduce). Apache Spark: Experience with Spark for real-time and batch processing. Hive: For querying large datasets stored in distributed storage. Pig: High-level language for processing large datasets in Hadoop. 		
2	Data Analysis and Visualization:Knowledge of libraries like Pandas, NumPy, Matplotlib, or Tableau for data analysis and visualization.			
3	Databases:	Basic knowledge of relational databases (e.g., MySQL, PostgreSQL) and NoSQL databases (e.g., MongoDB, Cassandra) to handle structured and unstructured data.		
4	Parallel Processing: Concepts like parallel programming and multithreading to handle large datasets.			
5	Programming Skills:	Python or Java: Most big data tools and frameworks (like Hadoop, Spark) integrate well with these languages.SQL: Proficiency in querying and manipulating data using SQL is essential.		
6	Data Formats:	Understanding various data formats such as CSV, JSON, Avro, Parquet, and ORC.		
7	Cloud Platforms:	Experience with AWS , Google Cloud , or Microsoft Azure for working with cloud- based big data solutions.		

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1	Introduction	 Knowledge: Semantic Web principles and technologies Social Web concepts and platforms, Network analysis methodologies Key concepts in social network analysis. Skills: Web development basics, Data mining and analysis Use of network analysis tools Attitudes: Attention to detail in calculations and diagrams. Persistence in analyzing complex load scenarios.
2	Modeling and visualization	 Knowledge: Graph theory fundamentals , Social network analysis principles, Data visualization techniques Centrality measures in network analysis Skills: Implementing graph algorithms ,Creating and interpreting node-edge diagrams ,Developing matrix-based network representations, Designing hybrid network visualizations Attitudes: Analytical mind set for interpreting complex network structures Curiosity about social dynamics and their digital representations
3	Extraction and mining communities in web social networks	 Knowledge: Definitions of social network structures and dynamics Familiarity with community detection algorithms Knowledge of web archiving techniques and formats Understanding of multi-relational and dynamic network models Awareness of decentralized online social networks Grasp of evaluation metrics for community detection. Skills: Proficiency in programming languages (e.g., Python, R) Experience with network analysis tools (e.g., Network, Gephi) ,Ability to implement and adapt community detection algorithms Data pre-processing and cleaning Attitudes: Respect for user privacy and data protection. Ethical consideration in behaviour prediction and analysis Commitment to transparency in data collection and use Proactive approach to security and trust issues Curiosity about human behaviour and social dynamics Openness to interdisciplinary approaches
	Predicting	Knowledge: Data management principles and techniques ,Statistical inference and
4	human	distribution methods Reality mining concepts and applications Context-awareness in
	behaviour and	social computing Privacy concepts and regulations in online environments

	privacy issues	Skills: Data collection and analysis ,Predictive modelling of human behavior ,
		Designing privacy-preserving systems, Implementing trust models and algorithms
		Attitudes: Trust in online environment - Trust models based on subjective logic -
		Trust network analysis - Trust transitivity analysis - Combining trust and reputation -
		Trust derivation based on trust comparisons – Attack spectrum and counter measures.
		Knowledge: Machine learning algorithms and techniques ,Linguistic analysis methods
	Application	, Emotion classification models ,Social media data structures and APIs , Emerging
5		technology trends
5		Skills: Programming (e.g., Python, R), Statistical analysis and Data visualization
		Model development and evaluation, API integration and Network graph analysis.
		Attitudes : It is use for Commitment to data security.

3. Syllabus

BIGDATA ANALYTICAL LABORATORY							
SEMESTER – V							
Course Code M23BCDL504 CIE Marks							
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(0:0:2)	SEE Marks	50				
Total Number of Lecture Hours	30 hours Practical	Total Marks	100				
Credits	01	Exam Hours	02				

Course Objectives:

- 1. Get familiar with Hadoop distributions, configuring Hadoop and performing File management tasks
- 2. Experiment MapReduce in Hadoop frameworks
- 3. Implement MapReduce programs in variety applications
- 4. Explore MapReduce support for debugging
- 5. Understand different approaches for building Hadoop MapReduce programs for real-time applications

Laboratory Experiments

- 1) Write a BD Program Map Reduce program to calculate the frequency.
- 2) Write a BD Program Map Reduce program to find the maximum temperature in each year.
- 3) Write a BD Program Map Reduce program to find the grades of student's.
- 4) Write a BD Program Map Reduce program to implement Matrix Multiplication.
- 5) Write a BD Program Map Reduce to find the maximum electrical consumption in Date: each year
- 6) Write a BD Program Develop a Map Reduce to analyze weather data set and print whether the day is shinny or cool day.
- 7) write a BD Program Develop a Map Reduce program to find the number of products sold in each country by considering sales data containing fields like
- 8) Write a BD Program Develop a Map Reduce program to find the tags associated with each movie by analyzing movie lens data.
- 9) Write a BD Program Develop a program to calculate the maximum recorded temperature by year wise for the
- 10) Write a program to analyses weather dataset in Pig Latin
- 11) Write queries to sort and aggregate the data in a table using Hive QL.

12) Develop a Java application to find the maximum temperature using Spark.

TEXTBOOKS:

Tom White, "Hadoop: The Definitive Guide" Fourth Edition, O'reilly Media, 2015

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Glenn J. Myatt, Making Sense of Data , John Wiley & Sons, 2007 Pete Warden, Big Data Glossary, O'Reilly, 2011.

2. Michael Berthold, David J.Hand, Intelligent Data Analysis, Spingers, 2007.

3. Chris Eaton, Dirk DeRoos, Tom Deutsch, George Lapis, Paul Zikopoulos, Uderstanding Big Data : Analytics for Enterprise Class Hadoop and Streaming Data, McGrawHill Publishing, 2012.

4. AnandRajaraman and Jeffrey David UIIman, Mining of Massive Datasets Cambridge University Press, 2012.

VIDEO LINKS:



2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-miBqV6TLqY

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1:	Program -1, Program -2
2	Week 2:	Program -3, Program -4
3	Week 3:	Program -5, Program -6
4	Week 4:	Program -7
5	Week 5:	Program -8
6	Week 6:	Program -9
7	Week 7:	Program -10
8	Week 8:	Program -11
9	Week 9:	Program -12

4. Syllabus Timeline

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description				
1	Lactura Mathod	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce				
1	Lecture Method	competencies.				
2	Video/Animation	Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding of				
2	Video/Ammation	Verilog concepts.				
2	Collaborative	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application				
5	Learning	Encourage conadorative learning for improved competency application.				
4	Real-World	Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real-world				
4	Application	competencies.				
5	Flipped Class	Utilize a flipped class approach, providing materials before class to facilitate				
5	Technique	deeper understanding of competencies				
6	Laboratory Learning	Knowledge about tools related to social networks and implementation of social				
0	Laboratory Learning	network visualizations using tools such as Gephi, Cytoscape.				

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

Marks distribution for Program based Practical Course for CIE

Sl. No.	Description	% of Marks	In Marks
1	Observation, write-up, algorithm/program/execution	80% of the maximum	80
2	Viva-Voce	20% of the maximum	20
Total		100%	100

Marks scored by the student for 100 are scaled down to 50 marks.

SEE for practical Course (Irrespective of Experiment or program based):

Marks distribution for Experiment based Practical Course for Final CIE

SL. No.	Description	% of Marks	Marks
1	Write-up, Procedure	20%	20
2	Conduction and result	60%	60
3	Viva-Voce	20%	20
Total		100%	100

1. SEE marks for practical course shall be 50 marks

2. See for practical course is evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks.

3. Change of experiment/program is allowed only once and 20% marks allotted to the procedure/write-up part to be made zero.

4. Duration of SEE shall be 3 hours.

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.

2023Scheme - 5th to 6th Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)

7. L	earning Objectives	
S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Understanding Big Data Concepts	Understand the fundamental concepts of Big Data, including the definition, characteristics (Volume, Variety, Velocity, Veracity), and importance. Identify key challenges and opportunities associated with handling large-scale data.
2	Exploring Big Data Tools and Technologies	Gain practical experience with popular Big Data tools and platforms such as Hadoop, Spark, HDFS, and Map Reduce. Learn to use tools for distributed storage and processing of large datasets.
3	Distributed Computing with Hadoop and Spark	Understand the architecture of Hadoop, HDFS, and YARN. Learn how to write Map Reduce jobs and execute them in a distributed environment. Gain hands-on experience in using Apache Spark for distributed computing and real-time data processing.
4	Working with NoSQL Databases	Understand the role of NoSQL databases in Big Data environments. Gain hands-on experience with NoSQL databases such as HBase, Cassandra, or MongoDB for managing unstructured and semi-structured data.
5	Data Security and Privacy	Understand the importance of data security and privacy in Big Data environments. Learn techniques for securing data storage and processing, including encryption, access control, and compliance with data privacy regulations.
6	Project Implementation	Apply the knowledge gained in the course to design, implement, and deploy a Big Data project. Work with real-world datasets to build scalable and efficient data processing pipelines.

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes	s (COs)
Cos	Description
M23BCDL504.1	Configure Hadoop and perform File Management Tasks
M23BCDI 504 2	Apply MapReduce programs to real time issues like word count, weather dataset and sales
MI23BCDL504.2	of a company
M23BCDL504.3	Critically analyse huge data set using Hadoop distributed file systems and MapReduce
M23BCDL504.4	Evaluate different data processing tools like Pig, Hive and Spark
M23BCDL504.5	Evaluate the result and document the complete experimental process

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
M23BCDL504.1	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
M23BCDL504.2	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
M23BCDL504.3	-	3	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
M23BCDL504.4	-	3	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
M23BCDL504.5	-	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
M23BCDL504	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Program 1 to 12	5	10	10	5	20	50
Total	5	10	10	5	20	50



emester End Examination (SEE)									
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total			
Program 1 to 12	10	20	20	10	40	100			
Total	10	20	20	10	40	100			

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. Future with this Subject

• AI and Machine Learning Integration

Automated Data Analytics: Big data labs will increasingly integrate AI and ML to automate data analysis processes. These technologies will provide faster insights and enable predictive analytics for more accurate forecasting.

• **AI-Powered Data Processing**: Machine learning algorithms will streamline data pre-processing, allowing laboratories to handle unstructured data more efficiently.

• Data Privacy and Ethical Considerations

Data Governance: With increasing regulations (GDPR, CCPA), big data labs will need to focus on creating frameworks for secure data handling, ensuring compliance with privacy laws.

Ethical AI: There will be growing emphasis on using AI and big data ethically, avoiding biases in algorithms, and ensuring fairness in automated decision-making systems.

• Data Democratization

- Self-Service Data Platforms: Big data labs will empower more non-technical users by providing userfriendly platforms for data access and analysis. These platforms will reduce the dependency on data scientists.

Collaboration Tools: Enhanced collaboration platforms will allow cross-functional teams (scientists, engineers, business analysts) to work together seamlessly on data projects.

• Interdisciplinary Research

Big data labs will become hubs for interdisciplinary research, combining fields such as biology (bioinformatics), healthcare (precision medicine), finance (fintech), and more, applying data-driven techniques to solve industry-specific challenges.

• Data-as-a-Service (DaaS)

Monetizing Data: Big data laboratories will focus on turning data into a service, offering it to external organizations. DaaS models will provide analytics services, insights, and real-time data feeds.

2023Scheme - 5 th to 6 ^t	¹ Sem	Competency	Based S	yllabi for	B.E in	CS(DS)
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51	h Somestor	Professional Elective -I (PE)	M22DCD505A		
5	Semester	NOSQL	MIZ5DCD505A		
1.	Prerequisites				
S/L	Proficienc	Prerequisites			
1	Basic Databa Concepts	Relational Databases: Understanding relational database fundametabaseSQL, normalization, and the concept of tables, schemas, and relationsptsData Modeling: Basic knowledge of entity-relationship diagrams (ERdesign principles.			
2	2 SQL Knowledge SQL Basics: Proficiency in writing SQL queries, including SELECT UPDATE, DELETE, and JOIN operations. Advanced SQL: Understanding complex queries, transactions, indexing, a				
3	Programmi Fundament	Programming Skills: Experience with programming languages often used wit NoSQL databases, such as Java, Python, or JavaScript. Familiarity with using thes languages to interact with databases via APIs or libraries.			
4	Understandin Distributed Systems	Basic Concepts: Knowledge of distributed system replication, consistency, partitioning, and fault tolera	stems concepts, including nce.	data	
5	Introduction NoSQL	to Types of NoSQL Databases: Familiarity with different including document stores, key-value stores, con- databases. Use Cases: Understanding scenarios where NoSM compared to traditional SQL databases.	erent types of NoSQL datab lumn-family stores, and g QL databases are advantag	ases, graph geous	
6	NoSQL Data Systems	Document Stores:Knowledge of systems like Mon how to model data, perform CRUD operations, and u Key-Value Stores:Understanding databases like Re	ngoDB and Couch DB, inclu se query languages. dis	ıding	

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1	Introduction	Knowledge:Understanding of relational databases and their valueConcepts of persistent data and concurrency in database systemsFamiliarity with the standard model of relational databasesSkills:Ability to design and implement relational database schemasSkill in managing persistent data and handling concurrencyProficiency in working with various NoSQL database typesAbility to model data using aggregate-oriented approachesSkill in designing and implementing key-value and document storesAttitudes:Open-mindedness towards different database paradigmsCritical thinking about the pros and cons of relational vs. NoSQL databases
2	Distribution Models	Knowledge:Understanding of various database distribution modelsFamiliarity with consistency models and trade-offsGrasp of the CAP theorem and its implicationsSkills:Ability to design and implement distributed database systemsCapacity to choose appropriate distribution models based on system requirementsAttitudes:Analytical approach to system design and problem-solvingWillingness to balance trade-offs between consistency, availability, and partitiontolerance
3	Map-Reduce,	Knowledge: Map-Reduce paradigm and its basic concepts

		Partitioning and combining data in Map-Reduce
		Multi-stage Map-Reduce processes
		Skills:
		Implementing Map-Reduce algorithms
		Designing efficient data partitioning strategies
		Composing complex Map-Reduce calculations
		Attitudes:
		Analytical thinking for problem decomposition
		Openness to distributed computing paradigms
		Knowledge:
		Definition of document databases
		Key features of document databases
		Consistency models in document databases
		Skills:
		Designing and implementing document database schemas
	Document	Writing and optimizing queries for document databases
4	Dotabases	Attitudes:
	Databases	Flexibility: Embrace the schema-less nature of document databases
		Scalability-oriented: Focus on designing systems that can grow easily
		Performance-driven: Strive to optimize query performance and data access patterns
		Data model adaptability: Be open to evolving data structures as application needs
		change
		Trade-off awareness: Understand the balance between consistency, availability, and
		partition tolerance (CAP theorem)
		Knowledge:
		Understanding of graph database concepts and structure
		Familiarity with graph theory and its applications
		Skills:
5	Graph Database	Ability to design and implement graph database schemas
5	Gruph Duubuse	Proficiency in writing complex queries for graph databases
		Skill in optimizing graph database performance
		Attitudes:
		Curiosity about graph theory and its practical applications
		Openness to learning new query languages and database paradigms

3. Syllabus

NOSQL							
SEMESTER – V							
Course Code	M23BCD505A	CIE Marks	50				
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(3:0:0:0)	SEE Marks	50				
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40 hours Theory	Total Marks	100				
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03				

Course Objectives:

- Describe the four types of NoSQL Databases, the Document-oriented, Key Value CLO
- Pairs, Column-oriented and Graph databases useful for diverse applications. CLO
- Apply performance tuning on Column-oriented NoSQL databases and Document-oriented NoSQL Databases.
- Relate the usage of processor, memory, storage, and file system commands in the architectures of column-oriented NoSQL databases, document databases, and graph databases.
- Evaluate several applications for location based service and recommendation services. Devise an application using the components of NoSQL

Module -1

Why NoSQL? The Value of Relational Databases, Getting at Persistent Data, Concurrency, Integration, A (Mostly) Standard Model, Impedance Mismatch, Application and Integration Databases, Attack of the Clusters, The Emergence of NoSQL, Aggregate Data Models; Aggregates, Example of Relations and



Aggregates, Consequences of Aggregate Orientation, Key-Value and Document Data Models, Column-Family Stores, Summarizing Aggregate Oriented Databases. More Details on Data Models; Relationships, Graph Databases, Schema less Databases, Materialized Views, Modelling for Data Access. Chapter 1,2,3

Module -2

Distribution Models; Single Server, Sharding, Master-Slave Replication, Peer-to-Peer Replication, Combining Sharding and Replication Consistency, Update Consistency, Read Consistency, Relaxing Consistency, The CAP Theorem, Relaxing Durability, Quorums. Version Stamps, Business and System Transactions, Version Stamps on Multiple Nodes

Chapter 4,5,6

Module -3

Map-Reduce, Basic Map-Reduce, Partitioning and Combining, Composing Map-Reduce Calculations, A Two Stage Map-Reduce Example, Incremental Map-Reduce Key-Value Databases, What Is a Key-Value Store, Key-Value Store Features, Consistency, Transactions, Query Features, Structure of Data, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Storing Session Information, User Profiles, Preference, Shopping Cart Data, When Not to Use, Relationships among Data, Multi operation Transactions, Query by Data, Operations by Sets. Chapter 7,8

Module -4

Document Databases, What Is a Document Database?, Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Event Logging, Content Management Systems, Blogging Platforms, Web Analytics or Real-Time Analytics, E- Commerce Applications, When Not to Use, Complex Transactions Spanning Different Operations, Queries against Varying Aggregate Structure Chapter 9

Module -5

Graph Databases, What Is a Graph Database?, Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Connected Data, Routing, Dispatch, and Location-Based Services, Recommendation Engines, When Not to Use.

Chapter 11

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Sadalage, P. & Fowler, NoSQL Distilled: A Brief Guide to the Emerging World of Polyglot Persistence, Pearson Addision Wesley, 2012

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Dan Sullivan, "NoSQL For Mere Mortals", 1st Edition, Pearson Education India, 2015. (ISBN- 13: 978-9332557338)

2. Dan McCreary and Ann Kelly, "Making Sense of NoSQL: A guide for Managers and the Rest of us", 1st Edition, Manning Publication/Dreamtech Press, 2013. (ISBN-13: 978-9351192022)

3. Kristina Chodorow, "Mongodb: The Definitive Guide- Powerful and Scalable Data Storage", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Publications, 2013. (ISBN-13: 978-9351102694)

VIDEO LINKS:

1. https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/introduction-to-nosql/ (and related links in the page)

2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0buKQHokLK8 (How do NoSQL databases work? Simply explained) 3. https://www.techtarget.com/searchdatamanagement/definition/NoSQL-Not-Only-SQL (What is NoSQL and How do NoSQL databases work)

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
		Why NoSQL? The Value of Relational Databases, Getting at Persistent Data,
		Concurrency, Integration, A (Mostly) Standard Model, Impedance Mismatch,
1	Week 1-3:	Application and Integration Databases, Attack of the Clusters, The Emergence of
1	Introduction	NoSQL, Aggregate Data Models; Aggregates, Example of Relations and Aggregates,
		Consequences of Aggregate Orientation, Key-Value and Document Data Models,
		Column-Family Stores, Summarizing AggregateOriented Databases.

4. Syllabus Timeline

2023Scheme - 5 th to 6 th	¹ Sem	Competency	Based Syllabi	for B.E in	CS(DS)
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2	Week 4-6: Distribution Model	Distribution Models; Single Server, Sharding, Master-Slave Replication, Peer-to-Peer Replication, Combining Sharding and Replication Consistency, Update Consistency, Read Consistency, Relaxing Consistency, The CAP Theorem, Relaxing Durability, Quorums. Version Stamps, Business and System Transactions, Version Stamps on Multiple Nodes
3	Week 8-11: Map Reduce	Map-Reduce, Basic Map-Reduce, Partitioning and Combining, Composing Map- Reduce Calculations, A Two Stage Map-Reduce Example, Incremental Map-Reduce Key-Value Databases, What Is a Key-Value Store, Key-Value Store Features, Consistency, Transactions, Query Features, Structure of Data, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Storing Session Information, User Profiles, Preference, Shopping Cart Data, When Not to Use, Relationships among Data, Multi operation Transactions, Query by Data, Operations by Set
4	Week 7-8: Document Database	Document Databases, What Is a Document Database?, Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Event Logging, Content Management Systems, Blogging Platforms, Web Analytics or Real- Time Analytics, E- Commerce Applications, When Not to Use, Complex Transactions Spanning Different Operations, Queries against Varying Aggregate Structure
5	Week 9-12: Graph Database	Graph Databases, What Is a Graph Database? Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Connected Data, Routing, Dispatch, and Location-Based Services, Recommendation Engines, When Not to Use.

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description							
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce							
		competencies.							
2	Video/Animation	Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding							
2	Collaborative	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.							
3	Learning								
4	Real-World	Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real-world							
4	competencies.								
5	Flipped Class	Utilize a flipped class approach, providing materials before class to facilitate							
	Technique	deeper understanding of competencies							

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

C<u>IE Split up</u>

	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	Total N	50	20		

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the average of the 2 test marks conducted. **Semester End Examination:**

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 question from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks

2023Scheme - 5th to 6th Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)

7.	Learning Objectives									
S/L	Learning Objectives	Learning Description								
		Why NoSQL? The Value of Relational Databases, Getting at Persistent Data,								
1	Introduction	Concurrency, Integration, A (Mostly) Standard Model, Impedance Mismatch,								
		Application and Integration Databases								
2	Distribution Model	Distribution Models; Single Server, Sharding, Master-Slave Replication, Peer-to-								
2	Distribution Model	Peer Replication, Combining Sharding and Replication.								
		Map-Reduce, Basic Map-Reduce, Partitioning and Combining, Composing Map-								
3	Map Reduce	Reduce Calculations, A Two Stage Map-Reduce Example, Incremental Map-								
		Reduce								
4	Do our ont DD	Document Databases, What Is a Document Database?, Features, Consistency,								
4	Document DB	Transactions, Availability, Query Features,								
5	Graph DP	Graph Databases, What Is a Graph Database?, Features, Consistency,								
2	Graph DB	Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases,								

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs Course Outcomes (COs)

Cos Apply Architectural Knowledge of

	Apply Architectural Knowledge of Column Oriented NoSQL Databases, Document						
M23BCD505A.1	databases, and Graph databases to develop and optimize data storage and retrieval solutions						
	tailored to specific use cases and performance needs.						
	Analyse distribution models, MapReduce techniques, and key-value databases, focusing on						
M23BCD505A.2	sharding, replication, consistency issues, efficient data processing, and use cases for						
	managing session and user data.						
M23BCD505A 3	Analyse the features and use cases of document databases, including their consistency,						
WIZJDCD505A.J	transactions, and scalability						
M22DCD505A 4	Evaluate applications for location-based services and recommendation services, focusing on						
W125DCD505A.4	the use of NoSQL components and graph database understanding.						

Description

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
M23BCD505A.1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
M23BCD505A.2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
M23BCD505A.3	-	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
M23BCD505A.4	-	3	-	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
M23BCD505A	3	3	-	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

9. Assessment Plan

Module 2

	Cont	inuous Internal	Evaluation (C	IE)	
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
Module 1	10				10
Module 2		10			10
Module 3			10		10
Module 4				10	10
Module 5				10	10
Total	10	10	10	20	50
	Ser	nester End Exa	mination (SEE	<u>(</u>)	
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
Module 1	20				20

20

20



2023Scheme - 5th to 6th Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)

Module 3			20		20
Module 4				20	20
Module 5				20	20
Total	20	20	20	40	100

10. Future with this Subject:

- Emerging Trends and Technologies:
- Analyze emerging NoSQL database technologies and trends, such as advancements in multi-model databases, hybrid solutions, and integration with modern cloud-native applications.
- Scalability and Performance:
- Understand how NoSQL databases will continue to evolve to address challenges related to scalability, performance, and real-time processing, including innovations in distributed architectures and query optimization.
- Integration with Big Data and AI:
- Examine how NoSQL databases will integrate with big data platforms and artificial intelligence (AI) tools, enhancing capabilities for data analytics, machine learning, and real-time decision-making.
- Data Privacy and Security:
- Investigate future developments in data privacy and security within NoSQL databases, focusing on emerging techniques for data protection, compliance with regulations, and managing sensitive information.

• Industry Applications and Opportunities:

• Explore the expanding role of NoSQL databases in various industries, including e-commerce, social media, healthcare, and finance, and identify new career opportunities and use cases driven by advancements in NoSQL technology.



5th SemesterProfessional Elective-I (PE)
CLOUD COMPUTINGM23BCS505B

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites					
1	Programming Fundamentals	Students should have a solid understanding of programming concepts, particularly in Python, as it is widely used in data science for data manipulation, analysis, and machine learning. Knowledge of data structures (e.g., lists, dictionaries) and control structures (e.g., loops, conditionals) is essential.					
2	Mathematics:	Understanding of solving linear and quadratic equations Proficiency in differential and integral calculus, including applications. Familiarity with geometric shapes, angles, trigonometric functions, and their properties.					
	Computer	Computer Networks, Network Security					
3	Networks and Security	Understanding of network protocols, TCP/IP, DNS, and basic network configurations. Information Security, Cryptography					
4	Operating Systems	Operating Systems, Systems Programming. Knowledge of process management, memory management, file systems, and system calls.					
5	Fundamentals of Probability	Knowledge of probability theory, including conditional probability, Bayes' theorem, and probability distributions, is essential. This will help students understand the statistical underpinnings of many data science algorithms, such as Naive Bayes					

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1	Introduction to cloud computing	 Knowledge: Understanding the definition, scope, and significance of Cloud computing. Awareness of the Historical Developments, Building Cloud Computing Environments, Amazon Web Services (AWS), Google App Engine. Skills: Ability to articulate the role and impact of Cloud in various industries. Skill in identifying the different components of the Cloud workflow. Attitudes: Curiosity about the evolving field of Cloud and its applications. Appreciation for the interdisciplinary nature of Cloud, integrating statistics, mathematics, and domain knowledge.
2	Virtualization	 Knowledge: Understanding the Cloud computing that enables the creation and management of virtual instances of physical resources, such as servers, storage, and networks. Skills: Problem-solving and project management capabilities . Attitudes: The right mindset can significantly impact how effectively one can implement, manage, and optimize virtualized environments
3	Cloud Computing Architecture	 Knowledge: Understanding the Detailed overview of the knowledge components related to cloud computing architecture ub-components required for cloud computing. These components typically consist of a front-end platform (client or device), back-end platforms (servers, storage), a cloud-based delivery, and a network (usually the internet). Skills: Blend of technical skills, strategic thinking, and an understanding of the underlying principles and best practices, Cloud Service Model Expertise, Virtualization and Networking Attitudes: Play a crucial role in the effective design, implementation, and management of cloud computing architecture.
4	Cloud Platforms	Knowledge:



	in Industry	Understanding of Compute services, Storage services, Communication services,								
	-	Additional services. Google Architecture and core concepts, Application life cycle.								
		Skills:								
		Edge Computing, Architectural Design, Data Management and Analytics and								
		Troubleshooting and Support								
		Attitudes:								
		Attention to detail in cloud platforms								
		Knowledge: Competency-based knowledge for cloud applications typically								
		encompasses a variety of skills across multiple domains, including infrastructure,								
		development.								
	Cloud	Skills:								
5	Applications	Cloud applications are focused on technical proficiency, problem-solving, and the								
		ability to leverage cloud platforms to create, deploy, and manage applications								
		efficiently.								
		Attitudes:								
		Attention to detail in cloud Application.								

3. Syllabus

CLOUD COMPUTING								
SEMESTER – V								
Course Code	M23BCS505B	CIE Marks	50					
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(3:0:0:0)	SEE Marks	50					
Total Number of Lecture Hours40 HoursTotal Marks100								
Credits 03 Exam Hours 03								

Course Objectives:

1. Compare cloud computing environment utilized for real time applications.

2. Identify various models of cloud computing.

3. Analyze how to design cloud native applications.

4. Examine the importance of Cloud Virtualization Technologies.

Module -1

Introduction ,Cloud Computing at a Glance, Historical Developments, Building Cloud Computing Environments, Amazon Web Services (AWS), Google App Engine, Microsoft Azure, Hadoop, Force.com and Salesforce.com, Manjrasoft Aneka

Textbook 1: Chapter 1: 1.1,1.2 and 1.3

Module -2

Virtualization: Introduction, Characteristics of Virtualized, Environments Taxonomy of Virtualization Techniques, Execution Virtualization, Other Types of Virtualization, Virtualization and Cloud Computing, Pros and Cons of Virtualization, Technology Examples.

Textbook 1 : Chapter 3: 3.1 to 3.6

Module -3

Cloud Computing Architecture: Introduction, Cloud Reference Model, Types of Clouds, Economics of the Cloud, Open Challenges.

Module -4

Textbook 1: Chapter 4: 4.1 to 4.5

Cloud Platforms in Industry

Amazon web services: - Compute services, Storage services, Communication services, Additional services. Google AppEngine: - Architecture and core concepts, Application life cycle, Cost model, Observations. **Textbook 1: Chapter 9: 9.1 to 9.2**

Module -5

Cloud Applications

Scientific applications: - HealthCare: ECG analysis in the cloud, Biology: gene expression data analysis for cancer diagnosis, Geoscience: satellite image processing. Business and consumer applications: CRM and ERP, Social networking, media applications.

Textbook 1: Chapter 10: 10.1 to 10.2

Textbooks

1. Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, and Thamrai Selvi Mastering Cloud Computing McGraw Hill Education. 2. Toby Velte, Anthony Velte, Cloud Computing: A Practical Approach, McGraw-Hill Osborne Media.

Reference Books



1. Borko Furht. Armando Escalante, "Handbook of Cloud Computing", Springer

2. George Reese, Cloud Application Architectures: Building Applications and Infrastructure in the Cloud, O'Reilly Publication.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1N3oqYhzHv4 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RWgW-CgdIk0

	4. Syllabus Timelin	e						
S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description						
1	Week 1-3:	Introduction ,Cloud Computing at a Glance, Historical Developments, Building Cloud Computing Environments, Amazon Web Services (AWS), Google AppEngine, Microsoft Azure, Hadoop, Force.com and Salesforce.com						
2	Week 4-6:	Virtualization: Introduction, Characteristics of Virtualized, Environments Taxonomy of Virtualization Techniques, Execution Virtualization, Other Types of Virtualization, Virtualization and Cloud Computing, Pros and Cons of Virtualization						
3	Week 8-11:	Cloud Computing Architecture: Introduction, Cloud Reference Model, Types of Clouds, Economics of the Cloud, Open Challenges						
4	Week 7-8:	Cloud Platforms in Industry Amazon web services: - Compute services, Storage services, Communication services, Additional services. Google AppEngine: - Architecture and core concepts, Application life cycle, Cost model.						
5	Week 9-12:	Cloud Applications Scientific applications: - HealthCare: ECG analysis in the cloud, Biology: gene expression data analysis for cancer diagnosis, Geoscience: satellite image processing. Business and consumer applications: CRM and ERP, Social networking, media applications.						

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description							
	Lectures and	Provide clear, concise explanations of key concepts, theories, and algorithms in							
1	Interactive	each module. Use visual aids, such as slides and diagrams, to enhance							
	Discussions	understanding.							
2	Case Studies and Real- World Applications	Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding the concepts. Incorporate case studies like the Real Direct example in Week 4 to demonstrate the application of data science concepts in real-world scenarios. This helps students see the relevance of what they are learning.							
3	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.							
4	Project-Based	Organize students into small groups to discuss complex topics, such as the ethical							
4	Learning	implications of data science							
5	Lectures and	Provide clear, concise explanations of key concepts, theories, and algorithms in							
	Interactive	each module. Use visual aids, such as slides and diagrams, to enhance							
	Discussions	understanding.							

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) Continuous Internal Evaluation:

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

CIE Split up

	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalM	50	20		

FinalCIE Marks =(A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the average of the 2 test marks conducted.



Semester End Examination:

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 question from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks

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S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Introduction to Cloud Computing	Students will be able to define cloud computing and explain its significance in the context Cloud Computing Environments.
2	Virtualization	Students will be able to know the Characteristics of Virtualized, Environments Taxonomy of Virtualization Techniques, Execution Virtualization, Other Types of Virtualization.
3	Cloud Computing Architecture:	Cloud Reference Model, Types of Clouds, Economics of the Cloud, Open Challenges.
4	Cloud Platforms in Industry	Amazon web services: - Compute services, Storage services, Communication services, Additional services. Google AppEngine: - Architecture and core concepts, Application life cycle, Cost model
5	Cloud Applications	Students will be able know cloud application like Health ECG analysis in the cloud, and gene expression data analysis for cancer diagnosis.

7. Learning Objectives

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs Course Outcomes (COs)

Cos	Description
M23BCS505B.1	Compare cloud computing environment utilized for real time applications.
M23BCS505B.2	Identify various models of cloud computing.
M23BCS505B.3	Analyze how to design cloud native applications.
M23BCS505B.4	Examine the importance of Cloud Virtualization Technologies.

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
M23BCS505B.1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
M23BCS505B.2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
M23BCS505B.3	3	3	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3
M23BCS505B.4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
M23BCS505B	3	3		3		3						3	3	3

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

				/	
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
Module 1	10				10
Module 2		10			10
Module 3			10		10
Module 4				10	10
Module 5				10	10
Total	10	10	10	20	50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
Module 1	20				20
Module 2		20			20
Module 3			20		20
Module 4				20	20
Module 5				20	20
Total	20	20	20	20	100



10. Future with this Subject:

- Serverless Architectures: Simplifying application deployment and scaling by abstracting server management. This includes further advancements in Function as a Service (FaaS) and Backend as a Service (BaaS).
- Edge Computing: Expanding cloud capabilities to the edge of the network to reduce latency and improve performance, particularly for IoT and real-time applications.
- Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning: Integrating AI and ML with cloud services to enable more intelligent automation, enhanced analytics, and better decision-making capabilities
- Security and Privacy: Advancing encryption, identity management, and threat detection to address growing concerns about data protection and compliance in cloud environments.
- Quantum Computing: Exploring how quantum computing can be integrated into cloud platforms to tackle complex problems beyond the capabilities of classical computers.
- Advanced Networking: Developing new networking technologies and protocols to support the growing demands of cloud computing, including better support for high-speed data transfer and network slice


5 th Semester	Professional Elective-I (PE) DATA WAREHOUSING	M23BCD505C

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites			
1	Basic Understanding of Database Management Systems (DBMS)	Students should be familiar with fundamental concepts of databases, including relational databases, SQL, and basic database operations.			
2	Familiarity with Data Management Concepts:	A foundational understanding of business processes, decision-makin needs, and how data supports business strategies will help in graspin the importance of data warehouses.			
3	Knowledge of Business Processes and Decision-Making:	A foundational understanding of business processes, decision-making needs, and how data supports business strategies will help in grasping the importance of data warehouses			
4	Experience with Data Analysis Tools:	Students should have experience using data analysis tools such as spreadsheets, basic data visualization software, or simple query tools			
5	Basic Programming Skills:	Knowledge of a programming language (e.g., Python, SQL) will be beneficial, especially for understanding ETL processes and data transformation techniques.			
6	Understanding of Information Systems Architecture:	Familiarity with the general architecture of information systems, including hardware, software, and network components, will help in comprehending the infrastructure aspects of data warehousing.			

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1	Strategic Understanding of Data Warehousing	 Knowledge: Understand the differences between operational and decision-support systems, and grasp the fundamental components and architecture of data warehouses and data marts. Ability to articulate the necessity of data warehousing for strategic information and describe the building blocks and architectural types of data warehouses. Skills: Analyze and evaluate the reasons for the failure of past decision-support systems and justify the adoption of data warehousing as a solution. Proficiency in evaluating existing systems, identifying gaps, and proposing data warehousing as a viable alternative. Attitudes: Develop a proactive mindset towards embracing data warehousing as a critical tool for strategic decision-making. A commitment to leveraging data warehousing to enhance organizational decision-support systems.
2	Effective Project Management for Data Warehousing	 Knowledge: Understand the key phases in planning and managing a data warehouse project, including defining business requirements, dimensional analysis, and architectural planning. Ability to explain the steps involved in data warehouse project management and the roles of various project team members. Skills: Develop the ability to lead a data warehouse project, manage teams, and ensure that the project meets its objectives within the defined scope and timeline. Capability to create project plans, manage project phases, and guide a team through the development and implementation of a data warehouse.

		Attitudase
		Attitudes:
		Foster a results-driven attitude towards data warehouse project management, with an
		emphasis on meeting business requirements and delivering value.
		A focus on achieving project goals efficiently while maintaining a commitment to
		quality and stakeholder satisfaction.
		Knowledge:
		Acquire in-depth knowledge of the various architectural components and infrastructure
		that support a data warehouse, including hardware, software, and metadata.
		Ability to describe the technical architecture and components of a data warehouse and
		explain the role of infrastructure in supporting data warehouse operations.
	Mastery of Data	Skills:
	Warehouse	Develop the technical skills to design and implement a data warehouse architecture that
3	Architecture	meets organizational needs.
	and	Proficiency in selecting appropriate infrastructure components, configuring technical
	Infrastructure	architecture, and ensuring seamless data warehouse operations.
		Attitudes:
		Cultivate an appreciation for the importance of a solid infrastructure foundation in data
		warehousing.
		A commitment to investing in and maintaining the necessary infrastructure to support
		the long-term success of a data warehouse.
		Knowledge:
	Advanced Dimensional Modeling and ETL Process	Understand the principles of dimensional modeling, including star and snowflake
		schemas, and the steps involved in the ETL (Extraction, Transformation, and Loading)
		process.
		Ability to explain the benefits of dimensional modeling and the role of ETL in data
		warehousing.
		Skills:
4		Gain proficiency in designing dimensional models, implementing ETL processes, and
•		using ETL tools to manage data flow within the warehouse.
	Management	Ability to create effective star and snowflake schemas, execute ETL processes, and
	Thungement	ensure data accuracy and consistency.
		Attitudes:
		Develop a detail-oriented approach to ensuring data quality through meticulous
		modeling and ETL processes.
		A focus on maintaining high standards in data processing to deliver accurate and
		reliable information.
		Knowledge:
		Understand the critical importance of data quality in data warehousing, including
		challenges, tools, and initiatives, as well as the role of OLAP and web-enabled data
		warehouses in information delivery.
		Ability to identify data quality challenges and implement tools and strategies to address
	Ensuring Data	them.
	Quality and	Skills:
5	Effective	Develop the ability to implement data quality initiatives, manage master data, and
	Information	deliver information tailored to different user classes through OLAP and web-enabled
	Delivery	systems.
		Capability to ensure data accuracy, manage data quality tools, and facilitate effective
		information delivery through various platforms.
		Attitudes:
		Foster a commitment to maintaining high data quality standards and ensuring user
		satisfaction through effective information delivery.



A proactive attitude towards continuous improvement in data quality and user-focused information delivery.

3. Syllabus

DATA WAREHOUSING SEMESTER – V							
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(3:0:0)	SEE Marks	50				
Total Number of Lecture Hours	42 hours Theory	Total Marks	100				
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03				

Course Objectives:

- 1. Assess the need for data warehousing in modern business environments.
- 2. Analyze the planning a data warehouse based on business requirements
- 3. Identify and describe the key architectural components of a data warehouse.
- 4. Examine various data modeling approaches applicable in data warehousing.
- 5. Analyze OLAP operations and use them effectively to improve data quality

Module -1

Escalating Need for Strategic Information, Failures Of Past Decision-Support Systems, Operational Versus Decision-Support Systems, Data warehousing—The Only Viable Solution, Data Warehouse Defined.

Data Warehouse: The Building Blocks: Defining Features, Data Warehouses and Data Marts, Architectural Types, Components: Source Data Component, Data Staging Component, Data Storage Component, Information Delivery Component, Metadata Component, Management and Control Component.

Text Book: Chapter 1, 2

Module -2

Planning And Project Management: Planning Your Data Warehouse, The Data Warehouse Project, The Development Phases, The Project Team, Project Management Considerations.

Defining The Business Requirements: Dimensional Analysis, Information Packages:

Requirements Not Fully Determinate, Business Dimensions, Dimension Hierarchies and Categories, Key Business Metrics Or Facts, Requirements Gathering Methods, Data Sources, Data Transformation, Data Storage, Information Delivery.

Requirements As The Driving Force For Data warehousing: Data Design, The Architectural Plan, Data Storage Specifications, Information Delivery Strategy.

Text Book: Chapter 4, 5,6

Module -3

Architectural Components: Understanding Data Warehouse Architecture, Distinguishing Characteristics, Architectural Framework, Technical Architecture, Architectural Types.

Infrastructure As The Foundation For Data warehousing: Infrastructure Supporting Architecture, Hardware And Operating Systems, Database Software, Collection Of Tools, Data Warehouse Appliances.

The Significant Role Of Metadata: Why Metadata Is Important, Metadata Types By Functional Areas, Business Metadata, Technical Metadata, How To Provide Metadata.

Text Book: Chapter 7,8,9

Module -4

Principles Of Dimensional Modelling : From Requirements To Data Design , The Star Schema , Star Schema Keys , Advantages Of The Star Schema , Star Schema: Examples , Dimensional Modelling: Advanced Topics : The Snowflake Schema , Aggregate Fact Tables , Families Of Stars .

Data Extraction, Transformation, And Loading: ETL Overview, ETL Requirements And Steps, Data Extraction, Data Transformation, Data Loading, ETL Tool Options Reemphasizing ETL Metadata. **Text Book: Chapter 10,11,12**

Module -5

OLAP In the Data Warehouse: Demand for Online Analytical Processing, Major Features And Functions,

OLAP Models, OLAP Implementation Considerations.

Data Warehousing And the Web: Web-Enabled Data Warehouse, Web-Based Information Delivery, OLAP And The Web, Building A Web-Enabled Data Warehouse.

Text Book: Chapter: 15,16

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Data Warehousing Fundamentals for IT Professionals, Second Edition, PAULRAJ PONNIAH, Wiley 2010.
- 2. Building the Data Warehouse (4th Edition) William H. In mon Wiley

VIDEO LINKS:

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m-aKj5ovDfg</u>
- 2. <u>https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/cec19_cs01/preview</u>
- 3. <u>http://nptel.ac.in/video.php?subjectId=106106093</u>
- 4. <u>http://textofvideo.nptel.iitm.ac.in/video.php?courseId=106106093&p=4</u>

S/L **Syllabus Timeline** Description Escalating Need for Strategic Information, Failures of Past Decision-Support Systems, Operational Versus Decision-Support Systems, Data Warehousing-Week 1-3: Escalating Need for The Only Viable Solution, Data Warehouse Defined, Data Warehouse: The 1 Strategic Information & Building Blocks, Defining Features, Data Warehouses and Data Marts, Data Warehouse Architectural Types, Components: Source Data, Data Staging, Data Storage, Information Delivery, Metadata, Management, and Control Planning Your Data Warehouse, The Data Warehouse Project, The Development Week 4-6: Phases, The Project Team, Project Management Considerations Dimensional Planning and Project Analysis, Information Packages, Business Dimensions, Dimension Hierarchies, 2 Management, Defining and Categories, Key Business Metrics or Facts, Requirements Gathering the Business Methods Data Design, The Architectural Plan, Data Storage Specifications, Requirements Information Delivery Strategy. Understanding Data Warehouse Architecture, Distinguishing Characteristics, Week 7-9: Architectural Architectural Framework, Technical Architecture, Architectural Types, Infrastructure Supporting Architecture, Hardware and Operating Systems, Components, 3 Database Software, Collection of Tools, Data Warehouse Appliances, Why Infrastructure as the Foundation for Data Metadata Is Important, Metadata Types by Functional Areas, Business Metadata, Warehousing Technical Metadata, How to Provide Metadata. Week 10-12: Principles of From Requirements to Data Design, The Star Schema, Star Schema Keys, Dimensional Advantages of the Star Schema, Star Schema: Examples, The Snowflake 4 Modelling, Data Schema, Aggregate Fact Tables, Families of Stars, ETL Overview, ETL Extraction, Requirements and Steps, Data Extraction, Data Transformation, Data Loading, Transformation, and ETL Tool Options, Reemphasizing ETL Metadata. Loading (ETL) Why Is Data Quality Critical?, Data Quality Challenges, Data Quality Tools, Data Quality Initiative, Master Data Management (MDM), Information from the Data Warehouse, Who Will Use the Information?, Demand for Online Week 13-15: 5 Data Quality, OLAP in Analytical Processing, Major Features and Functions, OLAP Models, OLAP the Data Warehouse Implementation Considerations, Web-Enabled Data Warehouse, Web-Based Information Delivery, OLAP and the Web, Building a Web-Enabled Data Warehouse.

4. Syllabus Timeline

2023Scheme - 5th to 6th Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)

	5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies						
S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description					
1	Lectures with Interactive Q&A Sessions	Follow up with interactive Q&A sessions to reinforce understanding and clarify doubts. This strategy will be particularly effective in introducing new topics, such as the "Escalating Need for Strategic Information" or "Understanding Data Warehouse Architecture."					
2	Case Studies and Real- World Examples	Integrate case studies and real-world examples to connect theoretical concepts with practical applications. This will help students understand the relevance and application of topics .					
3	Hands-On Workshops and Labs	Provide hands-on experience through workshops or lab sessions, where students can work on practical tasks such as "Dimensional Modelling," "Data Extraction, Transformation, and Loading (ETL)," and "Building a Web-Enabled Data Warehouse."					
4	Group Projects and Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning through group projects where students work together to solve complex problems or develop parts of a data warehouse system. This strategy promotes teamwork and peer learning.					
5	Flipped Classroom Approach	In a flipped classroom, students are provided with pre-recorded lectures or reading materials before class. Classroom time is then used for discussions, problem-solving, and applying concepts. This approach encourages active learning and better comprehension.					
6	Assessments and Feedback	Regular assessments, including quizzes, assignments, and peer evaluations, should be conducted to gauge student understanding. Timely feedback helps students identify areas of improvement and solidify their learning.					

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

CIE Split up

	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	ssignments/Quiz/Activity (B) 2 50%			10
	Total N	50	20		

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the average of the 2 test marks conducted.

Semester End Examination:

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 question from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks

	7. Learning Object	
S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
	Analyze the Need	Understand the importance of strategic information in modern organizations
	Thatyze the riced	Cherstand the importance of strategic information in modern organizations.
1	for Strategic	Evaluate the limitations and failures of past decision-support systems.
	Information and	Compare and contrast operational systems with decision-support systems, identifying
	Data Warehousing	data warehousing as the most viable solution.
	Design and Plan a	Develop comprehensive project plans for data warehouse implementation, including
2	Design and Plan a	key phases, team roles, and project management considerations.
	Data warehouse	Define business requirements through dimensional analysis, information packages,

2023Scheme - 5th to 6th Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)

		and identify key metrics and facts necessary for data warehousing.
		Create architectural plans that align with business requirements, focusing on data
		design, storage specifications, and information delivery strategies.
		Identify and explain the key architectural components of a data warehouse, including
	Understand and	their distinguishing characteristics and types.
	Implement Data	Assess the infrastructure requirements, including hardware, operating systems, and
3	Warehouse	database software, needed to support data warehouse architecture.
	Architecture	Understand the role and significance of metadata in data warehousing, and implement
		strategies for providing and managing metadata.
		Transition from business requirements to data design, utilizing the star schema and its
4	Apply Principles of Dimensional Modelling	variations to organize data effectively.
		Explore advanced dimensional modelling techniques, including snowflake schemas,
		aggregate fact tables, and families of stars.
		Implement ETL (Extract, Transform, Load) processes, ensuring the accurate
		transformation and loading of data, with a focus on metadata management.
		Recognize the critical importance of data quality in the success of a data warehouse,
	F D (and identify common challenges and tools for maintaining high-quality data.
~	Ensure Data	Implement a data quality initiative and master data management (MDM) strategies to
2	Quality and	ensure consistent and reliable data across the organization.
	Management	Match information delivery from the data warehouse to the needs of different user
		classes, ensuring that data is accessible and relevant to stakeholders.
		Understand the demand for Online Analytical Processing (OLAP) and its major
		features, functions, and implementation considerations within a data warehouse.
6	Leverage OLAP	Design and build web-enabled data warehouses that facilitate web-based information
0	and web-Enabled	delivery and integration with OLAP tools.
	Data warehousing	Explore the potential of web-based data warehousing to enhance information
		accessibility and analytical capabilities across an organization.

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs Course Outcomes (COs)

Course Outcomes						
COs	Description					
M22DCD505C 1	Apply the principles of data warehousing by designing and implementing its core					
W125BCD505C.1	components to meet strategic information needs.					
M23BCD505C.2	Develop t a Data Warehouse Project Blueprint.					
M22DCD505C 2	Analyse data warehouse architecture, infrastructure, metadata, and dimensional modeling					
W125DCD505C.5	techniques, including ETL processes.					
M23BCD505C.4	Inference the importance of data quality and master data management in data warehousing.					

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
M23BCD505C.1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
M23BCD505C.2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
M23BCD505C.3	-	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
M23BCD505C.4	-	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
M23BCD505C	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3



9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
Module 1	10				10
Module 2		10			10
Module 3			10		10
Module 4			10		10
Module 5				10	10
Total	10	10	20	10	50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
Module 1	20				20
Module 2		20			20
Module 3			20		20
Module 4				20	20
Module 5					20
Total	20	20	20	20	100

10. Future with this Subject:

- Introduction to Data Warehousing: The future will see more advanced decision-support systems powered by AI and machine learning, making the analysis of historical data and the prediction of trends more sophisticated and accurate.
- Planning, Project Management, and Business Requirements: Future professionals will need to be skilled in agile project management and capable of rapidly adapting data warehousing projects to meet changing business needs. The ability to gather, analyze, and implement business requirements quickly and effectively will be a key skill.

Architectural Components and Metadata: Data warehouse architectures will increasingly leverage cloud-native technologies, micro services, and server less computing to offer greater scalability, flexibility, and cost efficiency. Metadata management will also become more automated, with AI-driven tools helping to classify, manage, and retrieve metadata more efficiently.



2023Scheme - 5th to 6th	Sem Competene	y Based Syllabi	for B.E in CS(DS)
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5 th	Semester		Pro	fessional Elective-I (PE) ADVANCED JAVA		M23	BCS505D	
1. I	Prerequisites							
S/L	Profici	ency		Prere	quisites			
1	1 Basic Knowledge of Programming: • Understanding of programming fundamentals (variables, structures, loops, functions).						(variables,	control
2	Solid Grasp o Java:	of Core	 Mastery of Java basics including syntax, data types, operators, and basic OOP concepts. 					
3	Experience w Development Environment	r ith Java	 Proficiency in using an IDE (like IntelliJ IDEA, Eclipse, or NetBeans). Familiarity with Java development tools (javac, java, jar). 					eans).
4	Basic Unders Software Dev Life Cycle:	tanding of elopment	•	Knowledge of the phases of so gathering to deployment.	ftware de	evelopme	nt, from requi	rement

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description				
 Induced and the fundamentals of H and usage of values() and valueOf Recognize that Java Enumeration Enum. Grasp the concept of Autoboxing occur in expressions and the prowrapper types. Understand the basics of Annota obtaining annotations at runtime annotations like Marker, Single-m Skills: Ability to implement and utilize energy of the proficient in applying Autoboxin complex expressions and boolean/ Ability to create and apply custom retrieve annotation data at runtime Effectively handle and interpret an Attitudes: Develop a cautious approach understanding the potential for per Foster a mindset that values maintainability when using annota 		 Knowledge: Understand the fundamentals of Enumerations in Java, including the purpose and usage of values() and valueOf() methods. Recognize that Java Enumerations are class types and that they inherit from Enum. Grasp the concept of Autoboxing and Unboxing in Java, particularly how they occur in expressions and the prevention of errors related to primitive and wrapper types. Understand the basics of Annotations in Java, including retention policies, obtaining annotations at runtime using reflection, and different types of annotations like Marker, Single-member, and Built-in annotations. Skills: Ability to implement and utilize enumerations in Java applications. Proficient in applying Autoboxing and Unboxing in code, particularly in complex expressions and boolean/character values. Ability to create and apply custom annotations, specify retention policies, and retrieve annotation data at runtime using reflection. Effectively handle and interpret annotated elements within Java applications. Attitudes: Develop a cautious approach to using Autoboxing and Unboxing, understanding the potential for performance issues or unexpected behavior. Foster a mindset that values the importance of code readability and maintainability when using annotations and enumerations. 				
2	Generics	 Knowledge: Understand the concept of Generics in Java, including the use of generic classes, methods, and interfaces. Familiarize with bounded types, wildcard arguments, and bounded wildcards in generics. Recognize the significance of type erasure and how it affects generics. Comprehend the limitations and restrictions associated with generics, including ambiguity errors and compatibility with legacy code. Skills: Ability to define and implement generic classes, methods, and interfaces with one or more type parameters. Competent in using bounded types and wildcards to create flexible and type-safe code. Ability to troubleshoot and resolve issues related to generic type erasure and ambiguity errors. 				

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r		
		• Capable of integrating generics into existing legacy code without introducing
		Compatibility issues.
		 Develop a careful and thoughtful approach to using generics, prioritizing type
		safety and code reusability.
		• Value the importance of understanding the underlying mechanics of generics,
		such as type erasure, to avoid common pitfalls.
		• Embrace a mindset that encourages the use of generics to write cleaner, more maintainable, and rebust and
		Knowledge:
		• Understand the different constructors available for creating String objects and
		how to determine the length of a string.
		• Familiarize with special string operations, character extraction, comparison,
		and searching within strings.
		• Grasp the methods available for modifying strings, converting data types using value Of() and changing the case of characters
		 Recognize the differences between String. StringBuffer, and StringBuilder.
		including their use cases.
		Skills:
2		• Ability to perform various string operations, including comparison, extraction,
3	String Handling	searching, and modification, in Java.
		 Troncient in using string burier and string burder for encient string manipulation in performance-sensitive applications.
		 Competent in applying data conversion techniques using valueOf() and case
		conversion methods.
		Attitudes:
		• Develop an appreciation for the importance of efficient string handling,
		 Foster a detail-oriented mindset when working with strings to avoid common
		errors such as Null Pointer Exception or incorrect string manipulation.
		• Embrace best practices for choosing between String, String Buffer, and String
		Builder based on the specific needs of the application.
		 Understand the life cycle of a servlet including the initialization service and
		destruction phases.
		• Familiarize with the Servlet API, including the javax.servlet and
		javax.servlet.http packages.
		• Grasp the methods for handling HTTP requests and responses, using cookies,
		 Recognize the basic structure and functionality of Java Server Pages (JSP)
		including JSP tags, variables, control statements, and session management.
		Skills:
		• Ability to develop, deploy, and manage servlets in a Java web application.
4	Servlets	• Proficient in handling HTTP requests/responses, managing sessions, and using
		 Competent in integrating ISPs with services for dynamic web content
		generation.
		• Capable of managing user sessions, parsing request data, and maintaining state
		across requests using session objects and cookies.
		Attitudes:
		• Develop a user-centric approach to service development, ensuring efficient handling of HTTP requests and responsive web applications
		 Foster a security-conscious mindset, particularly regarding session
		management and the use of cookies in web applications.
		• Embrace the principles of good web application design, prioritizing
	1	scalability, maintainability, and performance.



2023Scheme - 5th to 6th Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)

5	JDBC	 Knowledge: Understand the concept of JDBC and the different types of JDBC drivers. Familiarize with the JDBC packages and the overall process of establishing a database connection using JDBC. Grasp the usage of Statement, Prepared Statement, and Callable Statement objects to execute SQL queries. Recognize the importance of transaction processing, metadata retrieval, handling different data types, and managing exceptions in JDBC. Skills: Ability to establish and manage database connections using JDBC in a Java application. Proficient in executing SQL queries, processing Result Set data, and handling transactions within a JDBC context. Competent in retrieving and interpreting metadata, managing data types, and handling exceptions in JDBC code. Attitudes: Develop a meticulous approach to database interaction, ensuring efficient and secure data access through JDBC.
		 Competent in retrieving and interpreting inetadata, managing data types, and handling exceptions in JDBC code. Attitudes: Develop a meticulous approach to database interaction, ensuring efficient and secure data access through JDBC. Foster an awareness of the importance of transaction management in
		 maintaining data integrity and consistency. Embrace best practices for error handling and resource management in JDBC to prevent issues such as resource leaks or SQL injection vulnerabilities.

3. Syllabus

ADVANCED JAVA					
	SEMESTER – V				
Course Code	23BCS505D	CIE Marks	50		
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(3:0:0:0)	SEE Marks	50		
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40 Hours	Total Marks	100		
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03		
Course Objectives:					
1.Understanding the fundamental concepts of Enumerations and Annotations					
2. Apply the concepts of Generic classes in Java programs					
3.Demonstrate the fundamental concepts of Strin	ng operations				

4.Design and develop web applications using Java servlets and JSP

5. Apply database interaction through Java database Connectivity

Module -1

Enumerations, Autoboxing and Annotations:

Enumerations: Enumeration fundamentals, the values() and valueOf() methods, Java enumerations are class types, enumerations inherits Enum, example, type wrappers,

Autoboxing,: Autoboxing methods, Autoboxing / Unboxing occurs in Expressions, Autoboxing/Unboxing, Boolean and character values, Autoboxing/Unboxing helps prevent errors,

A word of warning Annotations, Annotation basics, specifying retention policy, obtaining annotations at run time by use of reflection, Annotated element interface, Using default values, Marker Annotations, Single member annotations, Built in annotations.

Textbook 1: Chapter 12

Module -2

String Handling: The String Constructors, String Length, Special String Operations, Character Extraction, String Comparison, Searching Strings, Modifying a String, Data Conversion Using valueOf(), Changing the case of characters within a String, String Buffer, String Builder **Textbook 1: Chapter 15**

Module -3

Applets: Introduction, Types of Applets, Applet Basics, Applet Architecture, An Applet Skeleton, Applet Initialization & Termination, Simple Applet Display Methods, HTML Applet Tag, Passing parameters & Applets. Applet Context and showdocument().

Swings: Introduction. Origins, Features, The MVC Connection, Componenets and Containers, Swing Packages, Simple Swing Application, Creating Swing Applet, Exploring Swings Textbook 1: Chapter 23, 31, 32

Department of Computer Science (Data Science), MIT Mysore

Module -4

Servelet: The life cycle of a servlet; A simple servlet; the servlet API; The javax.servlet package, Reading servlet parameter; the javax.servlet.http package; Handling HTTP Requests and Responses; using Cookies; Session Tracking, Java Server Pages (JSP); JSP tags, Variables and Objects, Methods, Control statements, Loops, Request String, Parsing other information, User sessions, Cookies, Session Objects **Textbook 1: Chapter 38, Textbook 2: Chapter 11**

Module -5

The concept of JDBC; JDBC Driver Types; JDBC packages; A brief overview of the JDBC Process; Database Connection; Associating the JDBC/ODBC Bridge with the Database; Statement Objects; ResultSet; Transaction Processing; Metadata, Data Types; Exceptions.

Textbook 2: Chapter 6

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Herbert Schildt: JAVA the Complete Reference. 9th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill
- 2. Jim Keogh, The Complete Reference J2EE, Tata McGraw-Hill

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Y. Daniel Liang: Introduction to JAVA Programming, 7th Edition, Pearson Education, 2007
- 2. Holzner, Steven, Java2 Programming Black Book, McGraw-Hill Education.

VIDEO LINKS:

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105191/
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105225/

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description				
		Week 1: Enumerations				
		• Topics:				
		 Enumeration fundamentals 				
		 values() and valueOf() methods 				
		 Java enumerations as class types 				
		 Enumerations inheriting Enum 				
		 Example of using enumerations 				
		• Exercises:				
		• Practice creating enumerations and using methods like values()				
		and value of ().				
		Week 2: Autoboying				
		Topics				
	Week 1-3:	• Topics:				
		o Autoboxing in expressions				
		Autoboxing in expressions Boolean and character values				
1		• Preventing errors with Autoboxing/Unboxing				
		• Evercises				
		• Exercises.				
		 Discuss scenarios where Autoboxing can prevent errors 				
		Week 3: Annotations				
		• Topics:				
		 Annotation basics 				
		 Specifying retention policies 				
		 Obtaining annotations at runtime using reflection 				
		 AnnotatedElement interface 				
		 Using default values, Marker Annotations, and Single-member 				
		annotations				
		 Built-in annotations 				
		• Exercises:				
		• Create custom annotations and retrieve them using reflection.				
		 Discuss the use cases for marker annotations. 				
	Week 1.6.	Week 4: Generics: Introduction				
2	WCCK 4-0.	• Topics:				
		• What are Generics?				



2023Scheme - 5th to 6th Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)

		 Simple Generics Example 				
		 Generic Class with Two Type Parameters 				
		• General Form of a Generic Class				
		• Evaraisas:				
		• Excicisto.				
		Dispuse the importance of the set				
		• Discuss the importance of type safety with Generics.				
		Week 5: Generics: Advanced				
		• Topics:				
		• Bounded Types and Using Wildcard Arguments				
		• Bounded Wildcards				
	- Consting a Constrict Mathed					
		O Creating a Generic Method				
		o Generic Interfaces				
		• Exercises:				
		 Implement methods with bounded types and wildcards. 				
		• Practice creating generic interfaces.				
		Week 6: Generics: Expert Topics				
		• Tonics:				
		\circ Raw types and Legacy code				
		General Class Historradian				
		o Generic class interactions				
		• Erasure and Ambiguity errors				
		 Some Generic Restrictions 				
		• Exercises:				
		• Explore the concept of erasure and how it impacts code.				
		• Analyze ambiguity errors in code and learn how to resolve them.				
		Week 7: String Handling				
		Tonics				
		• Topics.				
		o The String Constructors, String Length				
		• Special String Operations, Character Extraction				
		 String Comparison, Searching Strings, Modifying a String 				
		 Data Conversion Using valueOf() 				
		 Changing the case of characters within a String 				
		• Exercises:				
	Week 7-8·	• Practice with String manipulation methods				
3		• Write programs that utilize the valueOf() method and string				
		modification techniques				
		Weak 9. Staing Handling Continued				
		week 8: String Handling Continued				
		• Topics:				
		 StringBuffer, StringBuilder 				
		• Exercises:				
		• Compare the performance of String, StringBuffer, and				
		StringBuilder in various scenarios.				
		• Implement string manipulations using StringBuilder for efficiency				
		Week 9. Servlets				
		- Tupits.				
		The ine cycle of a service; A simple service; the service API				
		• The javax.servlet package, Reading servlet parameters				
		 The javax.servlet.http package 				
4	Week 9:	 Handling HTTP Requests and Responses; using Cookies; Session 				
-		Tracking				
		 Java Server Pages (JSP); JSP tags, Variables and Objects, 				
		Methods, Control statements, Loops				
		• Exercises:				
		• Develop a simple servlet-based application				
		• Implement session tracking and coakie handling				
		West 10, IDDC				
	TTT1 1 0					
5	Week 10:	• Topics:				
3		 Concept of JDBC; JDBC Driver Types; JDBC packages 				
		 A brief overview of the JDBC Process 				



2023Scheme - 5th to 6th Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)

		 Database Connection
		 Associating the JDBC/ODBC Bridge with the Database
		 Statement Objects; ResultSet; Transaction Processing
		 Metadata, Data Types, Exceptions
		• Exercises:
		• Connect to a database using JDBC.
		• Execute SQL queries and handle results using JDBC.
		Review and Project
		• Topics:
		• Review of all topics
10	W. 1. 11. 10	 Discussion of key concepts and difficult areas
10	Week 11-12	Project:
		• Develop a final project that integrates multiple topics from the
		syllabus (e.g., a web application using Servlets, JSP, JDBC with
		Generics and Annotations).

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
		Engage students with real-world problems that require advanced Java knowledge
	Problem-Based	to solve. For instance, tasks could involve optimizing a legacy application or
1	Learning (PRL)	implementing a micro services architecture.
	Learning (TDL)	It Encourages deep understanding, critical thinking, and application of complex
		Java concepts in practical situations.
		Incorporate frequent coding exercises where students write, debug, and optimize
	Hands On Cading	Java code. Projects could include building scalable web applications,
2	Failus-Off Counig	implementing multi-threaded programs, or designing custom data structures.
	Sessions	It will enhances coding proficiency and reinforces theoretical knowledge through
		practical application
		Introduce and work extensively with popular Java frameworks such as Spring,
	Use of Advanced	Hibernate, and Apache Kafka. Teach students how to integrate these tools into
3	Java Frameworks	their projects.
	and Libraries	This will helps the students to prepare for industry demands, as these frameworks
		are widely used in enterprise-level development.
4	Flipped Classroom	Assign reading or video lectures as homework, and use class time for discussions,
4	Model	problem-solving sessions, and hands-on activities.
5	Project-Based	Assign a capstone project where students must build a complete application from
5	Learning	scratch, incorporating advanced Java concepts.
6	Regular Assessments	Conduct quizzes, coding challenges, and peer assessments to regularly gauge
0	and Feedback	student understanding. Provide detailed feedback to guide improvement.
	Cuast Lastures and	Invite industry professionals to give talks on current trends, challenges, and
7	Guest Lectures and	opportunities in Java development. Arrange for students to work on live projects
	industry interaction	or case studies from the industry.

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) Continuous Internal Evaluation:

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

Cl	E	Sp	lit	u)	

	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	TotalM	50	20		

Final CIE Marks =(A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the average of the 2 test marks conducted.

Semester End Examination:

1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the



question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.

- 2. There shall be 2 question from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks

7.	Learning Objectives	
S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Enumerations	Understand the fundamentals of Java enumerations, including how to use values() and valueOf() methods, and explore their class-like properties.
2	Autoboxing and Unboxing	Grasp the concepts of autoboxing and unboxing in Java, including how these processes work with expressions and how they help prevent errors.
3	Annotations	Learn about Java annotations, their basics, and how to specify retention policies and obtain annotations at runtime.
4	Generics	Understand the use of generics in Java, including creating generic classes, methods, and understanding the restrictions and errors associated with generics.
5	String Handling	Master string manipulation and handling in Java, including various string operations and conversions.
6	Servlets	Understand the life cycle and working of Java servlets, including handling HTTP requests and responses.
7	JDBC	Learn the fundamentals of JDBC, including connecting to databases, executing queries, and handling database results.

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcome	Course Outcomes (COs)				
Cos	Description				
M23BCS505D.1	Understanding the fundamental concepts of Enumerations and Annotations				
M23BCS505D.2	Apply the concepts of Generic classes in Java programs				
M23BCS505D.3	Demonstrate the concepts of String operations in Java				
M23BCS505D.4	Develop web based applications using Java servlets and JSP				
M23BCS505D.5	Illustrate database interaction and transaction processing in Java				

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
M23BCS505D.1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
M23BCS505D.2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
M23BCS505D.3	-	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
M23BCS505D.4	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
M23BCS505D.5	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
M23BCS505D	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

		commuous	meet meet books			
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1	10					10
Module 2		10				10
Module 3			10			10
Module 4				10		10
Module 5					10	10
Total	10	10	10	10	10	50
		Somostor	End Examinati	n (SFF)		

Semester End Examination (SEE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1	20					20
Module 2		20				20
Module 3			20			20
Module 4				20		20
Module 5					20	20
Total	20	20	20	20	20	100

Department of Computer Science (Data Science), MIT Mysore

Page 50



10. Future with this Subject:

1. Career Opportunities

- Enterprise Application Development: Advanced Java is extensively used in building enterprise-level applications, especially with frameworks like Spring, Hibernate, and Java EE.
- **Backend Development**: A solid grasp of Advanced Java can lead to roles focusing on backend development, where you manage server-side logic, databases, and integration with front-end components.
- **Mobile App Development (Android)**: While Android development has shifted towards Kotlin, a deep knowledge of Java is still valuable for maintaining and upgrading older applications.
- **Big Data Technologies**: Java is a preferred language for working with big data technologies like Apache Hadoop and Apache Kafka.
- **Cloud Computing**: With cloud services like AWS and Google Cloud supporting Java, there are numerous opportunities in cloud-based application development.
- **Microservices Architecture**: Advanced Java skills are critical in building and deploying microservices, which is a growing trend in software architecture.
- **DevOps Roles**: Java knowledge is essential in automating processes, continuous integration, and deployment pipelines.

2. Technological Advancements

- Java in AI and ML: Though Python is more popular for AI and ML, Java's ecosystem is growing, with libraries like Deeplearning4j making it relevant for these technologies.
- Internet of Things (IoT): Java's portability makes it a strong contender for IoT applications, especially in embedded systems.
- **Blockchain Development**: Java's robustness and security features make it suitable for developing blockchain solutions.

3. High Demand and Job Security

- Companies consistently seek Java developers, ensuring long-term demand and job security.
- Many legacy systems still run on Java, so there's always a need for skilled professionals to maintain and upgrade these systems.

4. Continuous Learning and Growth

- Mastering Advanced Java often leads to learning more about system architecture, design patterns, and best practices in software development.
- It also opens doors to learning and integrating other technologies like Python, JavaScript, and various cloud platforms, further enhancing your skill set.

5. Entrepreneurship

• With Advanced Java skills, you could start your own tech venture, offering software solutions, consulting, or creating products that serve a niche market.

5th SemesterProject Work (PW)
MINI PROJECTM23BCD506

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1	Basic Engineering Principles	Fundamental courses in the respective engineering stream
2	Application of Theoretical Knowledge in Practical Scenarios	Knowledge of the core subjects of the respective stream
3	Project Design and Planning	Familiarity with design tools and project management techniques.
4	Multidisciplinary Collaboration	Basic knowledge of related disciplines (e.g., Mechanical students should have a basic understanding of Electronics, etc.).
5	Technical Communication	Writing technical reports and presenting technical content

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1	Problem Identification and Analysis	Knowledge: Understanding the problem domain and relevant engineering concepts. Skill: Ability to analyze and break down complex problems into manageable parts.
2	Solution Design and Implementation	 Knowledge: Familiarity with design methodologies and tools. Skill: Proficiency in creating prototypes or models using appropriate technologies. Attitude: Creativity and innovation in developing solutions.
3	Interdisciplinary Collaboration	 Knowledge: Understanding of basic concepts from other engineering disciplines. Skill: Effective communication and teamwork in a multidisciplinary environment. Attitude: Openness to different perspectives and willingness to collaborate.
4	Technical Documentation and Presentation	Knowledge: Standards and practices for technical writing and reporting. Skill: Ability to document the project effectively and present it to an audience. Attitude: Confidence and clarity in communication.
5	Project Management	Knowledge: Understanding of project timelines, resource allocation, and risk management.Skill: Ability to plan, execute, and monitor a project from start to finish.Attitude: Responsibility and accountability in managing project tasks.

3. Project Timeline

S/L	Timeline	Description
1	Week 1-2: Introduction	Students will define their project problem, scope, and
1	and Problem Definition	objectives with the guidance of their mentors.
2	Week 3-4: Research and	Conduct background research, explore existing solutions, and evaluate the
2	Feasibility Study	feasibility of different approaches.
2	Week 5-6:	Develop a detailed project plan, including design specifications, timelines,
3	Design and Planning	and resource requirements.
4	Week 7-8: Prototype	Begin building the initial prototype or model, focusing on core
4	Development	functionalities.
5	Week 9-10: Testing and	Test the prototype, identify issues, and refine the design to improve
3	Refinement	performance.
	Week 11: Final	Complete the final implementation of the project and prepare detailed
6	Implementation and	de sum entetion
	Documentation	



2023Scheme - 5th to 6th	Sem Competency	Based Syllabi for	B.E in CS(DS)
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	W L 12. D	
7	week 12: Presentation and	Present the project to a committee for evaluation, followed by a Q&A
'	Evaluation	session.

4. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) Continuous Internal Evaluation:

The CIE marks shall be awarded by a committee consisting of the Head of the concerned Department and two senior faculty members of the Department, one of whom shall be the Guide.

The CIE marks awarded for the project work, shall be based on the evaluation of the project work Report, project presentation skill, and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25. The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates.

SEE: There shall be no SEE.

5. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Identify and Analyze	Students will learn to identify real-world engineering problems, analyze
	Engineering Problems	them, and propose feasible solutions.
n	Design and Implement	Students will gain experience in designing and implementing engineering
2	Solution(s)	solutions using appropriate tools and methodologies.
2	Collaborate Effectively	Students will develop teamwork skills through collaboration with peers from
3	in Teams	different engineering disciplines.
4	Communicate Technical	Students will enhance their ability to document and present technical
4	Information	information effectively.

6. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)

Cos	Description
M23BCS506.1	Apply engineering principles to identify, formulate, and solve real-world problems.
M23BCS506.2	Design and develop prototypes or models that address specific engineering challenges.
M23BCS506.3	Collaborate with team members to complete the project successfully.
M23BCS506.4	Document and present the project effectively, demonstrating clear communication skills.

COs/Pos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
M23BCS506.1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	3	3	-
M23BCS506.2	3	3	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3	3	-
M23BCS506.3	-	3	2	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	
M23BCS506.4	-	-	-	3	3	-	-	3	-	3	-	3	3	-
M23BCS506	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

6. Future with this Subject

The mini-project course will serve as a foundation for more complex and comprehensive project work in the final year, such as the capstone project. The skills developed here, including problem-solving, design, teamwork, and communication, will be crucial for successful completion of future courses and for professional practice in engineering.



5 th Semester	ABILITY ENHANCEMENT(AE)	M72DDMK507	
	5 Semester	Research Methodology and IPR	WIZ5DKIVIK507

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites				
1.	Basic Understanding of Research Concepts:Students should have a foundational understanding of what research e including its purpose, types, and significance in academic and professional com Research and Its Types: Know the differences between basic and applied res as well as qualitative, quantitative, mixed methods, Variable, Understand dependent, independent, and control variables.Hypothesis Formation: Grasp how to formulate and test hypotheses.					
2.	Familiarity with Research Design	 Technical Writing: Proficiency in academic and technical writing is essential. This includes the ability to write clear, concise, and well-structured research papers, essays, and reports. Experimental Designs: Learn about different experimental setups, such as controlled experiments, field experiments, and natural experiments. Non-Experimental Designs: Understand case studies, longitudinal studies, and cross-sectional studies. 				
3.	Statistical and Analytical Skills:	 Descriptive Statistics: Know how to summarize and describe data using measures of central tendency and variability. Inferential Statistics: Understand concepts like hypothesis testing, confidence intervals, and p-values. Data Analysis Software: Familiarity with tools like SPSS, R, or Python for analyzing data. 				
4.	Familiarity with Intellectual Property Concepts:	 Introduction to IPR: A basic understanding of intellectual property rights, including what they are, the different types (patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets), and their significance. IP Law Basics: Awareness of basic IP laws and regulations, both at the national and international levels, as they relate to protecting intellectual property. Ethical Considerations: Understanding the ethical considerations in research and IP, including issues like copyright infringement, patent rights, and the moral obligations of researchers. 				
5.	Background in Relevant Academic Discipline:	 Subject-Specific Knowledge: Depending on the focus of the research methodology course, students should have foundational knowledge in the specific academic discipline (e.g., engineering, social sciences, business) to which the research methodologies will be applied. Problem-Solving Skills: Strong problem-solving skills to apply research methodologies effectively within their field of study. 				
6	Communication and Collaboration Skills:	Effective Communication: Ability to effectively communicate research ideas, methodologies, and findings both in written and verbal formats.Collaboration: Experience working in teams, as research often involves collaborative efforts, requiring the ability to work effectively with others.				
7	Computer and Internet Proficiency:	 Research Tools: Familiarity with online databases, academic journals, and research tools like Google Scholar, JSTOR, and others for conducting literature reviews and gathering research material. Document Preparation: Proficiency in using word processors (e.g., Microsoft Word) and presentation tools (e.g., PowerPoint) to prepare and present research findings. These prerequisites ensure that students are adequately prepared to engage with the material covered in Research Methodology and IPR courses, enabling them to conduct meaningful research and understand the complexities of intellectual property 				



2023Scheme - 5^{th} to $6^{th}\,$ Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)

		rights.
	Critical	Analytical Skills: Develop the ability to critically assess research methods and
8	Thinking and	results.
	Problem-	Problem-Solving: Be able to identify potential issues in research design and
	Solving:	implementation.

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description				
1	Research Methodology and Intellectual Property Rights (IPR)	 Knowledge: Research Design, Data Collection Methods, Statistical Analysis, Research Ethics, And Intellectual Property Rights (IPR): Types of Intellectual Property, IPR Laws and Regulations, IP Management. Skills: Critical Analysis, Data Management, Technical Writing, Project Management, And Intellectual Property Rights (IPR): Legal Research, IP Documentation, Negotiation and Licensing, Ethical Decision-Making. Attitudes: Curiosity and Open-Mindedness, Integrity and Ethical Responsibility, Persistence and Resilience, Intellectual Property Rights: Respect for Intellectual Property, Proactive Protection, Collaboration and Fairness. 				
2	Defining the Research Problem	 Knowledge: Concept of a Research Problem, Importance of the Research Problem, Contextual Knowledge, Types of Research Problems Skills: Critical Thinking, Literature Review, Clarity and Precision. Problem Formulation: Narrowing the Focus, Feasibility Assessment, Hypothesis Development. Alignment with Objectives: Alignment with Research Goals, Stakeholder Consideration. Attitudes: Curiosity and Inquisitiveness: Desire to Explore, Open-Mindedness, Critical Reflection: Reflective Thinking, Adaptability, Ethical Responsibility: Ethical Consideration, Responsibility to the Field. 				
3	Reviewing the literature	 Knowledge: Understanding of Literature Review: Purpose of a Literature Review, Types of Literature, Theoretical Frameworks, Literature Search Strategies: Search Tools and Databases, Keywords and Boolean Operators, Critical Reading and Analysis: Evaluating Sources, Synthesizing Information. Skills: Literature Search: Efficient Searching, Citation Management, Critical Evaluation: Analytical Reading, Comparative Analysis, Synthesis and Writing: Integrating Literature, Structured Writing, Paraphrasing and Quoting, Ethical Use of Literature: Avoiding Plagiarism, Bias Identification. Attitudes: Curiosity and Open-Mindedness: Intellectual Curiosity, Open-Mindedness, Critical Reflection: Skeptical Inquiry, Reflective Thinking, Respect for Academic Integrity: Ethical Responsibility, Responsibility to the Field. 				
4 Research Design		 Knowledge: Research design refers to the overall strategy utilized to answer research questions. A research design typically outlines the theories and models underlying a project. Skills: Ability to search for, locate, extract, organize, evaluate and use or present information that is relevant to a particular topic Attitudes: A process of detailed and methodical investigation into some area of study. 				
5 Design of Sample Surveys		Knowledge: Sample survey design is a very mature and deeply rooted discipline in the statistical literature.Skills: Mastering the art (and science) of running your own surveys takes time and practice.Attitudes: A study design is a set of decisions (design parameters) about what and how much data to collect, and when (how often, for how long) and where to collect it.				
6	Testing of Hypotheses	 Knowledge: Understand statistical method, used to determine if there is enough evidence in a sample data to draw conclusions about a problem statement. Skills: Hypothesis testing is a fundamental concept in statistics that allows us to draw conclusions about a population based on a sample of data. It is a systematic approach used to evaluate whether a claim or hypothesis about the population is supported by the evidence provided by the sample. Attitudes: Hypothesis testing is used to assess the plausibility of a hypothesis by 				

2023Scheme - 5th to 6th Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)

		using sample data. The test provides evidence concerning the plausibility of the hypothesis, given the data.
7	Intellectual Property:	 Knowledge: Protects the work of inventors, artists, writers, and creators, as well as the reputation of individuals, brands, and organization. Skills: Refers to creations of the mind, such as inventions, literary ,artistic works and designs; Attitudes: IPR provide certain exclusive rights to the inventors or creators of that property, in order to enable them to reap commercial benefits from their creative efforts or reputation.

3. Syllabus

Research Methodology and IPR SEMESTER – V						
Course Code	M23BRMK507	CIE Marks	50			
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(2:2:0:0)	SEE Marks	50			
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40 Hours	Total Marks	100			
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03			

Course Objectives:

1. To give an overview of the research methodology and explain the technique of defining a research problem.

2. To explain the functions of the literature review in research..

3. To explain carrying out a literature search, its review, developing theoretical and conceptual frameworks and writing a review.

4. To explain various research designs and their characteristics

5. To explain the details of sampling designs, measurement and scaling techniques and also different methods of data collections

6. To explain the art of interpretation and the art of writing research reports.

7. To explain various forms of the intellectual property, its relevance and business impact in the changing global business environment.

Module -1

Research Methodology: Introduction, Meaning of Research, Objectives of Research, Types of Research, Research Approaches, Significance of Research, Research Methods versus Methodology, Research and Scientific Method, Research Process, Criteria of Good Research.

Defining the Research Problem: Research Problem, Selecting the Problem, Necessity of Defining the Problem.

Module -2

Defining the Research Problem: Technic involved in the defining a problem. **Research Design**: Meaning of Research Design, Need for Research Design, Features of a Good Design, Important Concepts Relating to Research Design, Different Research Designs, Basic principles of experimental design,

Module -3

Design of Sample Surveys: Design of Sampling: Introduction, Sample Design, Sampling and Non-sampling Errors, Sample Survey versus Census Survey, Types of Sampling Designs.

Measurement and Scaling: Qualitative and Quantitative Data, Classifications of Measurement Scales, Goodness of Measurement Scales, Sources of Error in Measurement, Techniques of Developing Measurement Tools, Scaling, Scale Classification Bases, Scaling Technics.

Module -4

Testing of Hypotheses: Hypothesis, Basic Concepts Concerning Testing of Hypotheses, Testing of Hypothesis, Test Statistics and Critical Region, Critical Value and Decision Rule, Procedure for Hypothesis Testing, Hypothesis Testing for Mean, Proportion, Variance, for Difference of Two Mean, for Difference of Two Proportions, for Difference of Two Variances, P-Value approach, Power of Test, Limitations of the Tests of Hypothesis.

Module -5

Interpretation and Report Writing: Meaning of Interpretation, Technique of Interpretation, Precaution in Interpretation, Significance of Report Writing, Different Steps in Writing Report, Layout of the Research Report. **Intellectual Property**: The Concept, Intellectual Property System in India, Development of TRIPS Complied Regime in India, Patents Act, 1970, Trade Mark Act, 1999, The Designs Act, 2000, The Geographical Indications of Goods (Registration and Protection) Act1999, Copyright Act,1957,The Protection of Plant Varieties and Farmers' Rights Act, 2001,The Semi-Conductor Integrated Circuits Layout Design Act, 2000, Trade Secrets, Utility Models, IPR and Biodiversity, The Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD) 1992, Competing Rationales for Protection of IPRs, Leading International Instruments Concerning IPR, World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO). **TEXTBOOKS:** 1. Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques C.R. Kothari, Gaurav Garg New Age International 4th Edition, 2018.

2.Study Material (For the topic Intellectual Property under module 5) Professional Program Intellectual Property Rights, Law and Practice, The Institute of Company Secretaries of India, Statutory Body Under an Act of Parliament, September 2013

Reference Books

1. Research Methods: the concise knowledge base Trochim Atomic Dog Publishing 2005

2. Conducting Research Literature Reviews: From the Internet to Paper Fink A Sage Publications 2009

4.	Syllabus Timeline	
S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1-3: Research Methodology and Defining the Research Problem	 Competency: Understand the research methodology and problem statements on research. If necessary defines the problem. Knowledge: Understand the various functions Research Methods. Skills: Know the functions of Research Methods versus Methodology, Research and Scientific Method, Research Process, Criterias of Good Research.
2	Week 4-6: Reviewing the literature and Research Design	Competency: Understand the concept of reviewing the literature and broadening knowledge base in research area. Knowledge: Understanding of Literature Review: Purpose of a Literature Review, Types of Literature, Theoretical Frameworks, Literature Search Strategies: Search Tools and Databases, Keywords and Boolean Operators, Critical Reading and Analysis. Skills: and able to identify Features of a Good Design, Important Concepts Relating to Research Design.
3	Week 8-11: Design of Sample Surveys: Design of Sampling and Measurement and Scaling:	 Competency: Studying the different types, Sampling and Non-sampling Errors, Sample Survey versus Census Survey. Knowledge: Sample survey design is a very mature and deeply rooted discipline in the statistical literature. Skills: Learn the qualitative and Quantitative Data, Classifications of Measurement Scales, Goodness of Measurement Scales, and Sources of Error in Measurement.
4	Week 7-8: Testing of Hypotheses	Competency: Studying the concept of Basic Concepts Concerning Testing of Hypotheses, Testing of Hypothesis and Test Statistics. Knowledge: Understand statistical method, used to determine if there is enough evidence in a sample data to draw conclusions about a problem statement. Skills: Able to learn the critical Region, Critical Value and Decision Rule, Procedure for Hypothesis Testing and limitation.
5	Week 9-12: Interpretation and Report Writing and Intellectual Property:	 Competency: Studying Types of Intellectual Property, IPR Laws and Regulations, IP Management. Knowledge: Research Design, Data Collection Methods, Statistical Analysis, Research Ethics, and Intellectual Property Rights (IPR): Skills: Learning report writing and The Concept, Intellectual Property System in India, Development of TRIPS Complied Regime in India, Patents Act, 1970, Trade Mark Act, 1999, The Designs Act, 2000, The Geographical Indications of Goods (Registration and Protection) Act1999, Copyright Act, 1957

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Interactive Lectures and Seminars	Engaging Presentations: Use interactive lectures to introduce key concepts in research methodology and IPR. Incorporate multimedia presentations, real-world examples, and case studies to make complex topics accessible and engaging. Guest Lectures: Invite experts in research methodology, data analysis, and IPR to provide insights from their professional experiences. This helps bridge the gap between theory and practice and offers students diverse perspectives.
2	Case-Based Learning	Real-Life Scenarios: Utilize case studies that illustrate the application of research methodology and IPR in various fields. For example, examine how companies protect their intellectual property, or how researchers design studies to answer specific research questions. Problem-Solving Exercises: Present students with real or hypothetical research

		problems or IP issues and have them work in groups to develop solutions. This fasters critical thinking and collaborative skills				
		Practical Desearch Assignments: Assign students individual or group research				
3	Research Projects and Assignments	projects where they must define a research problem, review literature, design a study, and analyze data. This hands-on approach reinforces theoretical concepts. IPR Analysis Projects : Students can be tasked with evaluating the IP strategy of a particular company or analyzing a legal case involving intellectual property. This encourages the application of IPR knowledge to real-world situations.				
4	Workshops and Hands-On Training	Data Analysis Workshops : Conduct workshops that provide students with practical training in data analysis software (e.g., SPSS, R, NVivo). These sessions should include step-by-step guidance on how to process and analyze research data. IP Documentation Practice: Organize workshops where students learn to draft and file patents, trademarks, and copyrights. This practical experience is crucial for understanding the technical and legal aspects of IP management.				
5.	Collaborative Learning	Group Discussions: Facilitate small group discussions where students can debate research methodologies or the ethical implications of IP laws. This encourages peer-to-peer learning and helps students articulate their understanding. Peer Review: Implement peer review processes where students evaluate each other's research proposals or IP strategies. This not only improves their critical thinking but also fosters a collaborative learning environment.				

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	Total Marks	50	20		

Final CIE Marks =(A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the average of the 2 test marks conducted.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.

2. There shall be 2 question from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have mix of topics under that module if necessary.

3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.

4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks

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S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Understanding Research Fundamentals	To give an overview of the research methodology and explain the technique of defining a research problem. To explain the functions of the literature review in research.
2	Conducting Literature Reviews	To explain carrying out a literature search, its review, developing theoretical and conceptual frameworks and writing a review.

7. Learning Objectives



2023Scheme - 5th to 6th	Sem Competency	Based Syllabi for	B.E in CS(DS)
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3	Designing Research Methodologies	To analyse the various research designs and their characteristics
4	Data Collection and Analysis	To analyse and understand the details of sampling designs, measurement and scaling techniques and also different methods of data collections
5	Understanding Intellectual Property Rights (IPR)	To explain the art of interpretation and the art of writing research reports and Analyse various forms of the intellectual property, its relevance and business impact in the changing global business environment

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course	Outcomes	(COs)

Cos	Description				
M73RDM <i>K5</i> 07 1	Understand the research methodology and problem along with scientific method and				
	process.				
M23BRMK507.2	7.2 Analyse the Literature Review and research design process.				
M23BRMK507.3	K507.3 Design the sample survey and measurement and scaling.				
M23BRMK507.4	Analyse the testing hypothesis of variance and limitations of research concepts.				
M32DDMV507.5	Apply and analyse the research report and The Geographical Indications of Goods				
W123DKW1K507.5	(Registration and Protection) Act1999, World Intellectual Property Organisation				

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
M23BRMK507.1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
M23BRMK507.2	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
M23BRMK507.3	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
M23BRMK507.4	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
M23BRMK507.5	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
M23BRMK507	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1	10					10
Module 2		10				10
Module 3			10			10
Module 4				10		10
Module 5					10	10
Total	10	10	10	10	10	50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

Semester End Examination (SEE)									
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total			
Module 1	20					20			
Module 2		20				20			
Module 3			20			20			
Module 4				20		20			
Module 5					20	20			
Total	20	20	20	20	20	100			

10. Future with this Subject:

1. Academic Advancement

• **Pursuing Higher Education:** Mastery of research methodology and IPR provides a strong foundation for advanced studies, such as pursuing a Ph.D. or other research-intensive postgraduate programs. This subject equips students with the necessary skills to conduct independent research and contribute original knowledge to their field.

• Academic Publishing: Understanding research methodology enhances the ability to publish research findings in peer-reviewed journals, contributing to academic discourse and establishing a scholarly reputation.

2. Professional Opportunities

- **Research and Development (R&D):** Proficiency in research methodology is critical for careers in R&D across various industries, including technology, pharmaceuticals, and social sciences. Professionals can lead or contribute to innovation projects, product development, and experimental research.
- Intellectual Property Management: Knowledge of IPR opens up career paths in IP management, including roles such as patent agents, IP consultants, or legal advisors in technology transfer offices or law firms specializing in IP rights.
- **Consulting and Advisory Roles:** Expertise in research methodology and IPR can lead to consulting opportunities, where professionals provide advice on research design, data analysis, and IP strategy to businesses, government agencies, or non-profit organizations.

3. Entrepreneurship and Innovation

- **Startups and Innovation:** Understanding IPR is crucial for entrepreneurs and innovators who wish to protect their inventions, trademarks, or creative works. This knowledge enables them to navigate the legal landscape, secure patents, and manage IP assets effectively.
- **Technology Transfer:** Professionals with expertise in research methodology and IPR can work in technology transfer, facilitating the commercialization of research innovations from universities and research institutions to the market.

4. Contribution to Society

- **Policy Development:** Expertise in research methodology and IPR is valuable for contributing to policy development in areas such as innovation, education, healthcare, and intellectual property law. Professionals can work with governmental and international organizations to shape policies that promote ethical research and protect intellectual property rights.
- **Social Impact Research:** Professionals can engage in research that addresses societal challenges, such as public health, environmental sustainability, or social equity. Understanding research methodology ensures that such research is rigorous, valid, and capable of informing public policy and practice.



5 th Semester	Basic Science (BS) ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES	M23BESK508
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1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites					
1	Understanding Ecosystems Basic knowledge of biology, environmental science, and ecological systems.						
2	Comprehending Natural	Familiarity with energy systems, environmental management, and					
2	Resource Management	global sustainability practices.					
2	Knowledge of	Understanding of chemical processes, industrial impacts, and					
3	Environmental Pollution	environmental science fundamentals.					
4	Addressing Global	Knowledge of climate science, environmental policies, and global					
4	Environmental Concerns	ecological challenges.					
5	Awareness of Environmental	Familiarity with national and international environmental laws,					
3	Legislation	policies, and regulations.					

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1	Ecosystem Analysis	 Knowledge: Ecosystem structure, sustainability principles, SDGs. Skills: Identifying ecosystem components, and understanding sustainability targets. Attitudes: Appreciating biodiversity, and promoting sustainability.
2	Resource Management	 Knowledge: Renewable and non-renewable energy systems, sustainable practices. Skills: Analyzing case studies, and evaluating energy systems. Attitudes: Supporting sustainable resource use, and critical thinking on global issues.
3	Pollution Mitigation	 Knowledge: Pollution sources, impacts, and legislation. Skills: Assessing pollution control measures, and implementing waste management strategies. Attitudes: Advocating for environmental protection, and responsible waste disposal.
4	Global Environmental Awareness	 Knowledge: Climate change, groundwater depletion, global policies. Skills: Investigating global environmental challenges, and proposing solutions. Attitudes: Engaging in global environmental discussions, and supporting international efforts.
5	Environmental Legal Framework	 Knowledge: Key environmental acts and regulations. Skills: Applying legal knowledge to environmental issues, and understanding EIA processes. Attitudes: Valuing legal frameworks, and ensuring compliance with environmental laws.

3. Syllabus

ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES					
SEMESTER – V					
Course Code M23BESK508 CIE Marks 50					
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(2:0:0:0)	SEE Marks	50		
Total Number of Lecture Hours	24 Hours	Total Marks	100		
Credits	02	Exam Hours	02		

Course Objectives: Students will be able

1. Understand the structure and function of various ecosystems like forests, deserts, wetlands, rivers, oceans, and lakes.

2. Explore natural resource management techniques, including energy systems and disaster management, and assess their sustainability.

3. Examine environmental pollution sources and impacts, and learn corrective and preventive measures alongside waste management strategies.

4. Investigate global environmental issues such as climate change and groundwater depletion, and the role of environmental legislation in addressing these issues.



2023Scheme - 5th to 6th Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)

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ECOSYSTEMS (STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION): Forest, Desert, Wetlands, River, Oceanic and Lake. Sustainability: 17 SDGs- History, targets, implementation, Capacity Development

Module -2

NATURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT Advances in Energy Systems (Merits, Demerits, Global Status and Applications): Hydrogen, Solar, OTEC, Tidal and Wind.

Natural Resource Management (Concept and case-studies): Disaster Management, Sustainable Mining - case studies and Carbon Trading.

Module -3

ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION & WASTE MANAGEMENT Environmental Pollution (Sources, Impacts, Corrective and Preventive measures, Relevant Environmental Acts, Case-studies): Surface and Ground Water Pollution; Noise pollution; Soil Pollution and Air Pollution. Waste Management: Bio-medical Wastes; Solid waste; Hazardous wastes; E-wastes; Industrial and Municipal Sludge.

Module -4

Global Environmental Concerns (Concept, policies and case-studies): Ground water depletion/recharging, Climate Change; Acid Rain; Ozone Depletion; Radon and Fluoride problem in drinking water; Resettlement and rehabilitation of people, Environmental Toxicology.

Module -5

ENVIRONMENTAL LEGISLATION: Water Act 1974, Air Act 1981, Environmental Protection Act 1984, Solid Waste Management Rules-2016, E- Waste management Rule - 2022, Biomedical Waste management-2016. Environmental Impact Assessment

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Environmental studies, Benny Joseph, Tata Mcgraw-Hill 2nd edition 2012 \
- 2. Environmental studies, S M Prakash, pristine publishing house, Mangalore 3rd edition-2018

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Benny Joseph, Environmental studies, Tata Mcgraw-Hill 2nd edition 2009

- 2. M.Ayi Reddy Textbook of environmental science and Technology, BS publications 2007
- 3. Dr. B.S Chauhan, Environmental studies, university of science press 1st edition

VIDEO LINKS:

- 1. Weblink:<u>https://sdgs.un.org/goals Video Lectures</u>
- 2. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/109/105/109105190/.

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1-2	Introduction to ecosystems, exploring their structure and function with a focus on sustainability and SDGs.
2	Week 3-4	Understanding natural resource management, advances in energy systems, and disaster management through case studies.
3	Week 5-6	Examination of environmental pollution sources, impacts, and preventive measures, along with waste management strategies.
4	Week 7-8	Exploration of global environmental concerns such as climate change, groundwater depletion, and related policies.
5	Week 9-10	Study of environmental legislation, including key environmental acts and the process of Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA).
6	Week 11-12	Revision

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Internativa Lasturas	Utilize chalk and talk along with PowerPoint presentations and animations to
1	Interactive Lectures.	engage students in theoretical and practical understanding
		Present real-world scenarios and case studies to help students apply theoretical
2	Case Study Analysis:	knowledge to practical situations, particularly in natural resource management
		and pollution control.
	Fieldwork and Site	Encourage hands-on learning through field visits to environmental labs, green
3	Visite	buildings, and treatment plants, followed by documentation and analysis of the
	v 151t5	processes observed.
4	Collaborative	Promote group projects and discussions, enabling students to collaborate and

Learning	learn from each other, particularly in global environmental concerns and energy
	systems.

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). The student is declared as a pass in the course if he/she secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous internal Examination (CIE)

1. For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.

2. The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered

3.Any two assignment methods mentioned in the regulations, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.

4. For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

The sum of two tests, two assignments, will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examinations (SEE)

SEE paper shall be set for **50 questions**, each of the 01 mark. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ (multiple choice questions). The time allotted for SEE is 01 hour. The student has to secure a minimum of 35% of the maximum marks meant for SEE.

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Analyze the structure and function of various ecosystems.	Students will learn about the characteristics and interactions within ecosystems such as forests, deserts, wetlands, rivers, oceans, and lakes.
2	Evaluate natural resource management techniques.	Students will assess the merits and demerits of various energy systems and learn sustainable management practices through case studies.
3	Investigate environmental pollution and waste management.	Students will understand the sources and impacts of environmental pollution, along with strategies for pollution control and waste management.
4	Explore global environmental concerns and policies.	Students will study global issues like climate change and groundwater depletion, and examine the role of environmental legislation in addressing these challenges.
5	Understand environmental legislation and its application.	Students will gain insights into key environmental acts and regulations, and learn how to apply them in real-world scenarios.

7. Learning Objectives

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs Course Outcomes (COs)

Course Outcome.	
Cos	Description
M23BESK508.1	Analyze the structure and functions of various ecosystems and evaluate their sustainability
M23BESK508.2	Apply knowledge of natural resource management and advances in energy systems to assess their global impacts
M23BESK508.3	Investigate environmental pollution sources and apply waste management strategies in real- world scenarios
M23BESK508.4	Critically analyze global environmental concerns and assess the effectiveness of environmental policies
M23BESK508.5	Demonstrate an understanding of environmental legislation and apply it to ensure sustainable practices

2023Scheme - 5th to 6th	Sem Competency	Based Syllabi for	B.E in CS(DS)
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CO-PO-PSO Mapping												
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
M23BESK508.1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
M23BESK508.2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
M23BESK508.3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
M23BESK508.4	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
M23BESK508.5	-	-	-		3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
M23BESK508	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1	10					10
Module 2		10				10
Module 3			10			10
Module 4				10		10
Module 5					10	10
Total	10	10	10	10	10	50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1	20					20
Module 2		20				20
Module 3			20			20
Module 4				20		20
Module 5					20	20
Total	20	20	20	20	20	100

10. Future with this Subject

This course provides a foundational understanding of environmental science that is crucial for advanced studies in environmental engineering, sustainability, and policy-making. It equips students with the knowledge and skills to tackle global environmental challenges and supports interdisciplinary research, making it a valuable asset for careers in environmental management, consulting, and advocacy. The insights gained from this course will also be beneficial in professional roles requiring compliance with environmental legislation and sustainable development practices.

5 th Semester	Non-Credit Mandatory Course(NCMC) National Service Scheme(NSS)	M23BNSK509
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National Service Scheme(NSS) Course Code Mailonal Service Scheme(NSS) Course Code Mailonal Service Scheme(NSS) Course Code Mailonal Service Scheme(NSS) Total Number of Lecture Hours O CIE Marks IOO Activities Report Evaluation by College NSS Officer at the end of every semester(3 st to 6 st semester) Total Marks 100 Course objectives: National Service Scheme (NSS) will enable students to: O Total Number of Lecture Hours O J. Understand the community in general in which they work. Z Ieenity the needs and problems of the community and involve them in problem-solving. Develop among themselves a sense of social & civic responsibility & utilize their knowledge in finding practical solutions to individual and community problems. Develop competence required for group-living and sharing of responsibilities & gain skills in mobilizing community participation to acquire leadership qualities and democratic attitudes. Develop capacity to meet emergencies and natural disasters & practice national integration and social harmony in general. General Instructivities will develop student's theoretical and applied Social and cultural skills. Support and guide the students for self-planned activities. 1 In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the activities will develop student' theoretical and ap	Non-Credi	t Mandatory Courses(NCM	[<u>C</u>]				
Course Code M23BNSK509 Image: Clip Marks Clip Marks Clip Marks <th>Natio</th> <th>onal Service Scheme(NSS)</th> <th></th> <th></th>	Natio	onal Service Scheme(NSS)					
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L:T:P:S) (0:0:2:0) CIE Marks 100 Total Number of Lecture Hours - SEE Marks - Credits 0 Total Marks 100 Activities Report Evaluation by College NSS Officer at the end of every semester(3 st to 6 th semester) Course objectives: National Service Scheme (NSS) will enable students to: 1 Understand the community in general in which they work. 1 2. Identify the needs and problems of the community and involve them in problem-solving. 3 Develop among themselves a sense of social & civic responsibility & utilize their knowledge in finding practical solutions to individual and community problems. 4 4. Develop competence required for group-living and sharing of responsibilities & gain skills in mobilizing community participation to acquire leadership qualities and democratic attitudes. 5. Develop capacity to meet emergencies and natural disasters & practice national integration and social harmony in general. Ceneral Instructions-Pedagoy: These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. 1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the activities will develop students' theoretical and applied social and cultural skills. 2. State the need for NSS activities and its present releva	Course Code	M23BNSK509					
Total Number of Lecture Hours SEE Marks - Credits 0 Total Marks 100 Activities Report Evaluation by College NSS Officer at the end of every semester(3 rd to 6 th semester) Course objectives: National Service Scheme (NSS) will enable students to: 1 Understand the community in general in which they work. 2 2. Identify the needs and problems of the community and involve them in problem—solving. 3. Develop among themselves a sense of social & civic responsibility & utilize their knowledge in finding practical solutions to individual and community problems. 4. Develop competence required for group-living and sharing of responsibilities & gain skills in mobilizing community participation to acquire leadership qualities and democratic attitudes. 5. Develop competence required for group-living and sharing of responsibilities & gain skills. 7. These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. 1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the activities will develop students' theoretical and applied social and cultural skills. 2. State the need for NSS activitics and its present relevance in the society and Provide real-life examples. 3. Support and guide the students for self-planned activities. 4. You will also be responsible for assigning homework, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students' progress in real activities in the	Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L:T:P:S)	(0:0:2:0)	CIE Marks	100			
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 9. Spreading public awareness under rural out reach programs.(minimum 5 programs). 10. Social connect and responsibilities. 11. Plantation and adoption of plants. Know your plants. 12. Organize National integration and social harmony events/workshops/seminars.(Minimum 02 programs). 13. Govt.school Rejuvenation and helping them to achieve good infrastructure. NOTE: Student/s in individual or in a group should select any one activity in the beginning of each semester till end of that respective semester for successful completion as per the instructions of NSS officer with the consent of HOD of the determent.	8. Contribution to any national level initia Swatch Bharat, Atmanirbhar Bharath,	tive of Government of India. Make in India. Mudra scheme	For eg. Digital India, 2. Skill development r	Skill India,			
 10. Social connect and responsibilities. 11. Plantation and adoption of plants. Know your plants. 12. Organize National integration and social harmony events/workshops/seminars.(Minimum 02 programs). 13. Govt.school Rejuvenation and helping them to achieve good infrastructure. NOTE: Student/s in individual or in a group should select any one activity in the beginning of each semester till end of that respective semester for successful completion as per the instructions of NSS officer with the consent of HOD of the dependence. 	9. Spreading public awareness under rural out reach programs (minimum 5 programs)						
 11. Plantation and adoption of plants. Know your plants. 12. Organize National integration and social harmony events/workshops/seminars.(Minimum 02 programs). 13. Govt.school Rejuvenation and helping them to achieve good infrastructure. NOTE: Student/s in individual or in a group should select any one activity in the beginning of each semester till end of that respective semester for successful completion as per the instructions of NSS officer with the consent of HOD of the determent. 	10. Social connect and responsibilities.						
 12. Organize National integration and social harmony events/workshops/seminars.(Minimum 02 programs). 13. Govt.school Rejuvenation and helping them to achieve good infrastructure. NOTE: Student/s in individual or in a group should select any one activity in the beginning of each semester till end of that respective semester for successful completion as per the instructions of NSS officer with the consent of HOD of the dependent of the semester. 	11. Plantation and adoption of plants. Know	v your plants.					
13. Govt.school Rejuvenation and helping them to achieve good infrastructure. NOTE: Student/s in individual or in a group should select any one activity in the beginning of each semester till end of that respective semester for successful completion as per the instructions of NSS officer with the consent of HOD of the	12. Organize National integration and socia	l harmony events/workshops	/seminars.(Minimum	02 programs).			
NOTE: Student/s in individual or in a group should select any one activity in the beginning of each semester till end of that respective semester for successful completion as per the instructions of NSS officer with the consent of HOD of the dependence.	13. Govt.school Rejuvenation and helping	them to achieve good infrastru	icture.	/			
Student/s in individual or in a group should select any one activity in the beginning of each semester till end of that respective semester for successful completion as per the instructions of NSS officer with the consent of HOD of the	NOTE:	-					
respective semester for successful completion as per the instructions of NSS officer with the consent of HOD of the	Student/s in individual or in a group should se	elect any one activity in the be	eginning of each seme	ester till end of that			
	respective semester for successful completion	as per the instructions of NS	S officer with the con	isent of HOD of the			

At the end of every semester, activity report should be submitted for evaluation.

2023Scheme - 5th to 6th Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)

Distribution of A	Activities – Semester wise from 3 rd to 6 th semester.
Sem	Topics / Activities to be Covered
3 rd Sem for 25 Marks	 Organic farming, Indian Agriculture (Past, Present, and Future) Connectivity for marketing. Waste management– Public, Private and Govt organization, 5R's. Setting of the information imparting club for women leading to contribution in social and economic issues.
4 th Sem for 25 Marks	 Water conservation techniques- Role of different stakeholders-Implementation. Preparing an actionable business proposal for enhancing the village income and approach for implementation. Helping local schools to achieve good results and enhance their enrolment in Higher/technical/ vocational education.
5 th Sem for 25 Marks	 Developing Sustainable Water management systems for rural areas and implementation approaches. Contribution to any national-level initiative of the Government of India. For eg. Digital India, Skill India, SwachhBharat, Atmanirbhar Bharath, MakeinIndia, Mudrascheme, Skill development programs etc. Spreading public awareness under rural out reach programs.(minimum 5 programs). Social connect and responsibilities.
6 th Semfor 25 Marks	 Plantation and adoption of plants. Know your plants. Organize National integration and social harmony events/workshops/seminars.(Minimum 02 programs). Govt.school Rejuvenation and helping them to achieve good infrastructure.

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set): At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

Cos	Description
M23BNSK509.1	Understand the importance of his/her responsibilities towards society.
M23BNSK509.2	Analyse the environmental and societal problems/issues and will be able to design solutions
	for the same.
M23BNSK509.3	Evaluate the existing system and to propose practical solutions for the same for
	sustainable development.
M23BNSK509.4	Implement government or self-driven projects effectively in the field.
M23BNSK509.5	Develop capacity to meet emergencies and natural disasters & practice national integration
	and social harmony in general.

Pedagogy–Guidelines

Sl No	Торіс	Group size	Location	Activity execution	Reporting	Evaluation of the Topic
1.	Organic farming, Indian Agriculture (Past, Present, and Future) Connectivity for marketing.	May be individual or team	Farmers land/ Villages/ roadside/ community area /College campus etc	Site selection / proper consultation/ Continuous monitoring/ Information board	Report should be submitted by an individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics of the scheme and syllabus by NSS officer
2.	Waste management– Public, Private and Govt organization,5R's.	May be individual or team	Villages/ Ci ty Areas / Grama panchayat/ public	Site selection / proper consultation/ Continuous monitoring/ Information	Report should be submitted by an individual to the	Evaluation as per the rubrics of the scheme and



2023Scheme - 5th to 6th	Sem Competency	Based Syllabi for	B.E in CS(DS)
	1 2	2	

			associations/ Government Schemes officers /campus etc	board	concerned evaluation authority	syllabus by NSS officer
3.	Setting of the information imparting club for women leading to contribution in social And economic issues.	May be individual or team	Women empowerment groups/ Consulting NGOs & Govt Teams / College campus etc	Group selection/ proper consultation / Continuous monitoring / Information board	Report should be submitted by an individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics of the scheme and syllabus by NSS officer
4.	Water conservation techniques – Role of different stakeholders– Implementation.	May be individual or team	Villages/ Ci ty Areas / Grama panchayat/ public associations/ Government Schemes officers / Campus etc	Site selection/ Proper consultation/ Continuous monitoring/ Information board	Report should be submitted by an individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics of the scheme and syllabus by NSS officer
5.	Preparing an actionable business proposal for enhancing the village income and approach for implementation.	May be individual or team	Villages/ Ci ty Areas / Grama panchayat/ public associations/ Government Schemes officers /campus etc	Group selection/ proper consultation / Continuous monitoring / Information board	Report should be submitted by an individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics of the scheme and syllabus by NSS officer
6.	Helping local schools to achieve good results and enhance their enrolment in Higher/ technical/ vocational education.	May be individual or team	Villages/ City Areas / Grama panchayat/ public associations/ Government Schemesofficers /campus etc	School selection/ proper consultation / Continuous monitoring / Information board	Report should be submitted by an individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics of the scheme and syllabus by NSS officer
7.	Developing Sustainable Water management system for rural areas and implementation approaches.	May be individual or team	Villages/City Areas / Grama panchayat/ public associations/ Government	Site selection/ proper consultation/ Continuous monitoring / Information	Report should be submitted by an individual to the	Evaluation as per the rubrics of the scheme and syllabus by



2023Scheme - 5^{th} to 6^{th}	Sem Competency	Based Syllabi for I	B.E in CS(DS)
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			G 1	1 1	1	Mag 60
			Schemes	board	concerned	NSS officer
			officers		evaluation	
			/campus etc		authority	
8.	Contribution to any national-level initiative of the Government of India. For eg. Digital India, Skill India, Swachh Bharat, Atmanirbhar Bharath, Make in India, Mudrascheme, Skill development programs etc.	May be individual or team	Villages/City Areas / Grama panchayat/ public associations/ Government Schemesofficers /campus etc	Group selection/ proper consultation/ Continuous monitoring / Information board	Report should be submitted by an individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics of the scheme and syllabus by NSS officer
9.	Spreading public awareness under rural out reach programs.(minimum 5 programs).Social connect and responsibilities.	May be individual or team	Villages/City Areas / Grama panchayat/ public associations/ Government Schemesofficers /campus etc	Group selection/ proper consultation/ Continuous monitoring / Information board	Report should be submitted by an individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics of the scheme and syllabus by NSS officer
10.	Plantation and adoption of plants. Know your plants.	May be individual or team	Villages/City Areas / Grama panchayat/ public associations/ Government Schemesofficers /campus etc	Place selection/ proper consultation/ Continuous monitoring / Information board	Report should be submitted by an individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics of the scheme and syllabus by NSS officer
11.	Organize National integration and social harmony events /workshops /seminars.(Minimum 02 programs).	May be individual or team	Villages/City Areas / Grama panchayat/ public associations/ Government Schemes officers /campus etc	Place selection/ proper consultation/ Continuous monitoring / Information board	Report should be submitted by an individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics of the scheme and syllabus by NSS officer
12.	Govt. school Rejuvenation and helping them to achieve good infrastructure.	May be individual or team	Villages/City Areas / Grama panchayat/ public associations/ Government Schemes officers /campus etc	Place selection/ proper consultation/ Continuous monitoring / Information board	Report should be submitted by an individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics of the scheme and syllabus by NSS officer

It may differ depending on local resources available for the study as well as environment and climatic differences, location, and time of execution.



Sl. No Pra 1. Lecture session by NSS Officer 2. Students Presentation on Topics	ctice Session Des	cription				
1.Lecture session by NSS Officer2.Students Presentation on Topics						
2. Students Presentation on Topics		Lecture session by NSS Officer				
		Students Presentation on Topics				
3. Presentation-1,Selection of topic, PHASE	-1					
4. Commencement of activity and its progre	ss -PHASE-2					
5. Execution of Activity						
6. Execution of Activity						
7. Execution of Activity						
8. Execution of Activity						
9. Execution of Activity						
10. Case-study-based Assessment, Individual	performance					
11. Sector wise study and its consolidation						
12. Video-based seminar for 10-minutes by each seminar for 10-	ach student At th	ne end of the semester with a Report.				
 In every semester from 3rd semester to 6th semester, Each student should do activities according to the scheme and syllabus. At the end of every semester student performance has to be evaluated by the NSS officer for the assigned activity progress and its completion. At last in 6th semester consolidated report of all activities from 3rd to 6thsemester, compiled report should 						
be submitted as per the instructions.						
Assessment Details:						
Weightage	CIE - 100%	•				
Presentation-1 Selection of topic, PHASE-1	10 Marks	• Implementation strategies of the project(NSS work).				
Commencement of activity and its progress - PHASE-2	10 Marks	• The last Report should be signed by the NSS Officer, the HOD, and the				
Case Study-based Assessment Individual Performance with Report 10 Marks • At-last Report should be evaluated at 10 Marks						
Sector-wise study & its consolidation	10 Marks	Einstlue the several ideted marks short				
Video based seminar for 10 minutes by each student At the end of semester with Report.10 MarksFinally, the consolidated marks sheet should be sent to the university and made available at the LIC visit.						
Total marks for the course in each semester	50 Marks					
Marks scored for 50 by the students should be Scale down to 25 marks In each semester for CIE entry in the VTU portal. 25 marks CIE entry will be entered in University IA marks portal at the end of each semester 3 rd to 6 th sem, Report and assessment copy should be made available in the department semester wise						
Students should present the progress of the activi	ties as per the sch	nedule in the prescribed practical session in the				
field.						
There should be positive progress in the vertical	order for the bene	fit of society in general.				
Suggested Learning Resources:Books:1. NSS Course Manual, Published by NSS Cell,2. Government of Karnataka, NSS cell, activities3. Government of India, NSS cell, Activities report	VTU Belagavi. reports and manu orts and manual.	ual.				



5 th Semester	r
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Non-Credit Mandatory Courses(NCMC) PHYSICAL EDUCATION (SPORTS & ATHLETICS) -III

M23BPEK509

Non-Credit Mandatory Course (NCMC) PHYSICAL EDUCATION (SPORTS & ATHLETICS) -III					
ourse Code M23BPEK509 CIE Marks 10					
Lecture	Hours/Week(L:T:P:S)	(0:0:2:0)	SEE Marks	-	
ber of Le	ecture Hours	-	Total Marks	100	
Credits 0 Exam Hours -					
	Seme	ester-V			
]	PHYSICAL EDUCATION (S	SPORTS & ATHI	LETICS)—III		
Course Outcomes: At the end of the course ,the student will be able to					
	Description				
509.1	Understand the ethics and mo	oral values in sport	s and athletics.		
509.2	Perform in the selected sports	s or athletics of the	student's choic	ce.	
509.3	Understand the roles and resp	onsibilities of org	anization and a	dministration of	
	sports and games.				
Module-1					
Ethics and Moral Values (5hours)					
A. Etnics in Sports B. Moral Values in Sports and Games					
Module-2					
Specific Games(Anyone to be selected by the student) (20hours)					
A. Volley ball—Attack,Block,Service,Upper Hand Pass and Lower hand Pass.					
B. Throwball—Service, Receive, Spinattack, NetDrop & Jumpthrow.					
C. Kabaddi—Handtouch, ToeTouch, ThighHold, Anklehold and Bonus.					
Kho-Kho	—Giving Kho,SingleChain,Po	ole dive,Pole turnin	ng,3-6Up.		
FableTer	nnis—Service(ForeHand&Bacl	kHand),Receive(F	oreHand&Back	Hand),Smash.	
Athletics	(Track/FieldEvents)—Any eve	ent as per availabil	ity of Ground.		
Module-3					
Role of Organisation and administration (5 hours)					
	· C 1	Activity			
articipat	10n of student in all the module $2 - 1 + 1 = 1$	es			
vuizzes—	-2, each of 15 marks	• ,•,•	/ . 1	· · · · 1	
inal pres	sentation/exhibition/Participation	on in competitions	practical on sp	ecific tasks	
	le Lecture ber of Le ber of Le for content for conten	Non-Credit Manda PHYSICAL EDUCATION (le Lecture Hours/Week(L:T:P:S) ber of Lecture Hours PHYSICAL EDUCATION (S tcomes: At the end of the course ,the s Description 509.1 Understand the ethics and mode 509.2 Perform in the selected sports 509.3 Understand the roles and resp sports and games. Mode nd Moral Values cs in Sports al Values in Sports and Games Games(Anyone to be selected by the Volley ball—Attack,Block,Service,Upp Throwball—Service,Receive,Spinattacl Kabaddi—Handtouch,ToeTouch,Thigh Kho-Kho—Giving Kho,SingleChain,Po Table Tennis—Service(ForeHand&Back Athletics(Track/FieldEvents)—Any even ganisation and administration articipation of student in all the module Duizzes—2,each of 15 marks inal presentation/exhibition/Participation ssigned to the students	Non-Credit Mandatory Course (NCN PHYSICAL EDUCATION (SPORTS & ATH le M23BPEK509 Lecture Hours/Week(L:T:P:S) (0:0:2:0) per of Lecture Hours - 0 Semester-V PHYSICAL EDUCATION (SPORTS & ATHI tcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able Description 509.1 Understand the ethics and moral values in sport 509.2 Perform in the selected sports or athletics of the 509.3 Understand the roles and responsibilities of organisation and games. Module-1 Module-1 nd Moral Values Module-1 rd Moral Values Sports and Games Games(Anyone to be selected by the student) //olley ball—Attack,Block,Service,Upper Hand Pass and Chrowball—Service,Receive,Spinattack,NetDrop & Jump Kabaddi—Handtouch,ToeTouch,ThighHold,Anklehold an Kho-Kho—Giving Kho,SingleChain,Pole dive,Pole turnin FableTennis—Service(ForeHand&BackHand),Receive(For Athletics(Track/FieldEvents)—Any event as per availabil ganisation and administration ganisation and administration Activity articipation of student in all the modules Spuzzes—2,each of 15 marks inal presentation/exhibition/Participation in competitions ssigned to the students Spuzzes and shibition (Participation in competitions)	Non-Credit Mandatory Course (NCMC) PHYSICAL EDUCATION (SPORTS & ATHLETICS) -III le M23BPEK509 CIE Marks Lecture Hours/Week(L:T:P:S) (0:0:2:0) SEE Marks ber of Lecture Hours - Total Marks 0 Exam Hours Semester-V PHYSICAL EDUCATION (SPORTS & ATHLETICS)—III tcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to Description 509.1 Understand the ethics and moral values in sports and athletics. 509.2 Perform in the selected sports or athletics of the student's choic 509.3 Understand the roles and responsibilities of organization and as sports and games. Module-1 md Moral Values cs in Sports (2 al Values in Sports and Games (2 Games(Anyone to be selected by the student) (2 Volley ball—Attack,Block,Service,Upper Hand Pass and Lower hand Pa (2 Throwball—Service,Receive,Spinattack,NetDrop & Jumpthrow. (2 Kabaddi—Handtouch,ToeTouch,ThighHold,Anklehold and Bonus. (5 Kho-Kho—Giving Kho,SingleChain,Pole dive,Pole turning,3-6Up. (3 Games(Anyone to be selected by the student) (2 volley ball—Attack,Block,Service,Upper Hand Pass and Lowe	



5thSemester

Non-Credit Mandatory Course(NCMC) Yoga

M23BYOK509

Non-Cred	it Mandatory Courses(NC Yoga	MC)			
Course Code	M23BYOK509				
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	0:0:2:0	CIE Marks	100		
Total Number of Lecture Hours	-	SEE Marks	-		
Credits	0	Total Marks	100		
Evaluation Method: O	bjective type Theory / Pract	ical / Viva-Voce			
Course objectives:	5 71 7				
1. To enable the student to have good Health	h.				
2. To practice mental hygiene.					
3. To possess emotional stability.					
4. To integrate moral values.					
5. To attain a higher level of consciousness.					
The Health Benefits of Yoga	1				
The benefits of various yoga techniques have	e been supposed to improve				
• body flexibility,					
• performance,					
• stress reduction,					
• attainment of inner peace, and					
• self-realization.					
The system has been advocated as a compleme	ntary treatment to aid the he	ealing of severalailments su	ch as		
• coronary heart disease,					
• depression,					
• anxiety disorders,					
• asthma, and					
 extensive rehabilitation for disorders 	including musculoskeletal j	problems and traumatic bra	in injury.		
The system has also been suggested as behav	ioral therapy for smoking	cessation and substance abu	ise (including		
alcohol abuse).	1	11			
If you practice yoga, you may receive these	physical, mental, and spirite	ial benefits:			
• Physical	1				
1. Improved body flexibility and ba	alance				
2. Improved cardiovascular endura	nce (stronger neart)				
5. Improved algestion					
4. Improved abdominal strength	acth				
5. Elimanced overall muscular streins	igui				
7 Weight control					
8 Increased energy levels					
9 Enhanced immune system	8. Increased energy levels				
Montol					
 Mental 1 Relief of stress resulting from th 	e control of emotions				
2 Prevention and relief from stress	s-related disorders				
3 Intellectual enhancement leadin	a to improved decision-mal	king skills			
Sniritual		ang sans			
1. Life with meaning, purpose, and	direction				
2. Inner peace and tranquility					
3. Contentment					



2023Scheme - 5 th to 6 th Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(L	th to 6 th Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)
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Yoga Syllabus	
Semester V	
• Patanjali's Ashtanga Yoga its need and importance.	
• Ashtanga Yoga	
1. Asana	
2. Pranayama	
3. Pratyahara	
• Asana its meaning by name, technique, precautionary measures and benefits of each asana	
• Different types of Asanas	
a. Sitting 1. Ardha Ushtrasana 2. Vakrasana 3. Yogamudra in Padmasana	
b. Standing 1. UrdhvaHastothanasana 2. Hastapadasana 3. ParivrittaTrikonasana 4. Utkatasana	
c. Prone line 1. Padangushtha Dhanurasana 2. Poorna Bhujangasana / Rajakapotasana	
d. Supine	e line 1. Sarvangasana 2. Chakraasana 3. Navasana/Noukasana 4. Pavanamuktasana
 Revision of 	practice 60 strokes/min 3 rounds
 Meaning by 	v name, technique, precautionary measures and benefits of each Pranayama 1. Ujjayi 2.
Sheetali 3. Sheektari	
Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):	
At the end of the cours	the student will be able to:
	Description
M23BYOK509.1	Understand the meaning, aim and objectives of Yoga.
M23BYOK509.2	Perform Suryanamaskar and able to leach its benefits.
M23BYOK509.3	Understand and teach different Asanasbyname, its importance, methods and bei
M23BYOK509.4	Instruct Kapalabhati and its need and importance.
M23BYOK509.5	Teach different types of Pranayamaby its name, precautions, procedure and use
M23BYOK509.6	Coach different types of Kriyas, method to follow and usefulness.
 Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) Students will be assessed with internal test by a. Multiple choice questions b. Descriptive type questions (Twointernal assessment tests with 25 marks/test) Final test shall be conducted for whole syllabus for 50 marks. Continuous Internal Evaluation shall be for 100 marks (including IA test) 	
Suggested Learning Resources:	
Books:	
1. Yogapravesha in Kannada by Ajitkumar	
2. Light on Yoga by BKS Iyengar	
3. Teaching Methods for Yogic practices by Dr. M L Gharote & Dr. S K Ganguly	
4. Yoga Instructor Course hand book published by SVYASA University, Bengaluru	
5. Yoga for Children – step by step – by Yamini Muthanna	
Web links and Video Lectures	
(e-Kesources):Keier IIIKs 6 https://woutu.ho/KD_TVled1wE	
$\frac{\text{nups://youu.be/KB-1Ylgd1WE}}{7}$	

7. <u>https://youtu.be/aa-TG0Wg1Ls</u>


6 th Semester	Integrated Professional course (IPC) Full Stack Development	M23BCS601
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1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites				
1	1Basic Programming KnowledgePython: Since Django is a Python-based framework, strong proficiency Python is essential. You should be comfortable with Python syntax, data typ loops, functions, and object-oriented programming (OOP).					
2	Front-End Development Skills	HTML/CSS: Proficiency in HTML and CSS is necessary to create the structure and style of web pages. You should understand the basics of responsive design. JavaScript: Knowledge of JavaScript is important for adding interactivity to web pages. Understanding the Document Object Model (DOM) and how to manipulate it using JavaScript is crucial. Front-End Frameworks/Libraries: Familiarity with front-end frameworks like Bootstrap for styling, or JavaScript libraries like jQuery, can be beneficial. Learning a modern front-end framework like React can also be helpful for creating dynamic user interfaces.				
3	Django-Specific Knowledge	Django Framework: Proficiency in Django is key. This includes understanding Django's MVC (Model-View-Controller) architecture, working with models, views, and templates, and using Django's ORM (Object-Relational Mapping) to interact with databases.				
4	Database Knowledge	SQL Databases: Understanding of SQL and how to work with databases like PostgreSQL, MySQL, or SQLite, which are commonly used with Django. You should be comfortable with designing database schemas, writing queries, and optimizing database performance. Django ORM: Proficiency in Django's ORM to perform database operations in a Pythonic way without writing raw SQL.				
5	Security Practices	Django Security Features: Familiarity with Django's built-in security features, such as CSRF protection, SQL injection protection, and handling authentication securely. Web Security Basics: Understanding of HTTPS, secure password storage, user authentication and authorization, and common web vulnerabilities.				

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1	Web Technologies	 Knowledge: Frontend: HTML5, CSS3, JavaScript, frameworks like React.js, Angular, or Vue.js. Backend: Server-side languages like Node.js, Java, or Python, and frameworks (Express.js, Django). Skills: Develop responsive web applications that deliver a seamless user experience. Attitudes: Build interactive and dynamic user interfaces as well as robust serverside applications.
2	Database Management	 Knowledge:Familiarity with relational databases (MySQL, PostgreSQL) and NoSQL databases (MongoDB) Skills: Write complex queries and optimize database performance. Attitudes: Design, implement, and manage databases efficiently.
3	API Development	Knowledge: Knowledge of RESTful APIs and GraphQL.Skills: Test and document APIs for usability.Attitudes: Design and implement APIs that facilitate communication between frontend and backend.
4	Responsive Web Design	Knowledge: Familiarity with responsive design principles and frameworks (e.g., Bootstrap).Skills: Use CSS techniques to ensure design consistency across devices.Attitudes: Create interfaces that adapt to various screen sizes.
5	Problem-Solving	Knowledge : Techniques for troubleshooting and debugging. Skills : Implement solutions efficiently and evaluate their effectiveness

Department of Computer Science (Data Science), MIT Mysore

2023Scheme - 5th to 6th Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)

		Attitudes: Analyze complex issues and propose effective solutions.							
6	6Team CollaborationKnowledge: Principles of teamwork and collaboration in software dev Skills: Communicate clearly and constructively in team settings.								
	Conaboration	Attitudes: Work effectively in diverse teams and contribute to group objectives.							
7	Project Development	Knowledge: Understanding the lifecycle of software development from requirements to deployment.Skills: Deliver end-to-end solutions that meet user needs.Attitudes: Integrate frontend and backend components to create cohesive applications.							

3. Syllabus

FULLSTACK DEVELOPMENT								
SEMESTER – VI								
Course Code	M23BCS601	CIE Marks	50					
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(2:2:2:0)	SEE Marks	50					
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40 Hours Theory +20 Hours Practical	Total Marks	100					
Credits	4	Exam Hours	03					
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Course Learning Objectives:

1. Explain the use of learning full stack web development.

2. Make use of rapid application development in the design of responsive web pages.

- 3. Illustrate Models, Views and Templates with their connectivity in Django for full stack web development.
- 4. Demonstrate the use of state management and admin interfaces automation in Django.
- 5. Design and implement Django apps containing dynamic pages with SQL databases.

Module-1: MVC based Web Designing

Web framework, MVC Design Pattern, Django Evolution, Views, Mapping URL to Views, Working of Django URL Confs and Loose Coupling, Errors in Django, Wild Card patterns in URLS.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1 and Chapter 3

Module -2: Django Templates and Models

Template System Basics, Using Django Template System, Basic Template Tags and Filters, MVT Development Pattern, Template Loading, Template Inheritance, MVT Development Pattern.

Configuring Databases, Defining and Implementing Models, Basic Data Access, Adding Model String Representations, Inserting/Updating data, Selecting and deleting objects, Schema Evolution

Textbook 1: Chapter 4 and Chapter 5

Module -3: Django Admin Interfaces and Model Forms

Activating Admin Interfaces, Using Admin Interfaces, Customizing Admin Interfaces, and Reasons to use Admin Interfaces.

Form Processing, Creating Feedback forms, Form submissions, custom validation, creating Model Forms, URLConf Ticks, and Including Other URLConfs.

Textbook 1: Chapters 6, 7 and 8

Module -4: Generic Views and Django State Persistence

Using Generic Views, Generic Views of Objects, Extending Generic Views of objects, Extending Generic Views. MIME Types, Generating Non-HTML contents like CSV and PDF, Syndication Feed Framework, Sitemap framework, Cookies, Sessions, Users and Authentication.

Textbook 1: Chapters 9, 11 and 12

Module -5: jQuery and AJAX Integration in Django

Ajax Solution, Java Script, XHTML HttpRequest and Response, HTML, CSS, JSON, iFrames, Settings of Java Script in Django, jQuery and Basic AJAX, jQuery AJAX Facilities, Using jQuery UI Autocomplete in Django **Textbook 2: Chapters 1, 2 and 7.**

Laboratory Component:

1. Installation of Python, Django and Visual Studio code editors can be demonstrated.Creation of virtual environment, Django project and App should be demonstrated

2. Develop a Django app that displays

A.current date and time in server

B. date and time four hours ahead and four hours before as an offset of current date and time in server.

3. Develop a simple Django app that displays an unordered list of fruits and ordered list of selected students for an event

4. Develop a layout.html with a suitable header (containing navigation menu) and footer with copyright and developer information. Inherit this layout.html and create 3 additional pages: contact us, About Us and Home page



of any website.

5. Develop a Django app that performs student registration to a course.

A. It should also display list of students registered for any selected course. Create students and course as models with enrolment as ManyToMany field.

B. For student and course models created, register admin interfaces, perform migrations and illustrate data entry through admin forms.

C..For students enrolment, create a generic class view which displays list of students and detail view that displays student details for any selected student in the list.

6. Develop a Model form for student that contains his topic chosen for project, languages used and duration with a model called project.

9.. Develop example Django app that performs CSV and PDF generation for any models created in previous laboratory component.

10. Develop a registration page for student enrolment as done in Program 5, but without page refresh using AJAX. 11. Develop a search application in Django using AJAX that displays courses enrolled by a student being searched.

Textbooks :

1. Adrian Holovaty, Jacob Kaplan Moss, The Definitive Guide to Django: Web Development Done Right, Second Edition, Springer-Verlag Berlin and Heidelberg GmbH & Co. KG Publishers, 2009

2. Jonathan Hayward, Django Java Script Integration: AJAX and jQuery, First Edition, Pack Publishing, 2011 Reference Books:

1. Aidas Bendroraitis, Jake Kronika, Django 3 Web Development Cookbook, Fourth Edition, Packt Publishing, 2020

2. William Vincent, Django for Beginners: Build websites with Python and Django, First Edition, Amazon Digital Services, 2018

3. Antonio Mele, Django3 by Example, 3rd Edition, Pack Publishers, 2020

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. MVT architecture with Django: <u>https://freevideolectures.com/course/3700/django-tutorials</u>

2. Using Python in Django: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2BqoLiMT3Ao</u>

3. Model Forms with Django: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gMM1rtTwKxE

4. Real time Interactions in Django: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3gHmfoeZ45k</u>

5. AJAX with Django for beginners: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3VaKNyjlxAU</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

1. Real world problem solving - applying the Django framework concepts and its integration with AJAX to develop any shopping website with admin and user dashboards.

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1: MVC based Web Designing	Understand the concept of MVC and MVT architecture, Evolution of Django, views, working of Django URL confs and Loose coupling. Understand how to install python,Django and visual studio code and how to create virtual environment and develop a Django app that display current date and time with different scenarios
2	Week 2: Django Templates	Creating HTML templates, Using Django's template language for dynamic content, Template inheritance and context rendering. Develop a simple Django app of order and unorder list of fruits and students for an event and also develop an app for layout.html
3	Week 3-4: Models	Defining Django models and fields, Performing database migrations. Introduction to Django's ORM (Object-Relational Mapping),understanding concept of inserting, updating ,selecting and deleting the data in database Develop a Django app that performs student registration to a course. It should also display list of students registered for any selected course. Create students and course as models with enrolment as ManyToMany field.
4	Week 5-6: Django Admin Interfaces	Understand the concept of admin interface and how to use, active and customizing admin interface. For student and course models, register admin interfaces, perform migrations and illustrate data entry through admin forms.
5	Week 7-8:	Creating and handling forms in Django and understand how to create a

4. Syllabus Timeline

Department of Computer Science (Data Science), MIT Mysore

2023Scheme - 5th to 6th Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)

	Model Forms	feedback form, model forms.
		Develop a Model form for student that contains his topic chosen for project,
		languages used and duration with a model called project
		Definition of generic views, extending generic views of object, different
		types of generic view. Understanding the concept of generating non-HTML contents like CSV and PDF.
6	Week 9-10:	For student's enrolment, create a generic class view which displays list of
	Generic Views	students and detail view that displays student details for any selected student
		in the list.
		Develop example Django app that performs CSV and PDF generation for
		any models created in previous laboratory component.
		Understand the concept of HTML request and Response, jQuery, Ajax
	W1-11 12	solution, CSS, JSON with code snippet
7	iOuery and AIAY	Develop a registration page for student enrolment but without page refresh
'	Integration in Diange	using AJAX.
	integration in Django	Develop a search application in Django using AJAX that displays courses
		enrolled by a student being searched.

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Interactive Lectures and Demos	Use interactive lectures to introduce new concepts, supported by live coding sessions where the instructor demonstrates how to implement these concepts in real-time. For example, while teaching Django models, the instructor can create models in a live coding session and show how they translate into database tables.
2	Hands-on Labs and Coding Exercises	Incorporate regular lab sessions where students work on coding exercises that apply the concepts taught in lectures. After learning about Django views and templates, assign exercises where students create their own views and templates for a small web application.
3	Project-Based Learning	Use a project-based learning approach where students build a full stack application over the course duration, integrating all aspects of development (front-end, back- end, database, and deployment). Start with smaller individual projects (e.g., a simple blog), leading up to a capstone project where students create a more complex application, such as an e-commerce site.
4	Collaborative Learning and Pair Programming	Encourage collaborative learning through pair programming and group projects, where students can work together to solve problems. Assign pair programming tasks, such as creating RESTful APIs or implementing authentication, and group projects where teams build different modules of a larger application.
5	Flipped Classroom Approach	Implement a flipped classroom model, where students study theoretical concepts through online resources (videos, articles) before class, and class time is dedicated to discussions, Q&A, and practical exercises. Assign pre-class videos on Django's ORM, and use class time to discuss advanced queries and perform hands-on exercises.
6	Continuous Assessment and Feedback	Use formative assessments (quizzes, coding challenges) and provide regular feedback to monitor student progress and address learning gaps. After each module, conduct a quiz or a coding challenge to assess understanding. Provide detailed feedback on code quality, efficiency, and best practices.
7	Use of Real-World Case Studies	Integrate real-world case studies into the curriculum to demonstrate how full stack development is applied in various industries. Analyze a case study of a successful web application, discussing the technologies used, the architecture, and the challenges faced during development.
8	Guest Lectures and Industry Interaction	Invite industry professionals to give guest lectures or hold Q&A sessions to provide insights into the latest trends and best practices in full stack development. Arrange guest lectures on topics like cloud deployment, scalability, or emerging technologies in full stack development.
9	Supplementary Resources and Self- Learning	Provide supplementary resources like online tutorials, documentation, and recommended reading to encourage self-learning and deeper exploration of topics. Share resources on advanced Django topics, front-end frameworks, or best practices in web security, encouraging students to explore these on their own.

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies



6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2	60%	15	06
Theory (A)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	40%	10	04
	Total Marks	100%	25	10	
	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
	Record Writing	Continuous	60%	15	06
Laboratory(B)	Test at the end of the semester	1	40%	10	04
	Total Marks		100%	25	10

Theory Course with 4 credits: Integrated Professional Core Course (IPC)

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Semester End Examination pattern:

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 question from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. The question paper may include at least one question from the laboratory component.
- 5. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Master Core Python Programming Skills	Develop a solid understanding of Python programming, including advanced concepts such as object-oriented programming, file handling, and libraries.
2	Understand and Apply Django Framework	Gain in-depth knowledge of Django's MVC (Model-View-Controller) architecture and how it facilitates web development.
3	Develop Database Management Skills	Learn how to design, implement, and manage databases using Django's ORM and SQL.
4	Build and Style User Interfaces	Acquire skills in front-end technologies like HTML, CSS, and JavaScript to create responsive and interactive user interfaces.
5	Implement Security Best Practices	Learn how to secure web applications using Django's built-in security features and web security best practices.
6	Integrate Front-End Frameworks with Django	Learn how to integrate modern front-end frameworks (e.g., React, Vue.js) with Django for building dynamic, single-page applications
7	Test and Debug Django Applications	Understand the importance of testing and debugging, and learn how to write and run tests in Django

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)COsDescriptionM23BCS601.1Describe the working of MVT based full stack web development with Django.M23BCS601.2Apply the Django framework libraries to render non HTML contents like CSV and PDF.M23BCS601.3Analyse the role of Template Inheritance and Generic views for developing full stack web applicationsM23BCS601.4Designing of Models and Forms for rapid development of web pages and Perform jQuery based AJAX integration to Django Apps to build responsive full stack web applications.

Demonstrate the ability to design and develop python programs by using various Django M23BCS601.5 frameworks and document the result.

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
M23BCS601.1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-
M23BCS601.2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-
M23BCS601.3	-	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
M23BCS601.4	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3
M23BCS601.5	3	3	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	3
M23BCS601	3	3	2.3	-	2.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2.33	2.33

CO-PO-PSO Manning

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1	10					10
Module 2		4	6			10
Module 3		10				10
Module 4			5	5		10
Module 5					10	10
Total	10	14	10	5	10	50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1	20					20
Module 2		8	12			20
Module 3		20				20
Module 4			10	10		20
Module 5					20	20
Total	20	28	22	10	20	100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks.

10. Future with this Subject

1. Continued Popularity and Growth

- Widespread Adoption: Django will continue to be a popular choice for developers due to its • robustness, ease of use, and the large number of built-in features that simplify complex tasks.
- Community and Ecosystem: The Django community is active and growing, with ongoing • development of new features, libraries, and extensions, ensuring that Diango remains relevant and up-to-date.
- 2. Enhanced Performance and Scalability
 - Machine Learning and AI: Integration with machine learning libraries and AI tools will become more prevalent, allowing developers to incorporate intelligent features into their Django applications.
 - Blockchain: Django could be used to develop applications that interact with blockchain technologies, providing secure and decentralized solutions.
- 3. Advanced Front-End Integration
 - Single-Page Applications (SPAs): Django will increasingly integrate with modern front-end frameworks like React, Vue.js, and Angular to build dynamic SPAs, improving user experience and application responsiveness.
 - Progressive Web Apps (PWAs): Django's ability to support PWAs will allow developers to create applications that work seamlessly across different platforms and devices, offering an app-like experience in the browser.

- 4. Enhanced Security Features
 - **Built-In Security Enhancements:** As security threats evolve, Django will continue to strengthen its security features to protect against new vulnerabilities and ensure secure web application development.
 - **Compliance:** Django will support compliance with various data protection regulations and standards, making it easier for developers to build applications that meet legal requirements

5. Growing Job Market and Career Opportunities

- Increased Demand: The demand for full stack developers skilled in Django will likely continue to grow, driven by the need for robust web applications across various industries.
- Career Specialization: Developers with expertise in Django will have opportunities to specialize in areas such as enterprise application development, e-commerce solutions, and data-driven applications.
- 6. Cloud and DevOps Integration
 - Cloud-Native Development: Django applications will increasingly be designed for cloud environments, leveraging cloud services for scalability, storage, and computing power.
 - DevOps Practices: Integration with DevOps practices will streamline the development, deployment, and maintenance of Django applications, promoting continuous integration and continuous deployment (CI/CD) workflows.





6 th Semester	Professional Core Course (PC) Machine Learning	M23BCS602
0 Semester	Machine Learning	

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites	
1.	Basic Mathematics	 Good understanding of calculus (derivatives, integrals, optimization). Familiarity with probability and statistics (probability distributions, hypothesis testing). 	
 Programming Programming Programming Programming Programming Programming Proficiency in at least one programachine learning (Python, R). Experience with data structures and Basic understanding of software er debugging) 		 Proficiency in at least one programming language commonly used for machine learning (Python, R). Experience with data structures and algorithms. Basic understanding of software engineering principles (code organization, debugging). 	
3.	Basic Understanding of Data Structures	• Concepts of arrays, lists, trees, and basic algorithms for sorting and searching.	
4.	Foundation in linear algebra	• Knowledge of matrices, vectors, eigenvalues, gradients, and optimization.	

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1	Data Exploration and Preparation	 Knowledge: Understanding various data types, data quality issues, and data preprocessing techniques. Skills: Ability to clean, transform, and prepare data for machine learning algorithms. Attitudes: Appreciation for the importance of high-quality data.
2	Supervised Learning Algorithms	 Knowledge: Understanding the principles of supervised learning, including regression and classification algorithms (linear regression, logistic regression, decision trees, support vector machines). Skills: Ability to apply, evaluate, and tune these algorithms. Attitudes: Critical thinking in model selection and evaluation.
3	Unsupervised Learning and Dimensionality Reduction	 Knowledge: Understanding clustering and dimensionality reduction techniques (k-means, PCA). Skills: Ability to apply these methods for data exploration and feature engineering. Attitudes: Openness to exploring data patterns and reducing data complexity.
4	Model Evaluation and Selection	 Knowledge: Understanding metrics for evaluating model performance (accuracy, precision, recall, F1-score, ROC curves). Skills: Ability to compare models, perform cross-validation, and select the best model for a given task. Attitudes: Objectivity in model assessment.
5	Ethical Considerations in Machine Learning	 Knowledge: Awareness of ethical implications, bias in data, and fairness considerations. Skills: Ability to identify and mitigate bias in machine learning models. Attitudes: Responsibility and a commitment to ethical AI practices.

3. Syllabus

Machine Learning SEMESTER – VI			
Course Code	M23BCS602	CIE Marks	50
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(3:2:0:0)	SEE Marks	50
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50 Hours	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03
Course Objectives			

ourse Objectives:

- 1. Introduce the fundamental concepts and principles of machine learning.
- 2. Provide hands-on experience with commonly used machine learning algorithms.
- Develop skills in data preprocessing, feature engineering, model building, evaluation, and selection. 3.

- Foster critical thinking about the ethical implications of machine learning. 4.
- 5 Prepare students to apply machine learning techniques to real-world problems

5. Trepare students to apply machine rearing techniques to rear-world problems.	(10 -
Module -1	(10 hours)
Machine Learning and Data Essentials	
Introduction to Machine Learning, Machine Learning Explained, Machine Learning in Re	elation to Other
Fields, Types of Machine Learning, Challenges of Machine Learning, Machine Learning Provide the Provid	rocess, Machine
Learning Applications, What is Data?, Big Data Analytics and Types of Analytics, Big	Data Analysis
Framework.	
Chapter 1 (All Sections), Chapter 2 (Sections 2.1, 2.2, 2.3)	
Module -2	(10 hours)
Data Analysis and Learning Foundations.	
Descriptive Statistics, Univariate Data Analysis and Visualization, Bivariate Data and Mu	ultivariate Data.
Essential Mathematics for Multivariate Data. Introduction to Learning and its Types.	,
Chapter 2 (Sections 2.4.2.5.2.6.2.7.2.8) Chapter 3 (Section 3.1)	
Module -3	(10 hours)
Regression and Supervised Learning	(10 110013)
Introduction to Computation Learning Theory Design of a Learning System Introduct	ion to Concept
Learning Induction Biases Modeling in Machine Learning Learning Frameworks	Introduction to
Degragation Introduction to Linconity Completion and Congettion Introduction to Lin	Decreasion
Validation of Degrassion Matheda	cai Regression,
valuation of Regression Methods.	
$\mathbf{M}_{a} = \mathbf{M}_{a} \mathbf{M}_{a}$	(10 b a)
Internet Service and Denset and D	(10 hours)
Advanced Supervised Learning and Bayesian Principles	1 51
Multiple Linear Regression, Polynomial Regression, Logistic Regression, Ridge, Lasso,	and Elastic Net
Regression, Introduction to Decision Tree Learning Model, Decision Tree Induction Algorithm	ms, Introduction
to Probability-based Learning, Fundamentals of Bayes Theorem, Classification Using	Bayes Model,
Introduction to Ensemble Learning, Ensembling Techniques, Parallel Ensemble Models.	
Chapter 5 (Sections 5.5, 5.6, 5.7, 5.8), Chapter 6 (Sections 6.1, 6.2), Chapter 8 (Sections 8.1, 8.	2, 8.3), Chapter
12 (Sections 12.1, 12.2).	
Module -5	(10 hours)
Unsupervised Learning, Reinforcement Learning, and Beyond	
Introduction to Clustering Approaches, Proximity Measures, Hierarchical Clustering Algorit	hms, Partitional
Clustering Algorithm, Overview of Reinforcement Learning, Scope of Reinforcer	nent Learning,
Reinforcement Learning As Machine Learning, Probabilistic Graphical Models, Artificial N	eural Networks,
Support Vector Machines, Genetic Algorithms, Deep Learning.	
Chapter 13 (Sections 13.1, 13.2, 13.3, 13.4), Chapter 14 (Sections 14.1, 14.2, 14.3), Overview of	of Chapters 9,
10, 11, 15, 16.	
TEXTBOOK:	
1. S. Sridhar, M Vijayalakshmi "Machine Learning". Oxford ,2021	
2. Tom Michel, Machine Learning, McGrawHill Publication.	
REFERENCE BOOKS:	
1. Ethem Alpavdin, Introduction to Machine Learning, MIT Press, 4th Edition, 2020.	
2. Christopher M. Bishop, Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 1st Edit	ion, 2006.
VIDEO LINKS:	, -
1. Machine Learning Course by Andrew Ng (Stanford CS229):	
https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLoROMyody4rMiGOn3WXShtMGgzanfVfbU	
2 3Blue1Brown - Essence of Linear Algebra & Calculus: Linear Algebra	
 3Blue1Brown - Essence of Linear Algebra & Calculus: Linear Algebra: https://www.youtube.com/playlist2list=PL7HOObOWTODPD3MizzM2vVFitgE8bF_ab 	
 3Blue1Brown - Essence of Linear Algebra & Calculus: Linear Algebra: <u>https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLZHQObOWTQDPD3MizzM2xVFitgF8hE_ab</u> Calculus: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLZHQObOWTQDPMsr9K_r53DwVPl 	MVO3t5Vr
 3Blue1Brown - Essence of Linear Algebra & Calculus: Linear Algebra: <u>https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLZHQObOWTQDPD3MizzM2xVFitgF8hE_ab</u> Calculus: <u>https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLZHQObOWTQDMsr9K-rj53DwVR1</u> StatQuest with Josh Starmer (YouTube Channel): <u>https://www.youtube.com/user/isebstar</u> 	<u>MYO3t5Yr</u>
 3Blue1Brown - Essence of Linear Algebra & Calculus: Linear Algebra: <u>https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLZHQObOWTQDPD3MizzM2xVFitgF8hE_ab</u> Calculus: <u>https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLZHQObOWTQDMsr9K-rj53DwVR1</u> StatQuest with Josh Starmer (YouTube Channel): <u>https://www.youtube.com/user/joshstar</u> 	<u>MYO3t5Yr</u> <u>mer</u>

	<i>.</i>	
S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1-2:	Introduction to ML, Types of Learning, Applications, Data Types, Descriptive
1		Statistics, Visualization (Modules 1 & 2, introductory portions)
2	Waste 2.4.	Regression Analysis: Linear, Multiple Linear, Polynomial, Model Evaluation
	week 3-4:	(Module 3)
3	Week 5-6:	Classification with Logistic Regression, Regularization, Bias-Variance Tradeoff



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		(Module 3 & 4 - introductory part)
4	Week 7-8:	Decision Trees, Ensemble Methods (Bagging, Random Forests), Evaluating Classifiers (Module 4)
5	Week 9-10:	Unsupervised Learning: Clustering (k-means), Dimensionality Reduction (PCA), Applications (Module 5)
6	Week11-12:	Reinforcement Learning Fundamentals, Applications, Introduction to Advanced Topics: Probabilistic Graphical Models, Neural Networks, Support Vector Machines, Genetic Algorithms, Deep Learning (Module 5 & Overviews)

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description	
1	Lecture Method	Deliver core concepts and foundational knowledge, interactive discussions.	
2	Code Demonstrations	In-class coding examples using Python and relevant ML libraries (like scikit- learn) to illustrate algorithm implementation and data analysis techniques.	
3	Project-Based Learning	Hands-on projects where students apply ML to datasets and solve real-world inspired problems.	
4	Case Studies Analyze real-world applications of machine learning to understand its imp and challenges.		
5	Group Discussions	Facilitate critical thinking and encourage collaborative learning through discussions on ethical considerations, future trends, and current events in AI/ML.	
6	Guest Lectures	Invite industry experts to provide insights into practical applications and career paths in Machine Learning.	

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

CIE Split up

Components		Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	Total Marks			50	20

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the average of the 2 test marks conducted.

Semester End Examination:

1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.

2. There shall be 2 question from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum

- of 3 sub questions), may have mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 mark

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Data Understanding and Preparation for Machine Learning	Comprehend data types, data quality issues, and learn data preprocessing techniques for effective machine learning.
2	Supervised Learning Concepts and Algorithms	Understand the principles of supervised learning, including regression and classification algorithms. Be able to apply, evaluate, and tune these algorithms for predictive modeling.
3	Unsupervised Learning Techniques	Grasp the concepts of clustering, dimensionality reduction, and their applications in data exploration and feature engineering. Be able to apply common methods like k-means and PCA.
4	Model Evaluation, Selection, and Performance Metrics	Learn various metrics for evaluating model performance and be able to compare and select the best model for a given task using techniques like cross-validation.

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5	Ethical Implications and Applications of Machine	Develop an understanding of the ethical implications of machine learning, including bias in data, fairness considerations, and responsible AI development practices
	Learning	development practices.
6	Future Trends and Advanced Topics in Machine Learning	Gain awareness of current trends, emerging technologies, and advanced topics in machine learning to foster continuous learning and exploration in the field.

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs Course Outcomes (COs)

COs	Description
M23BCS602.1	Understand the fundamental concepts of machine learning, its types, applications, and the ethical implications of its use.
M23BCS602.2	Apply data preprocessing techniques and perform exploratory data analysis to prepare data for machine learning algorithms.
M23BCS602.3	Implement unsupervised learning techniques for clustering and dimensionality reduction.
M23BCS602.4	Build, evaluate, and compare supervised learning models for regression and classification tasks.
M23BCS602.5	Analyze and interpret the results of machine learning models and communicate findings effectively.

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
M23BCS602.1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
M23BCS602.2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
M23BCS602.3	-	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
M23BCS602.4	-	-	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
M23BCS602.5	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	_	-	-	3
M23BCS602	2	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	3	3

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)							
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total		
Module 1	10					10		
Module 2		10				10		
Module 3			10			10		
Module 4				10		10		
Module 5					10	10		
Total	10	10	10	10	10	50		

Semester End Examination (SEE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1	20					20
Module 2		20				20
Module 3			20			20
Module 4				20		20
Module 5					20	20
Total	20	20	20	20	20	100

10. Future with this Subject:

- 1. **Deep Learning Specialization:** The knowledge gained here primes you to explore the fascinating world of deep learning (CNNs, RNNs, Transformers). Imagine designing algorithms for self-driving cars, medical image analysis, or even writing creative text—all made possible with deep learning and highly relevant to your future careers.
- 2. MLOps (Machine Learning Operations): Building ML models is just the start. MLOps focuses on deploying, managing, and scaling those models to real-world applications, a crucial skill for ML engineers and data scientists.



- 3. **Explainable AI (XAI):** As AI makes more decisions, understanding why becomes paramount. XAI techniques, which focus on interpreting model behavior, are essential for building trust and ensuring ethical AI development, especially in sensitive fields like healthcare and finance.
- 4. Edge Computing and IoT: The future is interconnected. By integrating ML with edge devices and the Internet of Things (IoT), you can create intelligent systems that react in real-time from smart homes and factories to autonomous vehicles, creating massive career opportunities in the process.
- 5. **Reinforcement Learning Applications:** Imagine teaching robots to learn like humans. Reinforcement learning makes this possible and is poised to revolutionize fields like robotics, control systems, and personalized learning experiences.
- 6. **Generative AI:** This rapidly advancing field uses models like GANs and diffusion models to create stunningly realistic images, videos, and even music, blurring the lines between human and machine creativity and opening exciting career paths for those with the right ML skills.



6 th Somostor	Professional Elective-II (PE)	M73BCS603A
o Semester	BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGY	WIZ5DC5005A

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1	Basic Programming	Understanding of programming concepts and knowledge of languages like Python,
1	Skills	JavaScript, or C++ is essential.
2	Data Structures	Familiarity with data structures such as linked lists, hash maps, and graphs is
2	Data Structures	crucial.
3	Basic Knowledge of	A good grasp of cryptographic principles is important for securing blockchain
3	Computer Security	transactions.
4	Distributed Systems	Understanding how distributed systems work and the basics of networking can
4	and Networking	help grasp how blockchain nodes communicate and maintain consensus.
Ľ	Basic Knowledge of	Since blockchain often intersects with cryptocurrencies, having a basic
5	Economics	understanding of economic principles can be beneficial.

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
	• •	Knowledge: Understand the basic concepts of blockchain, including its architecture, how
		it works, and its various applications.
1	Blockchain	Skills:
	Fundamentals	Explain blockchain concepts clearly and apply them in practical scenarios.
		Attitudes:
		Curiosity and eagerness to explore new technologies and their potential impacts.
		Knowledge: Familiarity with decentralized networking and cryptographic principles such
	Decentralized	as public-key cryptography, cryptographic hashing, and digital signatures.
2	system &	Skills: Implement cryptographic algorithms like Secret Key Cryptography (SKC), Public
	Cryptography	Key Cryptography (PKC) & Hash Functions.
		Attitudes: Attention to detail and a strong focus on security and privacy.
3	Basic Knowledge of Cryptocurrency	 Knowledge: Understand the basic principles of Bitcoin, including its creation, blockchain technology, mining process, and transaction mechanisms. Familiarity with various alternative cryptocurrencies like Ethereum, Litecoin, Ripple, and others, including their unique features and use cases. Skills: Proficiency in programming languages such as Python, Solidity, and JavaScript for developing blockchain applications and smart contracts. Understanding and implementing security measures to protect digital wallets, private keys, and transactions from potential threats. Attitudes: Commitment to ethical practices in cryptocurrency development.
4	Smart Contracts	 Knowledge: Understanding of smart contracts, particularly on platforms like Ethereum, and how they automate and enforce agreements. Skills: Proficiency in writing and deploying smart contracts using languages like python. Attitudes: Precision and thoroughness in coding to ensure accuracy and reliability.
5	Understanding Different Blockchains	 Knowledge: Understanding of non-Cryptocurrency Applications like supply chain management, IoT and others. Skills: Proficiency in blockchain fundamentals. Attitudes: Willingness to adapt to the rapidly changing landscape of blockchain.

3. Syllabus									
BLOCK	BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGY								
SEMESTER – VI									
Course Code	M23BCS603A	CIE Marks	50						
Number of Lecture Hours/Week (L: T: P: S)	(3:0:0:0)	SEE Marks	50						
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40 Hours	Total Marks	100						
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03						
Course objectives: This course will enable stude	ints to:								
1.Define and explain the fundamentals of Blocke	hain								
2.Illustrate the technologies of blockchain									
3.Describe the models of blockchain									
4. Analyze and demonstrate the Ethereum									
	Module - I	1	1 1 1 .						
Blockchain 101: Distributed systems, History	of blockchain, introduction to block	chain, Types of b	lockchain,						
CAP theorem and blockchain, Benefits and limita	ations of blockchain.								
Text Book 1: Chapter 1									
	Module -2								
Decentralization and Cryptography: Decentra	lization using blockchain, Methods of	of decentralization,	Routes to						
decentralization, Decentralized organizations. Cr	yptography and Technical Foundation	ns: Cryptographic	primitives,						
Asymmetric cryptography, Public and private key	ys								
Text Book 1: Chapter 2, Chapter 4									
	Module -3								
Bitcoin									
Bitcoin, Transactions, Blockchain, Bitcoin pay	ments. Theoretical foundations, Bit	coin limitations, 1	Namecoin,						
Litecoin, Primecoin, Zcash									
Text Book 1: Chapter 5, Chapter 6, Chapter 8									
	Module -4								
Smart Contracts and Ethereum 101:									
Smart Contracts: Definition, Ricardian contracts	. Ethereum 101: Introduction, Ethere	um blockchain, El	lements of						
the Ethereum blockchain, Precompiled contracts.									
Text Book 1: Chapter 9, Chapter 10									
	Module -5								
Alternative Blockchains: Blockchains		N 6 1'							
Blockchain- Outside of Currencies: Internet of 11	nings, Government, Health, Finance,	Media							
Text Book 1: Chapter 17									
1 Mastering Disabahain Distributed lade	and dependentiation and growt control	asta avalainad Ima	on Dashin						
1. IVIASIETING DIOCKCHAIN - DISTRIBUTED TED Deckt Publishing I td. Second Edition IS	sets, decembranzation and smart contribution $378 - 1 - 78712 - 544 = 5 - 2017$	acts explained, Imr	all Dashir,						
2 Bitcoin and Cryptocurrency Technologi	es Arvind Naravanan Josenh Donna	au Edward Faltan	2016						
2. Bittom and Cryptocurrency rectinologic	co, Ai vina ivarayanan, Joseph Bonne	iu, Euwalu Feltell,	2010						
1 Blockchain Basics: A Non-Technical Intro	duction in 25 Steps Daniel Drescher	Apress First Edit	ion 2017						
2 Mastering Bitcoin: Unlocking Digital Cryr	tocurrencies Andreas M Antonopol	llos O'Reilly Medi	a First						
Edition. 2014.	increas in marcus in ranonopor	noo, o nomy moul	, 1 11.5t						



2023Scheme - 5th to 6th	Sem Competency	y Based Syllabi for	B.E in CS(DS)
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	4. Syllabus Timeline	
S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1-2: Blockchain 101	 Competency: Blockchain Fundamentals Knowledge: Understand the basic concepts of blockchain, including its architecture, how it works, and its various applications. Skills: Explain blockchain concepts clearly and apply them in practical scenarios.
2	Week 3-4: Decentralization and Cryptography	 Competency: Decentralized system & Cryptography Knowledge: Familiarity with decentralized networking and cryptographic principles such as public-key cryptography, cryptographic hashing, and digital signatures. Skills: Implement cryptographic algorithms like Secret Key Cryptography (SKC), Public Key Cryptography (PKC) & Hash Functions.
3	Week 5-6: Bitcoin and Alternative Coins	 Competency: Basic Knowledge of cryptocurrency Knowledge: Understand the basic principles of Bitcoin, including its creation, blockchain technology, mining process, and transaction mechanisms. Familiarity with various alternative cryptocurrencies like Ethereum, Litecoin, Ripple, and others, including their unique features and use cases. Skills: Proficiency in programming languages such as Python, Solidity, and JavaScript for developing blockchain applications and smart contracts. Understanding and implementing security measures to protect digital wallets, private keys, and transactions from potential threats.
4	Week 7-8: Smart Contracts and Ethereum 101	 Competency: Smart Contracts Knowledge: Understanding of smart contracts, particularly on platforms like Ethereum, and how they automate and enforce agreements. Skills: Writing and deploying smart contracts using languages like python.
5	Week 9-10: Alternative Blockchains	 Competency: Understanding Different Blockchains Knowledge: Understanding of non-Cryptocurrency Applications like supply chain management, IoT and others. Skills: Proficiency in blockchain fundamentals.

4. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Lecture Method	• Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.
2	Video/Animation	 Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding of the concepts.
3	Collaborative Learning	• Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.
4	Higher Order Thinking (HOTS) Questions:	• Pose HOTS questions to stimulate critical thinking related to each competency.
5	Problem-Based Learning (PBL)	• Implement PBL to enhance analytical skills and practical application of competencies
6	Multiple Representations	• Introduce topics in various representations to reinforce competencies
7	Real-World Application	• Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real-world competencies.
8	Flipped Class Technique	• Utilize a flipped class approach, providing materials before class to facilitate deeper understanding of competencies
9	Programming Assignments	• Assign programming tasks to reinforce practical skills associated with competencies.



6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	Total Ma	50	20		

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the average of the 2 test marks conducted.

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.

2. There shall be 2 question from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have mix of topics under that module if necessary.

3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.

4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks

	anning o'sjeen es	
S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Understanding Blockchain Technology Fundamentals	Students will grasp the fundamental concepts of blockchain and it's decentralized way of function, including smart contracts, cryptocurrencies, non-crypto blockchains
2	Developing blockchain applications	Students will learn to develop and implement blockchain applications, smart contracts and for real world scenarios using programming languages like python.
3	Project-Based Learning	Through hands-on projects, students will apply their knowledge of blockchain to design, develop and implement blockchain applications, reinforcing their understanding of theoretical concepts
4	Collaboration and Communication Skills	Students will work collaboratively in teams on design projects, enhancing their ability to communicate effectively, share ideas, and solve problems collectively.
5	Ethical and Professional Responsibility	Students will understand the ethical and professional responsibilities associated with blockchain technology, including transparency and compliance with regulations, cautious and strategic approach to managing risks associated with cryptocurrency investments and trading, best practices for securing blockchain networks and applications.

7. Learning Objectives

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)

COs	Description
M23BCS603A.1	Explain fundamentals of blockchain and how it works.
M23BCS603A.2	Implement security measures through cryptographic principles.
M23BCS603A.3	Describe fundamentals of cryptocurrencies and their role in economics.
M23BCS603A.4	Analyse and demonstrate the Ethereum.
M23BCS603A.5	Analyse and demonstrate Hyperledger fabric.

2023Scheme - 5 th to 6 th	Sem Co	ompetency	Based Sy	yllabi for	B.E in	CS(DS)
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СО-РО-Р	<u>SO Ma</u>	pping												
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
M23BCS603A.1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
M23BCS603A.2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
M23BCS603A.3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
M23BCS603A.4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
M23BCS603A.5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
M23BCS603A	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1	10					10
Module 2		10				10
Module 3			10			10
Module 4				10		10
Module 5					10	10
Total	10	10	10	10	10	50
		Semester	End Examinatio	on (SEE)		

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1	20					20
Module 2		20				20
Module 3			20			20
Module 4				20		20
Module 5					20	20
Total	20	20	20	20	20	100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. Future with this Subject

The "Blockchain Technology" course in the seventh semester of the B.E program lays a strong foundation for several future opportunities in the industry. The contributions of this subject extend across various areas, enhancing the students' understanding and skills in the field of Blockchain and Cryptocurrencies. Here are some notable contributions:

- Enhanced Security and Transparency: Blockchain's decentralized nature ensures that data is secure and transparent, reducing the risk of fraud and tampering. In supply chain management, companies are using blockchain to track the journey of products from origin to consumer, ensuring authenticity and reducing counterfeiting.
- **Decentralized Finance (DeFi):** DeFi platforms are revolutionizing traditional financial systems by providing decentralized financial services without intermediaries.
- Integration with Emerging Technologies: Blockchain is being integrated with other emerging technologies like Artificial Intelligence (AI) and the Internet of Things (IoT) to create innovative solutions.
- Enterprise Adoption: More enterprises are adopting blockchain technology to improve efficiency, reduce costs, and enhance security. Companies like Walmart and Maersk are using blockchain for supply chain management, while financial institutions are exploring blockchain for secure and transparent transactions.
- **Regulatory Developments:** As blockchain technology matures, regulatory frameworks are evolving to provide clearer guidelines and foster innovation. Governments are exploring Central Bank Digital Currencies (CBDCs) to leverage blockchain for secure and efficient digital currencies.
- Non-Fungible Tokens (NFTs): NFTs are expanding beyond digital art to include various applications such as virtual real estate, gaming, and intellectual property. Platforms like Decentraland and Axie Infinity use NFTs to create virtual worlds and gaming ecosystems where users can own and trade digital assets.



6 th	Semester

Professional Elective -II (PE) EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYIS

M23BCD603B

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1	Basic Statistics	Descriptive Statistics: Understanding of measures of central tendency (mean, median, mode) and measures of dispersion (variance, standard deviation). Probability Theory: Basic concepts of probability distributions, random variables, and their properties.
2	Programming Skills	 Data Manipulation: Proficiency in a programming language commonly used in data analysis, such as Python or R. Libraries/Packages: Familiarity with libraries/packages like Pandas, NumPy, Matplotlib (Python), or dplyr, ggplot2 (R) for data handling and visualization.
3	Data Analysis	Data Types: Understanding different types of data (categorical, numerical) and their implications for analysis.Visualization Techniques: Basic skills in creating charts and graphs to visualize data patterns and distributions.
4	Mathematics	Linear Algebra: Understanding matrices and vectors, as they are essential for data transformations and manipulations. Calculus: Basic knowledge of functions and derivatives for understanding algorithms used in data analysis.
5	Data Handling	 Data Cleaning: Techniques for handling missing values, data transformation, and normalization. Data Structures: Understanding of different data structures (e.g., arrays, lists, data frames) used for storing and manipulating data.

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1	Introduction	 Knowledge: Classification problems and their real-life applications, Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) techniques, Data types and numerical summarization Skills: Ability to identify and formulate classification problems, Proficiency in conducting EDA, Calculating and interpreting similarity and distance measures Attitudes: Curiosity about data patterns and relationships,Commitment to data-driven decision making
2	Statistical Learning and Model Selection	Knowledge: Prediction Accuracy and Error Skills: Analytical Skills: Ability to analyze prediction errors and model performance Application Skills: Proficiency in applying different cross-validation techniques Attitudes: Critical Thinking: Approach model selection with a critical mind-set Evaluate the pros and cons of different techniques Attention to Detail: Recognize the importance of careful data handling and analysis Pay close attention to model performance metrics Curiosity: Show interest in understanding the underlying principles of statistical
3	Linear Regression and Variable	Knowledge: Understanding of linear regression concepts and theory Familiarity with statistical measures like expectation and variance

	Selection:	Comprehension of frequentist statistical principles
	Selection.	Shille
		Ability to interpret and analyze example results in linear regression
		Proficiency in using R for statistical analysis and scripting
		Capability to perform parameter estimation in linear models
		Skill in applying variable selection techniques
		Ability to justify theoretical concepts mathematically
		Attitudes:
		Attention to detail in statistical analysis
		Curiosity about the theoretical underpinnings of statistical methods
		Knowledge:
		Regression Shrinkage Methods:
	Regression	Ridge Regression: Concept and mathematical formulation
	Shrinkage	Tree-based Methods:
	Methods and	Decision tree construction
4	Tree based	Skills:
-	method:	Implement Ridge and Lasso regression using statistical software (e.g., R)
		Construct and interpret decision trees
		Apply pruning techniques to avoid overfitting
		Attitudes:
		Appreciate the trade-offs between model complexity and interpretability
		Understand the importance of regularization in high-dimensional datasets
		Knowledge:
		SVD and its mathematical foundations
		PCA concepts and applications
		Classification theory and methods
	Principal	Skills:
5	Components	Implement SVD and PCA algorithms
-	Analysis and	Analyze high-dimensional data
	Classification:	Apply various classification methods
		Interpret and visualize results
		Compare and evaluate different classification techniques
		Attitudes:
		Willingness to explore multiple approaches

3. Syllabus

EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS					
SEMESTER – VI					
Course Code	M23BCD603B	CIE Marks	50		
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(3:0:0)	SEE Marks	50		
Total Number of Lecture Hours	42 hours Theory	Total Marks	100		
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03		

Course Objectives:

- Explain the role of EDA in the data analysis process and its significance in uncovering data patterns.
- **Demonstrate** skills in preparing and cleaning data, including handling missing values and outliers.
- Interpret descriptive statistics and create visualizations to summarize data distributions and relationships.
- Analyze patterns, trends, and correlations in data using various exploratory techniques.
- Apply dimensionality reduction methods to simplify data and highlight key patterns.
- Utilize data analysis tools (e.g., R, Python) and effectively communicate findings through visualizations and summaries.

Module -1

Applications- Nature of The Problem- Classification Problems in Real Life- Email Spam, Handwritten Digit Recognition, Image segmentation, Speech Recognition, DNA Expression Microarray, DNA Sequence Classification. Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)- What is Data- Numerical Summarization - Measures of Similarity and Dissimilarity, ProximityDistance- Euclidean Distance, Minkowski Distance, Mahalanobis Distance Visualization- Tools for Displaying Single Variables - Tools for Displaying Relationships Between

Two Variables - Tools for Displaying More Than Two Variables R Scripts- R Library: ggplot2-R Markdown
Module -2
Statistical Learning and Model Selection: Prediction Accuracy - Prediction Error, Training and Test Error as
A Function of Model Complexity, Over fitting a Model, Bias-Variance Trade-off, Cross Validation- Holdout
Sample: Training and Test Data, Three-way Split: Training, Validation and Test Data, Cross-Validation,
Random Sub sampling, K-fold Cross-Validation, Leave-One-Out Cross-Validation with examples for each.
Module -3
Linear Regression and Variable Selection: Meaning- Review Expectation, Variance, Frequentist Basics,
Parameter Estimation, Linear Methods, Point Estimate, Example Results, Theoretical Justification, R Scripts.
Variable Selection- Variable Selection for the Linear Model, R Scripts.
Module -4
Regression Shrinkage Methods and Tree based method: Meaning, Types- Ridge Regression, Compare
Squared Loss for Ridge Regression, More on Coefficient Shrinkage, The Lasso. Tree Based Methods-
Construct the Tree, The Impurity Function, Estimate the Posterior Probabilities of Classes in Each Node,
Advantages of the Tree-Structured Approach, Variable Combinations, Missing Values, Right Sized Tree via
Pruning, Bagging and Random Forests, R Scripts, Bagging, From Bagging to Random Forests, Boosting
Module -5
Principal Components Analysis and Classification: Singular Value Decomposition (SVD), Principal
Components, Principal Components Analysis(PCA), Geometric Interpretation, Acquire Data, Classification -
Classification Error Rate, Bayes Classification Rule, Linear Methods for Classification, Logistic Regression -
Assumptions, Comparison with Linear Regression on Indicators- Fitting based on Optimization Criterion,
Binary Classification, Multiclass Case (K \geq 3), Discriminant Analysis - Class Density Estimation, Linear
Discriminant Analysis, Optimal Classification
TEXTBOOKS:
1. John W. Tukey "Exploratory Data Analysis", 1st Edition, ISBN13: 978-0201076165, ISBN10: 0201076160
2. Foster Provost and Tom Fawcett. "Data Science for Business: What you need to know about data mining and
data-analytic thinking". O'Reilly Media, latest edition, ISBN-13: 978- 1449361327
VIDEO LINKS:

https://youtu.be/FNLLxYcUnow

	4. Syllabus Timeline	
S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1-3: Introduction	Applications- Nature of The Problem- Classification Problems in Real Life- Email Spam, Handwritten Digit Recognition, Image segmentation, Speech Recognition, DNA Expression Microarray, DNA Sequence Classification. Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)-
2	Week 4-6: Statistical Learning and Model Selection	Prediction Accuracy - Prediction Error, Training and Test Error as A Function of Model Complexity, Over fitting a Model, Bias-Variance Trade-off, Cross Validation
3	Week 8-11: Linear Regression and Variable Selection	Review Expectation, Variance, Frequentist Basics, Parameter Estimation, Linear Methods, Point Estimate, Example Results, Theoretical Justification, R Scripts. Variable Selection- Variable Selection for the Linear Model, R Scripts.
4	Week 7-8: Regression Shrinkage Methods and Tree based method:	Meaning, Types- Ridge Regression, Compare Squared Loss for Ridge Regression, More on Coefficient Shrinkage, The Lasso. Tree Based Methods- Construct the Tree, The Impurity Function, Estimate the Posterior Probabilities of Classes in Each Node.
5	Week 9-12: Principal Components Analysis and Classification:	Singular Value Decomposition (SVD), Principal Components, Principal Components Analysis(PCA), Geometric Interpretation, Acquire Data,



	5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies						
S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description					
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.					
2	Video/Animation	Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding					
3	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.					
4	Real-World	Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real-world					
4	Application	competencies.					
5	Flipped Class	Utilize a flipped class approach, providing materials before class to facilitate					
	Technique	deeper understanding of competencies					

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

CIE Split up

	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	Total N	50	20		

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the average of the 2 test marks conducted.

Semester End Examination:

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 question from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Understand the	Grasp the significance of EDA in the data science process and how it helps to
1	Purpose of EDA	extract insights, identify patterns, and set up the foundation for further analysis.
	Learn Various	Identify different types of data (numerical, categorical, time-series, etc.).
2	Data Types and	Understand the structure of datasets, including features, observations, and types of
	Formats	variables.
3	Data Cleaning Techniques	Gain proficiency in identifying and handling missing data, outliers, and duplicates. Understand techniques like data imputation, transformation, and normalization for preparing data.
4	Univariate and Multivariate Analysis	Perform univariate analysis using techniques like summary statistics (mean, median, mode, variance). Explore relationships between multiple variables using correlation analysis, cross-tabulation, and pair plots.
5	Visualization Techniques	Learn to create effective visual representations of data using histograms, box plots, bar charts, scatter plots, heatmaps, etc., to identify patterns and outliers. Use visualization tools like Matplotlib, Seaborn, or Tableau for effective data communication.
6	Reporting and Presenting EDA Findings	Develop skills to document EDA findings clearly. Learn how to effectively communicate insights gained from EDA through visualizations and narrative reports for stakeholders.

7. Learning Objectives

Course Outcomes (COs)					
COs	Description				
M23BCD603B.1	Apply EDA techniques to classification problems using numerical summarization and distance metrics.				
M23BCD603B.2	Choose statistical learning methods and model selection techniques, including various cross-validation approaches				
M23BCD603B.3	Use linear regression and variable selection methods, with practical R scripts for parameter estimation.				
M23BCD603B.4	Explore regression shrinkage methods and tree-based methods, including ridge regression, lasso, and random forests, using R scripts.				
M23BCD603B.5	Analyze PCA and classification methods, including logistic regression and discriminant analysis, for binary and multiclass problems.				

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
M23BCD603B.1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
M23BCD603B.2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
M23BCD603B.3	3	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
M23BCD603B.4	-	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
M23BCD603B.5	-	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
M23BCD603B	3	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

9. Assessment Plan

		Continuous	Internal Evalua	tion (CIE)		
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1	10					10
Module 2		10				10
Module 3			10			10
Module 4				10		10
Module 5					10	10
Total	10	10	10	10	10	50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1	20					20
Module 2		20				20
Module 3			20			20
Module 4				20		20
Module 5					20	20
Total	20	20	20	20	20	100

10. Future with this Subject:

1. Advanced Visualization Tools

Future advancements will likely bring more sophisticated and intuitive visualization tools. Expect to see more interactive dashboards, enhanced data storytelling features, and the integration of augmented reality (AR) and virtual reality (VR) for immersive data exploration.

2. Automated EDA

Automation in EDA is becoming more prevalent, with tools and platforms incorporating machine learning algorithms to automatically generate visualizations and highlight significant patterns. This can significantly speed up the analysis process and make EDA more accessible to non-experts.

3. Integration with Big Data Technologies

As data volumes grow, EDA tools are evolving to better integrate with big data technologies like Hadoop and Spark. This means handling larger datasets efficiently and performing real-time analysis.



cth c	Professional Elective II (PE)
6 th Semester	TIME SERIES ANALYSIS

M23BCD603C

l. Prei	requisites	
S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1	Basic Statistics and Probability	Understanding of probability distributions (normal, binomial, etc.). Descriptive statistics (mean, median, variance, standard deviation). Hypothesis testing and confidence intervals. Concepts of correlation and covariance.
2	Linear Algebra	Basic operations with matrices and vectors. Matrix decomposition (e.g., Eigenvalues, Eigenvectors). Understanding of linear transformations.
3	Calculus	Differentiation and integration of functions. Understanding of limits and continuity. Partial derivatives and optimization.
4	Regression Analysis	Simple and multiple linear regression. Interpretation of regression coefficients. Assumptions of linear regression models (e.g., homoscedasticity, multicollinearity)
5	Computational Skills	Familiarity with statistical software or programming languages (e.g., R, Python). Ability to perform data manipulation and visualization. Basic understanding of time series packages or libraries (e.g., statsmodels in Python, TSA in R).
6	Introductory Knowledge of Time Series	Basic concepts of time series data (e.g., time dependence, lag). Understanding of time series plots (trend, seasonality). Familiarity with basic smoothing techniques
7	Experience with Data Analysis	Experience in handling real-world datasets. Ability to clean, preprocess, and analyze data. Understanding of the importance of data quality and its impact on analysis.

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1	TIME SERIES ANALYSIS	 Knowledge: Understanding of real-world applications of mathematical modeling Familiarity with common problems in fields like physics, engineering, economics, etc. Skills: Ability to identify and formulate practical problems mathematically Capability to select appropriate modeling techniques for different scenarios Attitude: Appreciation for the relevance of mathematics in solving real-world issues Curiosity about interdisciplinary applications of mathematical concepts
2	LINEAR STATIONARY MODELS	 Knowledge: Understanding of the General Linear Process concept Comprehension of Autoregressive (AR) Processes Knowledge of Moving Average (MA) Processes. Skills: Ability to identify and differentiate between various linear stationary models Capability to formulate and estimate AR, MA, and ARMA models Proficiency in interpreting model parameters and results Attitudes: Appreciation for the importance of time series analysis in various fields Critical thinking approach to model selection and interpretation
3	ARMA	Knowledge:Understanding of Yule-Walker estimation for AR processes

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		Comprehension of maximum likelihood estimation for ARMA processes
		Grasp of least squares estimation for ARMA processes
		• Knowledge of large sample theory for estimating mean, auto-covariance, and
		auto-correlation functions
		Skills:
		Ability to apply Yule-Walker equations to estimate AR model parameters
		Capability to implement maximum likelihood estimation for ARMA models
		Proficiency in using least squares methods for ARMA model estimation
		• Skill in interpreting estimation results in the context of large sample theory
		Attitudes:
		• Appreciation for the importance of proper model estimation in time series analysis
		• Critical thinking approach to selecting appropriate estimation methods
		• Attention to detail in implementing estimation procedures
		Curiosity about the theoretical foundations of estimation techniques
		Knowledge:
		• Understanding of time series components: trend, seasonality, cyclical patterns,
		A PIMA model structure and noremotors (n d a)
		AKIVIA model structure and parameters (p,u,u)
		Concepts of stationarity and unterenening Spectral analysis principles, including Herglotz's theorem
		Spectral analysis principles, including freigibiz's incorein
	RESIDUAL ANALYSIS	Skills:
		Ability to perform residual analysis and interpret results
4		Proficiency in diagnostic checking of time series models
-		Capability to fit and evaluate ARIMA models
		• Competence in using R for time series analysis and forecasting
		• Skill in conducting and interpreting spectral analysis
		Attitudes:
		• Attention to detail in model diagnostics and residual analysis
		Openness to exploring different model specifications
		• Curiosity about underlying patterns and structures in time series data
		Commitment to rigorous statistical practices
		Willingness to learn and apply new techniques in time series analysis
		Knowledge:
		• Non-linear time series models:
		1. ARCH (Autoregressive Conditional Heteroskedasticity) models
		2. GARCH (Generalized Autoregressive Conditional
		Multivariate time series models
		$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
		2. Cointegration concepts
		3. Error Correction Models (ECM)
		Skills:
	NON-LINEAR	• Data analysis and interpretation: Ability to identify and model volatility clustering
5	TIME SERIES	in financial data
		• Statistical software usage: Competence in using statistical software packages (e.g.,
		R, Python, STATA, EViews) for time series modeling
		• Model specification and estimation: Skill in specifying appropriate
		Excession of the second o
		 Forecasting: Capability to generate and interpret forecasts from various time series models
		Diagnostic testing: Skill in performing and interpreting model diagnostic tests
		Attitudes:
		• Analytical mindset: Willingness to explore complex relationships in data
		Continuous learning: Openness to staving updated with new developments in time
		series analysis techniques



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	•	Critical thinking: Ability to critically evaluate model assumptions and limitations Patience and persistence: Willingness to iterate through model specifications to find the best fit Interdisciplinary approach: Appreciation for the application of these models across
		various fields (e.g., economics, finance, environmental studies)

4. Syllabus

TIME SERIES ANALYSIS SEMESTER – VI

~ -			
Course Code	M23BCD603C	CIE Marks	50
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(3:0:0)	SEE Marks	50
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50 hours Theory	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Objectives:

- 1. Understand the key concepts of stationarity, ergodicity, and correlation functions in time-series analysis.
- 2. Apply AR, MA, ARIMA, and Seasonal ARIMA models to analyze time-series data.
- 3. Conduct spectral analysis and parameter estimation techniques for time-series models.
- 4. Implement time-series analysis methods in R, focusing on practical applications across various fields.

Module -1

Introduction : Five Important Practical Problems, Stochastic and Deterministic Dynamic Mathematical Models, Autocorrelation Properties of Stationary Models, Spectral Properties of Stationary Models TEXTBOOK 1:Chapter 1,2

Module -2

Linear Stationary Models : General Linear Process, Autoregressive Processes, Moving Average Processes, Mixed Autoregressive--Moving Average Processes TEXTBOOK 1:Chapter 3

Module -3

Estimation of ARMA models: Yule – Walker estimation for AR Processes, Maximum likelihood and least squares estimation for ARMA Processes, Discussion (without proof) of estimation of mean, Auto-covariance and auto-correlation function under large samples theory

TEXTBOOK 1:Chapter 4

Module -4

Residual analysis and diagnostic checking. Forecasting using ARIMA models, Use of computer packages like R. Spectral analysis of weakly stationary process Herglotzic Theorem. Period gram and correlogram analysis TEXTBOOK 1:Chapter 4,5

Module -5

Introduction to non-linear time Series: ARCH and GARCH models. **Multivariate Time Series Models** Vector Auto regression (VAR) models. Cointegration and Error Correction Models.

TEXTBOOK 1:Chapter 14

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Box G.E.P and Jenkins G.M. (1994). Time Series Analysis, Forecasting and Control. Holden-Day
- 2. BrockwellP.J.and Davis R.A. (2006). Time Series: Theory and Methods, Springer Verlag. **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1.Abraham B and Ledolter J.C. (1983). Statistical Methods for Forecasting, Wiley 4. Robert H 2.Shumway and Davis S Stoffer(2016). Time series analysis and its applications with R examples. Springer. **VIDEO LINKS:**

1.<u>Applied Time-Series Analysis - Course (nptel.ac.in)</u> 2.<u>https://mitlibraryblog.wordpress.com/mitm-videos/</u>



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5.	Syllabus Timeline	
S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1-3: Introduction	What is time series ,what is Stochastic and Deterministic Dynamic Mathematical Models, Autocorrelation Properties of Stationary Models, Spectral Properties of Stationary Models
2	Week 4-6: Linear Stationary Models	General Linear Process, Autoregressive Processes, Moving Average Processes, Mixed AutoregressiveMoving Average Processes
3	Week 8-11: ARMA	Estimation of ARMA models: Yule – Walker estimation for AR Processes, Maximum likelihood and least squares estimation for ARMA Processes,
4	Week 7-8: Residual Analysis	Residual analysis and diagnostic checking. Forecasting using ARIMA models, Use of computer packages like R. Spectral analysis of weakly stationary process Herglotzic Theorem
5	Week 9-12: Introduction to non-linear time Series	ARCH and GARCH models. Multivariate Time Series Models Vector Auto regression (VAR) models. Cointegration and Error Correction Models.

6. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description				
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.				
2	Video/Animation	Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding of Verilog concepts.				
3	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.				
4	Real-World Application	Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real-world competencies.				
5	Flipped Class Technique	Utilize a flipped class approach, providing materials before class to facilitate deeper understanding of competencies				

7. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

CIE Split up

	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	Total N	50	20		

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the average of the 2 test marks conducted.

Semester End Examination:

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 question from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks

2023Scheme - 5th to 6th Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)

8.	Learning Objectives	
S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Understand Fundamental Concepts	Grasp the principles of stationarity, ergodicity, and their significance in time-series data analysis.
2	Analyze Correlation Structures	Learn to compute and interpret auto-correlation, cross-correlation, and partial-correlation functions.
3	Model Time-Series Data	Develop the ability to construct and apply various time-series models, including AR, MA, ARIMA, and Seasonal ARIMA
4	Implement Practical Solutions in R	Acquire hands-on experience in applying time-series analysis techniques using R, with real-world data from various disciplines.

9. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs Course Outcomes (COs)

Course Outcomes (C	
COs	Description
	Apply key concepts of time series analysis, including stochastic vs. deterministic
M23BCD603C.1	models, and the autocorrelation and spectral properties of stationary models, to solve
	practical data problems.
	Apply linear stationary models, including AR, MA, and ARMA processes, to effectively
MZ3BCD003C.2	analyze and model time series data.
	Identify residual analysis, forecast with ARIMA models, use R for time series analysis,
MZ3BCD003C.3	and perform spectral analysis including periodogram and correlogram.
	Examine non-linear time series with ARCH/GARCH models, employ VAR models for
W125BCD603C.4	multivariate data, and study cointegration and error correction models.

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
M23BCD603C.1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
M23BCD603C.2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
M23BCD603C.3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
M23BCD603C.4	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
M23BCD603C	3	2.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

10. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)					
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
Module 1	10				10
Module 2		10			10
Module 3		10			10
Module 4			10		10
Module 5				10	10
Total	10	20	10	10	50
	Sei	nester End Exa	amination (SEE	2)	
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
Module 1	20				20
Module 2		20			20
Module 3		20			20
Module 4			20		20
Module 5				20	20
Total	20	40	20	20	100



11. Future with this Subject:

Growing Demand in Various Fields

- 1. **Finance**: Time series analysis is critical for stock market prediction, risk assessment, and algorithmic trading.
- 2. **Healthcare**: Used in patient monitoring systems, disease prediction, and managing large datasets from IoT devices.
- 3. Economics: Forecasting economic indicators like inflation rates, GDP growth, and unemployment rates.
- 4. Environmental Science: Predicting weather patterns, climate change models, and air quality monitoring.
- 5. Engineering: In control systems, time series data is used for system identification and predictive maintenance.



	(the are actor	Professional Elective -II (PE)	MAADCECOAD			
	6 ^m Semester	SOCIAL NETWORK ANALYSIS	MZ3BC8003D			
	1. Prerequisites					
S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites				
1	Mathematic	 Graph Theory: Understanding concepts like nodes measures (e.g., degree centrality, closeness centrality) Probability: Basics of probability theory can be usef processes in networks. 	, edges, paths, and centr). ul for understanding stoch	ality astic		
2	2 Statistical Proficiency in statistical methods to analyse network data, including description statistics, hypothesis testing, and regression analysis.					
3	Computational Programming: Familiarity with programming languages such as Python, R, or Java is important for implementing SNA algorithms and processing data.					
4	Data Handling Managemen	ta Handling and ManagementData Collection: Skills in collecting and cleaning data from various sources, including social media, surveys, or databases.				
5	Structural Analysis:Basic Concepts: Understanding fundamental graph theory concepts such as types o networks (e.g., directed, undirected, weighted) and network metrics (e.g., clustering coefficient, network density). Advanced Metrics: Knowledge of more advanced metrics like community detection network robustness and dynamic network analysis					
6	DataVisualization: Ability to create and interpret network visualizations to identify patterns, clusters, and outliers.Interpretation:Statistical Analysis: Skills in applying statistical techniques to validate network findings and draw meaningful conclusions.					
7	7 Practical Case Studies: Experience with real-world data and case studies to under practical challenges and solutions in network analysis.					

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1	Introduction	 Knowledge: Semantic Web principles and technologies, Social Web concepts and platforms, Network analysis methodologies Key concepts in social network analysis. Skills: Web development basics, Data mining and analysis
		Use of network analysis tools Attitudes: Attention to detail in calculations and diagrams. Persistence in analyzing complex load scenarios.
2	Modeling and visualization	Knowledge: Graph theory fundamentals Social network analysis principles, Data visualization techniques Centrality measures in network analysis Skills: Implementing graph algorithms Creating and interpreting node-edge diagrams Developing matrix-based network representations, Designing hybrid network visualizations Attitudes: Analytical mind set for interpreting complex network structures Curiosity about social dynamics and their digital representations
3	Extraction and mining communities in web social networks	Knowledge: Definitions of social network structures and dynamics Familiarity with community detection algorithms Knowledge of web archiving techniques and formats Understanding of multi-relational and dynamic network models Awareness of decentralized online social networks Grasp of evaluation metrics for community



		14.4
		detection.
		Skills:
		Proficiency in programming languages (e.g., Python, R)
		Experience with network analysis tools (e.g., Network, Gephi)
		Ability to implement and adapt community detection algorithms
		Data pre-processing and cleaning
		Attitudes:
		Respect for user privacy and data protection. Ethical consideration in behaviour
		prediction and analysis Commitment to transparency in data collection and use
		Proactive approach to security and trust issues Curiosity about human behaviour and
		social dynamics Openness to interdisciplinary approaches
		Knowledge:
		Data management principles and techniques
		Statistical inference and distribution methods Reality mining concepts and
	Predicting human behaviour and privacy issues	applications
		Context-awareness in social computing
		Privacy concepts and regulations in online environments
		Skills:
4		Data collection and analysis
		Predictive modelling of human behaviour
		Designing privacy-preserving systems
		Implementing trust models and algorithms
		Attitudes:
		Trust in online environment. Trust models based on subjective logic. Trust
		ritust in online environment – ritust models based on subjective logic – ritust
		Trust devices in based on trust comparisons. Attack meeting and comparison of a supersonal comparison
		I fust derivation based on trust comparisons – Attack spectrum and counter measures.
		Knowledge:
		Machine learning algorithms and techniques
		Linguistic analysis methods, Emotion classification models
		Social media data structures and APIs, Emerging technology trends
5	Application	Skills:
5	reprication	Programming (e.g., Python, R)
		Statistical analysis and Data visualization
		Model development and evaluation, API integration and Network graph analysis.
		Attitudes:
		It is use for Commitment to data security.

3. Syllabus

SOCIAL NETWORK ANALYSIS						
SI	SEMESTER – VI					
Course Code	M23BCS603D	CIE Marks	50			
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(3:0:0:0)	SEE Marks	50			
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40 Hours	Total Marks	100			
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03			

Course Objectives:

- 1. Ability to understand the fundamental concepts and applications of social network analysis
- 2. Ability to model and visualize the social network
- 3. Ability to extract and Mine Communities in Web Social Networks
- 4. Ability to evaluate link prediction techniques and cascade models to predict network behavior and changes.
- 5. Ability to analyze anomaly detection techniques to identify and address malicious activities in networks.

Module -1

Networks and Society, What is Social Network Analysis?, Why do We Study Social Networks? Applications of Social Network Analysis, Preliminaries, Three Levels of Social Network Analysis, Graph Visualization Tools, Network Measures, Network Basics, Node Centrality, Assortativity ,Transitivity and Reciprocity, Similarity, Degeneracy

Text Book1:Chapter 1,2

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Module -2

Network Growth Models, Properties of Real-World Networks, Random Network Model, Ring Lattice Network Model, Watts-Strogatz Model, Preferential Attachment Model, Price's Model, Local-world Network Growth Model, Network Model with Accelerating Growth, Aging in Preferential Attachment, Link Analysis, Applications of Link Analysis, Signed Networks, Strong and Weak Ties, Link Analysis Algorithms, PageRank,Personalised PageRank, DivRank, SimRank, PathSIM Text Book1:Chapter 3,4

Module -3

Community Structure in Networks, Applications of Community Detection, Types of Communities, Community Detection Methods, Disjoint Community Detection, Overlapping Community Detection, Local Community Detection, Community Detection vs Community Search, Evaluation of Community Detection Methods, Link Prediction, Applications of Link Prediction, Temporal Changes in a Network, Problem Definition Text Book1:Chapter 5, 6.1, 6.2, 6.3

Module -4

Evaluating Link Prediction Methods, Heuristic Models, Probabilistic Models, Supervised Random Walk, Information-theoretic Model, Latest Trends in Link Prediction, Cascade Behaviours and Network Effects ,Preliminaries and Important Terminologies, Cascade Models, Case Study – The "Indignados" Movement, Probabilistic Cascades, Epidemic Models Independent Cascade Models, Cascade Prediction

Text Book1:Chapter 6.4,6.5,6.6,6.7,6.8,6.9, Chapter7

Module -5

Anomaly Detection in Networks, Outliers versus Network-based Anomalies, Challenges, Anomaly Detection in Static Networks, Anomaly Detection in Dynamic Networks Malicious Activities on OSNs, Sockpuppets in OSNs, Collusion on Online Social Networks

Text Book1:Chapter 8,10.1,10.2,10.3

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Social Network Analysis, k Tanmoy Chakraborty, Publisher. Wiley · Publication date. 1 October 2021

2. Guandong Xu , Yanchun Zhang and Lin Li,-Web Mining and Social Networking – Techniques and applications, First Edition, Springer, 2011.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Dion Goh and Schubert Foo,-Social information Retrieval Systems: Emerging Technologies and Applications for Searching the Web Effectively, IGI Global Snippet, 2008.

2. Max Chevalier, Christine Julien and Chantal Soulé-Dupuy, Collaborative and Social Information Retrieval and Access: Techniques for Improved user Modelling, IGI Global Snippet, 2009.

3. John G. Breslin, Alexander Passant and Stefan Decker, -The Social Semantic Web, Springer, 2009. **VIDEO LINKS:**

- 1. https://youtu.be/v3JaWbAdTTg
- 2. <u>https://youtu.be/hlAwvj60MI4</u>

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1-3: Introduction Networks And Society	Networks and Society, Three Levels of Social Network Analysis ,Graph Visualization Tools, Network Measures, Network Basics, Node Centrality, Assortativity ,Transitivity and Reciprocity, Similarity, Degeneracy
2	Week 4-6: Network Growth Models And Link Analysis	, Properties of Real-World Networks, Random Network Model, Ring Lattice Network Model, Watts–Strogatz Model, Preferential Attachment Model, Price's Model, Local- world Network Growth Model,
3	Week 8-11: Community Structure In Networks	Community Detection Methods, Disjoint Community Detection, Overlapping Community Detection, Local Community Detection, Community Detection vs Community Search, Evaluation of Community Detection Methods, Link Prediction, Applications of Link Prediction, Temporal Changes in a Network, Problem Definition

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4	Week 7-8: Evaluating Link Prediction Methods	Heuristic Models, Probabilistic Models, Supervised Random Walk, Information- theoretic Model, Latest Trends in Link Prediction,Cascade Behaviours and Network Effects ,Preliminaries and Important Terminologies, Cascade Models,Case Study – The "Indignados" Movement , Probabilistic Cascades, Epidemic Models Independent Cascade Models, Cascade Prediction
5	Week 9-12: Anomaly Detection In Networks	Outliers versus Network-based Anomalies, Challenges, Anomaly Detection in Static Networks, Anomaly Detection in Dynamic Networks Malicious Activities on OSNs, Sockpuppets in OSNs, Collusion on Online Social Networks

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description					
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce					
1	Lecture Wiethou	competencies.					
2	Video / A nimetion	Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding of					
2	video/Animation	Verilog concepts.					
3	Collaborative	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application					
5	Learning	Encourage conducture featuring for improved competency appreation.					
4	Real-World	Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real-world					
4	Application	competencies.					
5	Flipped Class	Utilize a flipped class approach, providing materials before class to facilitate					
3	Technique	deeper understanding of competencies					
6	Laboratory Looming	Knowledge about tools related to social networks and implementation of social					
0	Laboratory Learning	network visualizations using tools such as Gephi, Cytoscape.					

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) Continuous Internal Evaluation:

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

CIE Split up

Compoi	nents	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	Total N	50	20		

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the average of the 2 test marks conducted.

Semester End Examination:

1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.

- 2. There shall be 2 question from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum
- of 3 sub questions), may have mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks

S/L	Learning Objectives		Description
1	Introduction		Web - Limitations of current Web – Development of Semantic Web – Emergence of the Social Web – Statistical Properties of Social Networks Analysis.
2	Modeling visualization	and	Visualizing Online Social Networks - A Taxonomy of Visualizations - Graph Representation - Centrality- Clustering - Node-Edge Diagrams - Visualizing Social Networks with Matrix- Based Representations- Node-Link Diagrams
3	Extraction	and	Definition of community - Evaluating communities - Methods for community

7. Learning Objectives

2023Scheme - 5th to 6th Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)

	mining communities in web social	detection and mining – Applications of community mining algorithms – Tools for detecting communities social network infrastructures and communities
4	Predicting human behavior and privacy issues	Understanding and predicting human behaviour for social communities – User data management – Inference and Distribution – Enabling new human experiences – Reality mining – Context – Awareness – Privacy in online social networks – Trust in online environment
5	Application	A Learning Based Approach for Real Time Emotion Classification of Tweets, A New Linguistic Approach to Assess the Opinion of Users in Social Network Environments,

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs Course Outcomes (COs)

Course Outcomes	
Cos	Description
M23BCS603D.1	Apply social network analysis techniques, including node centrality, assortativity, transitivity, and reciprocity, to analyse and interpret real-world networks.
M23BCS603D.2	<i>Identify different</i> network growth models, link analysis algorithms, and community detection methods to analyze and solve real-world problems involving network structures, such as social networks, biological networks, and organizational systems
M23BCS603D.3	Analyse link prediction methods and network effects, to interpret and examine the underlying patterns and dynamics in complex networks
M23BCS603D.4	Analyse and evaluate anomaly detection techniques for static and dynamic networks, including challenges related to malicious activities and collusion in online social networks.

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
M23BCS603D.1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
M23BCS603D.2	3		-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
M23BCS603D.3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
M23BCS603D.4	-	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
M23BCS603D	3	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO4	Total
Module 1	10					10
Module 2		10				10
Module 3			10			10
Module 4				10		10
Module 5					10	10
Total	10	10	10	10	10	50
Semester End	Examinatio	n (SEE)				
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO4	Total
Module 1	20					20
Module 2		20				20
Module 3			20			20
Module 4				20		20
Module 5					20	20
Total	20	20	20	20	20	100

10. Future with this Subject:

- Integration with Artificial Intelligence (AI): AI and machine learning will continue to enhance SNA by providing more sophisticated tools for pattern recognition, predictive analytics, and automated insights. AI algorithms can identify trends, anomalies, and influence patterns that may not be apparent through traditional methods.
- Big Data and Real-Time Analysis: With the growth of big data, SNA will increasingly leverage vast amounts of real-time data from social media platforms, communication networks, and other sources. This will enable more dynamic and timely analysis of social interactions and network structures.
- Enhanced Visualization Tools: Advanced visualization techniques will allow for more intuitive and interactive representations of complex social networks. Tools that can effectively illustrate multidimensional relationships and evolving networks will improve our ability to understand and communicate findings.



2023Scheme - 5 th t	to 6 th Sen	n Competency	y Based Syllabi	for B.E in CS	(DS)
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	6 th Semester	Open elective -I Programming in Java	M23BCS604A
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1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites		
1	Basic Programming Concepts	Understanding the use of variables to store data and understand basic data types like integers, floats, characters, and strings. The use of control structures and Understand how to define and call functions or methods, including parameters and return values.		
2	Understanding of Object-Oriented Programming (OOP)	ding of iented ming P) Understanding to define classes and create objects in Java and how inheritance allows one class to inherit fields and methods from another. Getting familiar with method overriding and overloading. Learning how to use access modifiers to protect data and ensure a class's internal representation is hidden from the outside.		
3	Basic Knowledge of Java Syntax and Semantics	Understanding the Java-specific syntax and basic error handling using exceptions.		
4	Development Tools and Environment	Iopment ToolsChoosing an IDE or text editor suitable for Java development, such as IntelliJIDEA, Eclipse, or NetBeans. Learning the usage of the IDE for coding, debugging, and managing your projects. The JDK provides the necessary tools for compiling and running Java programs.		
5	Understanding of Compilation and Execution	Understanding the difference between source code and bytecode. Understand the process of compiling Java code into bytecode and running it on the Java Virtual Machine (JVM).		
2. Com	petencies			
S/L	Competency	KSA Description		
1	Core Java Concepts	Knowledge: Proficiency with Java syntax, including how to write correct and efficient code using Java's syntax rules. Skills: Learning the basic concepts of primitive data types in java. Attitude: Fundamental to understanding the language and its capabilities		
2	Object-Oriented Programming	Knowledge: Ability to define and instantiate classes and objects. Understanding method overloading and overriding, and how polymorphism enables flexible code Skills: Practicing the concept of functional programming Attitude: Principles that shape how developers approach problem-solving and software design.		
3	Java Virtual Machine (JVM) and Performance	 Knowledge: Understanding the JVM's role in executing Java applications and how garbage collection works. Skills: Understanding the concept of JVM and Execution process. Attitude: Component of the Java ecosystem, and its design embodies specific attitudes toward performance and execution. 		
4	Development Tools and Practices	Knowledge: Proficiency with build tools like Maven or Gradle for managing dependencies and building projects. Using an Integrated Development Environment (IDE) like IntelliJ IDEA, Eclipse, or NetBeans effectively. Skills: Understanding the development of new projects using java.		

Attitude:

Commitment to efficiency, quality, collaboration, and continuous improvement.



3.Syllabus					
Programming in Java SEMESTER – VI					
Course Code	M23BCS604A	CIE Marks	50		
Number of Lecture Hours/Week (L: T: P: S)	(3:0:0:0)	SEE Marks	50		
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40 Hours	Total Marks	100		
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03		
Course objectives: This course will enable students	to				
1.Learn fundamental features of object oriented langu	uage and JAVA				
2.Set up Java JDK environment to create, debug and run simple Java programs.					
3.Learn object oriented concepts using programming examples.					
4. Study the concepts of importing of packages and exception handling mechanism.					
5.Discuss the String Handling examples with Object	Oriented concept				
M	odule -1				
An Overview of Java: Object-Oriented Programmir	ng, A First Simple Program, A	A Second Short	Program, Two		
Control Statements, Using Blocks of Code, Lexical I	ssues, The Java Class Librari	es.			
Data Types, Variables, and Arrays: Java Is a S	trongly Typed Language, T	he Primitive Ty	pes, Integers,		
Floating-Point Types, Characters, Booleans, A Cl	loser Look at Literals, Var	iables, Type Co	onversion and		
Casting, Automatic Type Promotion in Expressions,	Arrays,				
Textbook 1:Ch 2,Ch 3.					
M	odule -2				
Operators: Arithmetic Operators, The Bitwise Op	erators, Relational Operators	, Boolean Logi	cal Operators,		
The Assignment Operator, The ? Operator, Operator	Precedence, Using Parenthes	es,			
Control Statements: Java's Selection Statements, It	eration Statements, Jump Star	tements.			
Textbook 1:Ch 4,Ch 5.					
M	odule -3				
Introducing Classes: Class Fundamentals, Declaring Objects, Assigning Object Reference Variables, Introducing Methods, Constructors, The this Keyword, Garbage Collection, The finalize() Method. A Closer Look at Methods and Classes: Overloading Methods, A Closer Look at Argument Passing, Returning Objects, Recursion, Introducing Access Control, Introducing final. Inheritance: Inheritance, Using super, Creating a Multilevel Hierarchy, When Constructors Are Called, Method Overriding.					
1 exidook 1: Un 0, Un 7.1-7.9, Un 8.1-8.5					
Iviouule -4					
Packages, Access Protection, Importing Packages, Interfaces, Exception Handling: Exception-Handling Fundamentals, Exception Types, Uncaught Exceptions, Using try and catch, Multiple catch Clauses, Nested try Statements, throw, throws, finally, Java''s Built-in Exceptions, Creating Your Own Exception Subclasses, Chained Exceptions, Using Exceptions.					
IV.	louule -5				
Type Wrappers, I/O, Applets, and Other Topics: I/O Basics, Reading Console Input, Writing Console Output, The PrintWriter Class, Reading and Writing Files, Applet Fundamentals-Example Program. String Handling: The String Constructors, String Length, Special String Operations, Character Extraction, String Comparison, Searching Strings, Modifying a String, Data Conversion Using valueOf(), Changing the Case of Characters Within a String, Additional String Methods, StringBuffer, StringBuilder.					
Text Books: 1. Herbert Schildt, Java the Complete Reference, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007. (Chapters 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,7, 8, 9,10, 12,13,15)					
 2. Cay S Horstmann, "Core Java - vol. 1 Fundamentals", Pearson Education, 10th Edition, 2016. Reference Books: 1. Raoul-Gabriel Urma, Mario Fusco, Alan Mycroft, "Java 8 in Action". Dreamtech Press/Manning Press, 1st 					
Edition, 2014. 2.Thinking in Java, Fourth Edition, by Bruce Eckel, Prentice Hall, 2006					
(https://sd.blackball.lv/library/thinking in java 4th edition.pdf)					


4. Sy	llabus Timeline	
S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week1-2: An Overview of Java	It involves understanding its fundamental aspects, core features. The knowledge of basic concepts such as variables, datatypes, programming structure and execution environment. Acquiring the knowledge of basic concepts of Java programming.
2	Week 3-4: Operators	Understanding the usage and applying various types of operators effectively. It involves understanding and applying different types of operators. Usage of different operators to perform specific operations.
3	Week 5-6: Introducing Classes	Understanding the design, implement, and utilize classes effectively. Encompasses the understanding of classes concept in programming. Ability to use the concept of classes and object to solve related problems in Java.
4	Week 7-8: Packages and Interfaces	It involves understanding purpose, usage, and interaction of packages and interfaces within Java applications. Knowledge of packages and interfaces. Involve a range of abilities related to designing, implementing java application using packages and interfaces.
5	Week 9-10: Type Wrappers, I/O, Applets, and Other Topics	Involves understanding and effectively using basic concepts of Applets and string methods. Understanding the Applet viewer and different string methods to perform specific operations. Involve effectively using Applets to build basic GUI application.

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.
2	Video/Animation	Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding of the concepts.
3	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.
4	Higher Order Thinking (HOTS) Questions:	Pose HOTS questions to stimulate critical thinking related to each competency.
5	Problem-Based Learning (PBL)	Implement PBL to enhance analytical skills and practical application of competencies
6	Pair Programming	Incorporate pair programming sessions where students collaborate in pairs to solve coding tasks or work on projects together.
7	Use of Tools and Resources	Familiarize students with IDEs like IntelliJ IDEA or Eclipse for coding and debugging. Apply Java concepts to practical problems and projects to demonstrate their utility.
8	Problem-Solving Sessions	Organize problem-solving sessions where students can work together to solve coding challenges and overcome programming obstacles

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

Theory Course with 3 Credits: Open Elective (OE)

This section of regulations is applicable to all theory-based courses. The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	Total Marks		50	20	

CIE Split up for Open Elective (OE)

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)



Average internal assessment shall be the average of the 2 test marks conducted.

Semester End Examinations:

Theory Course with 4, 3 and 2 Credits: Professional Core Course (PC)/Professional Elective/Open Elective

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 question from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Master Advanced Java Concepts	Ensuring that students gain a deep understanding of complex Java concepts, tools, and frameworks, enabling them to develop robust, scalable, and efficient applications
2	Apply Object- Oriented Programming principles	Creating and manipulating classes and objects, and understand the role of constructors. Implementing and using inheritance to create hierarchical relationships between classes. Utilizing method overloading and overriding to achieve polymorphism.
3	Understand Java's Execution Environment	Java code is compiled into bytecode and executed on the Java Virtual Machine (JVM). Understand basic concepts of memory management, including garbage collection.
4	Practical Application	Developing Practical Programming Skills. Designing and implementing the algorithms for common problems and tasks

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)

COs	Description
M23BCS604A.1	Understanding the basic concepts of java to solve real time problems.
M23BCS604A.2	Apply the object-oriented concepts of java and exception handling concepts to implement java program.
M23BCS604A.3	Analyze I/O and String handling concept to develop an application program.
M23BCS604A.4	Analyze and develop computer programs to solve real world problems in Java.

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/ POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO 1	PSO 2
M23BCS604A.1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BCS604A.2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BCS604A.3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
M23BCS604A.4	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3
M23BCS604A	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Module 1	10					10
Module 2		10				10
Module 3			10			10
Module 4				10		10
Module 5				10		10
Total	10	10	10	20		50

2023Scheme - 5th to 6th	Sem Con	npetency Base	ed Syllabi for	B.E in CS(D	S)
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Semester End Examination (SEE)							
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total	
Module 1	20					20	
Module 2		20				20	
Module 3			20			20	
Module 4				20		20	
Module 5				20		20	
Total	20	20	20	40		50	

Semester End Examination (SEE)

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. Future with this Subject

The future of advanced Java development is poised to evolve with advancements in technology and shifts in software development practices.

1. Language Evolution: Ongoing updates and feature enhancements in recent versions improve performance, simplify syntax, and introduce new functionalities. This aims to simplify concurrency and scalability with lightweight, user-friendly fibers and continuations.

2. Performance Improvements: The Java Virtual Machine (JVM) continues to receive performance optimizations, improving execution speed and efficiency.

3. Integration with Emerging Technologies: Java is increasingly used in big data processing frameworks (like Apache Hadoop and Apache Spark) and artificial intelligence applications. Java's portability and robustness make it suitable for IoT applications and devices.

4. Educational and Enterprise Adoption: Java remains a primary language taught in computer science programs, ensuring a steady influx of new developers. Many large enterprises continue to rely on Java for mission-critical applications, ensuring its relevance in the business world.

5. Development Practices and Tools: Improved tools and practices for monitoring and managing the performance and health of Java applications in production environments. Advanced Integrated Development Environments (IDEs) and tools providing enhanced code assistance, debugging, and profiling capabilities.



2023Scheme - 5 th to 6 th	¹ Sem	Competency	Based Syllabi	for B.E in	CS(DS)
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6 th Semester	Open Elective Introduction to Data Structures	M23BCS604B
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1.	Prerequisites	
S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1	Basic Programming Concepts	 Variables and Data Types: Understanding different data types (int, float, char, etc.) and how to declare and use variables. Control Structures: Proficiency with loops (for, while, do-while) and conditional statements (if, else if, else, switch). Functions: Understanding how to define and use functions, including parameter passing, return types, and recursion. Pointers: Understanding pointers, pointer arithmetic, and how they relate to arrays and functions. Memory Management: Familiarity with dynamic memory allocation using
		malloc (), calloc (), realloc (), and free () functions.
2	Advanced C Programming Concepts	 Structures: Ability to define and use structures to group different data types together. Unions and Enumerations: Understanding how to use unions and enumerations. File I/O: Basic knowledge of reading from and writing to files in C. Preprocessor Directives: Familiarity with macros, #define, #include, and conditional compilation.
3	Basic Algorithms	Sorting Algorithms: Understanding basic sorting algorithms like Bubble Sort, Selection Sort, and Insertion Sort. Searching Algorithms: Familiarity with searching techniques like Linear Search and Binary Search.
4	Mathematical Concepts	Discrete Mathematics: Basic understanding of sets, functions, relations, and combinatorics.
5	Problem-Solving Skills	Algorithm Design: Ability to design algorithms for solving problems using data structures. Debugging and Testing: Skills in debugging code and testing to ensure correctness and efficiency.

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1	In-Depth Understanding of Data Structures	 Knowledge (K) Arrays: Understanding static and dynamic arrays, multidimensional arrays, and their applications. Linked Lists: Knowledge of singly linked lists, doubly linked lists, and circular linked lists, including their memory structure and use cases. Stacks and Queues: Understanding of stack and queue concepts, including their implementation and applications using arrays and linked lists. Skills (S) Coding Proficiency: Ability to write, debug, and optimize code for implementing various data structures from scratch in C. Data Structure Operations: Skill in implementing operations such as insertion, deletion, searching, and traversal for different data structures. Attitudes: Use of Pointers and Dynamic Memory: Proficiency in using pointers for creating and manipulating complex data structures, and managing dynamic memory effectively.
2	Problem- Solving Abilities	 Knowledge (K) Complexity Analysis: Knowledge of time and space complexity analysis using Big O notation, with the ability to analyze the performance of data structure operations. Sorting and Searching Algorithms: Understanding of fundamental algorithms and their integration with data structures. Recursion and Iteration: Knowledge of recursive and iterative approaches to

ROI

		solving problems, especially in tree and graph algorithms
		Solving protonins, especially in the and graph argonullis.
		Skills (S) Data Staucature Selections. Ability to abaass the most approximate data structure
		Data Structure Selection: Ability to choose the most appropriate data structure
		for solving specific problems based on efficiency and complexity considerations.
		Debugging: Skill in identifying and fixing bugs related to pointers, memory
		allocation, and data structure operations in C code.
		Optimization: Ability to optimize data structures for performance, minimizing
		time and space complexity through efficient algorithms and code practices.
		Attitudes: Practical Application: Ability to apply knowledge of data structures
		in solving real-world programming challenges, particularly in system
		programming, embedded systems, and performance-critical applications.
		Scalability and Efficiency: Ability to design and implement data structures that
		scale efficiently with large datasets or under high-performance requirements
		Knowledge: Understanding of issues with errors.
	Errors and Handling the Errors	Skills: Implementing how to handle the errors through appropriate C++
3		programming construct.
•		Attitudes: Appreciation for the way error is handled and making the
		execution of program in control.
		Knowledge: Understanding the importance of code reusability through classes
		and methods reusability
	Reusability of	$\mathbf{C} \mathbf{L}^{\mathbf{H}} \mathbf{L} \mathbf{L} \mathbf{L}^{\mathbf{H}} \mathbf{L} \mathbf{L} \mathbf{L}^{\mathbf{H}} \mathbf{L} \mathbf{L} \mathbf{L} \mathbf{L} \mathbf{L} \mathbf{L} \mathbf{L} $
4	Classes and	Skills: Applying concepts of object orientation with classes and methods.
	Methods	Describing the actually importance of reusability through implementations.
	1.1.C.IIOUS	Attitudes: Openness to learning and using object orientation concepts to achieve
		code reusability.

3. Syllabus

Introduction to Data Structures								
SEMESTER – VI								
Course Code	M23BCS604B	CIE Marks	50					
Number of Lecture Hours/Week (L: T: P: S)	(3:0:0:0)	SEE Marks	50					
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40 Hours	Total Marks	100					
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03					
Course Learning Objectives								
1. Introduce elementary data structures.								
2. Analyze Linear Data Structures: Stack, Que	eues, Lists							
3. Analyze Non Linear Data Structures: Trees	5							
4. Assess appropriate data structure during pro	ogram development/Probl	em Solving.						
	Module -1							
Introduction:								
Introduction to arrays: one-dimensional array	ys, two dimensional array	ys, initializing two din	nensional arrays,					
Multidimensional arrays.								
Introduction to Pointers: Pointer concepts, ac pointers applications.	cessing variables through	pointers, Dynamic me	mory allocation,					

Introduction to structures and unions: Declaring structures, Giving values to members, structure initialization, arrays of structures, nested structure, unions, sizeof() structures.

Textbook 1: Ch 8.3 to 8.15, Ch 12.3 to 12.19

Textbook 2:Ch 2.1 to2.13,2.51 ,2.80 to 2.98

Module -2

Linear Data Structures-Stacks and queues: Introduction, Stack representation in Memory, Stack Operations, Stack Implementation, Applications of Stack. Introduction, Queues-Basic concept, Logical representation of Queues, Queue Operations and its types, Queue Implementation, Applications of Queue.

Textbook 2: Ch 6.1 to 6.14 ,Ch 8.1,8.2

Module -3

Linear Data Structures-Linked List:

Introduction, Linked list Basic concept, Logical representation of Linked list, Self-Referential structure, Singlylinked List Operations and Implementation, Circular Linked List, applications of Linked list. **Textbook 1: Ch 15.1**,**15.3**,**15.4**,**15.8**



Textbook 2: Ch 9.2.9.5

Module -4

Non Linear Data Structures – Trees

Introduction, Basic concept, Binary Tree and its types, Binary Tree Representation, Binary Tree Traversal, and Binary Search tree, Expression Trees.

Textbook1: Ch 16.1,16.2

Textbook2:Ch 10.1,10.2,10.4,10.6.3

Module -5

Sorting and Searching

Sorting: Introduction, Bubble sort, Selection sort, Insertion sort Searching: Introduction, Linear search, Binary search. **Textbook1:** Ch 17.1,17.2.2, 17.2.4, 17.3.1,17.3.2 **Textbook2:** Ch 11.1,11.2,11.3,11.7,11.10.1,11.10.2

Textbooks

1. C Programming and data structures, E Balaguruswamy 4th Edition, 2007, McGraw Hill

2. Systematic approach to Data structures using C, A M Padma Reddy, 7thEdition 2007, Sri Nandi Publications. **References**

1. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2nd Ed, Universities Press, 2014.

2. Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1st Ed, McGraw Hill, 2014.

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week1-2: Introduction to arrays, Introduction to Pointers	Introduction to arrays: one-dimensional arrays, two dimensional arrays, initializing two dimensional arrays, Multidimensional arrays. Introduction to Pointers: Pointer concepts, accessing variables through pointers, Dynamic memory allocation, pointers applications. Introduction to structures and unions: Declaring structures, Giving values to members, structure initialization, arrays of structures, nested structure, unions, sizeof() structures.
2	Week 3-4: Stack and Queues	Introduction, Stack representation in Memory, Stack Operations, Stack Implementation, Applications of Stack. Introduction, Queues-Basic concept, Logical representation of Queues, Queue Operations and its types, Queue Implementation, Applications of Queue.
3	Week 5-6: Linear Data Structures- Linked List:	Introduction, Linked list Basic concept, Logical representation of Linked list, Self-Referential structure, Singly-linked List Operations and Implementation, Circular Linked List, applications of Linked list.
4	Week 7-8: Non Linear Data Structures – Trees	Introduction, Basic concept, Binary Tree and its types, Binary Tree Representation, Binary Tree Traversal, Binary Search tree, Expression Trees.
5	Week 9-10: Sorting and Searching	Sorting: Introduction, Bubble sort, Selection sort, Insertion sort Searching: Introduction, Linear search, Binary search.

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Foundation in C Programming	Prerequisite Knowledge : Ensure students have a solid understanding of C programming basics, including pointers, memory allocation, and structures (struct). Review Pointers and Memory Management : Since data structures in C heavily rely on pointers, start with a review of pointer operations and dynamic memory allocation using malloc(), calloc(), realloc(), and free().
2	Begin with Basic Data Structures	Arrays and Strings: Start with arrays as the simplest form of data structure in C. Teach how strings are handled as arrays of characters, and introduce basic string manipulation functions. Structures (struct): Introduce the concept of structures to group different data types, laying the groundwork for more complex data structures like



		linked lists and trees.
3	Introduce Linked Lists	 Singly Linked List: Begin with singly linked lists, covering concepts like nodes, head pointers, and traversal. Emphasize how pointers are used to link nodes. Implementation: Guide students through coding linked list operations such as insertion, deletion, and traversal. Debugging Practice: Since pointer errors are common, provide debugging exercises to help students develop problem-solving skills.
4	Stack and Queue Implementations Dynamic Memory Management	 Stack Using Arrays and Linked Lists: Teach how to implement stacks using both arrays and linked lists. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of each approach. Queue Implementation: Similar to stacks, introduce queues with both array-based and linked-list-based implementations. Explain the differences between simple queues, circular queues, and priority queues. Memory Allocation for Data Structures: Use examples to show how to allocate and deallocate memory for data structures dynamically. Discuss memory leaks and best practices for managing memory in C.
6	Advanced Data Structures	Trees: Introduce binary trees and binary search trees, focusing on recursive implementations of tree operations. Explain traversal methods (in-order, pre- order, post-order) and their applications. Graphs: Teach basic graph representations using adjacency matrices and adjacency lists. Discuss graph traversal algorithms (BFS and DFS) and their implementation in C. Hash Tables: Explain the concept of hashing and collision resolution techniques. Implement a simple hash table using arrays and linked lists.

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) Theory Course with 3 Credits: Open Elective (OE)

This section of regulations is applicable to all theory-based courses. The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component.

CIE S	hlit ur	h for C)nen	Elective	(OE)
	րու սլ		pen	Liccure	(UL)

	Components		Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)		2	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2 50%		50%	25	10
	Total	50	20			

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the average of the 2 test marks conducted.

Semester End Examinations:

Theory Course with 4, 3 and 2 Credits: Professional Core Course (PC)/Professional Elective/Open Elective

- 1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.
- 2. There shall be 2 question from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Understanding Basic Concepts of Data Structures	Definition and Types : Understand what a data structure is and the different types (e.g., linear and non-linear). Efficiency : Learn the importance of data structures in terms of time and space complexity. Data Structure Operations : Master the basic operations (insertion, deletion, traversal, searching, and sorting) on various data structures.

		Arrays: Learn how to use arrays, including dynamic arrays, and understand their memory management.
		Linked Lists: Understand the implementation of singly linked lists, doubly
2	Mastering Linear	linked lists, and circular linked lists.
	Data Structures	Stacks: Study stack operations (push, pop, peek) and their implementation using
		arrays or linked lists.
		Queues: Understand queues, including circular queues, and their
		implementation using arrays or linked lists.
		Trees: Learn about binary trees, binary search trees (BST), AVL trees, and heap
	Understanding Non-	trees. Understand tree traversal methods (in-order, pre-order, post-order).
3	Linear Data	Graphs: Understand the representation of graphs using adjacency matrices and
5	Structures	lists. Study graph traversal techniques (BFS and DFS).
	Structures	Hash Tables: Learn about hashing, hash functions, and collision resolution
		techniques.
		C Programming: Enhance C programming skills, particularly in relation to
	Practical	implementing data structures from scratch.
4	Implementation	Problem Solving: Apply data structures to solve real-world problems,
-	Skills	understanding when and how to use each type of structure.
		Debugging and Optimization: Learn to debug code effectively and optimize
		data structures for performance.

8.Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs Course Outcomes (COs)

eourse outeor									
Cos	Description								
M23BCS604B.1	Apply basic concepts of data structures and linear data structure to solve computational problems.								
M23BCS604B.2	Apply dynamic memory management techniques using pointers and implement complex data structures.								
M23BCS604B.3	Analyze non-linear data structures like trees and graphs.								
M23BCS604B.4	Analyze various algorithms for sorting, searching, and other data operations.								
CO-PO-PSO M	CO-PO-PSO Mapping								

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
M23BCS604B.1	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
M23BCS604B.2	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	
M23BCS604B.3	-	3	-	I	3	I	-	-	-	-	-	I		3
M23BCS604B.4	-	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
M23BCS604B	3	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

Explanation:

CO1and CO2 primarily maps to **PO1** because it involves applying foundational knowledge to solve problems. **CO3** and **CO4** relate **PO2**, as they require students to analyze various data structures, which aligns with problem-solving.

CO1 to CO4 maps to PO5 because student use modern tools (such as C programming language).

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
Module 1	10				10
Module 2		10			10
Module 3			10		10
Module 4				10	10
Module 5				10	10
Total	10	10	10	20	50



Semester End Examination (SEE)

	· · ·				
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
Module 1	20				20
Module 2		20			20
Module 3			20		20
Module 4				20	20
Module 5				20	20
Total	20	20	20	40	100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. Future with this Subject

Foundation for Advanced Computer Science Concepts

- Algorithms: Data structures are the building blocks for designing and analyzing algorithms. A solid understanding of data structures in C prepares you for more advanced topics like algorithm design, complexity analysis, and optimization.
- Systems Programming: C is often used in system-level programming (e.g., operating systems, embedded systems). Understanding data structures is crucial for writing efficient and high-performance system code.
- Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning: Efficient data management using appropriate structures is key in AI/ML for handling large datasets and implementing algorithms.
- Career Opportunities
- **Software Development**: Knowledge of data structures is essential for software engineers, as it directly impacts the efficiency and performance of software applications. Companies like Google, Microsoft, and Amazon highly value this skill.
- System Architect or Engineer: In roles that involve designing large-scale systems (e.g., distributed systems, databases), data structures are vital for ensuring scalability and performance.
- **Embedded Systems Engineer**: C is the language of choice for embedded systems, where efficient data structures are crucial due to limited resources.
- **Database Administrator/Developer**: Understanding data structures helps in optimizing database queries, designing indexing strategies, and improving overall database performance.
- **Game Development**: Game developers use data structures extensively for managing game states, rendering graphics, and handling user input in real-time.



6th SemesterOpen Elective –I(OE)
Introduction to DBMSM23BCS604C

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1	Basic Computer Literacy	A solid understanding of how computers work, file management, and using software applications is essential.
2	Fundamentals of Data and Information	Familiarize yourself with the concepts of data, information, and knowledge. Understand the differences between structured and unstructured data.
3	Basic Programming Concepts	While not mandatory, a familiarity with programming concepts can be helpful, especially if you intend to work with databases in a software development context.
4	Operating System Concepts	Familiarity with concepts like file systems, memory management, and process scheduling can help you understand how a DBMS interacts with the underlying operating system.
5	Problem- Solving Skills	Develop your analytical and problem-solving skills, as designing efficient and effective databases often requires making trade-offs and optimizing for different scenarios.

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
		Knowledge: Understand the principles of data modeling.
1	Data Modeling	Skills: Entity-Relationship diagrams (ERDs),
		Attitudes: These concepts help design efficient and organized database.
	Deletional Algebra	Knowledge: Gain basic knowledge of relational algebra and set theory.
2	and Sot Theory	Skills: The knowledge used to interact with relational databases.
	and Set Theory	Attitudes: The foundation of relational databases.
	SQL (Structured	Knowledge: the basics of SQL, the standard language for data query.
3		Skills: Writing queries to retrieve, update, and manipulate data.
	Query Language).	Attitudes: Acquired skill to be used for querying with relational databases.
		Knowledge: Learn about database normalization.
4	Normalization	Skills: To eliminate redundancy and improve data integrity.
		Attitudes: Understand the concept of normalization for optimizing query
		performance.
		Knowledge: Gain insight into query optimization strategies.
5	DataBase applications	Skills: To design data base structure for a particular application.
		Attitudes: To enhance database performance.

3. Syllabus

Introduction DBMS					
SEMESTER – VI					
Course Code	M23BCS604C	CIE Marks	50		
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(3:0:0:0)	SEE Marks	50		
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40 Hours	Total Marks	100		
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03		

Course objectives:

1. To provide a strong foundation in database concepts, technology, and practice.

2. To practice SQL programming through a variety of database problems.

3. To understand the relational database design principles.

- 4. To demonstrate the use of concurrency and transactions in database.
- 5. To design and build database application for real world problems.
- 6. To become familiar with database storage structures and access techniques.

	Module -1							
Introd	uction to DBMS and D	atabase Design 8 hours						
Introduction to Databases: Introduction, Characteristics of database approach, Advantages of using the DBMS								
approa	approach, filstory of database applications.							
Overvi	Overview of Database Languages and Architectures: Data Models, Schemas, and Instances. Three schema							
Conce	cture and data independent	sing Entities and Relationships: Entity types Entity sets attributes rales and						
structu	ral constraints. Weak en	tity types, ER diagrams examples Specialization and Generalization						
Text-1	: CH-1.1-1.8, 2.1-2.6, 3	1-310						
I CAU I		Module -2						
Relatio	onal Models	8hours						
Relatio	nal Model: Relational	Model Concepts, Relational Model Constraints and relational database schemas,						
Update	e operations, transactions	, and dealing with constraint violations.						
Relation	onal Algebra and Calc	ulus: Unary and Binary relational operations, additional relational operations						
(aggreg	gate, grouping, etc.) Exa	mples of Queries in relational algebra, Tuple relational calculus, Domain relational						
calculu	is. Mapping Conceptual	Design into a Logical Design: Relational Database Design using ER-to-Relational						
mappin	ıg. • СН 5 1 5 2 9 1 9 7 0	1						
rext-1	. Сп-э.1-э.э,ө.1-ө./,9.	1 Module - 3						
SOL		Anne Rhoure						
SOL: S	SOL data definition and	data types. Schema change statements in SOL, specifying constraints in SOL						
retrieva	al queries in SQL, INS	ERT, DELETE, and UPDATE statements in SQL, Additional features of SQL :						
Advan	ced Queries: More comp	blex SQL retrieval queries, Specifying constraints as assertions and action triggers,						
Views	in SQL.							
Text-1	CH-6.1-6.5,7.1-7.4							
		Module -4						
Functi	onal dependencies:	8 hours						
Databa	se Design Theory – In	ntroduction to Normalization using Functional and Multivalued Dependencies:						
Inform Toyt 1	al design guidelines for	relation schema, Functional Dependencies,						
Text-1	: Сп-14.1-14.3	Module_5						
Norma	Module -5							
Normal Fame hand an Deinam Kan Saand and Third Name David Cadd Name Fame								
Norma	l Forms based on Pr	mary Keys, Second and Third Normal Forms, Boyce-Codd Normal Form,						
Norma Multiv	Inzation: I Forms based on Pr alued Dependency and F	mary Keys, Second and Third Normal Forms, Boyce-Codd Normal Form, Fourth Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form.						
Norma Multiva Text-1	IIIZation: I Forms based on Pr alued Dependency and F :CH-14.4-14.7	mary Keys, Second and Third Normal Forms, Boyce-Codd Normal Form, Fourth Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form.						
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2023Scheme - 5th to 6th Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)

5. Te	5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies					
S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description				
1	Lecture Method	• Using traditional lecture methods and ICT as and when needed.				
2	Video/Animation	• Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance learning.				
3	Collaborative	• Encourage collaborative learning approaches for peer learning				
	Learning	Encourage conaborative learning approaches for peer learning.				
1	Problem-Based	• Implement DPL to enhance analytical skills and practical application				
4	Learning (PBL)	• Implement FBL to emilance analytical skins and plactical application.				
5	Real-World	• Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real-				
5	Application	world competencies.				
6	Programming	• Assign programming tasks to reinforce practical skills associated with				
6	Assignments	competencies.				

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component. CIE Solit up for Open Elective (OE)

CIE Split up for Open Elective (OE)							
Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min			

	Components	Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	Total Marl	50	20		

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the average of the 2 test marks conducted.

Semester End Examinations:

1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.

2. There shall be $\overline{2}$ question from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have mix of topics under that module if necessary.

3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.

4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives
1	To provide a strong foundation in database concepts, technology, and practice.
2	To practice SQL programming through a variety of database problems.
3	To understand the relational database design principles.
4	To design and build database application for real world problems.
5	To become familiar with database storage structures and access techniques.

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs):

Cos	Description
M23PCS604C 1	Understand and apply the basic elements of a relational database management
WI25DC5004C.1	system.
MOODER COAC 2	Apply various constraints, techniques and Structured Query Language (SQL)
MI25BC5004C.2	statement for database operations.
M23BCS604C.3	Analyze various database models and normalization for the given application.
M23BCS604C.4	Design and develop entity relationship model and database application.

2023Scheme - 5 th to 6 th	Sem	Competency	Based S	yllabi for	B.E in	CS(DS)
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CO-PO	CO-PO-PSO Mapping:													
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
M23BCS604C.1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
M23BCS604C.2	3	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
M23BCS604C.3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
M23BCS604C.4	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
M23BCS604C	3	3	3		2								3	3

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
Module 1	10				10
Module 2		10			10
Module 3			10		10
Module 4				10	10
Module 5				10	10
Total	10	10	10	20	50

Semester End Examination (SEE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total
Module 1	20				20
Module 2		20			20
Module 3			20		20
Module 4				20	20
Module 5				20	20
Total	20	20	20	40	100

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE mark **10.Future with this Subject:**

- Data Organization and Storage: Companies can store their data in databases in a structured, organized manner, making it simpler to access and analyze.
- Data Analysis: Databases contain a lot of data, and with the correct tools, organizations can analyze that data to find insights that will help them make business decisions and strategies.
- Efficiency: Databases give companies a centralized area to keep their data, making it more straightforward for staff to retrieve the data they want, minimizing duplication of work and boosting efficiency.
- Security & Privacy: Databases let companies control who has access to their data, ensuring that only authorized users may see and change it. This aids in preventing unauthorized access to and breaches of vital consumer and corporate information.
- This course is the foundation for many other courses to follow such as cloud storage, distributed data storage, block chain, Big data, Quantum computing etc.,

6 th Semester	Open Elective-I(OE) Introduction to Operating system	M23BCS604D
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1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1	Basic programming skills	Understanding of programming concepts and experience in a programming language such as C, C++, Java, or Python.
2	Computer architecture	Basic understanding of computer organization and architecture, including concepts like memory hierarchy, CPU operations, and input/output systems.
3	Data structures and algorithms	Familiarity with fundamental data structures (arrays, linked lists, trees, etc.) and algorithms (sorting, searching, etc.).
4	Computer Organization	Knowledge of how hardware components interact at a low level is helpful. This includes concepts like machine instructions, addressing modes, memory management, and I/O operations.
5	Databases	Basic understanding of databases and file management systems is helpful as operating systems often interact with databases for storing and retrieving data.

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1	Operating System Fundamentals	 Knowledge: Understanding of different operating system architectures (e.g., monolithic, microkernel, hybrid). Familiarity with system calls, file systems, memory management, process scheduling, and input/output subsystems. Skills: Ability to configure and install various operating systems (e.g., Windows, Linux, macOS, UNIX). Proficiency in troubleshooting OS-related issues. Attitudes: Ability to explain the core components of an operating system and how they interact, diagnose common OS-related performance issues, and optimize the OS for better resource utilization.
2	System Administration	 Knowledge: Understanding of system administration tasks such as user management, system security, backup, software installation, and system configuration. Skills: Proficiency in managing user accounts, configuring system services, managing file systems, applying patches, and performing system backups. Attitudes: Ability to perform routine administrative tasks, automate repetitive tasks through scripts, and ensure that the operating system is secure and running efficiently.
3	File System Management	 Knowledge: Understanding of different types of file systems (e.g., NTFS, ext4, APFS, FAT32). Knowledge of file system structures, data storage, permissions, and disk management tools. Skills: Ability to create, mount, and manage file systems. Proficiency in handling disk partitions, optimizing file system performance, and resolving file system-related issues. Attitudes: Ability to recover data from damaged or corrupted file systems, implement proper file access permissions, and ensure data integrity in an OS.
4	Memory Management	 Knowledge: Understanding of memory hierarchy, paging, segmentation, and virtual memory. Knowledge of memory allocation techniques and OS strategies to handle memory (e.g., paging, swapping). Skills: Ability to monitor and troubleshoot memory usage in the operating system, such as detecting memory leaks, managing memory usage, and optimizing virtual memory. Attitudes: Ability to design efficient memory management techniques for both



2023Scheme - 5th to 6th Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)

		hardware and software, ensure that system memory is allocated properly, and minimize the occurrence of out-of-memory errors.
5	Process Management	 Knowledge: Understanding of how processes are created, scheduled, and terminated. Familiarity with multithreading, multitasking, process synchronization, and inter-process communication (IPC). Skills: Ability to manage processes using command-line tools or GUI utilities. Proficiency in using OS utilities to track process states and system resource consumption. Attitudes: Ability to implement and manage process scheduling strategies, optimize resource allocation, and troubleshoot process deadlocks or race conditions.

3. Syllabus

Introduction to Operating system SEMESTER – VI						
Course Code	M23BCS604D	CIE Marks	50			
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(3:0:0:0)	SEE Marks	50			
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40 Hours	Total Marks	100			
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03			

Course objectives: This course will enable students to:

1. Basic Understanding of Computer System Structure and Operating Systems Structure

- 2. Analyze the main tasks carried out by the operating systems Process and thread management, CPU scheduling algorithms, memory management and deadlocks.
- 3. To demonstrate different APIs/Commands related to processor, memory, storage and file system management.

Module -1

Introduction to operating systems: What operating systems do; Computer System organization; Computer System architecture; Operating System operations(dual-mode and multi-mode);computing environments; System structures: Operating system services; User - Operating System interface; System calls; Types of system calls; operating system structures

textbook 1- chapter 1(1.1,1.2,1.3,1.5,1.11) chapter 2 (2.1,2.2,2.3,2.4,2.7)

Module -2

Process management: Process Concept; Process Scheduling;Operation on Process; Inter-Process Communication. Multithreaded Programming:Overview;Multicore Programming, multithreading models, thread libraries,threading issues. Process scheduling - Basic Concepts, CPU I/O Burst Cycle; CPU Scheduler – Pre-emptive Scheduling, Dispatcher; Scheduling Criteria; Scheduling Algorithms – FCFS, SJF, Round-Robin, Priority.

textbook 1-chapter 3(3.1,3.2,3.3,3.4)chapter 4(4.1,4.2,4.3,4.4,4.6)chapter 6(6.1,6.2,6.3)

Module -3

Process Synchronization: Synchronization: The critical section problem; Peterson's solution; Synchronization hardware;Mutex locks; Semaphores; Classical problems of synchronization; Deadlocks: System model; Deadlock characterization; Methods for handling deadlocks; Deadlock prevention; Deadlock avoidance; Deadlock detection and recovery from deadlock.

textbook 1-chapter 5(5.1,5.2,5.3,5.4,5.5,5.6,5.7) chapter 7(7.1-7.7)

Module -4

Memory Management:Background; Swapping; Contiguous memory allocation;Segmentation; Paging; Structure of page table;Virtual Memory Management: Background; Demand paging; Page replacement; Allocation of frames; Thrashing.

textbook 1-chapter 8(8.1-8.6) chapter 9(9.1,9.2,9.4,9.5,9.6)

Module -5

File System, Implementation of File System: File concept; Access methods; Directory and Disk structure; File system mounting; File sharing; Implementing File system: File system structure; File system implementation; Allocation methods; Free space management. Storage management: overview of Mass storage structures; Disk structure; Disk attachment; Disk scheduling;

textbook 1-chapter 11(11.1-11.5)chapter 12(12.1-12.5)chapter 10(10.1-10.4)

Text Books:

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, Greg Gagne, Operating System Concepts 9th edition, Wiley-India,

2018

2. D.M Dhamdhere, Operating Systems: A Concept Based Approach 3rd Ed, McGraw- Hill, 2013. **Reference Books:**P.C.P. Bhatt, An Introduction to Operating Systems: Concepts and Practice 4th Edition, PHI(EEE), 2014.
William Stallings Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, 6th Edition, Pearson.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105214
https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/operating-systems/
https://www.pouVcp20

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1-2: Introduction to operating systems	Competency: Understanding of Operating System Concepts Knowledge: how operating systems manage hardware resources efficiently. Skills: Understanding of basic operating system functions and objectives, knowledge of operating system history and evolution.
2	Week 3-4: Process management	Competency: Problem-solving Skills Knowledge: develop skills in breaking down problems and designing efficient solutions. Skills: Proficiency in evaluating CPU scheduling algorithms, ability to analyze performance metrics.
3	Week 5-6: Process Synchronization and deadlocks	Competency: Concurrency and Parallelism Knowledge: to design and implement concurrent programs that utilize multiple threads or processes. Skills: Understanding process and thread concepts, synchronization mechanisms.
4	Week 7-8: Memory Management	Competency: Memory Management Knowledge: how operating systems manage memory resources efficiently to support multiple processes. Skills: Understanding of virtual memory concepts, familiarity with memory allocation strategies.
5	Week 9-10: File System, Implementation of File System and storage management	Competency: File Systems Knowledge: how operating systems manage storage devices and provide a unified interface for file management Skills: Proficiency in file system organization and implementation, knowledge of disk management techniques.
6	Week 11-12: Integration and Practical Applications	Apply learned concepts and competencies to real-world scenarios. Hands-on practice with programming assignments

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description	
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.	
2 Video/Animation		Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding of the concepts.	
3	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.	
4	Higher Order Thinking (HOTS) Questions:	Pose HOTS questions to stimulate critical thinking related to each competency.	
5 Problem-Based Learning (PBL)		Implement PBL to enhance analytical skills and practical application of competencies	
6	Multiple Representations	Introduce topics in various representations to reinforce competencies	
7	Real-World Application	Discuss practical applications to connect theoretical concepts with real-world competencies.	

²⁰²³Scheme - 5th to 6th Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)

8	Flipped Class Technique	Utilize a flipped class approach, providing materials before class to facilitate deeper understanding of competencies
9	Programming Assignments	Assign programming tasks to reinforce practical skills associated with competencies.

6 .Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The minimum CIE marks requirement is 40% of maximum marks in each component. CIE Split up for Open Elective (OE)

Components		Number	Weightage	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
(i)	Internal Assessment-Tests (A)	2	50%	25	10
(ii)	Assignments/Quiz/Activity (B)	2	50%	25	10
	Total Mark	50	20		

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

Average internal assessment shall be the average of the 2 test marks conducted. **Semester End Examinations:**

1. Question paper pattern will be ten questions. Each question is set for 20marks. The medium of the question paper shall be English unless otherwise it is mentioned.

- 2. There shall be 2 question from each module, each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub questions), may have mix of topics under that module if necessary.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to 50 marks

7. Learning Objectives

	<u> </u>	
S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
	Understanding	Students should grasp the basic concepts, components, and functions of an operating
1	Operating System	system, including process management, memory management, file systems, and device
	Fundamentals	management.
2	Process Management	Learning how processes are created, scheduled, and managed by the operating system, including topics such as process synchronization, inter-process communication, and deadlock handling.
3 Concurrency and		Learning about concurrent processes, critical sections, mutual exclusion, synchronization
5	Synchronization	primitives, and techniques for ensuring thread safety and avoiding race conditions.
4	Memory Management	Understanding memory hierarchy, virtual memory, memory allocation strategies, and techniques for efficient memory usage, including paging, segmentation, and memory protection.
5	File Systems	Exploring file system organization, file operations, directory structures, file system implementation, and techniques for improving file system performance and reliability.

8. Course Outcomes (Cos) and Mapping with Pos/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (Cos)

Cos	Description
M23BCS604D.1	Understand the fundamental concepts and principles of operating systems.
M23BCS604D.2	Analyze various inter-process communication, multiprogramming mechanisms and apply different process scheduling algorithms.
M23BCS604D.3	Examine multiple mechanisms for managing deadlock situations and Implement both software and hardware solutions to address the critical-section problem
M23BCS604D.4	Implement and evaluate memory management techniques.
M23BCS604D.5	Examine the structure of file systems and the organization of secondary storage devices

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

Cos/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
M23BCS604D.1	3	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	
M23BCS604D.2	-	-	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	
M23BCS604D.3	-	-	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3		3
M23BCS604D.4	3	-	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	



2023Scheme - 5th to 6th Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)

						1	2	2			()			2
23BCS604D.5	-	-	3	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	
123BCS604D	3		3	2	3							3	3	
9. Assessm	ent Pla	an												
Continuous	Intern	al Evalı	uation	(CIE)										
		CO1		C	02	(C O3		CO4		CO5		Total	
Module 1		10											10	
Module 2				1	0								10	
Module 3							10						10	
Module 4									10				10	
Module 5											10		10	
Total		10		10		10			10		10		50	
Semester E	nd Exa	minatic	on (SEI	E)		•								
		CO1		C	02	(C O3		CO4		CO5		Total	
Module 1		20											20	
Module 2				2	20								20	
Module 3							20						20	
Module 4									20				20	
Module 5											20		20	
Total	20)		20		20		20		2	0		100	

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks.

10. Future with this Subject

The future with operating systems is likely to involve several key trends and developments:

- Continued Integration of AI: Operating systems will increasingly integrate AI and machine learning algorithms to provide more personalized and adaptive user experiences. This could involve features like predictive behavior, context-awareness, and intelligent automation.
- Enhanced Security: With cyber threats evolving rapidly, future operating systems will place even greater emphasis on security. This might include built-in encryption, advanced authentication methods like biometrics, and more robust intrusion detection systems.
- Interconnectivity and IoT: As the Internet of Things (IoT) expands, operating systems will need to seamlessly integrate with a wide range of devices and platforms. This could lead to more standardized communication protocols and frameworks for managing diverse IoT ecosystems.



6thSemesterProject Work (PW)
MAJOR PROJECT PHASE-IM23BCD605

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1	Understanding Research	Basic understanding of research methods, gained from prior courses in
-	Methodology	engineering mathematics and introductory project work.
2	Conducting a Literature	Familiarity with academic databases, journals, and research papers;
2	Survey	understanding of the subject matter from core courses.
3	Defining a Problem	Critical thinking and analytical skills, developed through previous
3	Statement	coursework in related engineering disciplines.
4	Multidisciplinary Collaboration	Basic knowledge of related disciplines (e.g., Mechanical students should have a basic understanding of Electronics, etc.).
5	Technical Communication	Writing technical reports and presenting technical content

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
		Knowledge: Understanding of advanced research methods and tools.
1	Research Skills	Skill: Ability to identify, review, and synthesize relevant literature.
		Attitude: Commitment to thorough investigation and unbiased analysis.
	Drohlom	Knowledge: Deep understanding of the chosen topic area.
2	Identification	Skill: Capability to define and frame a research problem effectively.
		Attitude: Critical and innovative thinking.
		Knowledge: Familiarity with technical writing conventions.
3	Technical Writing	Skill: Proficiency in drafting structured, clear, and concise reports.
		Attitude: Attention to detail and accuracy in documentation.
4	Duagantation	Knowledge: Understanding of effective communication strategies.
	Techniques	Skill: Ability to create and deliver engaging presentations.
		Attitude: Confidence and poise in public speaking.

3. Project Timeline

S/L	Timeline	Description
1	Week 1-2	Introduction to research methods and tools; exploring literature review techniques.
2	Week 3-4	Initiating literature survey; identifying key research papers and sources.
3	Week 5-6	Analysis and synthesis of literature; identifying gaps and formulating insights.
4	Week 7-8	Defining the problem statement based on literature findings.
5	Week 9-10	Drafting the initial report; focusing on structure and content.
6	Week 11-12	Finalizing the report and preparing the presentation.
7	Week 13-14	Presentation rehearsal; peer review and feedback sessions
8	Week 15	Submission of the final report and formal presentation.

4. Course Objectives

- To enable students to conduct a comprehensive literature survey related to their project topic.
- To guide students in defining a clear and feasible problem statement.
- To develop skills in report writing, summarizing findings, and formal presentation.

5. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

CIE procedure for ProjectWork Phase-I:

(1) Single discipline: The CIE marks shall be awarded by a committee consisting of the Head of the concerned Department and two senior faculty members of the Department, one of whom shall be the Guide.

The CIE marks awarded for the project work shall be based on the evaluation of the project work Report, project presentation skill, and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25. The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates.

(2) Interdisciplinary: Continuous Internal Evaluation shall be group-wise at the college level with the participation of all guides of the college. Participation of external guide/s, if any, is desirable. The CIE marks awarded for the project work, shall be based on the evaluation of project work Report, project presentation skill, and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25. The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates.

SEE procedure for Project Work Phase-I: There shall be no SEE.

6. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Understand the process of conducting a literature survey.	Students will gain expertise in identifying and reviewing relevant research literature.
2	To formulate a research problem statement.	Students will learn to define a research problem that is clear, concise, and researchable.
3	To enhance technical writing and presentation skills.	Students will develop the ability to draft detailed reports and present their findings effectively.

7. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COS)							
Cos	Description						
M23BCD605.1	Conduct a comprehensive literature survey and synthesize key findings.						
M23BCD605.2	Define a research problem statement based on literature review.						
M23BCD605.3	Develop and present a well-structured project report.						

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
M23BCD605.1	3	3		3		3							3	3
M23BCD605.2		3	3		3			3					3	3
M23BCD605.3	3		3	3			3		3	3	3	3	3	3
M23BCS605	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

8. Future with this Subject

This phase equips students with essential research and analytical skills, forming the foundation for the practical work in Phase II. It also enhances their technical writing and presentation abilities, which are critical for their final year projects and professional careers.

	6 th Semester	Professional Core Laboratory(PCL) Machine Learning Lab	M23BCSL606
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1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites				
1.	Foundational Programming in Python.	 Understanding data types (integers, floats, strings, lists, dictionaries) Control flow (loops, conditional statements) Functions, Basic file handling. 				
2.	Working with Data using Pandas	 Loading data from files (CSV, etc.) Dataframe manipulation (selecting columns, filtering rows, adding/removing data) Handling missing values. 				
3.	Data Visualization Basics	 Creating plots using Matplotlib or Seaborn (histograms, scatter plots, bar charts, etc.) Customizing plots (labels, titles, legends). 				
4.	Core Mathematical Concepts	 Basic linear algebra (vectors, matrices, linear equations - at a conceptual level) Basic probability and statistics (mean, variance, probability distributions, conditional probability). 				
5.	Introduction to Machine Learning Concepts.• Understanding of the machine learning process (training data, testing data, model building, evaluation)• Familiarity with the types of machine learning (supervised, unsupervised).					

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description	
		Knowledge:	
		• Understanding of various data types (numerical, categorical, text) and their characteristics.	
		• Awareness of data quality issues and common data cleaning techniques.	
		• Familiarity with key descriptive statistics and visualization methods.	
		Skills:	
1	Data Fluency and Exploration	• Ability to load, clean, transform, and visualize data using Python libraries like Pandas and Matplotlib/Seaborn.	
		• Skill in identifying patterns, trends, and potential relationships within	
		datasets.	
		Attitudes:	
		• Appreciation for the importance of data quality and its impact on ML	
		model performance.	
		• Curiosity and a data-driven mindset when approaching problems.	
		Knowledge:	
	Supervised Learning Techniques	• Understanding of supervised learning principles, including regression	
		and classification.	
		• Familiarity with common algorithms: Linear Regression, Logistic	
		Regression, Decision Trees, Random Forests.	
		• Knowledge of model evaluation metrics (e.g., MSE, accuracy, precision,	
		recall, F1-score).	
2		Skills:	
		 Ability to build, train, and evaluate supervised learning models using scikit-learn or similar libraries. 	
		 Skill in tuning hyper parameters to optimize model performance. 	
		• Ability to interpret model results and communicate findings effectively.	
		Attitudes:	
		• Critical thinking when selecting and evaluating models, considering	
		bias-variance trade-offs.	
3	Unsupervised	Knowledge:	

	Learning Techniques	 Techniques Understanding of clustering and dimensionality reduction techniques. Familiarity with algorithms like k-Means Clustering and Princip Component Analysis (PCA). 	
		Skills:	
		• Ability to apply clustering to discover patterns and group similar data points.	
		• Skill in using dimensionality reduction to visualize high-dimensional data and improve model efficiency.	
		Attitudes:	
		 Openness to exploring data without predefined labels. 	
		• Understanding the value of uncovering hidden structures and relationships within data.	
		Knowledge:	
	Reinforcement Learning Foundations	• Basic understanding of reinforcement learning concepts (agents, environments, rewards, policies).	
		• Introduction to Q-learning or other fundamental RL algorithms.	
4		Skills:	
		• Ability to implement a simple Q-learning agent in a simulated environment.	
		Attitudes:	
		• Interest in the potential of learning through trial and error.	

3. Syllabus

Machine Learning Laboratory SEMESTER – VI				
Course Code	M23BCSL606	CIE Marks	50	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(0:0:2:0)	SEE Marks	50	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	24 Hours	Total Marks	100	
Credits	01	Exam Hours	03	
Course Objectives:				
1. Master fundamental machine learning concept	s and algorithms across various p	aradigms (superv	vised,	
unsupervised, reinforcement).				
2. Develop proficiency in implementing and evalu	ating ML models using Python and	relevant libraries		
3. Cultivate a data-driven approach to problem	solving through exploration, visu	alization, and ir	nsight	
generation.				
4. Critically evaluate ML model performance,	considering factors beyond acc	curacy and sele	ecting	
appropriate models for diverse tasks.				
5. Promote a spirit of exploration, independent lea	rning, and continuous growth in the	ever-evolving fie	eld of	
machine learning.				
1: Data Exploration and Visualization				
Aim: Familiarize with basic data loading, cleaning, and	risualization techniques.		1 ·	
Question: Analyze a dataset of your choice (e.g., Iris dataset, Titanic dataset) to identify patterns and relationships				
between variables.				
Dataset: Irig: https://www.kagala.com/datagata/woiml/irig				
Titonic: https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/uchin/hts				
1 itanic: https://www.kaggle.com/c/titanic.				
Aim: Build a data preprocessing pipeline to handle missi	ng values categorical data and feat	ure scaling		
Question : Prepare a dataset for a machine learning task	Implement techniques like imputati	ion one-hot enco	ding	
and standardization/normalization	implement teeninques like imputati	ion, one-not enec	uing,	
Dataset . Use the same dataset from Program 1 or a diffe	rent one with similar characteristics			
3. Implementing k-Negrest Neighbors				
Aim . Understand and implement the k-NN algorithm for classification				
Ouestion: Build a k-NN classifier to predict the species of iris flowers based on senal and netal measurements				
Experiment with different values of 'k'.				
Dataset: Iris dataset.				
4: Linear Regression for Prediction				
Aim: Apply linear regression to predict a continuous targ	get variable.			



Question: Build a linear regression model to predict housing prices based on features like area, number of
bedrooms, and location.
Dataset:
Boston Housing: https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/vikrishnan/boston-house-prices
California Housing: https://scikit-learn.org/stable/datasets/real_world.html#california-housing-dataset
5: Logistic Regression for Classification
Aim: Use logistic regression for binary or multi-class classification.
Question: Build a logistic regression model to predict whether a customer will click on an ad based on
demographics and browsing history.
Dataset: You can simulate this type of dataset or find related advertising datasets on Kaggle.
6: Comparing Regression Models
Aim: Compare the performance of different regression models on a given dataset.
Question: Evaluate and compare linear regression, polynomial regression, and Ridge/Lasso regression for a
prediction task of your choice.
Dataset: Use a dataset suitable for regression, potentially from previous programs.
7: Decision Tree Classification
Aim: Visualize and interpret decision tree models.
Question: Build a decision tree classifier to predict customer churn based on service usage patterns and account
information. Visualize the tree and analyze feature importance.
Dataset: You can simulate a churn dataset or search for "telecom churn" datasets.
8: Ensemble Methods - Random Forest
Aim: Apply the Random Forest algorithm and evaluate its performance.
Question: Build a Random Forest classifier for a classification task. Tune hyperparameters (e.g., number of trees)
to optimize performance.
Dataset: Choose a dataset suitable for classification, possibly from a previous program.
9: Naive Bayes for Text Classification
Aim: Implement the Naive Bayes algorithm for text data.
Question: Build a spam email classifier using the Naive Bayes algorithm.
Dataset: Spambase: https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Spambase
Other text datasets: https://www.kaggle.com/datasets?tags=text
10: Customer Segmentation with K-Means Clustering
Aim: Apply clustering to group similar data points.
Question: Segment customers based on their purchasing behavior (e.g., RFM: Recency, Frequency, Monetary
value) using k-means clustering. Visualize the clusters.
Dataset: Simulate a customer purchase dataset or use a retail dataset with transaction history.
11: Dimensionality Reduction with PCA
Aim: Reduce data dimensionality while preserving important information.
Question: Apply PCA to a dataset with a high number of features (e.g., images, text) and visualize the data in a
lower-dimensional space.
Dataset:
MNIST Handwritten Digits (image): http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/
20 Newsgroups (text): https://scikit-learn.org/stable/datasets/real_world.html#the-20-newsgroups-text-dataset
12: Introduction to O-Learning
Aim: Implement a basic reinforcement learning algorithm.
Ouestion: Use O-learning to train an agent to navigate a simple grid-world environment and find an optimal path
to a goal.
Dataset: No external dataset is needed. You'll create a grid environment within your code (e.g., using Python
lists).
TEXTBOOK:
1. Hands-On Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn, Keras, and TensorFlow" by Aurélien Géron (3rd Edition)
2. Python Machine Learning by Sebastian Raschka and Vahid Mirjalili.
REFERENCE BOOKS:
1. Tom Michel, Machine Learning, McGrawHill Publication.
2. Introduction to Machine Learning, Fourth Edition By Ethem Alpavdin.
VIDEO LINKS:
1. Machine Learning Course by Andrew Ng (Stanford CS229):
https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLoROMvodv4rMiGOp3WXShtMGgzapfVfbU
2. Data School: https://www.voutube.com/user/dataschool



4.	Syllabus Timeline	
S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
	Week-1	Lecture: Introduction to Machine Learning, Types of Learning, Applications, Python
1	Data Exploration	for ML
	and Visualization	Lab: Program 1 - Data Exploration and Visualization
	Week-7	Lecture: Data Preprocessing Techniques (handling missing values, encoding
2	Data Preprocessing	categorical data, feature scaling)
	Data Treprocessing	Lab: Program 2 - Data Preprocessing Pipeline
	Week 3	Lecture: Distance Metrics, k-NN Algorithm, Model Evaluation (accuracy, confusion
3	k-Nearest	matrix)
	Neighbours	Lab: Program 3 - Implementing k-Nearest Neighbors
	Week 4	Lecture: Linear Regression Fundamentals, Cost Functions, Gradient Descent
4	Linear Regression	(Conceptual), Simple Linear Regression
		Lab: Program 4 - Linear Regression for Prediction
	Week 5	Lecture: Multiple Linear Regression Assumptions of Linear Regression Feature
5	Multiple Linear	Selection. Introduction to Classification
-	Regression &	Lab: Program 5 - Logistic Regression for Classification.
	Logistic Regression	
	Week 6	Lecture: Overfitting and Underfitting, Bias-Variance Trade-off, Regularization
6	Nodel Evaluation	(Ridge, Lasso)
-	(Decomparison	Lab: Program 6 - Comparing Regression Models.
	(Regression)	Lecture: Decision Tree Learning, Entrony, Information Gain, Visualizing Decision
7	Week 7: Decision	Trees
'	Trees	Lab: Program 7 - Decision Tree Classification
	Week 8. Ensemble	Lecture: Ensemble Learning Concepts (Bagging Boosting) Random Forests
8	Methods	Lab: Program & - Ensemble Methods - Random Forest
	Weels 0.	
	Week 9:	Lecture: Bayes' Theorem, Naive Bayes Classifier, Text Preprocessing Techniques
9	Text Preprocessing	(Tokenization, Stop Words).
	Text Treprocessing	Lab: Program 9 - Naive Bayes for Text Classification.
	Week 10:	
	Unsupervised	Lecture: Introduction to Unsupervised Learning, Clustering Algorithms, k-Means
10	Learning:	Clustering
	Clustering	Lab: Program 10 - Customer Segmentation with k-Means Clustering.
	Week 11:	Lecture: Curse of Dimensionality, Feature Extraction, Principal Component Analysis
11	Dimensionality	(PCA)
	Reduction	Lab: Program 11 - Dimensionality Reduction with PCA
	Week 12:	
12	Introduction to	Lecture: Fundamentals of Reinforcement Learning, Q-Learning
	Reinforcement	Lab: Program 12 - Introduction to Q-Learning.
	Learning	-

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description	
1	Theory-Practice Bridge	Begin each lab with a brief recap of relevant ML concepts from lectures. Prompt students to connect theoretical understanding with the lab's practical implementation.	
2	Scaffolding to Independence	Start with partially completed code templates (scaffolding) for early programs. Gradually reduce scaffolding as labs progress, leading students to write more code independently.	
3	Collaborative Learning	Integrate pair programming, group discussions, and peer code reviews. Encourage students to help each other debug, analyze, and explore alternative approaches.	
4	Interactive Visualizations	Utilize tools like Jupyter Notebooks to encourage interactive data and model exploration. Guide students to create insightful visualizations that deepen their understanding.	
5	Real-World Projects	Group several labs into a larger project using a real-world dataset. This provides context, boosts motivation, and mirrors industry workflows.	



6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

Marks distribution for Program	based Practical Course for CIE
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Sl. No.	Description	% of Marks	In Marks
1	Observation, write-up, algorithm/program/execution	80% of the maximum	80
2	Viva-Voce	20% of the maximum	20
	Total	100%	100

Marks scored by the student for 100 are scaled down to 50 marks.

SEE for practical Course (Irrespective of Experiment or program based):

Marks distribution for Experiment based Practical Course for Final CIE			
0	Description	% of Marks	M

SL. No.	Description	% of Marks	Marks
1	Write-up, Procedure	20%	20
2	Conduction and result	60%	60
3 Viva-Voce		20%	20
	Total	100%	100

1. SEE marks for practical course shall be 50 marks

2. See for practical course is evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks.

3. Change of experiment/program is allowed only once and 20% marks allotted to the procedure/write-up part to be made zero.

4. Duration of SEE shall be 3 hours.

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Master fundamental ML concepts and algorithms across paradigms.	This objective sets a strong foundation, ensuring students understand not just how to code, but why algorithms work, covering supervised, unsupervised, and reinforcement learning.
2	Develop proficiency in implementing and evaluating ML models using Python	This focuses on the essential practical skills: coding, using libraries, and assessing model performance. Python is a wise choice given its popularity in the ML community.
3	Cultivate a data-driven approach	This highlights the importance of data exploration, visualization, and insight generation, which are essential for real-world problem-solving. It's not just about building models blindly.
4	Critically evaluate ML model performance.	This promotes a deeper understanding of model selection and evaluation. It moves beyond simple accuracy metrics to consider factors like bias- variance trade-off, interpretability, and suitability for specific tasks.
5	Promote a spirit of exploration	This is crucial in the rapidly evolving field of ML. It encourages students to be lifelong learners, adapt to new technologies, and approach ML with curiosity and a desire for continuous improvement.

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs Course Outcomes (COs)

COs	Description	
M23BCSL606.1	Prepare data for machine learning by effectively applying preprocessing, feature	
	engineering, and exploratory analysis techniques to diverse datasets.	
	Implement a range of machine learning algorithms by successfully building and training	
M23BCSL606.2	supervised and unsupervised learning models in Python, including k-NN, regression,	
	decision trees, random forests, k-means, and PCA.	
MOODCOL (06 2	Analyze machine learning results by interpreting model outputs, identifying patterns and	
WIZSDUSLOU0.5	insights in data, and effectively communicating findings through visualizations and reports.	
	Evaluate and select appropriate machine learning models by critically comparing their	
M23BCSL606.4	performance using relevant metrics and considering factors beyond simple accuracy to	
	justify choices for specific tasks.	
MOODCEL (0(5	Design a basic reinforcement learning agent by developing a Q-learning agent to solve a	
WI23BUSL006.5	simple problem in a simulated environment.	

2023Scheme - 5th to 6th	Sem Competency	y Based Syllabi for	B.E in CS(DS)
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CO-PO-PSO Mapping														
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
M23BCSL606.1	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BCSL606.2	-	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BCSL606.3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-
M23BCSL606.4	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BCSL606.5	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	-
M23BCSL606	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	_	_	-

5. Assessment Plan (For PCL)

	Continuous Intel nai Evaluation (CIE)						
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total	
Program 1 to 10	5	10	10	5	20	50	
Total	5	10	10	5	20	50	
		Semeste	r End Examina	tion (SEE)			
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total	
Program 1 to 10	10	20	20	10	40	100	
Total	10	20	20	10	40	100	

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

10. Future with this Subject:

- 1. **Capstone Projects and Research:** The ML skills gained in this course can prove invaluable for final year projects. Students can leverage this knowledge to optimize robotic systems, analyze sensor data for predictive maintenance, or develop intelligent control algorithms all empowered by the solid foundation built in this course.
- 2. Advanced Engineering Electives: Many higher-level electives, such as "Robotics," "Computer Vision," "Data Science," or "Artificial Intelligence," rely heavily on ML concepts. Students who have mastered the fundamentals through this course will be well-prepared to excel in these advanced subjects.
- 3. **Data-Driven Decision Making:** Regardless of their specialization, the ability to extract meaningful insights from data is an essential skill for any engineer. This course equips students to make informed, data-driven decisions, analyze trends, and approach complex engineering problems with a data-centric perspective.

Job Prospects:

- 1. **High Demand, High Reward:** ML expertise is highly sought after across industries, making it one of the most in-demand skillsets in today's job market. Graduates with a strong foundation in ML will have a competitive edge in securing rewarding and impactful roles.
- 2. **Career Versatility:** ML skills are transferable to a wide range of industries and job titles. Potential career paths include Machine Learning Engineer, Data Scientist, AI Specialist, Robotics Engineer, or any position requiring data analysis, predictive modeling, and intelligent system development.
- 3. **Future-Proof Skills:** The field of ML is constantly evolving. This course equips graduates with the foundational knowledge and adaptive learning mindset needed to stay ahead of the curve, embrace new advancements, and thrive in a dynamic career landscape.



(th Sama atom	Ability Enhancement course(AEC)	MAADIGCOTA
o Semester	GENERATIVE AI LAB	W125D15007A

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
	Basic	Familiarity with fundamental machine learning concepts and techniques, including
1	Understanding	supervised and unsupervised learning, is essential. Understanding algorithms like
1	of Machine	linear regression, classification, and clustering provides a foundation for grasping
	Learning	more advanced generative models.
2	Knowledge of Neural	A solid understanding of neural network architectures, including feedforward networks, convolutional neural networks (CNNs), and recurrent neural networks (RNNs), is crucial. This background will help in comprehending how generative
	Networks	models like GANs (Generative Adversarial Networks) and VAEs (Variational Autoencoders) work.
3	Programming Skills	Proficiency in programming languages commonly used in AI development, such as Python, is necessary. Familiarity with libraries and frameworks like TensorFlow, PyTorch, or Keras will be beneficial for implementing and experimenting with generative models.
4	Mathematical Foundations	A strong grasp of mathematics, particularly linear algebra, calculus, and probability theory, is important. These mathematical concepts underpin many machine learning algorithms and generative models, enabling a deeper understanding of their workings and optimization.
	Experience	A strong grasp of mathematics, particularly linear algebra, calculus, and probability
5	with Data	theory, is important. These mathematical concepts underpin many machine learning
5	Handling and	algorithms and generative models, enabling a deeper understanding of their
	Preprocessing	workings and optimization.

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description	
1	Understanding Generative Models	 Ability to select appropriate generative models based on specific use cases and data characteristics. Ability to troubleshoot and optimize model performance to achieve desired outputs. 	
2	Programming and Implementation	• Ability to adapt and extend existing codebases for custom generative AI applications.	
3	Mathematical and Statistical Analysis	ical and Analysis• Ability to identify and address mathematical challenges during model development and training.	
4	Data Handling and Preprocessing	• Ability to evaluate data quality and ensure it meets the requirements of generative models.	
5	5 Ethical and Practical Implications • Ability to make informed decisions regarding the ethical implications of generative AI projects.		
6	Research and Development	• Ability to communicate the potential risks and benefits of generative AI technologies to stakeholders	

3. Syllabus

Generative AI Lab (M23BIS607A)						
SEMESTER – VI						
Course Code	M23BIS607A	CIE Marks	50			
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50			
Total Number of Lecture Hours	2 hr/week Practical	Total Marks	100			
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01			



Course objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Understand and apply the fundamentals of Generative AI and large language models.
- Implement GPT architecture for text generation and dialogue systems.
- Fine-tune BERT for downstream NLP tasks and explore advanced Transformer architectures.
- Evaluate real-world applications, challenges, and emerging trends in Generative AI

D'a	Evaluate real world appreadons, enalienges, and enterging denas in Generative rit				
List of p	List of problems for which student should develop program and execute in the Laboratory				
1.	Generate a continuation of a given text prompt using GPT-2.				
2.	Generate an image based on a text description using Stable Diffusion.				
3.	Generate a short piece of music using Magenta.				
4.	Apply style transfer to an image using a pre-trained neural network.				
5	Concrete a summary of a long piece of toyt using a pro-trained summarization model				

5. Generate a summary of a long piece of text using a pre-trained summarization model.

- **6.** Create a simple chatbot that responds to user input using Rasa.
- 7. Convert text into speech using Tacotron and a vocoder.
 - 8. Generate code snippets based on a prompt using OpenAI Codex.
- 9. Generate an image of handwritten digits using a GAN.
- **10.** Generate a poem about a specific topic using GPT-3

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1-2:	Introduction, Program1
2	Week 3-4:	Program 2, Program 3.
3	Week 5-6:	Program 4, 5
4	Week 7-8:	Program 6, 7,8
5	Week 9-10:	Program 9,10

5. **Teaching-Learning Process Strategies**

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Interactive	Use interactive lectures to introduce new concepts. Incorporate questions and
1	Lectures	discussions to engage students.
2	Coding Sossions	Demonstrate the implementation of different Testing live, showing step-by-step
2	Couning Sessions	coding and debugging.
2	Lab Exercises	Design lab exercises that require students to implement and manipulate Testing
5	Lab Exercises	process.
4	Coding	Assign regular coding tasks that reinforce lecture material and provide practical
4	Assignments	experience.
5	Group Projects	Encourage students to work in groups for larger projects, fostering teamwork and
5	Group Projects	collaborative problem-solving.
6	Code	Practice writing clear and comprehensive documentation for all coding assignments
0	Documentation	and projects.
7	Programming	Assign programming tasks and mini projects to reinforce practical skills associated
'	Assignments	with competencies.

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) Class Work:-A

CIE Split up for Laboratory based Ability Enhancement Course

SL. No.	Description	% of Marks	In Marks
1	Write-up, Conduction, result and Procedure	60%	30
2	Viva-Voce	40%	20
	Total	100%	50

The Test marks should be scaled down to 30marks (60% of the maximum Marks)



Laboratory Test: -B

CIE Split up for Test in Laboratory based Ability Enhancement Course

SL. No.	Description	% of Marks	In Marks
1	Write-up, Conduction, result and Procedure	60%	30
2	Viva-Voce	40%	20
	Total	100%	50

The Test marks should be scaled down to 20marks (40% of the maximum Marks)

Final CIE for Laboratory based Ability Enhancement Course

SL. No.	Description	% of Marks	In Marks
1	Scaled Down marks of record/journal-A	60% of the maximum	30
2	Scaled Down marks of test-B	40% of the maximum	20
	Total	100%	50

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

SEE for practical Course:

SL. No.	Description	% of Marks	Marks
1	Write-up, Procedure	20%	20
2	Conduction and result	60%	60
3	Viva-Voce	20%	20
	Total	100%	100

1. SEE marks for practical course shall be 50 marks

2. SEE for practical course is evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks.

3. Change of experiment/program is allowed only once and 20% marks allotted to the procedure/write-up part to be made zero.

Duration of SEE shall be 3 hours.

7. Learning Objectives

CIT		
S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Build Generative Models	Learn to design and implement various generative models like GANs and VAEs.
2	Optimize Model	Develop skills to evaluate and enhance the effectiveness of generative
2	Performance	models.
2	Apply Concretive AI	Apply generative AI techniques to practical problems in fields such as
5	Appry Generative Ar	image and text generation.
1	Understand Ethical	Analyze the ethical considerations and societal impacts of generative AI
4	Implications	technologies.
5	Stay Undeted with Trends	Keep up with the latest advancements and research in the field of generative
	Stay Opuated with Helius	AI.

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcome	Course Outcomes (COs)				
COs	Description				
M23BIS607A.1	Understand large language models' architecture and pre-training techniques				
M23BIS607A.2	Apply the GPT and BERT model for natural language processing tasks				
M23BIS607A.3	Analyzing the performance and limitations of large language models.				
M23BIS607A.4	Examine the Generative AI practices.				

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
M23BIS607A.1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
M23BIS607A.2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
M23BIS607A.3	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
M23BIS607A.4	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
M23BIS607A	2	2	2	2					2				2	2

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous internar Evaluation (CIE)						
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Program 1-6	10	10	10	10	10	50
Total	10	10	10	10	10	50
Semester End Examination (SEE)						
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Program 1-6	20	20	20	20	20	50
Total	20	20	20	20	20	50

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. Future with this Subject

- 1. **Design and Implement Generative Models**: Students will be able to design, develop, and implement various generative models, such as Generative Adversarial Networks (GANs) and Variational Autoencoders (VAEs), using appropriate frameworks and tools.
- 2. Conduct Research and Stay Current with Trends: Students will be able to conduct research on current trends and advancements in generative AI, staying informed about the latest developments and innovations, and applying this knowledge to enhance their own projects and contributions to the field.
- 3. Evaluate and Optimize Model Performance: Students will be able to evaluate the performance of generative models using relevant metrics and techniques, and optimize models to enhance their effectiveness and efficiency in generating desired outputs.
- 4. Apply Generative AI to Real-World Problems: Students will be able to apply generative AI techniques to solve real-world problems across different domains, such as image synthesis, text generation, and data augmentation, demonstrating practical application skills.
- 5. Analyze Ethical and Social Implications: Students will be able to analyze and discuss the ethical and social implications of generative AI technologies, including issues related to bias, privacy, and misuse, and propose strategies for responsible AI development and deployment.

6 th Semester	Ability Enhancement-V(AE-V) Devops	M23BCS607B

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1	Basic Understanding of Programming and Scripting Languages	• Knowledge of programming fundamentals and experience with at least one scripting language (e.g., Python, JavaScript) is required to create automation scripts, work with Selenium WebdriverIO, and write scripts for Maven and Docker.
2	Familiarity with Command Line Interfaces (CLI)	• Proficiency in using command-line tools like GitBash or terminal commands is essential for interacting with Git, executing Docker commands, and managing CI/CD pipelines
3	Introduction to Software Development Life Cycle (SDLC)	• A foundational understanding of the software development life cycle and its various stages will help students grasp the context of continuous integration, continuous deployment, and Agile methodologies used in DevOps practices.
4	Basic Knowledge of Web Development and HTML/CSS	• Familiarity with web technologies such as HTML and CSS is necessary for creating and understanding XPath expressions for locating elements in web applications during automation testing
5	Experience with Integrated Development Environments (IDEs) and Build Tools	• Prior experience working with IDEs (e.g., IntelliJ IDEA, Eclipse) and build tools like Maven will be beneficial for managing project dependencies, building projects, and integrating with Jenkins for CI/CD

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
1	Proficient Use of Version Control Systems	 Knowledge: Understand the principles and best practices of version control, including branching, merging, and conflict resolution Skills: Ability to create, manage, and collaborate on projects using Git, GitHub, and GitBash, including advanced operations like rebasing and resolving merge conflicts. Attitudes: Cultivate a disciplined approach to version control, emphasizing the importance of clear commit messages, regular updates, and collaborative workflows.
2	Mastery of Continuous Integration and Automation Tools	 Knowledge: Understand the fundamentals of continuous integration, continuous deployment, and automation in a DevOps environment. Skills: Ability to configure and manage Jenkins pipelines, automate project execution, and apply various scheduling techniques within a CI/CD framework. Attitudes: Develop a proactive mindset towards automation, recognizing its role in improving efficiency, reducing errors, and ensuring consistent project delivery.
3	Advanced Automation and Testing Techniques	 Knowledge: Comprehend the role of automated testing in software development, including the use of Selenium WebdriverIO and XPath. Skills: Ability to write and execute test scripts using Selenium WebdriverIO, effectively locate elements in web applications using different XPath strategies, and integrate with reporting tools for comprehensive test coverage. Attitudes: Foster an attention to detail and thoroughness in testing, emphasizing the importance of accuracy and reliability in automated testing processes.
4	Integration of Build and	Knowledge: Understand the lifecycle of software builds and deployments, including the use of

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	Deployment	Maven, Docker, and Jenkins.
	Technologies	Skills:
	_	Ability to apply Maven lifecycle commands, createDocker containers, and integrate
		these tools with Jenkins to streamline the build and deployment processes.
		Attitudes:
		Embrace a continuous improvement mindset, focusing on optimizing build and deployment processes for speed, efficiency, and reliability.
		Knowledge:
		Grasp the principles of Agile methodologies and DevOps practices, including backlog management, sprint planning, and the integration of various DevOps tools.
	Effective	Skills:
	Application of	Ability to create and manage project backlogs, sprints, and tasks using Agile
5	Agile and	techniques, retrieve and manipulate data using JQuery, and integrate multiple DevOps
	DevOps	tools into a cohesive framework.
	Practices	Attitudes:
		Develop a collaborative and adaptable approach to project management, valuing teamwork, continuous feedback, and the iterative nature of Agile and DevOps practices.

3. Syllabus

DEVOPS					
SEMESTER – VI					
Course Code	M23BCS607B	CIE Marks	50		
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(0:0:2:0)	SEE Marks	50		
Total Number of Lecture Hours	24 Hours	Total Marks	100		
Credits	01	Exam Hours	02		
Course Objectives:					
1. Understanding and Application of Version Control System	ns.				
2. Mastering Continuous Integration and Automation.					
3. Proficient Use of Automation Tools for Web Application	Testing.				
4. Integration and Management of Build and Deployment Pi	pelines				
5. Implementation of Agile and DevOps Practices in Project	t Management.				
Program	ı -1				
Demonstrate and Create project in local and remote reposite	ory using git and GitBash.				
Program	1 -2				
Demonstrate and apply fork, merge, conflict and rebase	concepts on repo using	GitHub.			
Program	1-3				
Demonstrate the process of interfacing the repo using Jenkin	ns to automate the project	execution.			
Program	ı -4				
Create a repository and apply different types of scheduling u	using continuous integrati	on tool.			
Program	ı -5				
Create a script to automate the operation using selenium WebdriverIO and integrate with reporting tools.					
Program	ı -6				
Create a script using different types of Xpath and locate elements	ments in an application.				
Program	n-7				
Apply maven life cycle commands on project and integrate	with Jenkins tools				
Program	1-8				
Apply basic commands for Dockers and integrate with other	r tools.				
Program-9					
Create and apply backlogs, sprints, tasks for project and retrieve data using J-query.					
Program-10					
Create a Framework and integrate different DevOps tools for an application.					
TEXTBOOKS:					
1."Pro Git" by Scott Chacon and Ben StraubAvailable for free online.					
2. "Continuous Delivery: Reliable Software Releas	es through Build, Test, ar	nd Deployment Au	itomation"		



by Jez Humble and David Farley

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1."Selenium WebDriver 3 Practical Guide" by UnmeshGundecha

2."Docker: Up & Running: Shipping Reliable Containers in Production" by Karl Matthias and Sean P. Kane

VIDEO LINKS:

1.https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RGOj5yH7evk 2.https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6YZvp2GwT0A

4. Syllabus Timeline

S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
1	Week 1: Introduction to Version Control and Git	Demonstrate and Create Project in Local and Remote Repository Using Git and GitBash Introduction to Git, setting up GitBash, creating local repositories, initializing remote repositories, and pushing code.
2	Week 2: Advanced Git Concepts	Lab/Practice: Set up a Git repository, commit changes, and push them to GitHub. Demonstrate and Apply Fork, Merge, Conflict, and Rebase Concepts on Repo Using GitHub Forking repositories, branching, merging, handling conflicts, and rebasing. Lab/Practice: Fork a repository, create a branch, make changes, merge, and resolve conflicts.
3	Week 3: Introduction to Jenkins and CI/CD	Demonstrate the Process of Interfacing the Repo Using Jenkins to Automate the Project Introduction to Jenkins, setting up a Jenkins server, and creating a basic CI/CD pipeline. Lab/Practice: Set up Jenkins, integrate it with a GitHub repository, and create an automated build.
4	Week 4: Advanced Jenkins and Scheduling	Create a Repository and Apply Different Types of Scheduling Using Continuous Integration Tools. Jenkins scheduling, cronjobs, and different scheduling strategies in CI/CD pipelines. Lab/Practice: Implement scheduling in Jenkins pipelines, using cron expressions for various tasks.
5	Week 5: Introduction to Selenium and Automation Scripting	Create a Script to Automate the Operation Using Selenium WebdriverIO and Integrate with Reporting Tools Introduction to Selenium WebdriverIO, writing basic test scripts, and integrating with reporting tools Lab/Practice: Write Selenium scripts using WebdriverIO, automate a basic web operation and generate reports
6	Week 6: XPath Strategies in Web Automation	Create a Script Using Different Types of XPath and Locate Elements in an Application Understanding XPath, types of XPath, and strategies for locating web elements. Lab/Practice: Create and run test scripts using different XPath strategies in a sample web application.
7	Week 7: Build Management with Maven	Apply Maven Life Cycle Commands on Project and Integrate with Jenkins Tools Introduction to Maven, Maven lifecycle phases, and integrating Maven with Jenkins. Lab/Practice: Create a Maven project, execute Maven lifecycle commands, and integrate with Jenkins for builds.
8	Week 8: Containerization with Docker	Apply Basic Commands for Docker and Integrate with Other Tools Introduction to Docker, Docker commands, containerization, and integration with CI/CD tools. Lab/Practice: Create and manage Docker containers, and integrate Docker with Jenkins in a CI/CD pipeline.
9	Week 9: Agile Methodologies and Project Management	Create and Apply Backlogs, Sprints, Tasks for Project and Retrieve Data Using JQuery. Agile methodologies, managing backlogs and sprints, using JIRA or similar tools, and using JQuery for data manipulation. Lab/Practice: Set up a project in an Agile tool, create and manage sprints and tasks, and retrieve data using JQuery.
10	week IU:	Create a Framework and integrate Different DevOps Tools for an Application

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DevOps	Overview of DevOps frameworks, integrating tools like Jenkins, Docker, Maven,
Framework and	and Selenium into a cohesive CI/CD pipeline.
Tool Integration	Lab/Practice: Develop and demonstrate a full CI/CD pipeline integrating multiple
	DevOps tools in a project framework.

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description					
1	Project-Based	Integrate hands-on projects that align with each week's topics.Integrate hands-on					
	Learning (PBL)	projects that align with each week's topics.					
2	Collaborative Learning and Peer Reviews	Encourage collaboration among students through pair programming, group tasks, and peer reviews. Organize students into small teams to work on projects, and incorporate peer review sessions where students evaluate each other's code, Git workflows, and automation scripts.					
3	Flipped Classroom	Use the flipped classroom model, where students study theoretical content through videos and readings before class, and spend in-class time engaging in hands-on activities, discussions, and problem-solving.					
4	Incremental and Iterative Learning	Teach concepts incrementally, building complexity over time. Start with foundational concepts like Git basics and gradually introduce more advanced topics like Jenkins integration, Docker commands, and full DevOpstoolchain integration.					
5	Continuous Assessment and Feedback	Implement continuous assessment methods that include quizzes, coding challenges, and mini-projects.Conduct regular assessments such as short quizzes on Git commands, Jenkins pipelines, and Docker basics.					

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

Class Work:-A

CIE Split up for Laboratory based Ability Enhancement Course

SL. No.	Description	% of Marks	In Marks
1	Write-up, Conduction, result and Procedure	60%	30
2	Viva-Voce	40%	20
	Total	100%	50

The Test marks should be scaled down to 30marks (60% of the maximum Marks)

Laboratory Test: -B

CIE Split up for Test in Laboratory based Ability Enhancement Course

SL. No.	Description	% of Marks	In Marks
1	Write-up, Conduction, result and Procedure	60%	30
2	Viva-Voce	40%	20
	Total	100%	50

The Test marks should be scaled down to 20marks (40% of the maximum Marks)

Final CIE for Laboratory based Ability Enhancement Course

SL. No.	Description	% of Marks	In Marks
1	Scaled Down marks of record/journal-A	60% of the maximum	30
2	Scaled Down marks of test-B	40% of the maximum	20
	Total	100%	50

FinalCIEMarks =(A) + (B)

SEE for practical Course:

SL. No.	Description	% of Marks	Marks
1	Write-up, Procedure	20%	20
2	Conduction and result	60%	60
3	Viva-Voce	20%	20
	Total	100%	100

1. SEE marks for practical course shall be 50 marks

2. SEE for practical course is evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks.

3. Change of experiment/program is allowed only once and 20% marks allotted to the procedure/write-up part to be made zero.

4. Duration of SEE shall be 3 hours.

7. Le	arning Objectives	
S/L	Learning Objectives	Description
1	Master the Fundamentals of Version Control with Git	Students will be able to create, manage, and collaborate on projects using Git and GitHub, including setting up local and remote repositories, and executing advanced version control operations like branching, merging, rebasing, and resolving conflicts.
2	Implement Continuous Integration and Delivery Pipelines Using Jenkins	Students will learn to configure Jenkins for automating project builds, tests, and deployments, integrating it with GitHub repositories and other CI/CD tools, and applying various scheduling techniques to optimize workflow efficiency
3	Analysis of Stress and StrainAutomate Web Application Testing Using Selenium WebdriverIO	Students will be able to write and execute automated test scripts using Selenium WebdriverIO, utilize different XPath strategies to locate web elements, and integrate these scripts with reporting tools for comprehensive test automation.
4	Apply Containerization and Build Management Techniques Using Docker and Maven	Students will gain proficiency in using Docker to containerize applications, apply Maven lifecycle commands for build management, and integrate these tools with Jenkins to streamline the build, test, and deployment processes.
5	Manage Agile Project Workflows and Retrieve Data Using JQuery	Students will learn to implement Agile methodologies, including creating and managing backlogs, sprints, and tasks in a project, and effectively use JQuery for data retrieval and manipulation within web applications.
6	Develop and Integrate a Comprehensive DevOpsToolchain Framework	Students will be able to design, develop, and implement a cohesive DevOpstoolchain framework that integrates multiple tools such as Git, Jenkins, Docker, and Maven, Selenium, and Agile project management practices to automate and manage the software development lifecycle efficiently.

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)

COs	Description					
M22DCS607D 1	Apply Version Control Techniques Demonstrate the ability to create, manage, and					
W125DC5007D.1	maintain local and remote repositories using Git and GitBash					
M23BCS607B 2	Implement Continuous Integration and Automation Utilize Jenkins to automate the					
W125DC5007D.2	integration, testing, and deployment processes by creating and scheduling CI/CD pipelines.					
M23BCS607B.3	Develop Automation Scripts for Web Applications					
M23BCS607B.4	Integrate Development Tools with Docker and Maven					
M23BCS607B.5	5.5 Design Agile and DevOps Practices.					
CO DO BSO Manning						

CO-PO-PSO Mapping PO5 COs/POs PO1 **PO2** PO3 PO4 **PO6 PO7 PO8 PO**9 PO10 PO11 PO12 PSO1 PSO2 M23BCS607B.1 3 3 3 3 _ _ -_ _ _ --_ _ 3 M23BCS607B.2 3 3 3 3 ---------M23BCS607B.3 3 3 3 3 3 --------_ M23BCS607B.4 3 3 3 3 3 3 --------M23BCS607B.5 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 -----M23BCS607B 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 _ --_ -

9. Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
Program 1 to 10	5	10	10	5	20	50
Total	5	10	10	5	20	50
1.						

2. Semester End Examination (SEE)

27 Semester Line Linemanne (SEL)							
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total	
Program 1 to 10	10	20	20	10	40	100	
Total	10	20	20	10	40	100	



10. Future with this Subject:

- High Demand for DevOps Professionals: Proficiency in tools like Git, Jenkins, Docker, and Selenium, coupled with Agile and DevOpsmethodologies, will make graduates highly sought after in industries ranging from tech startups to large enterprises.
- Cloud-Native and Microservices Architectures: Skills in containerization (e.g., Docker) and CI/CD pipelines will be critical for managing complex, distributed applications in cloud environments. Students trained in these areas will be well-prepared for roles in cloud engineering and site reliability engineering (SRE)
- ✤ Automation and Artificial Intelligence in DevOps: Knowledge in automation scripting and tool integration will be a foundational skill as AI-driven tools become standard in CI/CD pipelines and infrastructure management. This subject will prepare students to innovate in these areas.
- Expansion of Agile and DevOpsBeyond IT: A deep understanding of Agile and DevOps practices will be valuable not just in tech roles but also in broader organizational contexts, allowing graduates to contribute to the digital transformation of various industries.
- Continuous Learning and Adaptability: A deep understanding of Agile and DevOps practices will be valuable not just in tech roles but also in broader organizational contexts, allowing graduates to contribute to the digital transformation of various industries.




2023Scheme - 5th to 6th Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)

-				
	6 th Semester		Ability Enhancement-V(AE-V) Programing with Kotlin	M23BIS607C
1.	l. Prerequisites			
	S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites	
	1	Programming Fundamentals	Understanding of fundamental programming concepts control structures (if statements, loops), functions, and b	such as variables, data types, basic algorithms is crucial.
	2	2 Object-Oriented Programming (OOP) supports both functional and object-oriented programming paradigms. We strictly required, familiarity with OOP concepts like classes, objects, inhibition polymorphism, and encapsulation		nming paradigms. While not classes, objects, inheritance,
	3	Functional Programming Concepts	Understanding functional programming concepts such immutability, pattern matching, and recursion	as higher- order functions,
	4	Development Environment Setup	Setting up a development environment for Kotlin prog such as IntelliJ IDEA, Eclipse, or Visual Studio Code excellent support for development.	gramming is essential. IDEs with Kotlin plugins provide

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description	
1	Conciseness	Knowledge: Scala allows developers to write concise code, reducing boilerplate and enhancing productivity. Skills: Learning the basic syntax of Kotlin	
2	Functional Programming	Knowledge: Scala provides strong support for functional programming constructs such as pattern matching, enabling developers to write clean and expressive code. Skills: Practicing the concept of functional programming	
3	Object- Oriented Programming	Knowledge: Kotlin is fully object-oriented, supporting features such as classes, inheritance, and polymorphism. It integrates with existing Java libraries and frameworks. Skills: Understanding the concept of OOP concepts and libraries.	
4	Concurrency:	Knowledge: Kotlin provides powerful concurrency primitives such as ac and futures, making it well-suited for building scalable and concurr applications. Skills: Learning relevant applications of Kotlin.	
5	Tooling and Ecosystem	Knowledge : Kotlin has a rich ecosystem of libraries and frameworks for various use cases, including web development, data processing, and concurrency Skills: Applying programming skills to build a new application.	

3. Syllabus

Programing with Kotlin SEMESTER – VI			
Course Code	M23BIS607C	CIE Marks	50
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(0:0:2:0)	SEE Marks	50
Total Number of Lecture Hours	8-10 Lab slots	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	2

Course objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Understand basics of Kotlin programming.
- To gain an understanding of the processes that are involved in an Android Application Development
- Analyzing the complex problems with the Functional concept.
- Apply the new emerging tool to model the solution to various problems using Kotlin

PRACTICAL COMPONENT		
1	Installation of Kotlin.	
2	Program for variable declaration in Kotlin	
3	Program for declaring String and manipulating string.	
4	Program on Operators	

2023Scheme - 5th to 6th Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)

5	Program on Conditional Statement.
6	Program on Loops and Arrays
7	Program for Simple function and Recursive function.
8	Program on Default and Named argument in function.
9	Program for Inline function and Vararg parameter in function
10	Program for Classes and Objects
11	Program on Constructor.
12	Program for interfaces
13	Program for Exception handling
14	Program for App development.

Text Books:

- "Kotlin in Action" Dmitry Jemerov, Svetlana Isakova -Manning Publications (2017)
 "Kotlin for Android App Development" by Peter Sommerhoff.
- 3. Kotlin Notes For Professionals

References:

- JataTpoint
- Tutorialspoint

4.		Syllabus Timeline	
	S/L	Syllabus Timeline	Description
		-	
			Competency: Kotlin programming
	1	Week 1-10: All lab	Knowledge: Importance of Kotlin programming, ability to address the
		Experiments	challenges of modern software development, including scalability, concurrency,
		-	maintainability, and productivity
			Skills: Building Scalable, efficient, and maintainable applications across various
			domains, including web development, big data processing,
			distributed systems using IntelliJ
		Week 11-12: Exploring	Competency: Understanding of tool usage
	2	on IntelliJ Tool and Lab	Knowledge: Obtaining more information and knowledge on the tool usage.
		Internals, Assessment	Skills: Analysing the problem to obtain the solution real time problems.
		Evaluation	

Teaching-Learning Process Strategies 5.____

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Lecture Method	Utilize various teaching methods within the lecture format to reinforce competencies.
2	Video/Animation	Incorporate visual aids like videos/animations to enhance understanding of Verilog concepts.
3	Collaborative Learning	Encourage collaborative learning for improved competency application.
4	Higher Order Thinking (HOTS) Questions:	Pose HOTS questions to stimulate critical thinking related to each competency.
5	Problem-Based Learning (PBL)	Implement PBL to enhance analytical skills and practical application of competencies
6	Pair Programming	Incorporate pair programming sessions where students collaborate in pairs to solve coding tasks or work on projects together.
7	Problem-Solving Sessions	Organize problem-solving sessions where students can work together to solve coding challenges and overcome programming obstacles



6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE): Class Work:-A

CIE Split up for Laboratory based Ability Enhancement Course Description % of Marks SL. No. In Marks Write-up, Conduction, result and Procedure 60% 1 30 40% 20 2 Viva-Voce 100% Total 50

The Test marks should be scaled down to 30marks (60% of the maximum Marks)

Laboratory Test: -B

CIE Split up for Test in Laboratory based Ability Enhancement Course

SL. No.	Description	% of Marks	In Marks
1	Write-up, Conduction, result and Procedure	60%	30
2	Viva-Voce	40%	20
Total			50

The Test marks should be scaled down to 20marks (40% of the maximum Marks)

Final CIE for Laboratory based Ability Enhancement Course

SL. No.	Description	% of Marks	In Marks
1	Scaled Down marks of record/journal-A	60% of the maximum	30
2	Scaled Down marks of test-B	40% of the maximum	20
	Total	100%	50

Final CIE Marks = (A) + (B)

SEE for practical Course:

SL. No.	Description	% of Marks	Marks
1	Write-up, Procedure	20%	20
2	Conduction and result	60%	60
3	Viva-Voce	20%	20
	Total	100%	100

• SEE marks for practical course shall be 50 marks

- SEE for practical course is evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks.
- Change of experiment/program is allowed only once and 20% marks allotted to the procedure/write-up part to be made zero.
- Duration of SEE shall be 3 hours.

7. Learning Objectives

S/L	Learning	Description
	Objectives	
	Understanding	The fundamental syntax of Kotlin, including variables, data types, control
1	Syntax and Basic	structures, functions, and basic object-oriented concepts like classes and objects.
	Concepts:	
	Functional	Exploring popular functional libraries and frameworks in the Kotlin ecosystem,
2	Libraries and	such as Cats, Scalaz, and fs2, and understanding to use them to build
	Frameworks	functional, composable, and type-safe applications
2	Real-World	Apply Kotlin knowledge to real-world projects or problem-solving exercises to gain
3	Applications:	practical experience and reinforce learning.
4	Interoperability	Understanding the Kotlin interoperates with Java and learning best practices for
4	with Java	integrating Kotlin code with existing Java libraries and frameworks.

8. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs Course Outcomes (COs)

eouise outcomes	
COs	Description
M23BIS607C.1	Understand basics of Kotlin programming
M23BIS607C.2	Formulating the solution to complex problems with concepts of decision making, Looping and Inheritance
M23BIS607C.3	Designing the solution to the problems with the knowledge of List, tuple and File handling.
M23BIS607C.4	Analyzing the complex problems with the Functional concept.

CO-PO-PSO Mapping

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO 10	PO11	PO12	PSO 1	PSO 2
M23BIS607C.1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M23BIS607C.2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
M23BIS607C.3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3
M23BIS607C.4	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		3	3
M23BIS607C	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3

9. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
All	10	10	10	10	10	50
Experiments						
Total	10	10	10	10	10	50
Semester End Examination (SEE)						

	(,				
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	Total
All Experiments	20	20	20	20	20	100
Total	20	20	20	20	20	100
G 11.1 A G						

Conditions for SEE Paper Setting:

Each module of SEE question paper should be allocated with questions for 20% of the total SEE marks

10. Future with this Subject

Scala's future appears bright, driven by its strong features, ecosystem growth, community support, and its relevance in emerging trends such as functional programming, big data, microservices, and type-level programming. As organizations increasingly prioritize scalability, concurrency, and developer productivity, Scala is likely to remain a valuable tool for building robust and scalable software systems.

Functional Programming Adoption: Functional programming paradigms are gaining popularity due to their suitability for building scalable, concurrent, and maintainable systems. Scala's strong support for functional programming makes it well-positioned to capitalize on this trend.

Data Science and Big Data: Scala is increasingly being used in the field of data science and big data processing. Frameworks like Apache Spark, which are written in Scala, have propelled its adoption in this domain. As the demand for data-driven insights continues to grow, Scala's role in data science and big data is likely to expand further.

Microservices Architecture: Scala's support for building scalable and concurrent applications makes it well-suited for microservices architecture. As organizations increasingly adopt microservices to build modular, flexible, and scalable systems, Scala is expected to play a significant role in this ecosystem.

Type-Level and Metaprogramming: Scala's type system is one of its distinguishing features, and there is ongoing research and development in the area of type-level programming and metaprogramming. Advanced type-level features enable developers to express complex constraints and enforce correctness at compile time, leading to more robust and scalable systems.

Tooling and Ecosystem Growth: The Scala ecosystem continues to evolve, with the emergence of new libraries, frameworks, and tools aimed at improving developer productivity and scalability. Improved tooling, IDE support, and build systems contribute to making Scala development more accessible



6 th Somester	Ability E
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bility Enhancement Course-V(AE-V) GOLANG PROGRAMMING

1. Prerequisites

S/L	Proficiency	Prerequisites
1	Basic Programming Knowledge	Understanding of programming concepts: Familiarity with basic concepts like variables, loops, conditionals, functions, and data structures (e.g., arrays, slices, maps) is helpful. Experience with another programming language: Prior experience with languages like Python, Java, or C can be beneficial, as it helps you understand Go's syntax and structure more easily.
2	Development Environment	Operating System: Go is cross-platform, so you can use it on Windows, macOS, or Linux. Text Editor or IDE: You can use any text editor like VS Code, Sublime Text, or a Go-specific IDE like GoLand. VS Code with the Go extension is highly recommended for Go development.
3	Go Compiler and Tools	Git: Familiarity with Git is helpful for version control, especially when working on larger projects or contributing to open source.
4	Command Line Interface (CLI)	Basic command-line knowledge: Understanding how to navigate your file system, execute commands, and manage packages using the CLI will be useful. Go often interacts with the terminal, especially when running or building programs.
5	Internet Connection	Access to documentation and packages: Go has extensive online documentation and a package ecosystem. You'll need an internet connection to access the Go documentation and to download third-party packages.
6	Familiarity with Go Conventions	Go coding standards: Go has specific coding conventions, like using tabs for indentation and organizing code in specific directory structures. Familiarizing yourself with these early on will help you write idiomatic Go code.

2. Competencies

S/L	Competency	KSA Description
		Knowledge: Understand Go's concurrency model, including goroutines, channels,
		and the Go scheduler. Familiarity with parallel processing and how Go manages
		concurrent tasks.
	Concurrency and	Skills: Ability to design and implement concurrent applications that efficiently
1	Parallelism in	utilize multiple CPU cores. Proficiency in managing synchronization issues,
	Go	avoiding race conditions, and ensuring thread safety.
		Abilities: Capable of analyzing and optimizing the performance of concurrent Go
		programs, ensuring that they are both efficient and scalable. Ability to debug
		complex concurrency-related issues.
		Knowledge: Comprehensive understanding of Go's syntax, data types, control
		structures, and standard libraries. Familiarity with Go's memory management,
		garbage collection, and type system.
2	Go Language	Skills: Proficiency in writing clean, idiomatic Go code. Skilled in leveraging Go's
2	Proficiency	built-in functions and packages to solve common programming tasks efficiently.
		Abilities: Able to apply Go's features to develop high-performance applications.
		Capable of mentoring others in Go's best practices and contributing to open-source
		Go projects.
		Knowledge: Understanding of backend architecture, RESTful API design, and
	Backend	database integration (both SQL and NoSQL) within the context of Go
3	Development	programming. Familiarity with web frameworks like Gin, Echo, or Fiber.
	with Go	Skills: Expertise in building and maintaining robust backend services and APIs
		using Go. Skilled in handling HTTP requests, routing, middleware, and integrating



		third-party services.
		Abilities: Capable of designing and implementing scalable backend systems,
		optimizing them for performance, and ensuring they can handle high loads. Ability
		to troubleshoot and resolve backend issues effectively.
		Knowledge: In-depth knowledge of Go's testing framework, including testing
		package, benchmarking, and mock testing. Familiarity with Go's debugging tools
		and techniques.
	Testing and	Skills: Proficient in writing unit tests, integration tests, and benchmarks to ensure
4	Debugging in	code quality and performance. Skilled in debugging Go applications to identify and
	Go	fix issues efficiently.
		Abilities: Able to design comprehensive test suites that cover all critical aspects of
		the application. Capable of using profiling tools to identify performance bottlenecks
		and optimize code accordingly.
		Knowledge: Understanding of Go modules for dependency management, including
	Dependency Management and Project Structuring	versioning, package distribution, and workspace organization. Familiarity with
		Go's project structure and best practices.
		Skills: Ability to manage project dependencies effectively using Go modules.
5		Skilled in organizing code into packages, managing external dependencies, and
		ensuring reproducible builds.
		Abilities: Capable of structuring large-scale Go projects in a way that promotes
		maintainability and scalability. Ability to resolve dependency conflicts and ensure
		smooth project collaboration.
		Knowledge: Deep understanding of Go's performance characteristics, including
		memory management, garbage collection, and CPU usage. Familiarity with tools
		for profiling and performance analysis.
	Performance	Skills: Expertise in identifying and optimizing performance bottlenecks in Go
6	Optimization in	applications. Skilled in writing efficient code that minimizes memory usage and
	Go	maximizes execution speed.
		Abilities: Able to conduct thorough performance audits and implement
		optimizations that improve the overall efficiency of Go applications. Ability to
		scale applications to meet increasing demands while maintaining performance.

3. Syllabus

GOLANG PROGRAMMING				
SEMESTER – VI				
Course Code	M23BCS607D	CIE Marks	50	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	(0:0:2:0)	SEE Marks	50	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	24 Hours	Total Marks	100	
Credits	01	Exam Hours	02	

Course objectives: This course will enable students:

1. To learn the basics of Golang Programming.

2. To understand and develop Go applications using syntax, data structures, and standard libraries.

To Debug and analyze Go code for logic, performance, and concurrency issues.

3. <u>4.</u> To Design and optimize scalable backend services and APIs using Go best practices.

Pgm.No.	List of Programs							
	PART-A							
1	Design and Implement a Go program to print the name of the months and number of days based on							
	user input number. Apply switch statement to implement the same.							
2	Implement a calculator program that displays a menu with options 1. Add 2. Sub 3. Mul 4. Div Read 2 numbers and perform the relevant operation. After performing the operation, the program should ask the user if he wants to continue. If the user press Yes or Y, then the program should continue displaying the menu else the program should terminate.							

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2	Accept a n array	of 5 positive integers. Create a program to find the smallest positive integer in the					
3	user input array	which cannot be formed from the sum of 2 numbers in the array.					
4	Develop a Go Pr	ogram to check whether the user given matrix is a sparse or not.					
5	Design and deve in a given String	Design and develop a simple Go function to find the longest substring without repeating characters in a given String.					
6	Illustrate the dif Head Recursion	Illustrate the different types of recursion in Go with suitable programs. Direct, Indirect, Tail and Head Recursion					
	•	PART-B					
7	Design a structur the details and co	Design a structure Employee with name and salary as its filed. Create three employee instances. Print the details and computer the average salary.					
8	Create a program	n to swap two numbers using pointers in Go.					
9	Apply pointer to contain USN, na	structure concept to print the details of 3 student records. Assume Student record to me and marks.					
10	Develop a progra	am to illustrate how to create an anonymous Goroutine.					
11	Develop a progr	am to illustrate how to start multiple Go routines.					
12	Solve Producer (Consumer concurrency issue using Go concurrency concept.					
		PART-C					
Beyon • Dev <u>https://</u>	nd Syllabus Virtual Lal relop a Golang progra <u>//www.youtube.com/w</u> Develop a	co Content (To be done during Lab but not to be included for CIE or SEE) am to replace all occurrences of a word with another word in the given string. atch?v=vFqjpJfCG6Q calculator program using switch cases in Golang.					
https:// • Dev	//www.youtube.com/w elop bubble sort imple	atch?v=ca8xBxKWXsM mentation in Golang. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=98yDJ5vao5Q					
Sugge	ested Learning resour	ces					
Text]	Books:						
1. A I	Donovan, Brain W.Ker	inghan, "The Go Programming Language", Addison-Wesley Professional					
Comp	uting Series,2016(Rep	print)					
2. An	Introduction to Progra	mming In Go by Caleb Doxsey					
E-Ref	ference Books:						
1) <u>www.tutorialgatew</u>	ay.org/go-programs					
2) <u>https://gobyexampl</u>	e.com					
4. Sy	Syllabus Timeline	Description					
5/1	Synabus Timenne	Description					
1	Week 1-2:	 Program 1: Design and implement a Go program to print the name of the months and number of days based on user input number. Apply switch statement to implement the same. Program 2: Implement a calculator program that displays a menu with options 1. Add 2. Sub 3. Mul 4. Div Read 2 numbers and perform the relevant operation. After performing the operation, the program should ask the user if he wants to continue. If the user press Yes or Y, then the program should continue displaying the menu else the program should terminate. 					
2	Week 3-4:	 Program 3: Accept a n array of 5 positive integers. Create a program to find the smallest positive integer in the user input array which cannot be formed from the sum of 2 numbers in the array. Program 4: Develop a Go Program to check whether the user given matrix is a sparse or not. 					
3	Week 5-6:	 Program 5: Design and develop a simple Go function to find the longest substring without repeating characters in a given String. Program 6: Illustrate the different types of recursion in Go with suitable programs. Direct, Indirect, Tail and Head Recursion 					



2023Scheme - 5th to 6th Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)

4	Week 7-8:	Program 7: Design a structure Employee with name and salary as its filed. Create three employee instances. Print the details and computer the average salary.
		Program 8: Create a program to swap two numbers using pointers in Go.
		Program 9: Apply pointer to structure concept to print the details of 3 student
5	Week 9-10:	records. Assume Student record to contain USN, name and marks.
5		Program 10: Develop a program to illustrate how to create an anonymous
		Goroutine.
		Program 11: Develop a program to illustrate how to start multiple Go routines.
6	Week 11-12:	Program 12:
		Solve Producer Consumer concurrency issue using Go concurrency concept.

5. Teaching-Learning Process Strategies

S/L	TLP Strategies:	Description
1	Hands-on Coding Sessions	Conduct regular coding exercises and labs where students actively write and run Go programs, reinforcing concepts learned in lectures. Provide practical projects that require the application of Go's concurrency model, standard libraries, and tools.
2	Interactive Lectures and Discussions	Use interactive lectures to introduce and explain Go's core concepts, such as goroutines, channels, and Go modules. Encourage class discussions and Q&A sessions to clarify doubts and deepen understanding of complex topics.
3	Problem-Based Learning (PBL)	Present real-world scenarios and problems that require students to design and develop solutions using Go.Assign group projects that foster collaboration and peer learning, simulating professional Go development environments.
4	Code Reviews and Pair Programming	Implement code review sessions where students evaluate each other's code, learning best practices and improving their coding style.Utilize pair programming to enhance collaboration, allowing students to work together to solve coding challenges.
5	Quizzes and Assessments	Use regular quizzes and assessments to gauge understanding of key Go concepts and reinforce learning.Include both theoretical questions and practical coding tasks in assessments to ensure comprehensive evaluation.
6	Advanced Topics	State Management: Introduce advanced topics like state management and how to handle complex data flows in larger applications.
7	Continuous Feedback and Support	Offer timely feedback on assignments and projects, guiding students in improving their Go programming skills.Provide additional support through office hours, online forums, or study groups to address individual learning needs.
	4 D 4 H 4	

6. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) Class Work:-A

CIE Split up for Laboratory based Ability Enhancement Course

SL. No.	Description	% of Marks	In Marks
1	Write-up, Conduction, result and Procedure	60%	30
2	Viva-Voce	40%	20
	Total	100%	50

The Test marks should be scaled down to 30marks (60% of the maximum Marks)

Laboratory Test: -B

CIE Split up for Test in Laboratory based Ability Enhancement Course

SL. No.	Description	% of Marks	In Marks
1	Write-up, Conduction, result and Procedure	60%	30
2	Viva-Voce	40%	20
	Total	100%	50

The Test marks should be scaled down to 20marks (40% of the maximum Marks)

Final CIE for Laboratory based Ability Enhancement Course

SL. No.	Description	% of Marks	In Marks
1	Scaled Down marks of record/journal-A	60% of the maximum	30
2	Scaled Down marks of test-B	40% of the maximum	20
	Total	100%	50

FinalCIE Marks =(A) + (B)

SEE for practical Course:

SL. No.	Description	% of Marks	Marks
1	Write-up, Procedure	20%	20
2	Conduction and result	60%	60
3	Viva-Voce	20%	20
	Total	100%	100

1. SEE marks for practical course shall be 50 marks

- 2. SEE for practical course is evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks.
- 3. Change of experiment/program is allowed only once and 20% marks allotted to the procedure/write-up part to be made zero.
- 4. Duration of SEE shall be 3 hours.

6. Learning Objectives

a: 1=		
S/L	Learning	Description
	Objectives	
1	Understand Go	Students will be able to identify and use Go's syntax, data types, and control
	Syntax and	structures to write basic programs
	Structure	
2	Implement	Students will understand Go's concurrency model and be able to create and
	Concurrency in Go	manage goroutines and channels to develop concurrent applications.
3	Utilize Go's	Students will learn to effectively use Go's standard library for tasks such as file
	Standard Library	handling, error management, and networking.
4	Develop and Test	Students will be able to write, build, and run Go applications, and utilize Go's
	Go Applications	testing framework to create and run unit tests.
5	Design and	Students will gain the ability to design, implement, and optimize scalable
	Optimize Go-based	backend services and APIs using Go, focusing on performance and
	Systems	maintainability.
6	Apply Best	Students will understand and apply Go programming best practices, including
	Practices in Go	code organization, documentation, and code reviews.
	Programming	

7. Course Outcomes (COs) and Mapping with POs/ PSOs

Course Outcomes (COs)

Cos	Description			
M23BCS607D.1	Apply the basic programming Go Lang constructs to develop standalone applications.			
M23BCS607D.2	Apply the concept of functions and recursive functions in GoLang programming			
M23BCS607D.3	Develop applications using Go Routines and channels			
M23BCS607D.4	Solve the real-world concurrency issues using concurrency with go concepts.			
CO-PO-PSO Mapping				

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
M23BCS607D.1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
M23BCS607D.2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
M23BCS607D.3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
M23BCS607D.4	-	-	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
M23BCS607D	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2

8. Assessment Plan

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total	
Program 1 to 12	5	15	15	15	50	
Total	5	15	15	15	50	
Semester End Examination (SEE)						
	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	Total	
Program 1 to 12	20	30	20	30	100	
Total	20	30	20	30	100	

Department of Computer Science (Data Science), MIT Mysore

9. Future with this Subject

The future with Go (Golang) programming language looks promising, driven by its strengths and growing adoption in various industries. Here are some key trends and potential future developments:

1. Increased Adoption in Cloud and Microservices:

- Go's efficiency and concurrency model make it ideal for cloud-native development and microservices. As more organizations move towards microservices architectures, Go's role in building scalable, highperformance services is likely to expand.
- Companies like Google, Uber, and Dropbox have already integrated Go into their systems, and this trend is expected to grow, especially in cloud platforms like Kubernetes, which is itself written in Go.

2. Growing Ecosystem and Tooling:

- The Go ecosystem is continuously evolving, with a growing number of libraries, frameworks, and tools. The introduction of modules for dependency management has made Go even more robust.
- Tools like GoLand (IDE), Go's built-in testing suite, and profiling tools continue to improve, making Go development more accessible and efficient.

3. Continued Focus on Simplicity and Performance:

- Go's design philosophy emphasizes simplicity and minimalism, which resonates with developers seeking to build maintainable and efficient systems. As the demand for performant and scalable software grows, Go's straightforward approach will remain attractive.
- The language's performance characteristics, particularly in networked applications and large-scale systems, will keep it relevant in performance-critical environments.

4. Expansion in DevOps and Site Reliability Engineering (SRE):

• Go's quick compilation times, static binaries, and cross-platform capabilities make it a preferred choice for developing DevOps tools and SRE applications. Its growing popularity in this area is likely to continue as infrastructure-as-code and automation become more prevalent.

5. Broader Application in Emerging Technologies:

- As technologies like blockchain, AI, and IoT continue to grow, Go's reliability and performance could see it being adopted in these fields. For example, Go is already being used in blockchain platforms like Ethereum and Hyperledger Fabric.
- The language's ease of deployment and low overhead make it suitable for resource-constrained environments like IoT devices.

6. Enhanced Support for Web Development:

- Although not traditionally seen as a web development language, Go's use in backend web services and APIs is on the rise. Frameworks like Gin and Echo are helping Go gain traction in the web development community.
- As web applications continue to evolve, Go could see increased use in performance-critical web backends and real-time services.

7. Active Community and Language Evolution:

- The Go community is active and continues to drive the language forward with regular updates and proposals for new features. The community's focus on keeping Go simple yet powerful ensures that the language will continue to evolve to meet the needs of developers.
- Future versions of Go are likely to introduce features that address current limitations while maintaining the language's core simplicity.

8. Learning and Career Opportunities:

- As Go's popularity increases, there will be more opportunities for learning and career advancement in this field. Developers proficient in Go are already in demand, particularly in industries focused on cloud computing, backend development, and distributed systems.
- Educational resources, both online and in academic settings, are likely to expand, further driving the language's adoption.

6 th	Semester

Non-Credit Mandatory Course(NCMC) National Service Scheme(NSS)

M23BNSK608

Non-Credit Mandatory Courses(NCMC) National Service Scheme(NSS)					
Course Code	M23BNSK608				
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L:T:P:S)	(0:0:2:0)	CIE Marks	100		
Total Number of Lecture Hours	-	SEE Marks	-		
Credits	0	Total Marks	100		

Activities Report Evaluation by College NSS Officer at the end of every semester(3rd to 6thsemester)

Course objectives:

National Service Scheme (NSS) will enable students to:

- 1. Understand the community in general in which they work.
- 2. Identify the needs and problems of the community and involve them in problem-solving.
- 3. Develop among them a sense of social & civic responsibility & utilize their knowledge in finding practical solutions to individual and community problems.

4. Develop competence required for group-living and sharing of responsibilities & gain skills in mobilizing community participation to acquire leadership qualities and democratic attitudes.

5. Develop capacity to meet emergencies and natural disasters & practice national integration and social harmony in general.

General Instructions-Pedagogy:

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. 1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the activities will develop students' theoretical and applied social and cultural skills.

2. State the need for NSS activities and its present relevance in the society and Provide real-life examples.

3. Support and guide the students for self-planned activities.

4. You will also be responsible for assigning homework, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students' progress in real activities in the field.

5. Encourage the students for group work to improve their creative and analytical skills.

Contents :

1. Organic farming, Indian Agriculture (Past, Present and Future)Connectivity for marketing.

2. Waste management-Public, Private and Govt organization, 5R's.

3. Setting of the information imparting club for women leading to contribution in social and economic issues.

4. Water conservation techniques-Role of different stakeholders-Implementation.

5. Preparing an action able business proposal for enhancing the village in come and approach for implementation.

6. Helping local schools to achieve good results and enhance their enrolment in Higher/technical/vocational education.

7. Developing Sustainable Water management system for rural areas and implementation approaches.

8. Contribution to any national level initiative of Government of India. For eg. Digital India, Skill India, Swatch Bharat, Atmanirbhar Bharath, Make in India, Mudra scheme, Skill development programs etc.

9. Spreading public awareness under rural out reach programs.(minimum 5 programs).

10. Social connect and responsibilities.

11. Plantation and adoption of plants. Know your plants.

12. Organize National integration and social harmony events/workshops/seminars.(Minimum 02 programs).

13. Govt.school Rejuvenation and helping them to achieve good infrastructure.

NOTE:

Student/s in individual or in a group should select any one activity in the beginning of each semester till end of that respective semester for successful completion as per the instructions of NSS officer with the consent of HOD of the department.

At the end of every semester, activity report should be submitted for evaluation.

Distribution of Activi	ties – Semester wise from 3 rd to 6 th semester
Sem	Topics / Activities to be Covered
	 Organic farming, Indian Agriculture (Past, Present, and Future) Connectivity for marketing.
3 rd Sem for 25	 Waste management– Public, Private and Govt organization, 5R's.
Marks	• Setting of the information imparting club for women leading to contribution in social and economic issues.
	• Water conservation techniques– Role of different stakeholders–Implementation.
4 th Sem for 25 Marks	 Preparing an actionable business proposal for enhancing the village income and approach for implementation. Helping local schools to achieve good results and enhance their enrolment in
	Higher/technical/ vocational education.
5 th Sem for 25 Marks	 Developing Sustainable Water management systems for rural areas and implementation approaches. Contribution to any national-level initiative of the Government of India. For eg. Digital India, Skill India, SwachhBharat, Atmanirbhar Bharath, MakeinIndia, Mudrascheme, Skill development programs etc. Spreading public awareness under rural out reach programs.(minimum 5 programs). Social connect and responsibilities.
6 th Semfor 25 Marks	 Plantation and adoption of plants. Know your plants. Organize National integration and social harmony events/workshops/seminars.(Minimum 02 programs). Govt.school Rejuvenation and helping them to achieve good infrastructure.

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

COs	Description
M23BNSK608.1	Understand the importance of his/her responsibilities towards society.
MOODNERCOO O	Analyse the environmental and societal problems/issues and will be able to design
W125DINSK008.2	solutions for the same.
MOODNERCOR 2	Evaluate the existing system and to propose practical solutions for the same for
MIZ3BINSK008.3	sustainable development.
M23BNSK608.4	Implement government or self-driven projects effectively in the field.
M23BNSK608.5	Develop capacity to meet emergencies and natural disasters & practice national
	integration and social harmony in general.

Pedagogy–Guidelines

SI	Topic	Group size	Location	Activity	Reporting	Evaluation of
No	- F			execution	1. 8	the Topic
			Formors land/	Site selection	Report	Evaluation
1.	Organic farming, Indian Agriculture		Villages/	/ proper	submitted	rubrics of
		May be	roadside/	consultation/	by an	the
	(Past, Present, and Future) Connectivity	individual	community	Continuous	individual	scheme
	for	or team	area	monitoring/	to the	and
	nor marketing.		/College	Information	concerned	syllabus
			campus etc	board	evaluation	by
			-		authority	NSS officer
	Waste management_		Villages/	Site selection	Report	Evaluation
2.	Public, Private and Govt organization,5R's.	May be	Ci	/ proper	should be	as per the
		individual	ty Areas /	consultation/	submitted	rubrics of
		or team	Grama	Continuous	by an	the
			panchayat/	monitoring/	individual	scheme



2023Scheme - 5th to 6th Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)

			public	Information	to the	and
			associations/	board	concerned	syllabus
			Government		evaluation	by
			Schemes		authority	NSS officer
			officers			
			/campus etc			
3.	Setting of the information imparting club for women leading to contribution in social And economic issues.	May be individual or team	Women empowerment groups/ Consulting NGOs & Govt Teams / College campus etc	Group selection/ proper consultation / Continuous monitoring / Information board	Report should be submitted by an individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics of the scheme and syllabus by NSS officer
4.	Water conservation techniques – Role of different stakeholders– Implementation.	May be individual or team	Villages/ Ci ty Areas / Grama panchayat/ public associations/ Government Schemes officers / Campus etc	Site selection/ Proper consultation/ Continuous monitoring/ Information board	Report should be submitted by an individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics of the scheme and syllabus by NSS officer
5.	Preparing an actionable business proposal for enhancing the village income and approach for implementation.	May be individual or team	Villages/ Ci ty Areas / Grama panchayat/ public associations/ Government Schemes officers /campus etc	Group selection/ proper consultation / Continuous monitoring / Information board	Report should be submitted by an individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics of the scheme and syllabus by NSS officer
6.	Helping local schools to achieve good results and enhance their enrolment in Higher/ technical/ vocational education.	May be individual or team	Villages/ City Areas / Grama panchayat/ public associations/ Government Schemesofficers /campus etc	School selection/ proper consultation / Continuous monitoring / Information board	Report should be submitted by an individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics of the scheme and syllabus by NSS officer
	Developing		Villages/City	Site selection/	Report	
	Sustainable Water	Mayba	Areas / Grama	proper	should be submitted	Evaluation as
7	for rural areas and	individual or	panenayat	Continuous	by an	rubrics of the
	implementation	team	associations/	monitoring /	individual	scheme and



	approaches.		Government	Information	to the	syllabus by
			Schemes	board	concerned	NSS officer
			officers		evaluation	
			/campus etc		authority	
8.	Contribution to any national-level initiative of the Government of India. For eg. Digital India, Skill India, Swachh Bharat, Atmanirbhar Bharath, Make in India, Mudrascheme, Skill development programs etc.	May be individual or team	Villages/City Areas / Grama panchayat/ public associations/ Government Schemesofficers /campus etc	Group selection/ proper consultation/ Continuous monitoring / Information board	Report should be submitted by an individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics of the scheme and syllabus by NSS officer
9.	Spreading public awareness under rural out reach programs.(minimum 5 programs).Social connect and responsibilities.	May be individual or team	Villages/City Areas / Grama panchayat/ public associations/ Government Schemesofficers /campus etc	Group selection/ proper consultation/ Continuous monitoring / Information board	Report should be submitted by an individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics of the scheme and syllabus by NSS officer
10.	Plantation and adoption of plants. Know your plants.	May be individual or team	Villages/City Areas / Grama panchayat/ public associations/ Government Schemesofficers /campus etc	Place selection/ proper consultation/ Continuous monitoring / Information board	Report should be submitted by an individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics of the scheme and syllabus by NSS officer
11.	Organize National integration and social harmony events /workshops /seminars.(Minimum 02 programs).	May be individual or team	Villages/City Areas / Grama panchayat/ public associations/ Government Schemes officers /campus etc	Place selection/ proper consultation/ Continuous monitoring / Information board	Report should be submitted by an individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics of the scheme and syllabus by NSS officer
12.	Govt. school Rejuvenation and helping them to achieve good infrastructure.	May be individual or team	Villages/City Areas / Grama panchayat/ public associations/ Government Schemes officers /campus etc	Place selection/ proper consultation/ Continuous monitoring / Information board	Report should be submitted by an individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics of the scheme and syllabus by NSS officer

2023Scheme - 5th to 6th Sem Competency Based Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)



I	Plan of Action ((Execution of Activities For Each Semester)					
Sl.No	SI.No Practice Session Description					
1.	Lecture session by NSS Officer					
2.	Students Presentation on Topics					
3.	Presentation-1, Selection of topic, PHASE-1					
4.	Commencement of activity and its progress -PH	ASE-2				
5.	Execution of Activity					
6.	Execution of Activity					
7.	Execution of Activity					
8.	Execution of Activity					
9.	Execution of Activity					
10.	Case-study-based Assessment, Individual perfor	mance				
11.	Sector wise study and its consolidation					
12.	Video-based seminar for 10-minutes by each stu	ident At the end	of the semester with a Report.			
\checkmark	In every semester from 3 rd semester to 6 th seme	ester, Each stude	ent should do activities according to the scheme			
	and syllabus.					
\succ	At the end of every semester student performan	nce has to be eva	aluated by the NSS officer for the assigned			
~	activity progress and its completion.	1	2rd (th 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
	At last in 6 th semester consolidated report of al	activities from	3 rd to 6 ^m semester, compiled report should be			
Asses	sment Details:					
113503	sment Detans.					
	Weightage	CIE-100%				
Preser	ntation-1	10 Marks	• Implementation strategies of the			
Select	ion of topic, PHASE-1		project(NSS work).			
Comn	nencement of activity and its progress -		• The last Report should be signed by			
PHAS	5E-2	10 Marks	the NSS Officer, the HOD, and the			
Case S	Study-based Assessment Individual		principal.			
Perfor	mance with Report	10 Marks	• At-last Report should be evaluated by			
Sector	-wise study & its consolidation	10 Marks	the NSS officer of the institute.			
Video	based seminar for 10 minutes by each student At		• Finally, the consolidated marks sheet			
the en	d of semester with Report.	10 Marks	should be sent to the university and			
Activi	ties.		made available at the LIC visit.			
Total	marks for the course in each semester	50 Marks				
Mark	s scored for 50 by the students should be Scale	down to 25 ma	rks In each semester for CIE entry in the			
VTU	portal.					
25 ma	arks CIE entry will be entered in University IA	marks portal a	it the end of each semester 3 rd to 6 th sem,			
Report and assessment copy should be made available in the department semester wise						
Students should present the progress of the activities as per the schedule in the prescribed practical session in the field.						
There should be positive progress in the vertical order for the benefit of society in general.						
Suggested Learning Resources:						
DUUKS: 1 NSS Course Manual Dublished by NSS Cell VTU Belogavi						
1.IN 2 C	Sovernment of Karnataka NSS cell activities rep	orts and manual				
3. Government of India. NSS cell. Activities reports and manual.						
5. Government of mula, NSS cen, Activities reports and manual.						



6th Semester

Non-Credit Mandatory Courses(NCMC) PHYSICAL EDUCATION (SPORTS & ATHLETICS) -III

M23BPEK608

Non-Credit Mandatory Course (NCMC) PHYSICAL EDUCATION (SPORTS & ATHLETICS) -III							
Course Code		M23BPEK608	CIE Marks	100			
Number of Lec	ture Hours/Week(L:T:P:S)	(0:0:2:0)	SEE Marks	-			
Total Number of	of Lecture Hours	-	Total Marks	100			
Credits		0	Exam Hours	-			
	Sem	ester-V					
	PHYSICAL EDUCATION	(SPORTS & ATHI	LETICS)—III				
Course Outcom	es: At the end of the course ,the stude	ent will be able to					
COs	Description						
M23BPEK608.1	Understand the ethics and moral v	values in sports and	athletics.				
M23BPEK608.2	Perform in the selected sports or a	thletics of the stude	nt's choice.				
M23BPEK608.3	Understand the roles and responsi	bilities of organizati	ion and administra	ation of sports and			
	games.	114					
	Module-1						
Ethics and M	oral Values			(5hours)			
A. Ethics in P. Morel V.	Sports						
D. Molal Va	Mues in Sports and Games	odule-2					
Specific Gam	es(Anyone to be selected by the stu	dent)	(20hours	s)			
A. Volle	y ball—Attack,Block,Service,Upper	Hand Pass and Low	ver hand Pass.	, ,			
B. Thro	wball—Service,Receive,Spinattack,N	etDrop & Jumpthro	w.				
C. Kaba	C. Kabaddi—Handtouch, ToeTouch, ThighHold, Anklehold and Bonus.						
D. Kho-	Kho—Giving Kho,SingleChain,Pole	dive,Pole turning,3-	-6Up.				
E. Table	Tennis—Service(ForeHand&BackH	and),Receive(ForeF	Iand&BackHand)	,Smash.			
F. Athle	tics(Track/FieldEvents)—Any event	as per availability of	of Ground.				
Module-3							
Role of Organisation and administration(5 hours)							
Sl. No.	Activity						
1. Participa	Participation of student in all the modules						
2. Quizzes-	–2,each of 15 marks						
3. Final pre	Final presentation/exhibition/Participation in competitions/practical on specific tasks assigned to the						
students	students						



6thSemester

Non-Credit Mandatory Course(NCMC) Yoga

M23BYOK609

Non-Credi	it Mandatory Courses(I Yoga	NCMC)			
Course Code	M23BYOK609				
Number of Lecture Hours/Week(L: T: P: S)	0:0:2:0	CIE Marks	100		
Total Number of Lecture Hours	-	SEE Marks	-		
Credits	0	Total Marks	100		
Evaluation Method: O	bjective type Theory / Pr	actical / Viva-Voce			
Course objectives:	5 51 5				
1. To enable the student to have good Health	h.				
2. To practice mental hygiene.					
3. To possess emotional stability.					
4. To integrate moral values					
5 To attain a higher level of consciousness					
5. To utuin a night level of consciousless.					
The Health Benefits of Yoga The benefits of various yoga techniques have	e been supposed to impro	ove			
• body flexibility,					
• performance,					
• stress reduction,					
• attainment of inner peace, and					
• self-realization.					
The system has been advocated as a complement	ntary treatment to aid the	e healing of severalailments su	ch as		
• coronary heart disease.		C			
• depression.					
anxiety disorders.	• anxiety disorders,				
 asthma and 					
 extensive rehabilitation for disorders 	including musculoskelet	al problems and traumatic brai	in iniury		
The system has also been suggested as behav	ioral therapy for smokir	restation and substance abu	ise (including		
alcohol abuse).		-8			
If you practice yoga, you may receive these	physical, mental, and spi	ritual benefits:			
Physical					
1. Improved body flexibility and ba	alance				
2. Improved cardiovascular endura	nce (stronger heart)				
3. Improved digestion					
4. Improved abdominal strength					
5. Enhanced overall muscular stren	igth				
6. Relaxation of muscular strains	-				
7. Weight control					
8. Increased energy levels					
9. Enhanced immune system					
• Mental					
1. Relief of stress resulting from th	e control of emotions				
2. Prevention and relief from stress	-related disorders				
3. Intellectual enhancement, leadin	g to improved decision-1	making skills			
• Spiritual					
4. Life with meaning, purpose, and	direction				
5. Inner peace and tranquility					
6. Contentment					



2023Scheme - 5^{th} to 6^{th}	Sem Competency Base	d Syllabi for B.E in CS(DS)
	1 2	

Vora Syllabus					
	i oga Synabus				
Semester V					
• Patanjali's Ashtanga Yoga its need and importance.					
Ashtanga Yoga	l de la construcción de la constru La construcción de la construcción d				
I. Asana					
2. Pranayama					
3. Pratyahar	a 				
• Asana its mea	aning by name, technique, precautionary measures and benefits of each asana				
Different type	es of Asanas				
a. Sitting 1	. Ardha Ushtrasana 2. Vakrasana 3. Yogamudra in Padmasana				
b. Standing	; 1. UrdhvaHastothanasana 2. Hastapadasana 3. ParivrittaTrikonasana 4. Utkatasana				
c. Prone lin	ie 1. Padangushtha Dhanurasana 2. Poorna Bhujangasana / Rajakapotasana				
d. Supine l	ine 1. Sarvangasana 2. Chakraasana 3. Navasana/Noukasana 4. Pavanamuktasana				
Revision of p	ractice 60 strokes/min 3 rounds				
• Meaning by i	name, technique, precautionary measures and benefits of each Pranayama 1. Ujjayi 2.				
Sheetali 3. Shee					
At the end of the course	the student will be able to:				
	Description				
M23BVOK609 1 Understand the meaning aim and objectives of Voga					
M23BYOK609.2	Perform Survanamaskar and able to Teach its benefits.				
M23BYOK609.3	Understand and teach different Asanasbyname, its importance, methods and benefits.				
M23BYOK609.4	Instruct Kapalabhati and its need and importance.				
M23BYOK609.5	Teach different types of Pranayamaby its name, precautions, procedure and uses				
M23BYOK609.6	Coach different types of Kriyas, method to follow and usefulness.				
Assessment Details (bot	h CIE and SEE)				
• Students will guestions (Two	be assessed with internal test by a. Multiple choice questions b. Descriptive type ointernal assessment tests with 25 marks/test)				
• Final test shall	be conducted for whole syllabus for 50 marks.				
 Continuous Int 	ernal Evaluation shall be for 100 marks (including IA test)				
Suggested Learning Resources:					
Books:					
1. Yogapravesha in Kannada by Ajitkumar					
2. Light on Yoga by BKS Iyengar					
3. Teaching Methods for Yogic practices by Dr. M L Gharote & Dr. S K Ganguly					
4. Yoga Instructor Course hand book published by SVYASA University, Bengaluru					
5. Yoga for Children –step by step – by Yamini Muthanna					
Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):Refer links					
1. <u>https://youtu.be/KB-</u>	<u>TYIgdIwE</u>				
<u>https://youtu.be/aa-TG0Wg1Ls</u>					

