



Maharaja Education Trust (R), Mysuru MAHARAJA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY MYSORE An Autonomous Institute, affiliated Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belagavi Belawadi, Srirangapatna Taluk, Mandya – 571 477 Approved by AICTE, New Delhi [Recognized by Govt. of Karnataka]



M23BMATS401

MODEL QUESTION PAPER IV Semester B.E -Semester End Examinations Mathematics -IV for Computer Science and Engineering Stream

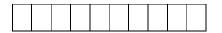
Duration: **3 hrs**

Max. Marks: 100

SI.	Questions						Marks	CO	RBT		
No.											Level
					Modu	le 1					
1 a)	Write the	e significa	nce of corre	elation co	efficient `	r`			4	1	L2
b)	Find Ka	ral Pearson	n`s coeffici	ent of cor	relation a	nd regre	ssion lines	for the data			
	X	5	7	8	10	11	13	16	8	1	L2
	У	33	30	28	20	18	16	9			
c)			volume v o nts. Fit thi					$v^{\gamma} = k$ where			
	y anu r		n	-			-		8	1	L2
	<i>x</i>	0.5	1.0	1.	_	2.0	2.5	3.0	-		
	У	1.62	1.00	0.2		0.62	0.52	0.46			
2		<u> </u>	•	- 0	0						
2 a)			ession are and y. ii)th					14, find i) the and <i>y</i> .	4	1	L2
b)	Fit a para	abola $y =$	$ax^2 + bx$	+c to the total	ne given o	lata	x 0 1 y -4 -1	2 3 4 4 11 20	8	1	L3
c)	Find ranl	correlation	on coefficie	ent to the	following	g data					L3
	X V		4 75 8 68	50 45		30 7. 50 6		55 64 50 70	8	1	
					Mod						
3 a)	Test for a	convergen	ce of the se	ries: $\frac{1}{1.2}$	$+\frac{1}{3.4}+\frac{1}{5}$	<u>l</u> .6 +			4	2	L2
b)			f f(x) = 2x ketch the gra			Ience ded	uce		8	2	L2
c)		/ -	series up to			s for the	function f(x)			L2
	x	0	1	2		3	4	5	8	2	
	f(x)	9	18	24		28	26	20			
	<u> </u>				0	R					1

4 a)	Define converge	ence, diverge	nce and or	scillation	of infinite	series wit	th example	4	2	L2
b)	Obtain the Fourier that $\frac{\pi^2}{8} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2)^n}$		e function <i>j</i>	$f(x) = \begin{cases} \pi \\ \pi \end{cases}$	$\begin{array}{l} x & : \\ (2-x) & : \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{l} 0 \le x \le 1 \\ 1 \le x \le 2 \end{array}$	and deduce	8	2	L2
c)	Compute the co		and first tv	vo harmoi	nics of the	Fourier s	eries of $f(x)$			L3
,	$\begin{array}{c c} x & 0 \end{array}$		120	180	240	300	360	8	2	
	f(x) = 1.0	0 1.4	1.9	1.7	1.5	1.2	1.0			
				Mod	ule 3					
3 a)	Define random va	ariable? Give	example.					4	3	L2
b)	An irregular six fa even numbers is t in 10,000 sets of	wice the expe	ctations that	at it will gi	ve 4 even r	umbers. H		8	3	L3
c)	Calculate the mea are over 64. Give				n which 31	% are und	er 45 and 8%	8	3	L3
				0	R				<u> </u>	I
6. a)	The finite probab	ility distributi	on of x is gi	iven by the	following	table				L3
	x -3		-1	0	1	2	3			_
	f(x) k		3k	4k	3k	2k	k	4	3	
	Find: (i) the value	ue of k (ii)	$p(x \le 1)$							
b)	Find the Mean,	Variance and	Standard	deviation	of Binom	ial distrib	oution.	8	3	L2
c)	The Joint probabi	lity distributio	on for rande	om variabl	es X and Y	is given h	elow:			
0)	$\frac{1}{x}$	-2 -1		5		is given o				
	y							8	2	
	1	0.1 0		0.3				8	3	L2
	2 Determine the (i)	0.2 0 Marginal dist		0 x and x (ii) co verier	co of r and	ly (iii)			
	correlation betwe	÷	i i bution oi	x and y (n) CO-Vallall		ry (III)			
		j		Mod	ule 4			1		
7.a)	Define Sampling	variable and	Central lim	it theorem				4	4	L3
b)	In a rural area wh were independent sample of 1000 fo	t. In other area	, where de	velopment	work was	in progress	s, 700 out of a	8	4	L3
	enjoying greater p ($Z_{0.05} = 1.645$)	prosperity as i	ndepted by	a lower pe	ercentage o	f indepted	?			
c)	The weights of 10 68, kgs. It is reaso greater than 64kg	onable to belie	ve that the	average w				8	4	L3
	<u> </u>	1-0.05		0	R					
8. a)	The daily wages i	in rupees of sk	illed work	ers in two	cities are as	s follows				L3
- /			ample size	varianc						_
		A 10		25				4	4	
		B 11		32						
	Test at 5% level t	he equality of	variances	of the wag	e´s distribu	tion in the	two cities.			

b)	Below are given the ga	in in weights (in	lbs) of pi	gs fed on two die	ts A and B			L3
	Gain in weight					,		
		0 34 24 14	32 2		25	8	4	
	Diet B 44 34 2	2 10 47 31	40 3	0 32 35 18	21 35 29 22			
	Test at 5% level of sig	nificance if the tw	vo diets di	iffer significantly	as regard their effect	-		
	on increase in weight			•	6			
c)	Genetic theory state th	at children having	g parent o	f blood type M a	nd the other of blood			
- /	-			• •	roportion of these types			
	on an average be 1:2:1						1	
	and one N parent, 30%					8	4	1.2
	the remainder of type I				o be of type with, and			L3
			by chi squ	uare test.				
	$[\chi^2_{0.05} = 11.07 f]$	5 u.j]	M	lodule 5				
0 a)	What is ANOVA 2 Wei	to the principles			N77 A	4	5	12
9. a)	What is ANOVA? Write	• •	•			4	5	L3
b)	To test the significance							
	shops were chosen at r	andom in each ci	ty & price	es observed in rup	bees were as follows.			
	Cities			Shops				
	Bombay	16	8	12	14	8		
	Kolkata	14	10	10	16			
	Delhi	4	10	8	8		5	L3
	To the data indicates th			-	-			
c)	Analyse the variance in							
()	B, C, D denote the diff				s) of puddy where <i>r</i> ,			
	D122	A121	cultivatio	C123	B122	1		
	B124	C123		A122	D125			
	A120	B119		D120	C121	0		
	C122					8	5	L3
		D123	C 1.	B121	A122]	5	L3
	Examine whether the c yields.	inferent methods	of cultiva	ation have given s	ignificantly different			
	yioldsi			OR			1	<u> </u>
10a)	Explain Latin square d	esign briefly				4	5	L3
,						4	5	LJ
b)	Three varieties of coal	were analysed by	4 chemis	sts and the ash co	ntents in the varieties			
	was found as					,	5	L3
	Varieties		- 1	Chemists			5	L3
		1	2	3	4			
	А	8	5	5	7	8		
	В	7	6	4	4			
	C	3	6	5	4			
	Discuss the significance	e of the difference	e between	n a) Chemists, b)	Varieties of coal in	-		
	respect of ash content.							
c)	respect of ash content.		worms Qu	arantined from th	ne GI areas of four			
c)	respect of ash content. The flowing data show	s the number of v						
c)	respect of ash content.	s the number of v						
c)	respect of ash content. The flowing data show groups of muskrats in a	rs the number of v a carbon tetrachlo	oride anthe	elmintic study. C	onduct two-way	1		
c)	respect of ash content. The flowing data show groups of muskrats in a	rs the number of v a carbon tetrachlo	oride antho	elmintic study. C	onduct two-way	8		
c)	respect of ash content. The flowing data show groups of muskrats in a	rs the number of v a carbon tetrachlo <u>I</u> 33	oride antho II 41	elmintic study. C III 12	IV 38	8	5	L3
c)	respect of ash content. The flowing data show groups of muskrats in a	I 33 32	II 41 38	elmintic study. C III 12 35	IV 38 43	8	5	L3
c)	respect of ash content. The flowing data show groups of muskrats in a	I 33 32 26	II 41 38 40	elmintic study. C III 12 35 46	IV 38 43 25	8	5	L3
c)	respect of ash content. The flowing data show groups of muskrats in a	I 33 32	II 41 38	elmintic study. C III 12 35	IV 38 43	8	5	L3





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IV Semester B.E Semester End Examinations MODEL QUESTION PAPER

Max. Marks: 50

Subject: BIOLOGY FOR ENGINEERS SERIES A

Note: Answer all the questions, each question carries one mark.

SI No.	Questions	CO's
1	What is the basic structural and functional unit of life?	1
-	a) Organ b) Tissue c) Cell d) Molecule	-
2	Proteins are synthesized in:	1
	a) Golgi apparatus b) Ribosomes c) Mitochondria d) Lysosomes Carbohydrates are stored in the liver as:	
3	a) Starch b) Glycogen c) Glucose d) Sucrose	1
	The cell membrane is primarily composed of:	
4	a) Proteins and carbohydrates b) Lipids and proteins c) DNA and RNA d) Enzymes and vitamins	1
	The smallest unit of protein structure is:	
5	a) Amino acid b) Nucleotide c) Polysaccharide d) Lipid	1
(Which molecule is responsible for carrying genetic information in cells?	1
6	a) Proteins b) Carbohydrates c) DNA d) Lipids	1
7	What type of bond joins amino acids in proteins?	1
/	a) Glycosidic bond b) Peptide bond c) Hydrogen bond d) Ionic bond	1
8	DNA is composed of units called:	1
	a) Amino acids b) Nucleotides c) Monosaccharides d) Lipids	
9	Which molecule is produced during glycolysis?	1
	a) Oxygen b) Carbon dioxide c) Glucose d) Pyruvate	
10	What is the primary function of enzymes in biological systems? a) Transport oxygen b) Regulate cell growth c) Catalyze chemical reactions d) Store genetic information	1
	The function of the cytoskeleton is to:	
11	a) Store genetic material b) Provide structural support to the cell	1
	c) Regulate cell division d) Produce proteins	1
	Which organelle is involved in cellular digestion?	
12	a) Lysosome b) Mitochondria c) Chloroplast d) Peroxisome	1
12	Enzymes act as:	1
13	a) Hormones b) Structural components c) Catalysts d) Energy molecules	1
14	Lipids primarily function as:	1
14	a) Enzymes b) Energy reserves c) Hormones d) Genetic material	1
15	Nucleic acids are responsible for:	1
	a) Storing genetic information b) Providing energy c) Catalyzing reactions d) Forming cell membranes	
16	Which organelle is known as the "control center" of the cell?	1
	a) Nucleus b) Golgi apparatus c) Endoplasmic reticulum d) Lysosomes Which organelle is responsible for energy production in cells?	
17	a) Nucleus b) Mitochondria c) Golgi apparatus d) Lysosomes	1
	Which vitamin is essential for blood clotting?	
18	a) Vitamin A b) Vitamin D c) Vitamin K d) Vitamin E	1
	Which organelle modifies and packages proteins?	<u> </u>
19	a) Ribosome b) Lysosome c) Golgi apparatus d) Endoplasmic reticulum	1
20	Which type of cell would most likely contain large amounts of smooth endoplasmic reticulum (ER)?	
20	a) Muscle cell b) Liver cell c) Nerve cell d) Red blood cell	1
21	Which biomolecule is used as a primary fuel source during cellular respiration?	2
41	a) Nucleic acids b) Carbohydrates c) Lipids d) Proteins	2
22	What is the primary function of enzymes in food processing?	2
	a) Enhance flavor b) Aid in digestion c) Speed up biochemical reactions d) Store nutrients	

Duration: 1 hr.

		-
23	Which vitamin is fat-soluble and important for vision?	2
	a) Vitamin A b) Vitamin B c) Vitamin C d) Vitamin K	
24	Polyhydroxyalkanoates (PHA) are primarily used for: a) Biodegradable plastics b) Protein synthesis c) Hormone production d) Drug delivery	2
	Which of the following biomolecules is primarily responsible for providing energy to the body?	
25	a) Proteins b) Lipids c) Carbohydrates d) Nucleic acids	2
	Which lipid is commonly used as biodiesel?	
26	a) Cholesterol b) Saturated fat c) Unsaturated fat d) Vegetable oil	2
	Which biomolecule is used in the formation of hair and nails?	-
27	a) Carbohydrates b) Proteins c) Lipids d) Nucleic acids	2
20	The use of nucleic acids in vaccines is primarily to:	2
28	a) Provide energy b) Act as a catalyst c) Store genetic information d) Aid in digestion	2
29	What is the role of lipids in insulating neurons?	2
	a) Transport messages b) Store energy c) Form the myelin sheath d) Synthesize proteins	
30	Which natural polymer is a primary source of bioplastics: a) Cellulose b) Proteins c) Lipids d) Starch	2
31	The study of plant burrs has inspired which type of bioengineering product?	3
31	a) Adhesives b) Water filters c) Bioplastics d) Solar panels	3
32	Biodegradable plastics are often inspired by which natural polymer?	3
52	a) Cellulose b) Spider silk c) Chitin d) Keratin	5
33	The echolocation ability of bats inspired the development of:	3
55	a) Sonar systems b) MRI scanners c) Drug delivery devices d) Artificial photosynthesis	3
34	The structure of bird wings has influenced:	3
54	a) Aircraft aerodynamics b) Insulation materials c) Water purification systems d) Drug development	3
35	Spider silk inspires bioengineering materials for:	3
33	a) High-strength composites b) Solar panels c) Waterproof fabrics d) Prosthetics	3
36	Which bioinspired material mimics the water-repellent surface of lotus leaves?	3
30	a) Self-cleaning fabrics b) Antibacterial coatings c) Biodegradable plastics d) Adhesives	3
37	What principle inspired the development of self-healing materials?	3
37	a) Blood clotting b) Cell division c) Photosynthesis d) Animal regeneration	3
38	The structure of honeycombs is applied in bioengineering for:	3
30	a) Aircraft design b) Biodegradable plastics c) Artificial organs d) Drug delivery systems	5
39	Sharkskin's antibacterial surface property is mimicked for:	3
39	a) Self-cleaning materials b) Lightweight fabrics c) Protective coatings d) Medical implants	3
40	Which animal's beak inspired the design of high-speed trains?	3
40	a) Hummingbird b) Kingfisher c) Penguin d) Falcon	5
	What is one key benefit of scaffolds in tissue engineering?	
41	a) Supporting tissue regeneration and growth b) Enhancing oxygen delivery	4
	c) Stabilizing artificial organs d) Synthesizing biofuels	
	Artificial photosynthesis is designed to:	
42	a) Convert sunlight into energy b) Replace damaged DNA	4
	c) Generate bioelectricity from bacteria d) Improve drug delivery mechanisms Bioremediation refers to:	
43	a) Using microorganisms to clean environmental pollutants b) Developing sustainable plastics	4
43	c) Enhancing photosynthesis for energy production d) Printing organs for transplantation	4
	Which bioengineering technology is used to create artificial tissues for drug testing?	
44	a) Bioprinting b) Bioimaging c) Electrical tongue d) Bioremediation	4
	AI-assisted imaging software in bioengineering improves:	
45	a) Accuracy of medical imaging b) Biodegradable plastic production	4
	c) Regeneration of damaged tissues d) Protein synthesis in cells	
	Bioimaging is primarily used for:	
46	a) Capturing images of the body's internal structures b) Monitoring environmental changes	4
	c) Printing tissues and organs d) Developing prosthetic devices	
	DNA origami is used for:	
47	a) Designing nanoscale structures for drug delivery b) Synthesis of artificial tissues	4
	c) Regulating immune responses d) Recycling biological waste	
48	What is the role of bioconcrete in construction?	4
	a) Self-repairing cracks b) Reducing building costs c) Improving thermal resistance d) Generating electricity	-
40	Bioprinting technologies allow for:	
49	a) Manufacturing living tissues and organs b) Synthesizing proteins for medical use	4
	c) Producing energy-efficient materials d) Filtering water with microorganisms	
50	Artificial intelligence in bioengineering is applied to:	4
	a) Diagnose diseases b) Design energy-efficient buildings c) Perform DNA sequencing d) Generate biofuels	

- 1. c) Cell
- 2. b) Ribosomes
- 3. b) Glycogen
- 4. b) Lipids and proteins
- 5. a) Amino acid
- 6. c) DNA7. b) Peptide bond
- 8. b) Nucleotides
- 9. d) Pyruvate
- 10. c) Catalyze chemical reactions
- 11. b) Provide structural support to the cell 12. a) Lysosome
- 13. c) Catalysts
- 14. b) Energy reserves
- 15. a) Storing genetic information
- 16. a) Nucleus
- 17. b) Mitochondria
- 18. c) Vitamin K
- 19. c) Golgi apparatus
- 20. b) Liver cell
- 21. b) Carbohydrates
- 22. c) Speed up biochemical reactions
- 23. a) Vitamin A
- 24. a) Biodegradable plastics
- 25. c) Carbohydrates
- 26. d) Vegetable oil
- 27. b) Proteins
- 28. c) Store genetic information to stimulate immune response
- 29. c) Form the myelin sheath
- 30. a) Cellulose
- 31. c) Bioplastics
- 32. a) Cellulose
- 33. a) Sonar systems
- 34. a) Aircraft aerodynamics
- 35. a) High-strength composites
- 36. a) Self-cleaning fabrics
- 37. a) Blood clotting
- 38. a) Aircraft design
- 39. c) Protective coatings
- 40. b) Kingfisher
- 41. a) Supporting tissue regeneration and growth
- 42. a) Convert sunlight into energy
- 43. a) Using microorganisms to clean environmental pollutants
- 44. a) Bioprinting
- 45. a) Accuracy of medical imaging
- 46. a) Capturing images of the body's internal structures
- 47. a) Designing nanoscale structures for drug delivery
- 48. a) Self-repairing cracks
- 49. a) Manufacturing living tissues and organs
- 50. c) Perform DNA sequencing



M23BCS402

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IV Semester B.E Semester End Examinations

June /July 2025

ANALYSIS AND DESIGN OF ALGORITHMS

Duration: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 100

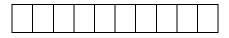
Sl. No.	Questions	Marks	со	RBT Level
	Module 1			
1 a)	Briefly explain the fundamentals of algorithmic problem solving	6	1	L2
b)	What are the general plan for analyzing the time efficiency of recursive algorithms.	6	1	L2
c)	Design an algorithm to find factorial using recursion. Also write the mathematical analysis.	8	1	L4
	OR			
2 a)	What are asymptotic notations? Explain each with an example.	6	1	L2
b)	Illustrate Bruteforce string matching method with an example.	6	1	L2
c)	Design and analyze an algorithm to find a given key from a list using Sequential search technique.	8	1	L4
	Module 2			
3 a)	Apply Quick Sort algorithm to the given list, S , O , R , T , I , N , G in alphabetical order. Draw the tree of the recursive calls made.	8	2	L3
b)	Write an algorithm to sort given elements using merge sort. Obtain its time complexity for best case, average case and worst case.	6	2	L4
c)	Apply exhaustive search for travelling salesman problem to the given graph in Fig. $a = \frac{2}{5} \frac{2}{5} \frac{1}{5} \frac{1}$	6	2	L3

	OR			
4 a)	Apply Strassen's algorithm for matrix multiplication to multiply the following matrices.			
	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 4 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 5 & 0 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} * \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 4 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	8	2	L3
b)	Design an algorithm to sort elements using Insertion Sort technique. Obtain its time complexity for best case, average case and worst case.	6	2	L4
c)	Apply the DFS based algorithm to solve the topological sorting problem for the following graph.			
		6	2	L3
	Module 3			
5 a)	Define AVL Trees. Explain its four rotation types with example.	6	3	L2
b)	Define 2-3trees. Construct 2-3 tree for the list A,L,G,O,R,I,T,H,M	8	3	L3
c)	Design comparisons counting sort algorithm. Obtain its efficiency.	6	3	L4
	OR			
6 a)	Define heap. Explain the properties of heap along with its representation.	6	3	L2
b)	Define heap. Construct heap by performing Heap sort for the given list 10,28,60,5,30,17,44 .	8	3	L3
c)	Design Horspool's algorithm for string matching. Obtain its time complexity.	6	3	L4
	Module 4			
7a)	Define minimum cost spanning tree. Write Prim's algorithm to find minimum cost spanning tree. Obtain its time efficiency.	6	3	L4
b)	Apply single source shortest path algorithm to the given graph by considering 'P' as source vertex.	8	3	L3

	$P \xrightarrow{6} S \xrightarrow{2} U$			
c)	Solve the instance 7,2,1,12,5 of the coin row problem.	6	3	L3
	OR		1	
8 a)	Define transitive closure. Write Warshall's algorithm to compute transitive closure. Obtain its time efficiency.	6	3	L4
b)	Find the all pairs shortest paths for the given graph using Floyd's algorithm. 6 1 4 2 3 3 2	8	3	L3
c)	Construct the Huffman tree for the following data.symbolsABCDEfrequency0.10.10.20.20.4Module 5	6	3	L3
9 a)	Explain the following: (i) Class P(ii) Class NP(iii) NP Complete Problem(iv) NP Hard Problem.	6	4	L2
b)	Solve the given instance of sum of subset problem S={5,10,12,13,15,18} d=30. Construct a state space tree.	8	5	L3
c)	Draw a binary decision tree for searching a four element sorted list by binary search. Explain in detail.	6	5	L3
	OR			
10a)	With an example, Explain Sahni's approximation algorithm for Knapsack problem.	6	4	L2
b)	Solve the given instance of 0/1 Knapsack problem using Branchand Bound technique. Given: Knapsack Capacity (m) = 16ITEMWEIGHTVALUE110\$10027\$6338\$5644\$12	8	5	L3

c)	With the help of state space tree, Explain N-queens problem with example.	6	5	L3	
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III Semester B.E Semester End Examinations (Model Question Paper) Microcontroller

Duration: 3hrs

Max.Marks:100

Answer five full questions choosing one complete question from each module.

Sl.	Questions	Marks	CO	RBT
No.		ivitul K5	co	Level
	Module1			
1 a)	Explain the architecture of 8051microcontroller with block diagram.	10	1	L2
b)	Discuss the operation of various ports of 8051 with block diagram.	10	1	L2
	OR			•
2 a)	Describe the following a) ALE b) SFR c) crystal oscillator d) PSW	10	1	L2
b)	Explain internal RAM organization of 8051 microcontroller.	7	1	L2
	Module2			8
3 a)	Identify various addressing modes available in 8051 microcontroller.	10	3	L3
b)	Develop an ALP to add and subtract 10 bytes of data with comments and result.	10	3	L3
	ORL2			
4 a)	Make use of addressing modes to explain following instruction: a) MOVC A,@A+DPTR b) RLC A c) ADDC A, @Rp d) MUL AB	10	3	L3
b)	Develop an ALP to transfer 10 bytes of data from external RAM location starting with 2000h to internal RAM starting from 30h.	10	3	L3
	Module3			
5 a)	Explain jump instruction ranges with block diagram and apply the same to find factorial of a number.	10	3	L3
b)	Utilize the concept of stack to explain the operation of call and subroutine	· 10	3	L2
	OR			
6 a)	 Apply the addressing modes to explain the following jump instructions: a) SJMP radd b) CJNE @R₀, #10, radd c) JNB b, radd d) DJNZ R₀ radd 	, 10	3	L3
b)	Explain the concept of interrupt in 8051 with IE and IP register format.	10	3	L2
	Module4			
7a)	Describe the architectural features of ARM microcontroller with block	10	3	L2
	1	-•]	Page1of2

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	diagram.							
b)	Explain the ARM based embedded hardware device with block diagram.	10	3	L2				
	OR							
8 a)	Explain the abstraction levels of embedded software.	10	3	L2				
b)	Discuss the operation of CPSR in ARM microcontroller and highlight its importance.	10	3	L2				
	Module5							
9 a)	Apply the load and store architecture to explain 3 stage and 5 stage pipelining in ARM microcontroller.	10	4	L3				
b)	Identify various memory hierarchial levels in ARM microcontroller	10	4	L3				
	OR							
10a)	Utilize the concept of memory and explain how main memory is directly mapped to cache memory.	10	4	L3				
b)	Identify various cache policies and explain cache hit and miss rate available in ARM microcontroller.	10	4	L3				



Duration: 3 hrs

M23BCB403

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Belagavi

Belawadi, Srirangapatna Taluk, Mandya – 571 477

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IV Semester B.E Semester End Examinations

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

June /July 2025

Max. Marks: 100

SI. No.		Questions		Marks	CO	RBT Level
	-	Mod	ule 1			-
1 a)	Explain the scope of fi			8	1	L2
b)	Explain the role and r	esponsibilities of Financial	Manager.	6	1	L2
c)	Discuss the objectives	of Financial Management.		6	1	L2
		0			1	T
2 a)		steps in portfolio manager	nent.	8	1	L2
b)	Explain the concept of	risk and returns.		6	1	L2
c)	Define portfolio mar portfolio managemen	agement. Explain the co	mponents and types of	6	1	L2
		Mod	ule 2			
3 a)	how much shall it gro semi-annually and qu		s compounded annually,	8	2	L3
b) c)	Compute the present rate is 12% Year 1 2 3 4 5 6 Compute the present	value of the following cas Cash inflow 1000 900 800 700 600 500	sh stream if the discount	6	2	L3
	b) Received at th	e end of five years e end of fifteen years		6	2	L3
	1.05 une une prefeter	0	R		1	I
4 a)	Two alternative mac Rs.5,00,000/- cash infl	td., is considering the pur hine A & B have been ows expected to be as follo	chase of a new machine. suggested, each costing ws.			
	Year	Machine A	Machine B			
	1	40,000	1,20,000	8	2	L3
	2	1,20,000	1,60,000	Ŭ		
	3	1,60,000	2,00,000			
	4	2,40,000	1,20,000			
	5	1,60,000	80,000			
	6	1,80,000	1,00,000		1	





7a)	i)NPV ii) PI iii) PBP iv) ARR. Module 4 The Sanika Ltd., has the following capital structure Common shares (20,000 p/s) 40,00,000 10% preference shares 14% debentures 10,00,000 30,00,000	6	4	L3
7a)	Module 4 The Sanika Ltd., has the following capital structure Common shares (20,000 p/s) 40,00,000 10% preference shares			
7a)	Module 4 The Sanika Ltd., has the following capital structure			
7a)	Module 4			
1	The cost of capital is 12%. Calculate the following			
	Cash flow 20,000 30,000 40,000 50,000 30,000	U	5	1.5
	Year 1 2 3 4 5	6	3	L3
	expected cash inflow during the project are as follows:			
c)	The company initial investment in a project as Rs.1,00,000 and the		1	ł
	income tax rate is 40%. Calculate payback period, ARR and NPV @10%.			
	Cash flow 1,20,000 1,30,000 1,00,000 1,10,000 60,000 The depreciation may be taken as 20% on straight line method. The			
	Year 1 2 3 4 5 Cash flow 1,20,000 1,30,000 1,00,000 1,10,000 60,000	6	3	L3
	Rs.2,00,000/ Cash flow before depreciation and tax is as follows:			
b)	A company is considering to invest a project requiring a capital outlay of			
	Calculate i) NPV @ 12% ii) Profitability index.			
	Machine 2 1,30,000 1,70,000 2,10,000 1,30,000 90,000			
	Machine 1 45,000 1,30,000 1,50,000 2,50,000 1,70,000			
	Year 1 2 3 4 5	8	3	L3
	to be as follows:			
~ ••)	machinery 1,2 are suggested costing Rs.5,00,000 Cash inflow are expected			
6 a)	PQR Ltd., is considering the purchase of machinery. Two alternative			
	Rs 4,000,find the pay back period OR		I	
	annual cash inflow for 5 years are Rs 6,000,Rs 8000,Rs 5000,Rs 4000 and	6	3	L3
c)	A project requires Rs 20,000 as initial investment and it will generate	-		
	Calculate i)Payback period ii) ARR iii) NPV @ 10% iv) PI			
	CFBDT 10,000 10,692 12,769 13,462 20,385			
	Year 1 2 3 4 5			
	investment proposals are as follows:	Ť		
	estimated cash flow before depreciation and tax (CFBDT) from the	6	3	L3
	same is used for tax purposes. The tax rate is assumed to be 35%. The			
	without any salvage value. The firm used SLM of depreciation and the			
b)	controls at cost of Rs.50,000. The facility has a expectancy of 5 years			
b)	Calculate the NPV at 10% and IRR for project by 20 and 29% A company is considering an investment proposal to install new milling			
	Cash flow 20,000 30,000 40,000 50,000 60,000			
	Year 1 2 3 4 5	8	3	L3
	Rs.1,00,000 respectively. Following are the cash inflows:			
5 a)	A firm whose cost of capital is considering for an project costing			
	Module 3			
	calculate the present value of the annuity for 3 years.	Ū		15
9	cash flow occurring at the end of the year the discount rate is 10 %	6	2	L3
c)	i)10% ii)12% iii) 15% iv) 20%. The cash flow from the capital expenditure is Rs 1000per year for 3 years			
	rate of discount is	6	2	L3
b)	Calculate the present value of Rs.10,000/- receivable after 8 years if the		_	
	alternative you consider financially preferable.			
	required to calculate the profitability of machine and state which			
	The company has a target return on capital 10% and on this basis you are			

	Total 80,00,000 Assume 50% tax rate.	Compute weighted	average cost of			
	capital based on the existing capital str	- 0	average cost of			
b)	Explain the factors that affecting the w		at of capital	6	4	L2
c)	A company issues at Rs 10,00,000,13%			0		1.2
()	debenture redeemable after 5 years at			8	4	L3
	50% tax rate. calculate before tax and a			0	-	15
	eo /o las fate. calculate perofe las ana e	OR				L
8 a)	Explain the factors that affecting the w	*	st of capital	6	4	L2
b)	Explain the classification of cost	0 0		6	4	L3
c)	Following is the capital structure of a c	company				
-	Particulars	Amount				
	Equity capital	4,00,000				
	10% preference share capital	2,00,000				
	Retained earnings	1,00,000		8	4	L3
	5% debentures	3,00,000		0	-	L3
	Total	10,00,000				
	The cost of equity capital of the comp	pany is 15% and ret	tained earnings			
	8%. Assume tax rate of 50%. Calcul					
	capital.		-			
		Module 5				r
9 a)	From the following information e		orking capital			
	requirement and allow 10% contingen		_			
	Particular	Amount per				
		unit				
	Raw material	80				
	Direct labor	30				
	Overheads	60				
	Total cost of production	170				
	Additional information:					
	a) Selling price Rs.200 per unit			8	5	L3
	b) Level of activity 1,04,000 units	1		Ū	U	110
	c) Work in progress (100% raw r	naterial), 50% of oth	ner cost average			
	2 weeks.					
	d) Raw material in stock average					
	e) Finished goods in stock average	ge for 4 weeks				
	f) Debtors credit allowed to debt					
	g) Creditors credit allowed by su	11				
	h) Lag in payment of wages 1.5 v	veeks				
	i) Cash at bank Rs.25,000/-					
	Production is carried out throughout t	in credit basis.			ļ	
b)	Explain the concept of debentures			6	5	L2
c)	Define working capital. Explain the na		ntal	6	5	L2
10.	177	OR	<u> </u>			
10a)	Vinay engineering company Pvt. Ltd					
	showing working capital requiremen	t for a level of acti	vity at 1,56,000			
	units of production.					l
						l
	Deatheaster	A	,			l
	Particular	Amount per		0	_	
	Designed to the 1	unit	4	8	5	L3
	Raw material	90	4			l
	Direct labor	40	4			
	Overheads	75	4			l
	Total cost of production	205				
1	profit	60	1		1	ł
1	Selling price per unit	265				ļ

c)	Explain the long term source of finance.	6	5	L2
	a)trade credit b)commercial banks	6	3	1.2
b)	Explain the following:-	6	5	L2
	month.			
	throughout the year and time period of 4 weeks is equivalent to be a			
	Rs.60,000. It is to be assumed that the production is carried evenly			
	20% of the output is sold against cash. Cash in hand are expected to be			
	g) Average lag in payment of overheads is 1 month			
	f) Average lag in payment of wages is 1.5 weeks			
	e) Time lag in payment from debtors is 2 months			
	d) Credit allowed by suppliers in one month			
	c) Finished goods are in stock on average for one month			
	b) Material are in process (50% complete) on average for 4 weeks			
	a) Raw material are in stock on average for one month			

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VI Semester B.E Semester End Examinations

June/July 2025

BUSINESS COMMUNICATION

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Sl. No.	Questions	Marks	со	RBT Level
	Module 1			
1 a)	Discuss the various elements of communication?	10	1	L1
b)	 Read the case study and answer the questions given below: At UP Institute of Technology & Science (UPITS), a number of professors in the engineering and science departments and a chief librarian from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology in the United States worked as visiting faculty under the MIT–Ford Foundation–UPITS collaboration for two years. The Indian faculty and their families were happy to have the guests on campus. There were frequent parties and family get-togethers, which resulted in many friendships among the hosts and the visitors. One day, professor and head of the mechanical engineering department, Dr. Mathur, went to the central library to discuss the possibility of procuring certain international books and journals for UPITS with the visiting German library chief, James Wandel. Dr. Mathur reached about a half hour later than the pre-arranged time. The door was shut, but he opened it and walked in, pulled up a chair to move it closer, sat down, leaned over the desk, extended his hand, and said, 'Hi! How are you this morning, Wandel'? Dr. Mathur was surprised to see a frown on Mr. Wandel's face and felt further confused to hear the question, 'By the way, are you my boss'? 'No', said Dr. Mathur. 'Then, please know my name is James Wandel's, 'I am sorry; I didn't mean to be impolite or rude to you. I just wanted to address you in a more friendly way. I am indeed very sorry Mr. James'. Mr. Wandel was visibly annoyed. 'Yes, what do you want'? He asked curtly. 'No, nothing. I am sorry', said Dr. Mathur and left Mr. Wandel's office completely puzzled and disappointed. Ouestions to Answer: What went wrong in this exchange? What can one learn from this case about business and professional interactions? 	10	1	L3
	OR			

2 a)	Discuss the importance of communication in management and how communication is used by managers?	10	1	L1
b)	 communication is used by managers? There are times when teachers are too busy to listen to their students' difficulties. Students find them preparing the next day's lecture, correcting scripts, or discussing college problems with other teachers. <i>Geeta</i>, a 2nd year student, finds herself approaching her program coordinator, who seldom encourages students to discuss their personal problems or any course-related questions or concerns. The teacher brushes her off saying she is too busy. <i>Geeta: Madam?</i> <i>Ms Srivastava: Yes?</i> <i>Geeta: Can I talk to you just for a minute? I need your help.</i> <i>Ms Srivastava: Not now, Geeta. I am marking papers.</i> <i>Geeta: Can I see you after my class, please?</i> <i>Ms Srivastava: Not today. I have to attend the faculty meeting and then I have to prepare tomorrow's lecture. And I also have to enter these marks in the grades sheet. Today, I am too busy. Why don't you go to Rita madam?</i> <i>Geeta: Madam, I had actually first gone to Rita madam. She also told me she was not free. She was very busy with the college's Annual Day function preparations.</i> <i>Ms Srivastava: Yes, Geeta, we all are very busy till the end of this month.</i> Ouestions to Answer i. Discuss the barriers to sympathetic listening as shown by the responses of the teacher to Geeta. ii. What, according to you, is the real reason for the teacher's inability to listen to Geeta? Are they really too busy to listen to students' problems? 	10	1	L3
	iii. <i>'I am too busy'</i> . What does this statement show about the nature of the responses of some teachers?			
	Module 2			
3 a)	Discuss the guidelines both Do's and Don'ts for effective reading?	10	2	L1
b)	Engage yourself in a conversation with your family member/s in connection with the heritage walk to SOMANATHAPURA temple. Describe about the visit with your family member/s in a conversation with at least 8 exchanges.	10	2	L3
	OR			
4 a)	Discuss the process of effective speaking?	10	2	L1
b)	With your own example, comprehend the comparative advantages and limitations of oral and written communication?	10	2	L3
	Module 3			
5 a)	Describe in detail the process of listening and Describe some internal factors that act as barriers to proper listening?	10	3	L1
b)	 Interpret the following postures. What do they signify? i. Arms folded across the chest while discussing a problem with a friend. ii. Staring with half-closed eyes iii. Pointing at someone with the index finger. vi. Leaning over the desk of a subordinate while talking to him. 	10	3	L3
L				e 2 of 3

	v. Looking at the clock while someone is talking.			
	OR			
6 a)	Discuss the purpose of writing and how to achieve clarity in business writing?	10	3	L1
b)	Write your story for the given moral "ALWAYS BELIEVE IN YOURSELF" with Word count of not more than 400 words (Demonstration of writing skill)?	10	3	L3
	Module 4			
7a)	What is the primary purpose of social media users and elaborate your experience of social media usage?	10	4	L1
b)	The department has organized a day long state level technical fest. Prepare a report of the same to be submitted to the college council?	10	4	L3
	OR			
8 a)	Discuss the significance of graphics and diagrammatic representations in a report. Illustrate your answer with some examples?	10	4	L1
b)	Write a letter to the consumer forum against the dealer who has charged you more than the MRP on the product you have brought from him?	10	4	L3
	Module 5			
9 a)	What is an interview and explain the different types of interviews?	10	4	L1
b)	You are applying for the job of a sales officer for ABCD company. Prepare an imaginary curriculum vitae for the same?	10	4	L3
	OR			
10a)	What is research? Briefly explain the steps in scientific research?	10	4	L1
b)	 Mr. Jon Hauser, President of A&E Education in Germany, visited a management institute in Chennai. After an informal meeting with the principal director, they moved to a large seminar hall equipped with a multimedia projection system. Jon proposed to give a presentation on his Learning Management System model. He spoke for about 40 minutes, covering the worldwide processes of educational administration and e-management. His presentation used PowerPoint and was visually supported by graphic data— charts, graphs, and diagrams. At places, he was difficult to follow because of the unusual accent in which English is spoken by a German. However, the elaborate visual aids helped him put his point across successfully. The PowerPoint slides were in the form of bullet points outlining the structure of the presentation. During the discussion at the end of Jon's presentation, the principal director opined that the international model discussed would need to be customized with specific local content, and went on to share his own software model of Learning Management System. Jon appreciated the new insight, and they agreed to collaborate and integrate the models for marketing the software to educational institutions across India. Questions to answer: Does the size of the venue affect the quality of the presentation? Discuss the benefits of using PowerPoint and visual aids when giving a presentation to a foreign audience? 	10	4	L3

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IV Semester B.E Model Paper INTRODUCTION TO CYBERSECURITY

Duration: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 100

Sl. No.	Questions	Marks	со	RBT Level
1100	Module 1			20102
1 a)	Define Cybersecurity. Justify the aspects of CIA triad in Cybersecurity with a suitable example for each.	10	1	L3
b)	Explain different types of web based and system attacks.	10	1	L2
	OR	10		
2 a)	While explaining the need for computer forensics, enumerate 2 differences between data, information and evidence.	10	1	L3
b)	Explain any 5 different approaches used in Email Forensics.	10	1	L2
0)	Module 2	10	1	
3 a)	Explain different layers of cybersecurity. In securing which layer will nmap come into use?	10	1	L2
b)	Imagine a bank is under cyberattack. Illustrate with example how the cybersecurity triad aspects will be compromised and how you plan to remediate for the same.	10	2	L3
	OR	I		
4 a)	Differentiate between security vulnerability, threat and attack give examples to suitably justify the differentiators.	10	1	L3
b)	Explain digital forensics lifecycle. Define data, information and evidence.	10	2	L2
	Module 3			
5 a)	Describe types of different mobility with respect to the digital devices and discuss their implications.	10	1	L3
b)	Explain 5 different challenges faced by organization with respect to the mobile devices.	10	2	L2
0)	OR	10	-	
6 a)	Discuss 5 popular types of attacks against mobile networks and analyze how they can be avoided	10	1	L3
b)	Explain the process of Credit Card transactions in the wireless era.	10	2	L2
~)	Module 4	10		
7a)	What are the two different categories of web-threats for an organization. And further in the same context mention 8 top issues which keeps the IT managers engaged in an organization.	10	2	L2
b)	Discuss the operating guidelines for implementing mobile device security policies.	10	3	L2
,	OR			
8 a)	Explain the various internal costs of an organization with respect to a cyber incident. Which of the internal cost type has maximum share and why?	10	2	L2
b)	Explain the various physical security countermeasures for laptops that can be taken by an organization.	10	3	L2
	Module 5			
9 a)	Explain the aspects of data linking and data profiling with one example for each.	10	3	L3
b)	List and explain 5 most typical reasons why organizations use social media marketing to promote their products and services	10	3	L3
	OR	1		
10a)	Explain privacy in the domains of: i) medical ii) finance	10	3	L3
b)	Explain in detail the seven stage attack of Ransomware.	10	3	L3



M23BCS407A



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IV Semester B.E -Semester End Examinations MODEL QUESTION PAPER - I Graph Theory and Combinatoric's

Duration: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 100

SI.	Questions	Marks	СО	RBT
No.				Level
	Module 1			
1 a)	Define the following terms with example each (i) Regular graph (ii) Sub graph (iii) Planar and non planar graphs (iv) Graph coloring (v) chromatic number	10	1	L2
b)	Define Isomorphism? Verify whether the following graphs are isomorphic $ \begin{array}{c} $	10	1	L2
	OR			
2 a)	(i) Explain Konigsberg bridge problem(ii) State and prove Hand shaking property	6+4	1	L2
b)	 (i) Find the chromatic polynomial for the given graph i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	6+4	1	L3
	Module 2			
3 a)	 (i) Prove that a tree with n vertices will have n-1 edges (ii) How many edges must a planar graph have, if it has 7 regions and 5 vertices. Draw one such graph. 	6+4	1	L2
b)	Define minimal spanning tree. Using Dijkstra's algorithm find the shortest path and its weight from vertex 1 to each of the vertices in the weighted directed network shown below	10	2	L2

	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			
	OR			
4 a)	Construct an optimal prefix code for the symbols a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, I, j that occurs with the respective frequencies 78, 16, 30, 35, 125, 31, 20, 50, 80, 3.	10	1	L2
b)	State max-flow and min-cut theorem. Find the maximum flow from the vertex P to vertex S in the network shown below by identifying the cutest of minimum, capacity $\frac{p - 18}{r} \int_{r}^{18} \int_{r}^{6} \int_{r}^{6}$	10	2	L2
	T 5 S Module 3			
5 a)	Define permutation and combination. Find the number of permutations of the letter of the word "MISSISSIPPI". How many of these Begin with the letter I, (ii) Begin and end with S (iii) Has all the I's together	10	3	L2
b)	 (i) How many numbers greater than 1000000 can be formed by using the digits 1, 2, 2, 2, 4, 4, 0 (ii) Find the co-efficient of a³b²cd² in the expansion of (2a - b + 3c - 2d)⁸ 	6+4	2	L3
	OR		<u> </u>	
6. a)	 Among the first 1000 positive integers (i) Determine the integers which are not divisible by 5, nor by 7, nor by 9 (ii) Determine the integers which are divisible by 5, but not by 7, not by 9 	10	1	L3
b)	In how many ways one can distribute 8 identical marbles in 4 distinct containers such that (i)No container is empty (ii) 4th container has an odd number of marbles in it.	10	3	L2
	Module 4			
7.a)	(i) Find the sequence generated by the function $f(X) = (1 + 3x)^{\frac{1}{3}}$ (ii) Determine the coefficient of x^{10} in $x^2(1-x)^{10}$	6+4	1	L3
b)	Using generating function, find the number of partitions of n=6.	10	4	L3
	OR	1	I	
8. a)	(i) Find the generating function for the sequence 8, 26, 54, 92, (ii) Determine the sequence for the given exponential generating function $e^{2x} - 3x^3 + 5x^2 + 7x$	6+4	1	L3
b)	(i) In how many ways can 12 oranges be distributed among 3 childrens A, B, C so that A gets atleast 4, B and C gets atleast 2 but C gets no more than 5? (ii) Prove that $P_d(n) = P_o(n)$ for every positive integer n.	6+4	1	L3

	Module 5					
9. a)	(i) Solve the recurrence relation $a_n - 3a_{n-1} = 5 \times 7^n$ for $n \ge 1$ given that		2	L3		
	$a_0 = 2.$ (ii) Solve the recurrence relation $a_{n+1} = 4a_n$ for $n \ge 0$, given that $a_0 = 3$.	6+4				
b)	Find the general solution of the recurrence relation $S(k) - 3S(k-1) - $	10	2	L3		
	$4S(k-2) = 4^k, k \ge 2.$					
	OR					
10.a)	Solve the recurrence relation $a_n + a_{n-1} - 6a_{n-2} = 0$ for $n \ge 2$, given that	10	2	L3		
	$a_0 = -1 \text{ and } a_1 = 8.$					
b)	Find the recurrence relation and the initial condition for the sequence 0, 2, 6,	10	2	L3		
	12, 20, 30, 42, Hence find the general term of the sequence.	10				





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MODEL QUESTION PAPER- 1 Fourth Semester B.E Degree Examination Linear Algebra

Duration: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 100

Note: 1. Answer five full questions choosing *atleast one* complete question from each module. 2. M: Marks, L: Bloom`s Level, C: Course outcome

CI	2. M: Marks, L: Bloom's Level, C: Course outcome	N	C	т		
SI.	Questions	Μ	С	L		
	Module 1					
1 a)	Solve the system of equation $2x + 3y + 2z = 2$, $3x + 6y + z = -6$,	10	1	L3		
	10x + 3y + 4z = 16 by LU decomposition method	10	1			
b)	Define Hermitian matrix & Express the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1+i & 2 & 5-5i \\ 2i & 2+i & 4+2i \\ -1+i & -4 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$ as a sum of Hermitian & skew Hermitian matrix	10	1	L2		
	OR					
2 a)	Find the inverse of $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -3 & 4 \\ 2 & -3 & 4 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ by Gauss elimination method	10	1	L2		
b)	i) Solve the system of equation $3x + y + z = 8$, $2x - 3y - 2z = -5$, 7x + 2y - 5z = 0 by Cramers rule ii) Prove that the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} -i & 3 + 2i & -2 - i \\ -3 + 2i & 0 & 3 - 4i \\ 2 - i & -3 - 4i & -2i \end{bmatrix}$ is skew hermition matrix	10	1	L2		
	Module 2					
3 a)	Prove that sum of two subspaces is a subspace	6	1	L2		
b)	Define Linearly independent and dependent sets. Show that the set $S = \{(1, 2, 4), (1, 0, 0), (0, 1, 0), (0, 0, 1)\}$ is linearly dependent	7	1	L2		
c)	Find the dimension of the subspace H = $\begin{cases} \begin{bmatrix} A - 3B + 6C \\ 5A + 4D \\ B - 2C - D \\ 5D \end{bmatrix} A, B, C, D \text{ in } R \end{cases}$	7	1	L1		
	OR					
4 a)	Prove that $w = \{(x, y, z) / ax + by + cz = 0\}$ is a subspace of V(R ³)	6	1	L2		
b)	Find the bases for NulA and ColA of the matrix A = $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & -1 & 3 \\ -2 & 1 & -5 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 4 & 0 & 8 & -12 \end{bmatrix}$ Determine whether the matrix A= $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ is a linear combination of $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$,	7	1	L1		
c)	Determine whether the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ is a linear combination of $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \& \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	7	1	L3		



	Module 3			
5 a)	Prove that the mapping $T: V_2(R) \rightarrow V_2(R)$ defined by $T(x, y) = (3x + 2y, 3x - 4y)$ is linear transformation	6	2	L2
b)	Let $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ over a field \mathbb{R} defined by $T(x, y, z) = (3x, x - y, 2x + y + z)$, find $g(T)$ where $g(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 - x + 3$. Is 'T' a root of $g(x)$.	7	1	L2
c)	Prove that the linear transformation $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ given by $T(e_1) = e_1 + e_2$, $T(e_2) = e_1 - e_2 + e_3 \& T(e_3) = 3e_1 + 4e_3$ is non-singular where $\{e_1, e_2, e_3\}$ is the standard basis	7	2	L3
	OR	1	1	
6 a)	Find Range and Null space for the transformation $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ defined by $T(x, y, z) = (x + 2y - z, y + z, x + y - 2z).$	6	2	L1
b)	Let $T: V_3(R) \rightarrow V_3(R)$ be given by $T(x, y, z) = (y, -x, 2z)$, obtain the formula for $T^3 - 2T^2 + T - 2I$	7	1	L1
c)	Find the matrix of a linear transformation $T: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ given by $T(1,1) = (0,1,2), T(-1,1) = (2,1,0)$	7	2	L1
	Module 4			
7a)	State & prove i) Triangular inequality, ii) Cauchy's Schwaz inequality	10	2	L2
b)	Apply the Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization process to find an orthonormal basis for the subspace spanned by the vectors $v_1 = (2,2,1)$ $v_2 = (1,3,1)$, $v_3 = (1,2,2)$. Also find the orthogonal projection of v_1 onto v_2 .	10	3	L3
	OR			
8 a)	The set S = {u ₁ , u ₂ , u ₃ } is an orthogonal set where u ₁ = $\begin{bmatrix} 3\\1\\1 \end{bmatrix}$, u ₂ = $\begin{bmatrix} -1\\2\\1 \end{bmatrix}$, u ₃ = $\begin{bmatrix} -1/2\\-2\\7/2 \end{bmatrix}$ is an orthogonal basis for \mathbb{R}^3 . Express the vector y = $\begin{bmatrix} 6\\1\\-8 \end{bmatrix}$ as a linear combination of the vectors in S	10	2	L2
b)	Find the QR-decomposition of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 5 \\ -1 & 1 & -5 \\ -1 & 4 & -3 \\ 1 & -4 & 7 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	10	3	L1
	Module 5			
9 a)	Diagonalize the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 2 & -3 \\ 2 & 1 & -6 \\ -1 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ & also find A^4	10	3	L1
b)	Obtain the orthogonal transformation of the Quadratic form $8x^2 + 7y^2 + 3z^2 - 12xy + 4xz - 8yz$. Also find its rank, index, signature & nature of the quadratic from	10	1	L3
OR				
10a)	Find the Singular value decomposition of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 3 \\ -1 & 6 \\ 2 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$	10	3	L1
b)	Find the maximum & minimum values of $Q(x)=3x^2 + 2y^2 + 2z^2 + 2xy + 2xz + 4yz$ subjected to the condition XX ^T =1	10	1	L1
